"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Threatening today; rain tomorrow; moderate to fresh variable winds.
☞For full weather report see Page 17.

VOL. LXIV...NO. 20,793. .... NEW YORK, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 29, 1914.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. { Elsewhere TWO CENTS.

LAMAR GRANTS APPEAL TO FRANK

Full Supreme Court Will Pass on His Rights Under "Due Process of Law."

LONG BATTLE IF HE WINS

Georgia Federal Court Would Hear Writ and Supreme Bench Give Final Judgment.

FRANK CALM IN VICTORY

Turning in "Long Lane" of Defeat, He Says—Lamar's Opinion Epochal, in Marshall's View.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—Justice Lamar of the Supreme Court of the United States today granted to Leo M. Frank, under sentence of death in Atlanta, an appeal for a writ of habeas corpus to the Supreme Court. The immediate effect of this victory, won by Louis Marshall of New York, as counsel for Frank, will be to stay Frank's execution, which had been set for Jan. 22. Under ordinary circumstances two or maybe three years would elapse before the Supreme Court would reach the Frank case, but, if the State of Georgia follows the customary course in cases of this sort, it will ask for an advancement, which would almost certainly be granted. This probably would reduce delay to only a few months.

In granting the appeal from the decision of the United States District Court for the Northern District of Georgia, which court had denied an appeal, Justice Lamar makes no reference to Frank's innocence or guilt. He granted the appeal, as his opinion makes clear, simply because several Federal points involved in the case and properly raised never had been passed upon by the full Supreme Court of the United States. Lacking the high court's opinion on those points, he said he felt constrained by the act of 1908 to grant the appeal as "it cannot be said that there is such a want of probable cause as to warrant the refusal of an appeal."

In announcing his decision Justice Lamar said that the unsettled points of Federal law in question were whether the Federal Constitution required an accused to be present when a verdict was returned against him in a State court; the effect of the accused not raising the point of his absence on a motion for a new trial, and the effect of the Supreme Court's own action in refusing to grant a writ of error in a case where an alleged jurisdictional question was presented in a motion filed at a time not authorized by the practice of the State where the trial took place.

Justice Lamar's Decision.

Justice Lamar's opinion follows:

In re Leo Frank—Habeas corpus.

Leo Frank's recent application for a writ of error was denied by me on the ground that no Federal question was involved in the ruling of the Supreme Court of Georgia that his motion to set aside the verdict finding him guilty of murder had been filed too late. This petition presents a wholly different question, since it is an application for the allowance of an appeal from the judgment of a Federal court on a record which presents a purely Federal question, irrespective of regulations governing State practice.

Frank's petition for the writ of habeas corpus, addressed to the Judge of the United States District Court for the Northern District of Georgia, alleges that on his trial for murder in the Superior Court of Fulton County, Georgia, public feeling against him was so great that the presiding Judge advised his counsel not to have him present in the court room when the verdict was returned; that his involuntary absence, under such circumstances, when the verdict was received deprived him of a hearing to which he was entitled under the Constitution and rendered his conviction void.

He avers that his motion for a new trial was overruled and he then moved to set aside the verdict as being void for want of jurisdiction; that in passing on that motion the State Supreme court held that while he had the constitutional right to be present when the verdict against him was returned into court, yet such verdict could not be attacked by a motion to set aside after the expiration of the trial term and after his motion for a new trial had been finally refused. He alleges that his attempt to have that judgment reviewed in the Supreme Court of the United States failed because, though a Federal question was raised in the record, the decision of the Supreme Court of Georgia was based on a matter of State practice.

He thereafter filed this petition for a writ of habeas corpus, in which he claims that the right to be present at the rendition of the verdict was jurisdictional and that on habeas corpus he is entitled to a hearing on the question as to whether he had waived or could waive his constitutional right to be present when the verdict of guilty was returned into court.

The District Judge heard no evidence as to the truth of the allegations, but refused the writ on the ground that the facts therein stated did not entitle Frank to the benefit of that remedy. He declined to give the certificate of probable cause, and this application for that certificate and for the allowance of an appeal was then made to me as the Justice assigned to the Fifth Circuit.

Under the act of 1908 the application for the certificate is not to be determined by any views which may be held as to the effect of the final judgment of the State Supreme Court refusing a new trial, but by considering whether the nature of the constitutional right asserted and the absence of any decision expressly foreclosing the right to an appeal leave the matter so far unsettled as to constitute probable cause justifying the allowance of the appeal.

The Supreme Court of the United States has never determined whether, on a trial for murder in a State court, the due process clause of the Federal Constitution guarantees the defendant a right to be present when the verdict is rendered.

Neither has it decided the effect of a final judgment refusing a new trial in a case where the defendant did not make the fact of his absence when the verdict was returned a ground of the motion nor claim that the rendition of the verdict in his absence was the denial of a right guaranteed by the Federal Constitution.

Nor has it passed upon the effect of its own refusal to grant a writ of error in a case where an alleged jurisdictional question was presented in a motion filed at a time not authorized

Continued on Page 4.

BOULDER KILLS A TEACHER.

Crashes Through Roof and Crushes Her in Her Bed.

Special to The New York Times.

GEORGETOWN, Col., Dec. 28.—Detaching itself from a slide of rocks, a huge boulder, estimated to weigh a ton, crashed into the house of State Senator Barney O'Connell at 8:30 o'clock this morning and killed his daughter, Sarah O'Connell, a teacher in the high school. Mrs. O'Connell, who was sleeping beside her daughter, was injured. The rock demolished a large part of the house.

The O'Connell house was one of four houses struck by great pieces of rock. One fragment tore through the roof of the house of a Mrs. Place, and buried her seven-year-old son under a mass of plastering. A rock slide is unusual at this time of year. Water freezing in rock crevices, causing them to expand, it is believed, dislodged the boulders.

FINDS STOLEN AUTO ABLAZE.

Heavy Insurance Reconciles Dr. Evans to His Loss.

Dr. Archibald P. Evans of 571 Park Avenue left his automobile, with engine running, outside his home near Sixty-third Street, at 8:30 o'clock last evening. He could see the motor from his office window, but he left the room for a moment and when he returned the car was gone. He telephoned the police.

At 9 o'clock Policeman Brady of the Arsenal Station found it on fire in the Transverse Road near Fifth Avenue and Seventy-ninth Street. Someone had stolen it and deserted it when a leak in the gasoline tank set the machine ablaze.

Dr. Evans said it wasn't a great loss, as he had the car insured for 90 per cent. of its value.

WOMEN CASHIERS REMOVED.

Men Make the Change at the Waldorf's Open Bar.

The management of the Waldorf-Astoria announced last night that beginning today women cashiers no longer would be employed in the open bar and at the cigar stands.

The men who held these positions previous to the change three weeks ago will return, and the more capable of the women will be retained and employed in other parts of the hotel.

In a statement announcing the change, the management says that the women were substituted for the men at the suggestion of the patrons of the Waldorf, and that the men were put back after giving the suggestion a trial.

ASKS TROOPS AGAINST MOB.

Lynching Feared in Race War on Georgia-South Carolina Border.

HARTWELL, Ga., Dec. 28.—Reports tonight that a mob was forming in Oconee County, S. C., bent on lynching a negro in jail here, caused Mayor Thornton to ask Gov. Slaton for State troops. The negro, who was arrested on a charge of stabbing a white man in Oconee County, died of stab wounds late today; but the authorities feared the mob would take vengeance on other prisoners.

Race feeling has been intense recently in Oconee County. In clashes a few days ago near Fairplay three negroes were killed and several white men wounded. The body of a negro who had been killed with an axe was found near here today.

ATLANTA, Ga., Dec. 28.—Gov. Slaton tonight deferred sending State troops to Hartwell to protect negro prisoners pending further advices from the Hart County authorities.

UNCLE SAM AN EDITOR.

To Have a Daily Publication in the Commerce Department.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—To promote the foreign commerce of the United States the Government will go into the newspaper business on Jan. 2, when the first issue of The Daily Commercial Report is to be turned out by the Department of Commerce.

In it will be published all important commercial cablegrams received from the Attachés at the various embassies abroad and from Consuls throughout the world. It also will contain brief abstracts of the findings of investigators of the department in many lines of American enterprise, and will present to the business world each day the grist of the business of the Department of Commerce for the preceding day.

The plan for a live, up-to-the-hour commercial daily was worked out by Dr. E. E. Pratt, chief of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce. The new publication will take the place of the Daily Consular Report now issued, and hereafter the long mail reports from American Consuls reviewing business conditions and opportunities in their respective sections will be published as supplements to The Commercial Report.

ABANDON CHURCH MERGER.

Rockefeller and Calvary Baptist to Resume Separate Worship.

After a nine months' trial merger of their congregations, the Calvary and Fifth Avenue Baptist Churches, in the latter of which John D. Rockefeller attends services and his son is a Trustee, are now advised by a special committee of the two congregations to abandon the merger plan and resume individual services. The committee, in which David C. Link is Chairman of the section composed of former members of the Calvary Church and Edward L. Ballard of former members of the Fifth Avenue congregation, has adopted resolutions which were sent out to members yesterday recommending separation as soon as arrangements can be made "which will conserve the best interests of the two bodies."

The committees express formally the regard of the two congregations for each other and their appreciation of the associations which led to the temporary co-operation.

The Rev. Dr. Cornelius Woelfkin, who has been serving as pastor of the temporarily united congregations, will announce the report from the pulpit next Sunday and will ask the members to vote on the report at an early date. The Fifth Avenue Church temporarily closed its building at 8 West Forty-sixth Street when the two bodies coalesced last Spring.

PALL MALL Famous Cigarettes, with PLAIN ENDS, in the distinctive single row package, are now obtainable at your dealer. —Advt.

MILLION TAXABLE IN MORGAN HOME

State Appraisal of Furnishings of Dead Financier's City Residence Filed.

ART IN LIBRARY, $253,745

Aubusson Tapestry Valued at $50,000—$20,000 Savonnerie Carpet—$105,551 Silver.

MORGAN SLEPT IN $100 BED

And Contents of Mrs. Morgan's Room Total Only $559—14-Foot Vases Worth $35,000.

The contents of the three homes of the late J. Pierpont Morgan, 219 Madison Avenue, Cragston, at Highland Falls, N. Y., and Camp Uncas, at Raquette Lake, in the Adirondacks, and the Morgan library, have a total valuation of $1,296,562, according to the appraisal of Deputy State Appraiser Samuel Marks in his report to George J. Gillespie, attorney for the State Controller. The report does not contain an appraisal of the Morgan books and manuscripts. No real estate valuation is given.

The value of the contents of the Madison Avenue residence is $1,000,914.50; the Morgan library, $253,745; Cragston, $32,999.50, and Camp Uncas, $8,903. Silverware found in the vault of the Madison Avenue residence is appraised at $105,551.25, and "miscellaneous jewels" at $66,755. The report enumerates each room in the house.

In the main hall and stairs there are furnishings and art objects totaling $103,300.50, including an Aubusson tapestry by F. Bouder, executed in 1755, $50,000; a painting by Corot, "L'Arbe Tombe en Travers de la Riviere," $20,000; a painting by Vibert, "Napoleon Planning His Coronation," $7,500, and a painting by Troyan, "Cow and Horse Drinking," $8,000.

The reception hall furnishings are put at $37,995, including a Carrara marble statue, "Vestal Virgin," done by Houdon in 1787, $10,000; two paintings, "Country Scene" and "River Scene," $5,000 each; A Louis XIV. suite of two sofas, four armchairs, and one stool, richly carved, upholstered in cardinal velvet and embellished with galloon embroidery, $5,000, and a Chinese vase of the Kang-Hsi period, $3,000.

$106,270 in Drawing Room.

The drawing room contents total $106,270. A Savonnerie carpet of the Renaissance style of the Louis XIV. period is valued at $20,000. The medallion centre shows a Grecian garden, ornamented with rams' heads, and resting upon a tripod, claw-footed base. Resplendent upon the base is a sunburst surmounted by the royal crown, studded with jewels. Surrounding the medallion is a molded frame decorated with graceful floral festoons. The border stripes are embellished with floral patterns. The prevailing colors are delicate blues, pinks, yellows, and creams.

The drawing room also contains a Louis XIV. parlor suite, with richly carved ornamentations. It is upholstered with Bauvois needle-point tapestry, depicting French fables, and is embellished with floral and scroll patterns. The suite consists of two sofas, four arm chairs, two banquettes and one window seat. The appraisal is $6,000. All the other furniture also is Louis XIV., and includes a curio cabinet appraised at $1,000. Among the art objects in the cabinet are a Chinese jade rice cup with inlaid gold floral decorations, $2,000; a Chinese crystal carved covered vase, $1,500; a Sevres porcelain vase, $1,000; a Chinese soft paste figure, holding a galipot-shaped vase of the Hung Woo period, $2,500; a plum colored vase of the Ming period, $2,500; and a Persian silver-gilt mosque tray of the fourteenth century, decorated in arabesque, $2,500. Exceptionally rare is a Shah's dagger, the handle of which is of Chinese carved white jade, inlaid with gold, and set with diamonds and rubies. The sheath is of hammered gold showing repousse floral decorations and at either end elaborate mountings of exquisite workmanship, set with diamonds, rubies and emeralds. This is appraised at $4,000.

There is an oil painting of Mrs. Morgan, by J. Sorella, hung in a bronze frame, $2,500, and five fire-colored temple jars of the Ming period, $3,500.

In the House Library.

Under the heading, "Large Library," in the residence, there are many art objects of interest, the total appraised value of which is $159,675. In this room are portraits of J. P. Morgan and Miss Anne Morgan, done by Frank Hall, in 1888, and appraised at $5,000 each. There is a Persian carpet, the field of which has a medallion divided by Arabic inscriptions from the Koran. There are matched corner panels beautifully depicting "The Tree of Life" bearing fruit, and the "Sacred Lotus." Seven border stripes show intricate vine and floral decorations. The colors are wine, blues, green, and cream. Its value is estimated at $3,000.

The same room contains several Genoese majolica vases, urn-shaped, with polychrome decorations, appraised at $2,500. There are also a crackle beaker-shaped Chinese vase with flaring top, at $5,000, and a pair of antique Venetian gold wine decanters of the seventeenth century and originally the property of a Doge. They are appraised at $15,000. The report describes them as decorated in a combined Elizabethan and early English Renaissance style. The handles are monks' faces holding in the mouth rings, to which are connected a linked chain. The covers show a grotesque combination of dolphin and dragon heads. The lining is of sapphire blue glass.

In addition there is an antique Egyptian carved-stone group of about 2,000 B. C. It represents Rameses resting

Continued on Page 5.

Judge Gary on Unemployment

The Chairman of the U. S. Steel Corporation, who is a member of the Mayor's Committee on Unemployment, suggests means of alleviating present conditions and preventing their recurrence. In

NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

Order next Sunday's Times today. The Times is always sold out early.

ROOSEVELT DINES WITH CITY LODGERS

"Fine!" His Comment on Supt. Whiting's Free Bread, Soup, and Coffee.

WOMAN AND BABY STIR HIM

Asks Many Questions of the Guests and Sees Clothing Cleaned and Sterilized.

Theodore Roosevelt partook of the city's food at the Municipal Lodging House last evening.

The Colonel, with Miss Frances Kellor, Secretary of the National Progressive Service, and his nephew, Philip Roosevelt, drove up in an automobile at 6 o'clock, when 200 shabby men were waiting for free dinner and lodging, and sent word to Supt. William A. Whiting.

Mr. Whiting was no more surprised than one of the derelicts in the line, who recognized the ex-President with the comment:

"Times are getting hard sure enough when a former President has to come here for something to eat."

Mr. Whiting took the party to the men's dining room first. Mr. Roosevelt looked on as the men devoured the food, and commented that their appetites were so good that it made him hungry to see them eat. After tasting the bread, soup, and coffee he smiled and exclaimed: "That's fine! Fine!"

Mr. Roosevelt was then taken to the registration office to mingle with the men as they arrived. He studied their faces as they came to the desk to answer routine questions regarding their unemployment and needs, and soon became so interested that he was asking as many questions as the clerk. Many of the men recognized him.

Woman's Case Touches Him.

Mr. Roosevelt then went to the women's registration window and looked on while about twenty women were assigned for the night. He questioned a few of them, too, and seemed touched by the story one of them told. She was a young woman, with a baby in her arms, and seemed hesitant about giving her name and answering questions. To Mr. Roosevelt she said she had never been there before, and had never accepted charity. She was married, she said, but her husband deserted her in the Summer, since when she had been getting along as best she could on what her friends could spare.

"What do you do in a case like this?" Col. Roosevelt asked, turning to Mr. Whiting.

"Call the attention of our social service department to the case," was the reply. "It will probably be able to get her a place as a domestic, so that she can take care of the child and herself. Then we notify the Bureau of Domestic Relations and an effort is made to find the husband and make him contribute to her support.

"Bully!" said Mr. Roosevelt.

In the basement, where the clothes of lodgers are cleaned and sterilized, Mr. Roosevelt nodded vigorous approval.

All parts of the building were visited, after which Mr. Roosevelt stopped in Mr. Whiting's office and asked what should be done to relieve the special distress of the present Winter. He was told of a plan of those interested in social welfare to have the city, and later the State and National Governments, establish emergency work colonies. Mr. Whiting said he believed there were 12,000 homeless men in New York now and that the Municipal Lodging House and its annex could take care of only 2,000 of them.

On leaving, Col. Roosevelt expressed approval and offered no suggestions for better methods.

Although Col. Roosevelt would not talk last night, it was said that his visit was in preparation for an article on the unemployed.

1,700 at Lodging House.

There were about 1,700 men at the lodging house last night. At the Bowery Mission it was said that the quarters were not crowded, and that about 1,200 men had been fed in the bread line.

Mr. Whiting said last night that there is no need for any person to starve in New York. He had special reference to the case of Frank Blossom, who died in Jefferson Market Prison on Saturday after having asked to be committed in the Night Court Friday night, when he said he had lived on park benches for months, and had eaten nothing for several days.

"If such a thing were necessary it would be a disgrace to the city," said Mr. Whiting. "It is probable that many suffer exposure and hunger because they do not know of the comforts the city provides. Every homeless man and woman should be directed to the Municipal Lodging House, where they will receive temporary care."

UNEMPLOYMENT INQUIRY ON.

Mayor's Committee Established in the Municipal Building.

The Committee on Unemployment appointed by Mayor Mitchel, of which Elbert H. Gary is Chairman, yesterday established headquarters in Room 852 in the Municipal Building. The sub-committee on facts, of which H. B. Thayer, Vice President of the American Telephone Company, is Vice President, will meet at the City Club tomorrow.

The main committee has started a campaign among employers to obtain work for the unemployed. Newcomb Carlton, President of the Western Union Telegraph Company, informed the committee that his company was to undertake extensive reconstruction work immediately. Chamberlain Bruere, Secretary of the committee, went to Philadelphia last night to speak on unemployment.

Deerfoot Farm Sausages.
Made of the tender meat of little pigs and choice spices. You have never tasted perfect sausage unless you have tried them. New York store, 172 Chambers Street. Tel. 3983 Cortlandt.—Advt.

SAYS E. N. BREITUNG GOT HAMBURG LINER

Sold to Him, Director Sickel Asserts, So He Can Ship Cotton to Germany.

BUT THE BANKER DENIES IT

Denial Only Technical, Is Sickel's Reply—Ship Paid For, but Not Yet Under the Flag.

The Hamburg-American Line's freight steamship Dacia, which was sold in Port Arthur, Texas, was put under American registry, it was learned yesterday, so that she might carry cotton to Germany. Word was received from Washington that the purchaser was Edward N. Breitung, the banker and mine owner. William G. Sickel, a Director of the Hamburg-American Line, said last night that the Dacia had been sold to Mr. Breitung. Mr. Breitung, who was in Chicago, denied this, but after hearing of this denial, Mr. Sickel said:

"Technically, Mr. Breitung's denial may be true. The ship was purchased through an intermediary, but I understood that Mr. Breitung was the principal.

"This is the second steamship which the Hamburg-American Line has sold since the war started. The first was the Alexandria of 5,500 tons, which was sold to the North and South Steamship Company at San Francisco. I understand that Mr. Breitung intends to use the Dacia for shipping cotton abroad, probably to Germany. The Dacia will carry between 10,000 and 11,000 bales of cotton.

"There should be no difficulty in obtaining American registry for the ship. The sale, however, was not conditional upon obtaining permission to fly the American flag, and that part of the transaction does not concern the Hamburg-American Line, which has received payment for the ship. I have heard that the preliminary papers for the change of registry, putting the Dacia under the American flag, have already been granted at Port Arthur."

Mr. Breitung, who lives at the St. Regis, was expected to return here today. He was born at Negaunee, Mich., in 1871, is of German blood on his father's side, and of French blood on his mother's side. He is one of the foremost mining operators in America, and is at the head of a number of banks, but this is his first venture into the shipping business.

The amendment to the Panama Canal act admitting foreign-built ships to American registry was signed by President Wilson on Aug. 18, and it provides that in order to obtain the American flag for a foreign-built or foreign-owned ship its sale to Americans must be bona fide and unconditional, so that the ship could not be returned to its former owners after the close of the war.

It was reported, when the amendment was signed, that Great Britain had given assurances that it would recognize the neutrality of ships so transferred if no suspicion attached to the unconditional quality of the sale. Since that time Great Britain has made the announcement that cotton would be made free of the seas, so that neutral ships carrying cotton to Germany would be exempt from seizure.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 28.—Edward N. Breitung, who is at the Congress Hotel, said tonight:

"I have not bought the Dacia or any other Hamburg-American boat; I have not bought any other steamer or sailing vessel; I do not contemplate buying any such vessel. The only boat I own is a private yacht.

"I am not shipping any cotton to Germany. I have none to ship. I have a great quantity of goods I would like to ship, but cannot get bottoms for."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—The Department of Commerce was notified today that the Hamburg-American steamship Dacia had been sold to Edward Breitung of Marquette, Mich.; that papers making application for transfer of the steamship to American registry were being forwarded for full examination, and that representatives of the purchaser were coming to Washington. It is understood here that P. O. Schundler and Harry S. Hocker of New York represented Mr. Breitung in the purchase.

THREAT TO OUST GLYNN MEN

Watertown Republican Incensed Over Extension of Merit Rules.

Special to The New York Times.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., Dec. 28.—That Gov. Glynn's action in putting practically all of the employes in the Secretary of State's office under civil service rules and thus preventing appointments by F. M. Hugo, the Secretary of State-elect, will result in the removal of John N. Carlisle of the State Highway Commission and George Van Namee of the Bill Drafting Commission, prominent Democrats of this city, was the assertion made tonight by Republican leaders.

Prospective appointees of Mr. Hugo are put in an embarrassing position. Several were planning to leave next Wednesday for Albany to begin work in the Secretary's office. They will remain at home instead. One of these is Frank Redmond, who resigned as Assistant City Treasurer to become a deputy in charge of the Automobile Bureau at $2,700 a year. Redmond's post here has been filled, and he finds himself without a place at Albany.

Republican leaders here insist that measures will be introduced to abolish the Civil Service Commission, oust Gov. Glynn's choice, and provide places for the men whom Hugo has selected.

ALBANY, Dec. 28.—Gov. Glynn signed on Wednesday a resolution of the Civil Service Commission, transferring fifteen positions in the Automobile Bureau of the Secretary of State's office from the non-competitive to the competitive class. These positions included the chief of the bureau, deputies, cashiers, and inspectors. The Governor had previously extended civil service protection to several places in the offices of the Secretary of State, Controller, and State Engineer and Surveyor.

GREEN STRIPE SCOTCH
—IN NON-REFILLABLE BOTTLES.
ANDREW USHER & CO., Edinburgh.—Advt.

LET OUR TRADE GO, ENGLAND IS TOLD

President Wilson, in Firm Language, Asks Better Treatment for American Commerce.

PRESENT POLICY HARMFUL

Our Industries Depressed by Ship Seizures, Cargo Delays, and Feeling Is Growing Here.

OUR POSITION SET FORTH

No Search Without Evidence, No Seizing on Suspicion—Food "Conditional Contraband."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—The United States Government today sent to London to be delivered to the British Government a memorandum setting forth in vigorous language the American position in opposition to interruptions and interference with American commerce by British warships. The memorandum was cabled to Ambassador Walter Hines Page, in the form of "instructions," on the basis of which he will make representations to the British Foreign Office.

An official stated tonight that, while it would not be correct to describe the communication as a protest, it did take a firm position against the British policy as illustrated in a series of incidents involving interference with American commerce.

The communication deals with interruptions to American commerce rather than with questions of contraband or the addition of new products to the British list of absolute contraband. It is a complete summary of all that has been said in previous communications, dealing with interruptions of American trade, and a full statement of the position of the American Government.

The fact that the communication summarizes previous representations lends greater weight by making its effect cumulative. The intent of the note is to show that the United States should not be made to suffer from war conditions which it had no part in bringing about.

Preparation of this important document was begun a month ago by Solicitor Cone Johnson, Counsellor obert Lansing, and Secretary Bryan, and finally during the last two weeks had the personal attention of President Wilson himself, who revised its phraseology with care.

The note states at the outset that the representations are made in a friendly spirit, but that the United States thinks it best to speak frankly lest silence be construed as acquiescence in a policy of Great Britain which infringes on the rights of American citizens under international law. As France has adopted practically the same rules on contraband as has Great Britain, today's note is virtually a statement to all the members of the Triple Entente.

In effect, the document insists upon an early change in the treatment of American commerce by the British fleet. It is the strongest representation on the subject made by the United States to any of the belligerents since the outbreak of the war.

Blamed for Depression Here.

The document points out that complaints were being made on every side, and that the public here felt that Great Britain's policy was directly responsible for the depression in many American industries, a situation the seriousness of which must be apparent to the British Government. Reimbursement for cargoes unlawfully detained or seized, it states, does not remedy the evil, as the chief difficulty is the moral effect of the British practice on American exporters, who are restrained by the existence of hazards which should not surround legitimate trade between the United States and other neutral countries.

Feeling has been aroused on the subject to such an extent, the communication adds, that the American Government feels compelled to ask for a definite statement of Great Britain's attitude in order that it may take such measures as will protect American citizens in their rights.

The United States, it points out, was patient at first, realizing that the outbreak of hostilities had heaped burdens on the British Government, and thinking that an early clearing of the air would come. Five months have now elapsed, the note states, with no important improvement in the situation. In the meantime, American shippers have adopted various suggestions from the British Government, such as shipping cargoes to definitely named consignees in neutral countries and taking out certificates from Consuls in this country, which followed promises of the British Foreign Office that the allied fleets in consequence would stop detaining these cargoes. The situation, however, has hardly improved since these concessions, it is asserted.

Reference is made in the note to the principles of equity which have actuated Great Britain in the past in her championship of the freedom of the seas to neutral commerce, and the hope is expressed that, even though a belligerent herself, she will realize the seriousness of continued interference with commerce.

Confusion in Contraband Goods.

Reserving for a time the discussion of those articles which Great Britain has taken from the generally accepted lists of non-contraband and put on the list of absolute and conditional contraband, the American Government declares that the British fleets have been regarding absolute and conditional contraband as in the same class, whereas international law defines absolute contraband as consisting of those articles intended directly for the use of an army or navy and conditional contraband as those products which are susceptible of use by armed forces but which can only be determined as subject to detention by their destination.

The American note here states that foodstuffs are conditional contraband, since they may be destined for the use of a civil population, as well as an army. It says that the United States is in entire agreement with the doctrine expressed by Lord Salisbury, British Foreign Secretary, in his correspondence with the Washington Government concerning the shipment of foodstuffs to the Transvaal during the Boer war. Lord Salisbury wrote then:

> Foodstuffs, with a hostile destination, can be considered contraband of war only if they are supplies for the enemy's forces. It is not sufficient that they are capable

Continued on Page 2.

JOFFRE SAYS GERMANS ARE KILLING CAPTIVES

Quotes to His Troops Bavarian Generals' "No More Prisoners" Order.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 28.—The following general order by Gen. Joffre was issued to French armies in the field on Dec. 17:

"The Commander in Chief of the armies brings to the notice of the troops the following fact: We have proof that the Lieutenant commanding the Seventh Company of the 112th Bavarian Infantry Regiment has communicated to his men the following order by the General commanding the Fifty-eighth Brigade of the Fourth Bavarian Corps:

> From today no more prisoners will be made. All prisoners will be put to death. The wounded, with or without arms, will be put to death. Prisoners, even if taken in large bodies, will be put to death. No living men must be left behind us.

"This order has been carried out. Interrogation of the German prisoners proves that numbers of French prisoners have been shot dead.

"At General Headquarters, Dec. 17, 1914.

"The General Commander in Chief,
"JOFFRE."

GERMAN SOCIALISTS DENOUNCE THE WAR

Humanity League Issues a New Year Appeal to Workers in Europe and America.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Tuesday, Dec. 29.—The Morning Post has received from Karl Bernstein, who writes from Rotterdam, the following translation of a New Year's appeal issued to the Socialists of Europe and America by the Committee of the German Humanity League:

"Dear Comrades: On the eve of a new year, which opens upon scenes of foul and ruthless crimes unparalleled even in the massacre rolls of our nation's infamous accomplices at Constantinople, we appeal to our brethren on the Continent of Europe and in the United States of America not to hide themselves behind the screen of neutrality.

"We are face to face with enemies of mankind. The German nation, driven into a wicked war by the Kaiser and his military entourage, cajoled by perjured statesmen in the Reichstag, and by false records circulated in every State in order to deceive our compatriots, has recklessly hurled itself blindfolded against forces, which, sustained by indisputable moral considerations, show no signs of weakening in their determination to expel from Belgium the troops which have covered her habitations with blood and irreparably injured an innocent nation that our rulers had sworn to protect.

"We ask you to remember that the territory of no German State has been menaced by the Allies, who are lawfully and honorably defending the plain rights of the cruelly outraged Belgians.

"Fellow-workers, can you longer remain idle and silent spectators of these stupendous crimes? Are you forever to be dumb in view of the awful scenes of carnage in Flanders, in Brabant, in Alsace, and in Lorraine? Do you not see, amid the maiming and slaughter of innocent, unarmed old men, women, children, and infants at the breast, that the Kaiser has covered our nation with imperishable infamy, and that the toll of war means the sacrifice of the precious lives of toilers and wage-earners in a devilish campaign, barbarous in its methods upon sea as upon land?

"Already, in five months, our homes, our trade, our enterprises have been ruined for at least fifty years, and if the war continue the loss of life and economic devastation will scourge the Fatherland for a century.

"We know from authentic intelligence which reaches us that the restless, indignant, and deceived democracy, now undergoing privations and nursing its grief, cannot be restrained by force from active protest, and we most earnestly appeal to every comrade who cares for the maintenance of international obligations to strike his utmost to crush and sweep away forever the domination of Prussian militarism within Germany, which, by its conspiracy against humanity, has disgraced and humiliated our nation in the eyes of the civilized world.

KARL BERNSTEIN, GUSTAVE OCHSE,
J. NAMELSDORF, ERNST SCHUSTER,
EMIL GOTT, FRANZ GAUSSEN,
CONRAD SCHWABE, ALBRECHT ZETTER.

"Rotterdam, Dec. 29, 1914."

BRITISH CONSUL SAVED BY AMERICAN THREAT

Our Consul at Beirut Declared He'd Send Cruiser if Official at Saida Was Not Freed.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CAIRO, Dec. 28, (Dispatch to The London Daily Chronicle.)—An extraordinary incident is reported from Saida, Palestine, (twenty-eight miles south of Beirut.)

The authorities there put a guard around the house of the British Vice Consul and refused to allow him to leave it. The guards were instructed to fire on any one coming from the building.

The United States Consul General at Beirut heard of the matter and requested the Vali to withdraw the guard and liberate the British Vice Consul. The Vali replied by saying that the matter was one for the military authorities.

Thereupon the American representative sent a message to the Vali saying: "It only remains for me to send the cruiser North Carolina to Saida. The commander of that vessel will have orders to force his way into the house, and the Vice Consul will leave under the protection of the American flag."

In face of this threat the Turkish authorities yielded, and the Vice Consul was permitted to leave his house and quit Saida by ship.

MORE SHIPS STRIKE MINES.

Disasters in the North Sea—Steamer Linaria Sunk.

LONDON, Dec. 28.—Several disasters, the result of striking mines in the North Sea, are reported.

Among the ships sunk were the steamer Linaria, whose crew were rescued, and a Glasgow steamer.

The Linaria, which was of 1881 tons register belonged to the Stag Line of North Shields. She was built in 1911.

"No holiday meal complete without a bottle of ANGOSTURA BITTERS, a splendid tonic." —Advt.

SHATTER TWO AUSTRIAN ARMIES

Russians Raise Siege of Cracow and Dash Back Fifty Miles to Do It.

TURN TABLES ON THE ENEMY

Austrian Generals in Galicia Seek to Join Forces and Split Invaders' Line.

DISCLOSE MOVE TOO SOON

One Army Now Reported in Full Retreat Eastward, While the Other Is Driven West.

PETROGRAD, Dec. 28.—The investment of the Austrian fortress of Cracow has again been raised, the Russian Galician army which a short time ago was in touch on the south with the Austrian garrison defending Cracow having moved back to the Biala River, about fifty miles east of the former Russian position.

Notwithstanding the fact that the Russian retrogression completely relieved the investment of the fortress, it is claimed by military observers to be a marked advantage for the Russians, the retirement being due to the discovery of the Austrian aim to cut into halves the Russian forces in this region.

The Austrians, reports from the Russian southern front say, began advancing Dec. 23 from Tymbark, thirty-five miles southeast of Cracow, with the apparent object of swinging around the left of the Russians along the River Biala, northward of Tarnow, and joining forces with the army of Gen. Boehm-Ermolli, which was advancing along the railroad from Sanok and Lisko.

The premature appearance of Gen. Boehm-Ermolli's army to the south of Przemysl, however, put the Russians on their guard, and they concentrated along the Biala River and moving down attacked the Austrians at Tuchow, fifteen miles south of Tarnow, where they were successful in preventing a junction of the Austrian armies.

Meanwhile the attention of the Russians was directed to the Austrians advancing from Sanok, which movement was checked. After their successes in this district the Russians took the offensive along the Biala River. Christmas Day they won the battle of Tuchow, the Austrians retreating throughout the following day. The Russians captured 3,500 prisoners and eighteen machine guns.

Later the Russians crossed to the western bank of the Biala, stormed the heights of Siedliska, four miles south of Tuchow, and took possession of a twenty-mile strip of territory, thus succeeding in separating the two Austrian forces.

Gen. Boehm-Ermolli's army is said by the Russians to be in full retreat and the western army of the Austrians is reported to be badly crippled.

HINDENBURG'S PLANS BALKED.

Failure of Austrian Flank Movement Was a Serious Blow.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, Dec. 28, (Dispatch to The London Daily News.)—Following immediately upon the complete failure of the plan for an Austrian aggressive around the Russian left wing in Galicia, Gen. von Hindenburg has ordered the suspension of the determined frontal attacks maintained for the past fortnight in Central Poland.

The great plan, which opened at the beginning of November with an invasion from Thorn and developed into a series of battles between the Vistula and the Warthe, has evidently failed. That would have been compensated for had the southern portion of the general plan been realized.

The Russians hold the Carpathian passes and stand over the plains of Hungary, and the enemy is apparently seeking a new rendezvous near Neu-Markt, fifty miles due south of Cracow.

The situation as regards Hungary has great immediate importance. There is a practical possibility that the Hungarian forces may wholly separate themselves from the Austro-German campaign, leaving the Russians free to bring their southern army directly upon Southern Silesia.

Gen. von Hindenburg now apparently accepts the facts of the situation, and comparative silence reigns along the Bzura, where the Germans have been driven from the river bank.

The Russians, after a quiet day, surprised the Germans by fording the river after dark and delivering a bayonet charge. This was the last of several furious close-quarter struggles, and the Germans left so many dead under a stone bridge at Sochasew that the bodies partially dammed the river.

Their army along the front of Rava-Skiermewice remains inactive except for occasional shells from the heavy guns. It is possible that Gen. von Hindenburg still seeks fresh reinforcements from the west, but his strategic scheme has failed finally, owing to the fact that the Russians have secured the entire offensive advantage.

The Russians have captured the en-the Hussar Regiment at Stuttgart, whose officers include many members of the German aristocracy. They were much mortified at having to march twenty miles on foot to the prisoners' camp.

CAPTURE 22,200 AUSTRIANS.

Russians Hold All the Important Passes of the Carpathians.

LONDON, Tuesday, Dec. 29.—A Petrograd dispatch to The Times says that military circles point out that all the important passages of the Carpathians are again in Russian hands, and that those still held by the enemy afford them no advantage.

The official report issued by the General Staff in Petrograd last night announced that from the 18th to the 26th the captures of Austrians in Galicia totaled 22,200 men and forty mitrailleuses.

OPTIMISM IN BERLIN.

Important Developments in Poland Expected in a Few Days.

BERLIN, Dec. 28, (by Wireless to Sayville, L. I.)—The following is contained in the information given out by the Official Press Bureau today:

"Chief interest continues centred in Poland, where the position of the Germans and Austrians is regarded as promising. There is a feeling here that important developments are probable in Poland within a few days. While the outlook in the Bzura and Rawka section is satisfactory, it is believed the most promising point is southeast of Tomaszow.

"A dispatch from Warsaw says Polish revolutionists have blown up there a monument erected in 1841 to the memory of Poles loyal to Russia."

CANNON ANSWERED BELLS.

Russians Ceased Fire for Christmas, but Germans Began Attack.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WARSAW, Dec. 28, (Dispatch to The London Daily Telegraph.)—In the fighting near Sucha, on the Bzura River, Gen. Sezechew, with the characteristic sentimentality of the Russians, ordered the "Cease fire" to be sounded half an hour before midnight on Christmas Eve. "Let there be no killing on their Christmas," he said; but at midnight, when the church bells were ringing out their joyful peals, this seemed to be the signal for a renewal of the German attack.

As the bells rang the Germans in their trenches cheered, and as if fired by one hand every cannon on the enemy's side roared. This salvo continued until morning, but the infantry made no headway, despite the most determined efforts. The fighting continued all Christmas Day with little advance on either side, except in the north.

The Russians have pushed over the Bzura near Mistrzowice. How far they have got to the west I am not yet able to state, but if it is possible for them to hold this point the first army is in a splendid position from which to attack the coming Germans.

I have come to the conclusion that the story that ether is given to the Germans is not a fact. What I think happens and would explain the condition of some of the wounded is that they are drunk with anodyne. A certain class of the population of Poland manufacture fake brandy out of this drug. Many distillers are in the territory now held by the Germans and it is certain that they have possessed themselves of quantities of the stuff, under the impression that it was real eau de vie.

FRENCH SHELLS FALL CLOSE TO MUELHAUSEN

Artillery of Invaders Now Able to Reach German Positions There —Two-Day Fight in Vosges.

BASLE, Dec. 28, (via Paris.)—A battle lasting from Thursday to Saturday took place along the whole front of the French and German armies in the Vosges Mountains. The sound of the cannon firing was plainly heard in Switzerland.

French aeroplanes, manoeuvring over the town of Mülhausen, in Alsace, returned with sufficient information, it is said, to allow the French artillery to direct an effective fire on the German positions.

The intimation in the above dispatch that the French artillery are near enough to Mülhausen to shell the German positions there is the first suggestion of a close approach to the town, although there has been plenty of evidence of a slow but steady advance of the French troops in Alsace.

Probably the force moving on Mülhausen is the one which has been fighting near Cernay, (Sennheim,) about nine miles to the northwest, rather than the troops who have been operating around Altkirch, about ten miles to the southwest.

Mülhausen was captured by the French troops on Aug. 9 in the early advance into Alsace to try to relieve the pressure on Belgium. The effort to divert the main German movement failed, and the approach of a large German force compelled the French to retire after having occupied this important town only two days.

NEW PARIS DEFENSES ARE NOW COMPLETED

City is Surrounded by an Intrenched Camp, Sixty Miles in Diameter.

PARIS, Dec. 14, (Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—The army of excavators who, early in September, began to dig Paris in when a German siege was threatened, have completed their work.

The General Confederation of Workers alone sent 5,000 volunteers, who provided their own digging tools and were merely recompensed by a daily ration of food. Thousands of Belgian refugees hunted from their own land have also assisted in the work.

The city now lies in the centre of an intrenched camp, whose diameter is about sixty miles and whose circumference is nearly 200 miles. This is surrounded by row after row of trenches, thoroughly covered in with logs and turf, through which loopholes have been left for rifle fire. All of them communicate with each other and contain traverse banks of earth to prevent them from being enfiladed by infantry or machine gun fire. Out beyond them are rifle pits and barbed-wire entanglements, placed in all positions where an attack might originate.

Still other precautions have been taken in front of the advanced line of trenches by the digging of deep ditches, whose existence is hidden by a light covering of branches and turf, making them invisible to approaching cavalry, infantry, or artillery, and forming veritable traps into which an attacking force might fall a prey to the defenders' machine guns and rifles.

The approaches to the trenches from the rear consist of subterranean galleries which permit the reliefs to be made without any exposure of the men.

All along this front posts of observation have been established, each of which is constantly occupied by at least three men provided with powerful field glasses and in direct telephonic communication with headquarters and with the artillery batteries in the immediate vicinity. The emplacements of these batteries are known only to the headquarters staf and to the men who serve the guns, all of which are buried in the earth, only their muzzles protruding. For the benefit of the gunners the ranges of all prominent objects in the front have been measured.

Behind the lines of trenches runs a light railroad line for the purpose of bringing up ammunition and food and also, if necessary, reinforcements of men to any point which may be menaced. Further provision for the conveyance of reinforcements is at hand in the large numbers of automobiles of all kinds which can make the journey speedily from any point to another, carrying groups of armed men.

The existing forts have also been strengthened, but now only serve as supporting points and depots for large bodies of troops resting from their trench duty.

The Parisian delights in making Sunday trips to observe the works intended for his defense, and, although he is not permitted to learn many of the secrets of the arrangements, he has been able to see enough to inspire him with confidence.

GERMANS CARRY TRENCHES.

But Paris Reports a Counter-Gain Near Lens.

LONDON, Tuesday, Dec. 29.—Only meagre details reach here concerning the operations in Belgium and Northern France.

The Paris and German reports agree that the Germans have captured some trenches near Hollebeke, south of Ypres.

The French assert that the Germans gave up 800 to 900 yards of trenches on the first line in the Lens region. On the Meuse there has been slight progress, it is stated, and a German attack in Upper Alsace was driven back.

Unsuccessful demonstrations have been made from both sides at various points along the extended lines.

The reports of the numbers of wounded, which both armies are sending back from the lines in Belgium, seem to show that the fighting on Christmas in that region was the fiercest of the past month.

A correspondent in the rear says that the Belgians as a result of five days of sapping captured nearly 3,000 Germans with only small losses to themselves

SAYS ALLIES ARE CHECKED.

Berlin Insists Their Attacks Have Been Successfully Resisted

BERLIN, Dec. 28. (By Wireless to Sayville, L. I.)—Among the items given out today for publication by the Official Press Bureau was the following:

"Discussions of military happenings around Christmas indicate that the feeling of confidence has gained support here.

"Gen. Joffre's energetic offensive, as announced in an army order of Dec. 17, it is pointed out, has everywhere been successfully resisted, and the defeat of the English at St. Hubert leaves the Allies in worse shape than when the French offensive started."

FORTIFYING THE RHINE.

Germans Strengthening Defenses from Basle to Coblenz.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BASLE, Dec. 28, (Dispatch to The London Daily Chronicle.)—Die Wacht am Rhein is something more than the expression of a national sentiment. The watch on the Rhine is very close, indeed. From Basle to Coblenz the right bank of the river has been put in an extraordinary state of defense. From a barge owner, who has been down the Rhine from here to Mannheim, I learn that there are earthworks in certain parts along the river bank, that some places near bridges have been mined and others strewn with branches and débris to make a hostile crossing difficult.

A mile or two away from the Swiss frontier, at Suringen, reserve troops even now are working hard on defense preparation. Higher up Altbreisach is being transformed into a river bank fortress. Between these towns the ground has been carefully prepared for trenches. Similar measures have been taken between Altbreisach and the port opposite Strassburg.

Strassburg itself, before the war one of the strongest fortresses in Europe, is surrounded by newly built earth and cement works, which are still being strengthened, and there are heavy defense preparations on the right side of the river and a line of first-rate fortresses—the line of Neubreisach, Strassburg, Gemersheim, and Mainz. Most Germans seem to think that Strassburg cannot be taken.

LONDONERS WARNED AGAINST AIR RAIDERS

Authorities Tell the People to Get Into Basements at the First Sound of Firing.

LONDON, Dec. 28.—The London Official Bureau this evening made the following announcement:

"The naval and military authorities call the attention of persons using the streets to the danger from fragments of shell and from bullets from the guns used against hostile aircraft attempting a raid on London.

"The civil population are warned to keep under cover, preferably in basements, upon hearing the sound of firing by guns or of explosives."

RAID TALES AMUSE CANADA.

C. P. R. Says It Is Reserving a Mountain Peak for Raiders.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTREAL, Dec. 28.—Canadians are more amused than interested by the reports circulated in California in the last few days that German reservists in civilian clothing are making their way in small groups toward the frontier, supposedly with the idea of raiding the Canadian Pacific Railway lines and thus inducing the Canadians to keep their troops at home instead of sending them to reinforce the Allies in Europe.

When G. M. Bosworth, Vice President of the Canadian Pacific, was asked today if his railroad had any information tending to confirm the California reports, he said:

"We have fine scenery all along the line of our railway and can reserve a peak 10,000 feet high for the solitary meditation of any German raider who comes across the international boundary."

BOMBS KILL ON GERMAN ISLE.

Hamburg Accuses British Airmen —Others Say Germans Did It.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, Dec. 28, (Dispatch to The London Daily Mail.)—The Hamburg Fremdenblatt states that four British airmen, who dropped bombs on Langeoog, a German island in the North Sea, on Christmas Day, killed a number of non-combatants. That journal adds that Langeoog is unfortified.

From investigations made here it is stated that it was not British airmen who dropped the bombs, but pursuing German airmen, who believed that British torpedo craft were lurking in the fog off the island.

WAR HITS RUBBER TRADE.

Goodyear Company Protests British Contraband Order.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—F. A. Seiberling of Akron, Ohio, President of the Goodyear Rubber Company, came to Washington today to make representations to the United States Government and the British Embassy in regard to the action of the British Government, announced Saturday, in placing automobile tires and other rubber products on the list of contraband articles. Mr. Seiberling saw President Wilson in company with Senator Pomerene and ex-Senator Charles Dick of Ohio. Afterward Mr. Seiberling went to the British Embassy armed with a letter of introduction from the White House and had a talk with Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British Ambassador.

HUNGARIANS PELT PREMIER TISZA

Disaffection in the Kingdom Dismays Austrian Civil and Military Authorities.

FEAR ITS EFFECT ON ITALY

Serbs of Hungary Present Golden Sword to Servian Army's Chief—Przemysl's Fall Thought Near.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Tuesday, Dec. 29.—The Morning Post publishes the following letter from Budapest received by the London correspondent of a Hungarian newspaper via Italy and dated Dec. 21:

"Not the least interesting feature of this week's events was the desperate state of mind into which the Austrian civil and military authorities were thrown by the disclosure in the foreign press of the discontent in Hungary. The Viennese press explains this uneasiness by pointing out that Italy is only waiting for the moment when Austria's difficulties seem overwhelming to find a pretext for intervention. Hungarian disaffection would be the greatest difficulty Austria could have to face.

"Count Tisza was intrusted with the duty of denying, for the benefit of Italy and Rumania, the real state of things in Hungary. He says the Hungarians received the news of the retreat from Servia with courage and confidence. That is not true. The feeling of the Hungarian people is hostile to Germany. He declares that the statement that there is an independence movement in Budapest and other parts of Hungary is a pure invention. Tisza of all men is the least justified in denying the existence of an independence movement and dissatisfaction in Hungary, for as he represented the Austro-German military junkerism in Hungary all the hatred and contempt of this suffocating spirit was concentrated against his person.

"He has been stoned and pelted with eggs whenever he has appeared on the streets anywhere in Hungary; he has surrounded himself with detectives, even when asleep, and all because he opposed Hungarian national aspirations and was a servant of the Hapsburgs and Hohenzollerns.

"As regards the loyalty of the nationalities he boasts of, I may mention one instance that seems characteristic. The Servian papers give long accounts of a golden sword presented to Gen. Putnik, Commander in Chief of the Servian Army, by the Serbs of Hungary—a nice instance of loyalty. They most probably were prompted by the unheard-of atrocities the Austro-Hungarian Army is charged with during the retreat in Servia. There were Rumanians, Tyrolese, Serbs, and Italians among them. One throws the blame on the other, but my own opinion is that not the soldiers, but the officers, were to blame, and 90 per cent. of these were Austrians. Under such conditions it will be difficult to preserve the loyalty of the Serb population of Austria. Moreover, the Servians take great pains to circulate among them the accounts of these massacres and pillaging.

"I had an interview this morning with an officer who returned yesterday wounded from Galicia, and who gave me an interesting account of the invested fortress of Phzemysl, and the engagements in the Carpathians. He says that no hopes are entertained as to the fate of the fortress unless the relieving movement now being attempted succeeds, for the garrison is diminishing daily on account of the continuous sorties, and the men already are wholly exhausted Every night for a fortnight two regiments have been called upon to deliver attacks on the besiegers at different points, and usually only half the party returns. The garrison has lost during these sorties more than 30,000 men killed, wounded, and prisoners. Every available place in the city and fortress is packed with wounded. Nevertheless, these suicidal attempts do not cease

"As to the position of the fortress itself, he hopes, even if the relieving attempt should fail, it will be able to hold out for a few weeks more, but in no circumstances can it resist longer, for the food supply is coming to an end.

"Regarding the campaign in the Carpathians, the officer says the most desperate fighting is going on there under terribly hard conditions for both sides. The Russians have reinforced their troops all along the front, and they deliver fierce attacks for possession of the passes and better positions. In the Latoteza Valley a battle has been raging for a week. Since last Sunday the river has been frozen. The Russians broke up the ice for seven kilometers to prevent the Austrians from crossing. The next night it was sufficiently frozen again to allow crossing in some parts, and in certain places men were fighting hand-to-hand battles on the top of a thin sheet of ice which broke under them. In some instances the Russian and Austrian soldiers were struggling together in the icy water and gave a helping hand to one another to get on the top again.

"The suffering of these poor men through the severe weather in the mountains surpasses all imagination. Under such conditions the opposing armies cannot come to any decision whatever, and those who are the more enduring and inured to such hardships will emerge victorious. In that case we shall again have to look forward to an invasion on a more extensive scale, for the Russian forces now engaged number ten times as many a sat the time of the last invasion, when they reached Bartfeld and Zemplin.

"A large number of recruits under training since October are being sent to Bosnia and Herzegovina. The East Station has been crowded with them for days. It is a pitiful sight to see all these young boys taking leave of their mothers and sisters. None of them is over 19.

"We saw Gen. Potiorek, Commander in Chief of the ill-fated army that was defeated in Servia. He was watching the troops entrain. He has become quite gray since I last saw him speaking to a mob from a window of the National Casino last July. There was more fire and determination in his eyes then. Now, standing at the window of the first class waiting room with collar upturned he was really a sorrowful wraith of himself.

"The Winter is extremely severe and there is such a scarcity of coal that only very well-to-do people can afford to heat their dwellings. Foodstuffs are expensive. Only meat is to be had at reasonable prices."

SAYS HUNGARY IS LOYAL.

Austrian Consul General Denies Reports of Disaffection.

In connection with the official denial made a few days ago by the Austro-Hungarian Ambassador, Dr. Dumba, that any anti-war demonstrations had taken place in Austria, the following statement was issued by the Austro-Hungarian Consulate General in New York yesterday:

"On Dec. 22 several local papers published an alleged utterance of a retired Austrian diplomat, who purported to see Austria's only hope in a separate peace regardless of her allies, which would appear to be all the more necessary in view of the anti-war demonstrations within the dual monarchy.

"Apart from this morally impossible suggestion, which need not be discussed here, being an absurdity in itself, an official dementi has been handed over to the Austrian press by the Austro-Hungarian Ambassador which entirely denies the existence of such anti-war demonstrations, rumors of which have evidently been sown broadcast all over the world and only express unrealized wishes of the hostile camps.

"It is to be hoped that the American public will once and forever put aside all reference made to the alleged Austrian and Hungarian disloyalty as being utterly unfounded. Both Austrians and Hungarians will remain true to their Government and to their allies right to the end."

Official Reports of War Operations.

RUSSIA.

PETROGRAD.—On the 27th there was no important engagement between the Lower Vistula and the Pilica Rivers. The German attacks were everywhere repulsed. The Germans suffered heavy losses, especially during a vain attack they made to the southeast of Skierniewice.

Between the Pilica and the Upper Vistula the enemy has now adopted the defensive.

Our troops stormed the village of Szitniki, which was stubbornly defended by the Austrians. The enemy has definitely evacuated the left bank of the Nida.

To the south of the Upper Vistula on the front of Opatow-Biecz the fighting continues to develop to our advantage. From the 18th to the 26th we captured there 200 officers and 15,000 soldiers, and 40 mitrailleuses.

The enemy's retreat in the region of the Dukla Passes and on the road to Lisko is becoming more and more precipitate and disorganized. On the 26th we captured in this region as many as 5,000 prisoners.

The efforts of the enemy to transport his forces from the direction of Czenstochowa toward the Carpathians was a complete failure, owing to our manoeuvres.

In the direction of Olti (Trans-Caucasia) our troops, having crossed the Laursin River, stopped the progress of considerable Turkish forces. In the region of Sari Kamysch the fighting is developing. On Dec. 26 in the region of Dutak our advance terminated in the occupation of the line between Khamour and Agadane. The Turks withdrew, having suffered grave losses.

On the other fronts there has been no change.

FRANCE.

PARIS.—(*Night Report*)—During the entire day a violent storm has interfered with the operations along the greater part of the front. It is reported, notwithstanding this, that we have made some progress in the Argonne region.

(*Day Report*)—In Belgium we have continued to advance. To the west of Lombaertzyde we are actually at the foot of the sand dunes, on which the enemy has established his line of resistance. At a point south of Ypres we have lost a section of trenches, near Hollebeke.

In the region of Lens, near Carency, the enemy yielded under our attacks 800 yards of first-line trenches.

In the valley of the River Aisne and in Champagne there has been intermittent artillery fighting which was particularly severe in the vicinity of Rheims and around Perthes. Here the enemy directed their artillery fire especially against the positions to the west of Perthes conquered and occupied by us.

On the heights of the Meuse there has been slight progress by our troops along the entire front.

In the Vosges, the enemy bombarded the railroad station at St. Dié, but the railroad service has not been interrupted.

In Upper Alsace, to the northeast of Steinbach, a counter-attack of the Germans was repulsed.

GERMANY.

BERLIN.—In the western theatre the enemy unsuccessfully renewed his attacks on Nieuport supported by warships which did no damage to us, but killed or wounded a few inhabitants of Westende. An attack on the hamlet of St. George also failed.

South of Ypres we captured one of the enemy's trenches and some dozens of prisoners fell into our hands on this occasion.

Several violent attacks by the enemy in the region to the northwest of Arras were repelled.

To the southeast of Verdun the enemy repeated his attacks, but they also were without success. A similar result occurred when he attempted to recapture a height to the west of Sennheim, for which we fought yesterday.

There is no news from East Prussia or from Poland. North of the Vistula and on the left bank of the same river, our attacks are developing, notwithstanding the very unfavorable weather.

500 FROM SYRIA ON THE TENNESSEE

American Cruiser Taking Refugees of Various Nationalities to Alexandria.

ITALIANS OFFER TO AID

Warship Ordered to Assist If More Trouble Arises—Still No Word of Tripoli Incident.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—The Navy Department today heard from the American armored cruiser Tennessee, which has been for some time in Turkish waters, but the cablegram from Capt. Benton C. Decker, the commander of the Tennessee, contained no allusion to the reported incident at Tripoli, Syria, in which the battleship North Carolina is said to have figured.

Consequently Secretary Daniels today sent a second dispatch to Capt. Decker, inquiring whether it were true that the North Carolina threatened to use her guns at Tripoli.

According to Athens dispatches, the North Carolina was convoying the American steamer Virginia, and Capt. Joseph W. Oman of the cruiser asked the Turkish authorities at Tripoli to allow the British and French Consuls to depart, with their nationals, from that port, the request being refused. Some of the French nationals boarded the Virginia, and were attacked by a mob, which wounded the Captain and First Officer of the steamer. Then, according to the story, Capt. Oman cleared for action and the mob dispersed, while the North Carolina and the Virginia sailed for Dedeagatch, Turkey, and the North Carolina later went to Smyrna.

When this incident was unofficially brought to the attention of the Secretary of the Navy several days ago he telegraphed to Capt. Decker and Capt. Oman, inquiring the facts. No reply to this message has come from either commander. The message from Capt. Decker today spoke of the transfer of refugees by the Tennessee. Secretary Daniels authorized this statement:

> A cablegram dated 8 P. M., Sunday, Dec. 27, has been received at the Navy Department from Capt. Decker, commanding the Tennessee, stating that the Tennessee is transporting about 500 refugees of different nationalities from Jaffa to Alexandria. These refugees were unable to get passage from Jaffa by any other means, and Capt. Decker states that his action was taken after requests from the Consuls, which requests were approved by the American Ambassador to Turkey, and after permission had been given by the Turkish authorities.

A news dispatch from Rome today said that instructions had been sent to the Italian cruiser Calabria, now at Beirut, Syria, to assist the North Carolina if necessity should arise as a result of further demonstrations against the departure of foreigners from Syria. Mr. Daniels said tonight he had not been officially informed of this, but that a message he sent to Capt. Decker today called for all the facts, including a request for information whether the Calabria had been instructed to aid the North Carolina.

The message received from Capt. Decker was not regarded as a reply to the message of inquiry from the Navy Department. Officials of the department were inclined to believe that Capt. Decker had not received the message from the department.

Government officials, who are skeptical about the reports that the North Carolina threatened to fire on Tripoli, expressed the opinion tonight that the United States, as a neutral nation, could best maintain its friendly relations with Turkey if it dealt with the situation there without assistance. It was suggested, therefore, that the Italian proffer of co-operation might be rejected, if made officially to the United States.

TURKS REPORT SUCCESS.

"Victorious Progress" on Caucasian Front—No Details Given.

BERLIN, Dec. 28, (by Wireless Telegraphy to Sayville, L. I.)—The following was contained in the information given out today by the Official Press Bureau:

"A Turkish official bulletin reports victorious progress on the Caucasian front, without specifying the operations in detail.

"Turkey also officially declares that last week there was no bombardment of the Dardanelles."

HOLIDAY SENTIMENTS OF GERMAN GENERALS

"Keep Cool and Stick to It," Says Crown Prince—Hindenburg's Pious Wish.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 28.—The Christmas number of the Berlin Lokalanzeiger, which reached London tonight, contains a symposium of opinions from commanders of the German and Austro-Hungarian armies in reply to the question:

"With what thoughts and wishes should the people and the army celebrate Christmas?" The replies are:

The Crown Prince—"Keep cool and stick to it."

The Crown Prince of Bavaria—"Not words and wishes, but will and deeds."

Field Marshal von Hindenburg—"May the spirit of unity, love, and loyalty to the Emperor and the empire, of fear of God, of conscientious fulfillment of duty, and of the cherishing of all ideals remain forever to our people as the most precious heritage from these great days in the long years of peace which, by the grace of God, will be granted us after the honorable termination of the war."

Admiral von Tirpitz—"Onward!"

Gen. von Falkenhayn, Chief of the German General Staff—"Let us trust in eternal justice and the strength of the German sword."

Gen. von Moltke—"Trust in God, and German strength will win the day."

Gen von Kluck—"Stick to it."

Gen. von Heeringen—"May trust in God and the justice of our cause, unity, self-sacrifice, and strong belief in our ultimate victory over all the enemies of the Fatherland be, as hitherto, the sentiments wherewith the German people and its army approach the celebration of Christmas, 1914."

Archduke Frederick of Austria—"Strength lies in the whole-hearted cooperation of all."

Gen. Frank of the Austrian Army—"Always looking ahead and trusting in God, we must and will win."

Gen. Conrad von Hoetzendorf, late Chief of the Austrian General Staff—"Unselfish and loyal, we will hold steadfastly together in order to obtain our common object. We owe this above all to those who in this fierce struggle have given their lives in heroic devotion to duty, trusting firmly in our ultimate victory."

KAISER BEAT TIME AT WAR SERVICE

Put Vigor Into Singing of Famous Choral in Improvised Church at the Front.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Tuesday, Dec. 29.—The Chronicle reprints from the Neue Freie Presse of Vienna an interesting account of the Kaiser at church in a French village near Longwy.

It was an improvised church, but special preparations had been made for the Emperor's presence. The walls were decorated with lances, a thousand men took up their positions on one side, and an equal number on the other. In the front seats were the General's and the Kaiser's suite. An armchair in the centre was for the war lord.

He appeared in a field gray uniform with a scarlet and gold embroidered collar. Over his uniform he wore a long gray mantle. He looked grave, exceedingly grave, and much older than the writer of the sketch imagined him. His features were so motionless and his eyes so set and stern that he looked as if he was chiseled in stone. He rose from his seat at the prayers and hymns, and in singing took an active part. The hymns were apparently all familiar to him, as he seldom looked at the hymn book.

At the conclusion of the service a choir of singers and trumpeters sang the famous choral, "Wir Treten zum Beten." At first it was not rendered with the necessary fire and verve, and this was displeasing to the Kaiser. He marked the time vigorously and, as the choir followed his beat, their music grew louder and more spirited until it thrilled all who heard it.

When all was over and the benediction was pronounced, the Kaiser shook hands with the pastor and thanked him for the impressive service.

LOSSES PUT ON GERMAN MINES

London Times Says No British Mine Was Laid Off East Coast.

LONDON, Tuesday, Dec. 29.—Commenting on the fact that eight vessels have been lost in the North Sea since Christmas Eve owing to mines, The Times says today:

"Many people have been under the impression that some of these losses were caused by hitting British mines. It can be stated authoritatively, that not a single British mine has been laid down off the east coast of England.

"The loss falls most heavily on neutral shipping which, however, have been warned repeatedly by the Admiralty that the German mines are insecurely anchored and likely to drift considerable distances."

ONE ZEPPELIN HIT IN CUXHAVEN RAID

British Confident That High-Angle Fire of Cruisers Crippled a Dirigible.

HEAR HEWLETT IS SAFE

Missing English Air Pilot Reported to Have Been Captured by the Germans.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Tuesday, Dec. 29.—The London Times says this morning:

"It is now possible to supplement the official account of the British raid on Cuxhaven with some particulars of the conditions in which the historic combat was fought. Christmas morning broke beautifully, fine and clear in the Bight of Heligoland. There was practically no wind, and the surface of the sea was hardly ruffled. Our daring airmen, however, soon ran into a fog. It was dense off the mouth of the Elbe, but lay only in shallow patches over the harbor and the town of Cuxhaven.

"Flying very high while out at sea, the seaplanes came as low as was consistent with safety while dropping their bombs. In spite of the German denials, there is excellent reason to believe that considerable damage was done by them, and that a Parseval shed and airship were destroyed, and a number of Zeppelin sheds and their contents badly knocked about.

"While our men were busy the Germans discovered the presence of the escorting cruisers and destroyers, and two Zeppelins, with some seaplanes and submarines, set off to attack them. The Zeppelins were first to get to work, but did not make good practice. For some moments they dropped bombs incessantly without striking any of our ships. High-angle fire from our cruisers soon drove them off, and one was undoubtedly hit and hit badly. Both the Arethusa and the Undaunted managed to get in successful shots.

"A far greater danger to our squadron was the enemy's submarines. They made constant attempts to reach our cruisers, but were baffled by the masterly seamanship show in the handling of our destroyers, which manoeuvred at high speed around the larger vessels and successfully repelled every attempt to torpedo them. Meanwhile our airmen were returning to their ships and were soon engaged in conflict with the enemy aircraft, which had been groping for them in the fog off the coast.

"Full particulars of the fight are not available, but the fact that six out of seven of our air pilots have been safely accounted for, speaks for itself.

"The German account talks of damage done to the British ships in this amazing conflict. It is undeniable, however, that every cruiser, destroyer, and submarine has returned to its base without loss of life or material damage."

The Daily Sketch publishes a report that Commander Francis H. Hewlett, who piloted one of the British seaplanes in the raid, is a prisoner in the hands of the Germans. According to the account in The Sketch, Commander Hewlett's machine was damaged by shell fire and came down in the sea. When Hewlett was last seen a German torpedo boat was approaching him.

Dodge Zeppelin Bombs.

"The Daily Mail's Harwich correspondent says The British seaplanes flying over Cuxhaven could see nothing but a swimming mist, but they took their chances. They think they hit the gas works. They may also have hit a ship. The noise of their explosions brought out the German air fleet in a hurry. Two Zeppelins and three or four waterplanes came very fast and then dropped bombs at desperate range.

"'One of the Zeppelins came right over us,' says a member of the company of a British cruiser. 'She looked like a great big gray whale, far bigger than us. She dropped bombs all around us, but we had the good luck to dodge them.'

"The fog bothered both sides. A Zeppelin chased a British destroyer and found her in a rift between fog banks and pelted her industriously with bombs. They fell like hail around her, some as close as twenty-five yards, but by happy chance not one hit her. By ratlike dashes she escaped into the refuge of another bank of fog.

"Meanwhile a battle in the fog, rather like a snowball match in an extensive dark field, was raging between the saucy Arethusa and the enemy. Torpedoes were fired at the Arethusa by the German submarines, but not one hit its mark.

"Whenever they could sight a Zeppelin the British cruisers fired at her with their six-inch guns at high angles and with shrapnel. Good firing was difficult, owing to the deceptive light, but it is believed that one of the Zeppelins was hit in the cradle and that was the end of the engagement. The Germans turned and made for home."

SCHLIEPER'S ADVICE NEEDLESS

British Writers Say Germans Are Already at "Reckless War."

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Tuesday, Dec. 29.—Admiral Schlieper's article in the Berliner Lokal Anzeiger advocating "a systematic and reckless war of retaliation against British commerce" by means of submarines, is attracting attention here especially in naval circles, where it excites much contemptuous comment. The German commanders, say British naval experts, are in no need of Admiral Schlieper's advice since they already have put it in practice.

As proof of this they cite the cases of the British ship Glitrax and the French ship Amiral Gauteaume. Both were merchant vessels and were sunk by German submarines, the latter when she was carrying hundreds of Belgian refugees.

The Morning Post's naval correspondent discussing the Schlieper article says:

"It is not necessary to take very serious notice of that officers lucubrations for the simple reason that what he advocates has already been put into practice. Moreover, it is probable that had the German submarine flotillas been able to extend the said practice they would have done so already. The total number of German submarines is between twenty-five and thirty, so far as is known, and assuming that new submarines have replaced those lost during war.

"The sumarine range of action is not wide enough to interfere with the deep-sea trade routes. It does not follow, however, that the warning should be ignored. The method of dealing with the submarine is to patrol the water in which it voyages with light and swift armed craft. An obvious suggestion is that all merchant ships should be armed with light guns.

"What is perhaps the most instructive aspect of the German demand for openly piratical methods of warfare is that, at the present stage of the war, a German flag officer should have nothing better to urge than submarine attacks upon merchant shipping."

HAIR
Its Nature, Growth, and Common Affections, with Rules for Its Preservation. Illustrated. 2d Edition. $1.50 postpaid.
By RICHARD W. MULLER, M. D.
Wm. R. Jenkins Co., Pubs., N. Y.

The Figures That Tell
business men of our Strength and demonstrate our Ability to Serve, are embodied in our Report of Condition to the State of New York as of December 24th:
Resources
Loans and Bills purchased $20,682,690
Investment securities 8,795,735
Cash on hand and in banks 5,928,042
Accrued interest receivable 638,795
Real Estate 64,764
$36,110,026
Liabilities
Deposits $27,619,679
Capital, Surplus and Profits 8,123,408
Accrued interest payable 332,323
Reserves for taxes and rent 34,616
$36,110,026
Metropolitan Trust Company
of the City of New York
George C. Van Tuyl, Jr., President
49 Wall Street

ASKS US TO REMOVE CONSULS IN BELGIUM

Germany Reported to Have Stated That Some of Them Are Unsatisfactory.

NOTE TO THIS GOVERNMENT

Bryan Refuses to Disclose Its Details—Protest by Belgium Against Germany's Action.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—Through Ambassador Gerard at Berlin the German Government today presented a statement to the United States Government regarding the status of foreign Consuls in Belgian territory now occupied by the Germans.

Secretary Bryan said tonight that such a statement had been received late this afternoon, and that its contents were under consideration by the State Department, but that he did not care to disclose the contents of the message tonight. The communication was also laid before Robert Lansing, counselor of the State Department, for consideration, but Mr. Lansing did not make any statement with respect to it.

It is understood that the communication is substantially the same as that sent by the German Government to various neutral countries, notifying them of German's intention to cancel the exequaturs accorded by the Belgian Government to foreign Consular representatives.

The report was current tonight that in the communication which came today Germany had notified the American Government that some of the United States Consuls were unsatisfactory and should for the present be withdrawn. This could not be confirmed at the State Department. It could not be learned whether Germany objected to some of the American Consuls who were accredited to Belgium on personal grounds or whether their withdrawal was requested on other grounds.

The Belgian Minister, M. Havenith, tonight made it plain that the Belgian Government is protesting vigorously against the cancellation of Consular exequaturs in Belgian territory. A statement issued by the Belgian Minister was as follows:

> The Belgian Minister has been informed that the German Government has notified the neutral powers of its intention to cancel the exequaturs accorded by the Belgian Government to foreign Consular representatives.
>
> The Belgian Government has protested against this step. The issue, as well as the cancellation, of an exequatur are acts which imply the sovereignty of the State from which they emanate. Now a power in military occupation of a territory only enjoys a de facto possession which cannot be transformed, in so far as its relations with neutral States are concerned, into a state of sovereignty.
>
> Such a change could only become lawful by the consummation of a treaty of peace determining definitely the status of the occupied territory.

M. Havenith called at the State Department after the German communication had been received.

The United States has consular representatives in Brussels, Antwerp, Liége, and Ghent, and since the war began they have had little work of the ordinary character to do. Their activities have been devoted largely to looking after refugees and aiding in relief work.

The disposition of the State Department is apparently to recognize the right of the authorities of captured territory to prescribe at least temporary conditions under which Consuls shall discharge their duties, and it is contended this can be done without in any way committing the United States to a political recognition of the right of the military occupant of a territory to its possession.

Regarding the possible withdrawal of Consuls from certain points under color of military necessity, it is said that there need be no actual interruption of commerce in consequence, because, under American consular regulations, in the absence of a Consul—a not infrequent happening in normal times—two reputable merchants may render an acceptable certificate for an invoice of goods.

The Japanese Government has already intimated its objection to the presence of foreign Consuls in the territory of Kiao-Chau, recently captured from the Germans. In that case there is no question of who shall issue exequaturs—the objection is to the presence of any foreign Consuls, no matter what may be their legal status. Several applications have come to the State Department from mercantile interests, urging the return of American Consul Peck to Tsing-Tau, but, in the face of Japanese opposition and in the knowledge of the fact that the order of exclusion runs against Consuls of all nations alike, the State Department has not felt called upon to force an issue by ordering the return of Mr. Peck to his post.

LET OUR TRADE GO, ENGLAND IS TOLD

Continued from Page 1.

of being so used. It must be shown that this was in fact their destination at the time of seizure.

This is perhaps the most far-reaching declaration of the American note since, if it is accepted by Great Britain, American trade with Germany and Austria, which is virtually at a standstill now, will be resumed, affecting the prices of wheat, flour, livestock, and all the variety of products which go to make up foodstuffs.

Evidence Before Search.

Taking up the subject of detention of American ships at sea, the Washington Government states that it cannot tolerate undue delay in examining the vessels or convoying them to British ports for detailed examination. It argues that proof of hostile destination of the cargo must be in evidence at the time of search at sea. The belligerent's right, the note adds, is fully recognized, but it cannot be extended to the point of diverting American ships into belligerent ports merely on suspicion.

The United States asserts, moreover, that it views with growing concern the detention of American cargoes consigned from this country to neutral ports. It contends that it should be the duty of the belligerents to protect neutral commerce and prevent innocent merchants from suffering.

One of the chief complaints made in the note is against the British treatment of American cargoes of copper. It is charged that Great Britain is not treating American trade in copper with the Scandinavian countries the same as to trade in this product between the United States and Italy. Even though the Italian Government has put an embargo on the exportation of copper from Italy to belligerent countries, similar to the embargo in force in Norway, Denmark, and Sweden, consignments of copper to Italy are said to be held up, while those to the Scandinavian countries are not molested.

As to Shipments "to Order."

The American Government sets forth its position on consignments shipped "to order," or to no specific consignee, stating that this circumstance alone is not sufficient on which to hold American cargoes, and is not of itself a matter to rouse suspicion. This view has been expressed by the Supreme Court of the United States, but Great Britain announced recently that cargoes shipped "to order" would be regarded as "suspect."

The present note points out that to hold consignments marked "to order" proof must be presented when the cargo is seized or detained, showing that a hostile destination is intended, or other facts must be advanced to justify further examination of the cargo.

In this connection the American note remarks that commerce between neutral nations constitutes the normal relations of peace and not war, and that the presumption of guilt cannot rest on neutral shippers, but the burden of proof must be imposed on the belligerent who interferes.

Although the sending of the note was not known to members of the Diplomatic Corps tonight, and it is unlikely that the Washington Government will communicate it to any except the British Ambassador unless they request it, high officials think it not unlikely that the path marked by the United States in this note will be followed by other neutral Governments.

South American nations in particular have been keeping in close touch with the United States on the subject of neutrality, and their attitude generally coincides with that of Washington.

The statement made by the United States is a result of several steps taken by Great Britain, France, and Germany on the subject of contraband.

Although the Declaration of London, drafted in 1909, and embodying the previous understandings of international law and new rules for the conduct of maritime warfare with respect to neutral commerce, had not been ratified when the present war began, it was thought for a time that all countries would adhere to it.

Great Britain, by an order in council, on Aug. 20 declared the Declaration of London effective, with some modifications.

Germany announced to all neutrals her willingness to adhere to the whole declaration if the other belligerents would.

The United States took the position that it could not accept piecemeal adoption by the Allies of the Declaration of London with their own amendments, and stated that it would be guided by the general practices of international law, irrespective of the Declaration of London.

Along Line of German Protest.

Then the German Government in a formal note to the United States and other neutrals detailed its objections to the British modifications, which the United States similarly opposed.

Today's note follows in many important points the argument, then advanced by Germany, that the proposed British practice with respect to neutral commerce was a distinct departure from previously accepted principles of international law.

CATCH FOOD SMUGGLERS.

Italian Officials Arrest Two in Plot to Export to Germany.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Dec. 28, (Dispatch to The London Times.)—After stopping on the frontier various consignments of contraband metals and flour to Austria, Germany, and France the Italian Government has succeeded in checking a vast plot for forwarding huge consignments of cereals to Germany.

Commendatore Fiore, a well-known physician in Rome, and Signor Castrignano, an ex-Customs official, who were involved, have been arrested, the latter while trying to bribe with an offer of $30,000 an official of customs to obtain a permit of exportation. The money was handed to a police official, who by previous arrangement had for a long time posed as an officer of customs, and negotiated with Castrignano the issue of the permit of exportation.

Chimneys Fireplaces and Fuel-Burning Apparatus
Fire Risk from these sources should be guarded against by periodic cleaning, inspection and repairs.
FREDERIC N. WHITLEY
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There's something about them you'll like-
Twenty for a Quarter
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EACH STATE TO SEND A BELGIAN FOOD SHIP

California's Steamship in the Panama Canal—Kansas Cargo to Sail Friday.

MARYLAND VESSEL LOADING

Alaska Sends Good Contribution—Cobb to Lecture on War for the Red Cross.

The Belgian Relief Commission announced yesterday that its plan to send to Belgium a ship for every State in the Union is being realized. The California ship, the steamer Camino, was reported yesterday as passing through the Panama Canal, while on Friday of this week the steamer Hannah, which will take a cargo coming from Kansas, will sail from New York. The Hannah is now loading at the Bush Terminal, in Brooklyn. The steamship John Hardie, which is assigned to take the Maryland cargo, will sail from Baltimore next week, as will also the steamer Industry, which is to sail from Philadelphia with a cargo from Pennsylvania. The names of other ships designated to carry State cargoes will be announced in a few days.

The Belgian Relief Fund was increased by $10,428.90 yesterday, and now amounts to $748,282.58. Among the contributions was a check for $4,503.30 from the Alaska Belgian Relief Committee of Juneau. A letter that came with the check said that $989 represented the proceeds of the Juneau Carnival of 1914, $607 was the proceeds of a carnival held at Treadwell and Douglas by the women of those places, $71 was from the churches of Juneau, $165 from the theatres of Juneau, $50 from the Juneau Campfire Girls, $100 from the Sheep Creek women, $1,189 was a Christmas gift from the Juneau people, while $1,290 represented individual subscriptions to the Juneau Belgian Fund.

In another letter yesterday came a check for $6 from the children of the eighth grade in one of the preparatory schools for the University of Porto Rico.

Belgian Fund Subscriptions.

All subscriptions to the Belgian Relief Fund should be sent to the Belgian Relief Committee, 8 and 10 Bridge Street, or to J. P. Morgan & Co., 23 Wall Street. Yesterday's subscriptions of $10 or more were:

Juneau, Alaska	$4,503
B. R. F. Commercial Club, Nashville	2,330
Annoymous	500
First Nat. Bank, Greenville, Miss.,	400
10% of sales, Douglas, Alaska	177
Physician	100
Miss A. M. Paul	50
W. T. Russell	50
Lilla C. Wheeler	50
C. W. Putman	10
Helen C. Atwater	15
High St. Pres. Ch.	15
William Simmons	10
Waterbury Republican (col.)	37
Susan W. Hildreth	10
Mrs. D. H. Webster	10
Mrs. J. A. Howell	15
J. A. Howell	10
James Knowles	10
Florence Frazee	10
John C. Dugin	25
Margaret S. Bedell	25
Charles H. Paul	25
K. and C. Wertheim-van Henkelom	40
Miss Pitney	10
D. & R. Wilcox	10
Providence Journal (col.)	217
Anonymous	100
Pres. S. S., Britton, S. D.	74
H. R. W.	50
G. S. Thomas	50
Anonymous	50
Amy Loveman	10
E. C. Wendt	25
Charles F. Binns	20
John S. Williams	10
J. W. Thompson (col.)	12
C. A. Austin	25
Stratham, N. H.	10
Dunkirk Observer (col.)	11
Mechanics Mus. of Natural History	20
Mare Anon & wife	12
Cecil A. Hart	10
A Friend	10
Mrs. E. D. Page	20
Huyck & Sons	46
Anonymous	25
F. L. Brewer	20
Miss J. A. C.	15
W. E. Knox	15
A. L. Nash	25
Morton S. Lewis	10
A. C. B. (col.)	21
Wallace F. Peck	25
Anonymous	25
Francis	10
Cong. Ch., Oshkosh, Wis.	41
Pres. S. S., Johnstown, Penn.	16
E. M. Walker	45
Ladies' Fortnightly	23
F. B. Graham	10
John Whitman	65
Boons Club	17
A. W. W. and W. H. W.	25
G. F. and C. F.	25
Mrs. S. S. Wise	25
Anonymous	18
Wayne Co. Democrat (col.)	41
Emily L. Meyer	27
Pittsburgh, Penn.	300

Cobb Lecture for Red Cross.

The Red Cross shipped to the British Red Cross last Saturday a large consignment of hospital supplies, blankets, bed clothes, and more than 3,500 hospital sleeping garments. Irwin S. Cobb will deliver a lecture on his experiences in the war zone for the benefit of the Red Cross European Fund in the ballroom of the Waldorf-Astoria, on Thursday afternoon, Jan. 7, at 4 o'clock. Tickets are $2, and may be purchased at the Tyson office in the Waldorf, or at 661 Fifth Avenue.

Yesterday's contributions to the Red Cross amounted to $10,112.37, which brought the fund to $425,202.14. One check was for $5,000, and represented the profits of the Christmas Bazaar given by the girls of Hunter College. Red Cross subscriptions should be sent to Jacob H. Schiff, Treasurer, 130 East Twenty-second Street, or 52 William Street. Yesterday's contributions of $10 or more were:

"A B B."	$2,200
Dr. B. Dernburg, (col.)	525
Fortnightly Club, Bennington, Vt.	525
Philharmonic	329
Mizpah Chapel S.S.	150
Fifth Ave Branch	115
Dr. B. Bernburg, (col.)	152
Hotel Osmund dance	115
American Exporter Staff	100
Independent, (col.)	90
Staats-Zeitung, (col)	80
N. Y. Tel. emps.	70
G. Rogovoy concert	50
J. B. Lederer	50
H. G. Moseley	45
First Pres. Church	44
High School Students, Palmyra	36
Vevay, Ind.	30
O. C. W. Keppelmann, (col.)	26
Oneida Red Cross	$25
Mrs. S. S. Wise	25
R. R. Rogers	25
Mrs. L. W. Spencer	25
G. B. Kinkead	25
Pres. Ch., Pt Henry	23
Church Holy Faith	14
"Benefit"	14
Girls' League, East Orange	14
Carcross, Y. T.	12
Olivet S. S.	12
Bennington, Ind.	10
"Francis"	10
D. E. S.	10
Miss E. Burke	10
Mrs. S. Sherwood	10
Elizabeth W. Eldlitz	10
Mrs. Leo Levy	10
Arthur Geoffroy	10
Marie and E. D. Page	10
Dr. W. Hutchinson	10
"M."	10

Committee of Mercy.

August Belmont, Treasurer of the Committee of Mercy, made the following report yesterday of contributions of $10 or more:

GENERAL FUND.

Bingham Brothers	$10
Hornell Branch	150
H. A. Moody	25
G. G. Ernst	10
John A. Cole	50
H. R. Leeds	10
E. K. Dolger	25
Emil K. Frank	20

BELGIAN FUND.

Dudley W. Fay	$50
Dalton S. S.	36
H. G. Alwater	25
Mrs. F. C. Probases	25
Cula J. Toff	10
Margaret Whittimore	60
Church of Christ, Canton, Penn.	31
William Salamon	100

The fund now totals $91,910.29.

For French Women and Children.

It has been decided by the American Committee of the "Secours National," with the concurrence of the parent organization in France, that all contributions of money shall be spent in the United States for supplies, which will be forwarded without cost to the suffering women and children of France. At present the Secours National is feeding 100,000 women and children who would otherwise starve. Belgian women and children who are refugees in France are also cared for by this fund.

All contributions of money and clothing should be sent to Mrs. Whitney Warren, 16 East Forty-seventh Street. The fund now totals $49,948.66, of which amount $71 was received yesterday. Among yesterday's contributors were Charles Emile Allgeyer, who gave $25, and Miss Helene Cerlain, who sent a check for $40.

Paris Hospital Fund.

The fund for the maintenance of the American Ambulance Hospital in Paris now totals $257,756.97. Among yesterday's gifts was $50 from L. C. Clehore. Subscriptions to this fund should be sent to J. P. Morgan & Co., 23 Wall Street.

FRANCIS JOSEPH'S THANKS.

Christmas Gifts Are Acknowledged Through Ambassador Penfield.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—The State Department today announced receipt of the following telegram from Ambassador Penfield at Vienna:

"Emperor Francis Joseph has communicated to me his grateful thanks to the sympathetic friends in America who sent gifts of clothing and toys to the war orphans by ship Jason. Half million gifts this week being distributed throughout Austria-Hungary. Emperor thanks every donor and person taking part in work of sending Christmas cheer to his suffering people."

SAY BULLETS EXPLODE.

Charges Made Against Germans in Two Paris Papers.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 28.—The Temps and the Homme Enchainé today presented what they regarded as proofs that the Germans were using explosive bullets. The Temps stated that Dr. Napieralski, head of No. 7 auxiliary hospital of the Third Corps d'Armée at Pont Audemer, received on Nov. 10 an infantryman with a handsbreadth wound in his right shoulder blade. The man, Adrien Bousquet, said that on Nov. 2 in a battle east of Ypres while he was trying to escape from a surrounded trench he felt a shock against his shoulder so violent that it turned him completely around. He managed to crawl to the neighboring wood, where chasseurs gave him first aid treatment. Until then he was unaware that he was badly hurt, because no bullet had penetrated.

Dr. Napieralski says that the wound could not have been caused by a shell, owing to the absence of powder mark or the blackish mark of metallic oxide. Furthermore, there were no fragments of a projectile or other foreign body in the wound which was subsequently photographed. Several of the wounded testified that the Germans used explosive balls, which were clearly recognizable by the sharp explosion on striking the ground or other obstacles. Dr. Napieralski says he has an abundance of indisputable testimony on this point.

In the Homme Enchainé M. Clemenceau states that he has received some German explosive cartridges, bearing the stamp of a Nuremberg firm. They were found in a chateau recently occupied by Germans. He submitted them to a Paris expert, Gastinne Renette (the gunsmith where Mme. Caillaux bought the pistol with which she killed Calmette) who said that the bullets, which were usually solid nickel or with a lead core covered by a coat of nickel, had in this case only the sides cased in nickel with an uncovered point of soft lead in the centre in which a small copper tube was embedded. If the tube was filled with black powder it would cause a sharp explosion on contact. If empty, it would cause the bullet to mushroom, this becoming the forbidden dumdum.

ALSACE ENJOYS CHRISTMAS.

District Under French Rule Has Services in Native Language.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BASLE, Dec. 27, (Dispatch to the London Standard.)—The population of Alsace along a strip of country from ten to twelve miles in the interior, extending from near Altkirch to a point near St. Dié, enjoyed Christmas under French rule, laws and customs, the first since 1870.

Soon after the clock announced Christmas Day, mass was celebrated at Thann by Col. Albert Carré of Paris, and in other Alsatian towns and villages. It was celebrated in French by French priests in uniform. Most of the congregations, however, were old men, women, and children.

The general spirit among Alsatians is that they are going to become French again. M. Millerand and Gen. Joffre have told them so during their recent visits, and who could be better authorities?

In humble homes little French flags are flying openly. The washerwomen in the squares are reviling the "atrocities of the Bosches." Children who have only heard German from their birth, are now able to shout "Vive la France," and it is a significant fact that many young women who were engaged to be married to Germans before the war have broken off their engagements. They say they want French husbands.

CHEVALIER WIELDED BROOM.

Noted Paris Doctor Found Engaged in Humble Duties.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 28.—Guerre Sociale prints a story illustrating the remarkable incongruities due to universal service. A Doctor Major, inspecting a Paris hospital recently, was astounded to perceive on the breast of a second-class private sweeping the courtyard a gold cross indicating that the wearer was a Chevalier of the Legion of Honor.

Inquiries showed that the private was a professor at the School of Medicine, a member of the Medical Academy, and one of the best-known of Paris physicians, who accepted without question the humble duties assigned by a Corporal of the reserve regiment to which he belonged.

He now occupies the important medical position which his ability warrants.

ADMIT RADIO OFFENSE.

British Warship Tried to Relay Message Through Panama Canal.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British Ambassador to the United States, visited the State Department today and informed Counselor Lansing that additional data had been received through British diplomatic sources which made necessary a correction in the statement previously submitted to the department relative to the charge that a British collier had violated the neutrality of the Panama Canal Zone by sending an unneutral code message. The previous statement had been based on a message from the British Minister to Panama, who reported that the collier in question had no wireless and could not have violated neutrality by sending any wireless message.

The corrected statement is to the effect that the British collier Protesilaus, which was in Balboa Harbor, received a wireless code message from a British warship outside the three-mile limit. The Captain of the collier asked the port commander to transmit the message to the British Consul at Balboa, to whom it was addressed. The port commander refused to allow the message to be transmitted and sealed the wireless apparatus of the collier.

It appeared that the Captain of the Protesilaus had not received official information of the new regulations prohibiting the use of radio outfits in the canal except upon canal business, but notwithstanding this the British authorities concede that the attempt to use the wireless was improper, and therefore the incident is regarded as closed.

FREIGHT RATES SOAR.

British Government May Intervene to Keep Down Food Prices.

LONDON, Tuesday, Dec. 29.—The resumption of the freight markets after the Christmas recess showed another extraordinary rise in rates, especially from Egypt and the River Plate, as well as from North and South America.

The Morning Post thinks the situation is becoming so serious in its effect on the prices of foodstuffs that the Government will be obliged to intervene with the object of preventing a still further rise. The Morning Post says such intervention is being freely discussed in shipping circles.

BELGIANS NOW FEAR SERVICE UNDER FOES

Annexation Means That Many Will Be Forced Into the German Army, Says M. Yseaux,

AND TAX ON INDIVIDUALS

Antwerp Barrister Here to Appeal to Americans Against Such a Move by Germany.

A great deal of alarm is felt in Belgium over the prospect of the annexation of the country by Germany, according to M. Victor Yseaux, a distinguished barrister of Antwerp, who has come to America to arouse sentiment in this country against such a move on the part of Germany. M. Yseaux is the Treasurer of the Antwerp Barristers' Association, and was in his native city at the time of the German occupation.

A cable message published in THE TIMES on Sunday said that the British authorities had been notified of Germany's announcement to neutral nations that it would no longer recognize exequaturs crediting their consuls to Belgium. This action, it was said, created surprise in England, and was regarded as a preliminary step toward the annexation of Belgium.

"The latest step toward annexation did not surprise me; in fact, it has been expected and dreaded in Belgium for some time," M. Yseaux said yesterday. "I have come to America to try to arouse the sentiment of your great neutral nation against permitting this action by Germany. Of course we realize that we can't hope for military intervention on the part of the United States, but the annexation of Belgium under present conditions would be a flagrant violation of the principles of international law, and we feel that public sentiment in a great nation like the United States would go a long way toward deterring Germany from taking any action which might create prejudice against her.

"Annexation at the present time would be disastrous to Belgium, even though it would almost certainly be only temporary annexation and would come to an end when the Germans were conquered. But until the end of the war it would mean that the men of the already downtrodden country would be forced into the German Army as citizens of Germany, regardless of their personal desires in the matter. Throughout Belgium there are many strong young men who are members of the various Guards Civique—armed bodies for the defense of the cities in which the members live—and who are not members of the regular army. These men are old enough to be sent to the front if Germany annexes Belgium. The fact that Germany has anticipated annexing Belgium for a long time is indicated by the fact that, whenever the Germans captured a Belgian city, they disarmed the member of the Guard Civique and ordered them to report at the military headquarters every week to show that they had not fled and joined the Belgian Army. The penalty for disobedience to the order, they were advised, would be inflicted on members of their families who had not fled from their homes, and the German officers took lists of the names and addresses of the men.

"These men would be mustered into different German troops and shipped away from the Western theatre of the war, where they might take refuge with the Belgian troops; to the Russian frontier, where they would certainly be put in the forefront, as they would constitute a class of the German soldiery which the Kaiser could best afford to lose in conflict.

"But an even worse feature of annexation, from a material viewpoint, would be the taking over of the country's finances by Germany. At present toll is taken from the conquered cities. If Belgium were annexed the income from this course would be multiplied many times by the taxing of individuals throughout the country, and what remained of the Belgian Army could no longer be paid or fed by Belgium except by that remnant of the country that remained free from the German rule.

"Just before I left Belgium private advices were received from Berlin stating that even the Socialist members of the Reichstag were in favor of the annexation of Belgium, and I was urged to come to America to see if something could not be done here to prevent the catastrophe."

M. Yseaux explained that he hoped to accomplish his mission by delivering lectures in English, in the smaller cities of the United States as well as the larger ones.

"According to the principles of international law," he said, "one country cannot annex another as long as part of the country remains free and under the control of the army. This is the case in Belgium."

But for American charity M. Yseaux said, there would have been a great deal of actual starvation in Belgium, among persons who formerly had been considered well-to-do as well as among the poor. Food sent from this country, he said, was being distributed to the persons most in need, and was making the Belgians feel that there was deep and genuine sympathy for them in this country.

"After the Statue of Liberty," he said, "the most impressive sight I saw on entering the harbor was a huge ship being filled with food and bearing the banner of the Belgian Relief Committee.

"There were German atrocities in Belgium," he said, "but not such horrible outrages as were described at the first of the war—at least I could find no trace of any women and children having been butchered, as was charged. There were many civilians who were shot on the charge of having fired on the German troops, and the charge was without foundation, as the civilians were unarmed. And bombs were dropped on refugees fleeing from Antwerp, killing little children and aged folk who could scarcely totter."

RENTS IN BERLIN UNPAID.

Immense Sum Owing Up to October, and Worse Situation Followed.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 28.—The Landlords' Association of Berlin states that in the months of August, September, and October alone unpaid shop, house, and flat rents in Greater Berlin totalled the wholly extraordinary sum of $3,125,000, representing 10,819 buildings.

Delinquent rents increase in volume from month to month, and the landlords declare that November and December will undoubtedly reveal an even more deplorable state of affairs than the preceding three months combined.

DEMAND FOR CASTOR OIL.

Germany Needs It to Lubricate Aeroplanes and Motor Cars.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERNE, Switzerland, Dec. 28, (Dispatch to The Morning Post.)—German agents are attempting to procure castor oil from neutral countries, and even from France.

Germany requires this especially for oiling the motors of aeroplanes and motor cars which are used in very low temperatures.

ATTACKS EDWARD VII.

German Pamphlet Calls Him Criminal Against Humanity.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Tuesday, Dec. 29.—The Daily Mail says that one of the new war pamphlets now displayed in the bookshop windows of Germany is an attack on King Edward VII., under the title of "The Twentieth Century's Greatest Criminal Against Humanity."

The author, an army officer named Lieut. Reinhold Wagner, stigmatizes King Edward as "the real instigator of the world war."

OXFORD PROFESSOR SNIPING GERMANS

"Little Better Than Murder," He Calls His Work in Belgian Trenches.

HORRORS OF 'MINENWERFER'

German Trench Gun Throws a Slow-Moving Shell with Deadly Aim and Effect.

Special Correspondence of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

OXFORD, Dec. 16.—Oxford University has responded with great enthusiasm to England's call for men. Two-thirds of the members of the university are either in active service at the front or training that they may be sent on. No class has responded better than the Oxford dons. All of them up to the age of 60 are in training, the younger for commissions, the older for home defense should need arise.

It is literally true that Oxford is no longer an English university. The largest part of the student body are Americans and Indians, with the usual number of Orientals and those few Englishmen who are either under age or physically unfit.

Professors and students in the medical department (or that part of it not in France with the Royal Army Medical Corps) are getting degrees by curing the wounded here. The examination schools, the Masonic Building, and the Town Hall are military hospitals. Many of the college gardens have been turned over to the Red Cross for the exclusive use of convalescents. It was found necessary to keep the Germans, of whom there are some 250, in a place apart.

Professor Describes Fighting.

One very interesting description of fighting in Belgium comes from a Balliol professor of Latin and Greek, who writes back to his junior dean, and has evidently found things of more importance than sentence or paragraph structure. He has been a master of scouts since the outbreak of the war, and writes under date of Nov. 19 from somewhere near Ypres, though the names of towns and units were carefully excised by the censor in France. The letter follows:

"This is the thirteenth day in the trenches, at least I think so, but I can hardly tell, and I have experienced everything but a bayonet charge and a wash. We have been holding trenches in a pine wood—at least it was a pine wood, now it is match wood, soaked, splintered, spattered with wet and blood. There has been no hand-to-hand fighting. It has all been done by the shell and rifle fire, with pneumatic bombs. The Germans main trench runs in a line, whose nearest point is 500 and furthest 1,300 yards from us. But in between they have been burrowing up, and in the last few days, when I have been scoutmaster, I have discovered subsidiary trenches, pits, and dugouts from within 100 to 30 yards of our line. You can't see them because of the tangled woods, but you can hear the men digging and hacking as soon as you get five yards out. I myself have constantly within the last few days been within thirty yards. This morning I shot at four men in a pit at a range of five yards in the weird light of a damp and frozen November dawn. It was all like a dream seeing the phantom spade rising and falling behind a mound of damp earth, creeping up pistol in hand through broken and small tree trunks, peeping down into a six-foot pit, sighting four ghostly blue-gray figures and punctuating the whole gray unreality with four red pistol flashes.

Ashamed of Sniping.

"I didn't wait long. I may have hit one or two, but the others had rifles in their hands by this time, and their main line of dugouts was only twenty yards in front of me. I turned, called upon the two scouts who were with me, and fled. (I am going to tell you what a brave man I am, because I don't know when I shall be hit, though somehow I feel confident I shall come through, and I want to leave a testimony. You'll thing I'm a savage. Sniping is little better than murder.)

"No one who hasn't seen this can realize what it is like. The Germans have a hell of a machine which has been brought into play against our trenches in the last three days. Shot from a distance of 300 yards, a two-foot long projectile, which one can watch at all points in its flight, goes high into the air and comes down almost plumb at the point aimed at. It is called, I believe, a Minenwerfer—200 pounds of shell. A special corner of our line—not our company section, thank God—has been their special aim. They put these infernal bombs into a circle of thirty yards radius. They smash in the trenches, blow men to bits and stupefy and poison others.

"I had the escape of my life yesterday afternoon. I had reconnoitred all the German positions in front of us, going out daily at dawn and dusk, and nearly always coming within thirty yards of our enemy—I and my four scouts. I reckon we have shot some Germans, though I am a rotten marksman and the twilight and the pine wood is no help to scoring. In consequence, I think I have a certain kudos at battalion headquarters. We had nothing of the kind before—a great mistake, for now the enemy do not let us move an eyelid above our trenches. Some spots are perfect death-traps before their snipers, though fortunately the ground is too difficult to let them snipe all along the line. Still, they can mark accurately where we are, and, most unfortunately, where our Maxims are. It is useless now to push them back. We are not strong enough, and between their advanced dugouts and their main trench they can prepare their devilish device, the Weary Willie, their bomb, shot probably from a pneumatic gun, and which you can see coming at you all the way."

WANTS FRUIT FOR ARMY.

Better Than Chocolate and Cigarettes, Says German Surgeon.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Dec. 28.—A member of the German Army Medical Corps, writing from the front to the Frankfurter Zeitung, urges the kind-hearted public to send fruit and vegetables to the soldiers in the fighting line. It is difficult, he says, to obtain either fruit or vegetables in France, and the lack of such fresh food at a time when men can obtain hardly any exercise is exerting a deleterious effect on their general health.

The men get an abundance of ordinary nourishing food, the writer says, and he strongly recommends that their friends should send them fruit and jam instead of chocolate, tobacco, cigars, and cigarettes, of which they have more than they can consume. He also disapproves presents of woolen goods, which, he says, merely pamper the soldiers and suggests that relatives and friends rather should send carrots and cauliflowers.

Sakhalin Report Again Denied.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—The Russian Government's denial of the report that Russia had ceded its half of the Island of Sakhalin to Japan in return for heavy artillery was followed today by an equally explicit denial by the Japanese Embassy, which had been credited with having made the statement on Saturday that the report was true. It was explained at the embassy that the report which the Saturday statement was intended to confirm was one relating to the dissolution of the Japanese Diet. The embassy gave out the following: "The statement was mistaken. No report whatever concerning the island has ever been received by the Japanese Embassy."

CHANGE IN RICHMOND, VA., TRAINS
Beginning January 4, Pennsylvania Railroad train leaving New York 1:08 P. M. will have parlor, dining cars, and coaches to Richmond, Va. The 11:08 A. M. train will have no connection for Richmond.—Advt.

PRAISE BRITISH AIRMEN.

American Naval Experts Admired Their Work in France.

That British military aviators are the best in Europe is the opinion of American naval aviators who were among the arrivals from Europe on the Red Star liner Finland yesterday. The officers, who are men who did such good air work following the occupation of Vera Cruz by the marines and bluejackets under Admiral Fletcher, were Commander Henry Mustin, Lieut. C. Saufley, Lieut. P. M. Bellinger, and Ensign William Capehart. All four are among the crack aviators of the United States Navy, and until a few weeks ago were attached to the armored cruiser Tennessee, one of the American vessels now on guard off the Turkish coast.

The officers spent some time in France, and were permitted while in that country to observe the work of the French military aviators and also saw some of the work done by the British flyers. The French aviators, they say, are brilliant as individuals, but taken as a military unit do not appear to be as efficient as the British aviators. The Germans and French are about on a par as fliers, in the opinion of the Americans.

None of the American officers would be quoted for publication, particularly with reference to the action of the Turks in firing across the bow of a launch of the Tennessee when the cruiser was off the harbor of Beirut. The officers were on board the Tennessee at the time.

According to the American officers, the Turks are treating the Americans with consideration, and whatever excitement there may have been had all died down when they left. Discipline in the Turkish Army appeared very good. The officers see no cause for alarm over the possibility of a so-called holy war.

Also on board the Finland were Supreme Court Justice and Mrs. Townsend Scudder of Oyster Bay, their daughter, Miss Elizabeth, and Townsend Scudder, Jr. The Justice's mother and his other daughter, Miss Atela Scudder, remained in Italy, and will return to New York in a few weeks. The Scudders left New York on June 1 last, and went to Switzerland. The experience of the family following the outbreak of the war was thrilling.

Leaving his family in the Black Forest, Justice Scudder went to Paris for clothing. He found the city in a state of practical siege, and had to buy two cabs and an automobile before he could get out of the city. The cabs were confiscated as fast as he bought them, but he managed to keep the automobile, and with it got to Orleans, and from there was obliged to go to Barcelona, where he got a ship that took him to Genoa, and from that port by train to his Swiss destination. This was a journey of six weeks that could have been ordinarily made overland in twelve hours.

In Switzerland he once more got his family together and took them all to Genoa. His mother was then too ill to travel. So he left her with friends in Genoa. His daughter Atela went with him to France, where he discovered his fourteen trunks beneath many tons of others at the station. He bribed porters to get his luggage out for him, but was not permitted to take it away until Capt. Decker of the Tennessee, which vessel was in the port at the time, took it aboard his ship. Eventually it was landed in England. Justice Scudder paid $4 for every piece of baggage unearthed from the pile on the pier and put aboard the Tennessee.

BOTH SIDES HARASS JEWS.

Opposing Armies in Poland Persecute Them by Turns.

Under the heading "Between Two Fires," The American Hebrew in its current issue describes the difficulties and hardships experienced by Jews in the eastern territory of the European war. The Jews of Poland are suffering equally under the depredations of the Russian and the Austro-German hosts, as the battle shifts backward and forward. The newspaper sets forth that Polish agents have brought about the court-martialing and execution of many Jews by the military authorities of each side, circulating rumors that they were secretly aiding the Russians whenever the Austro-German forces occupied a town, and rumors that the Jews were aiding the Austro-German forces whenever the Russians reoccupied the place.

To prevent such accusations, the newspaper says, the Jews in the district of Lodz have formed a militia of 2,000 men to guard the telephone and telegraph lines, which certain agents frequently had attempted to cut in order to accuse the Jews of the crime.

The Jewish community of Matchevitch, headed by the Tsadick (pious man) of Kozenitz, abandoned the town in a downpour of rain on the approach of the Germans, the Tsadick carrying the two old Scrolls of the Law. To save the latter he wrapped them up in his coat, which he had taken off, despite the bitter cold. The rich library of the Tsadick was destroyed by the invaders.

The newspaper tells of the discovery of a striking document among the records abandoned by the invaders at Bzezin in Poland, which refuted the libels as to the ready assistance said to have been furnished by the Jews to the Germans. The document related that an Austro-German band had tried to force the Jews to join the invading army, but that the Jews strenuously resisted. A Jewish notable, M. Greenfeld, even was sentenced to death for protesting against the action of the band, and only the appeal of the entire population, headed by the clergy, induced the German commander to annul the sentence.

LOOKING TO THE WAR'S END.

Dr. Baruch and Arthur von Briesen Tell America What to Expect.

Two gray-bearded men settled the peace of the world last night at the meeting of the Association of American Women of German Descent at the Hotel McAlpin. They were Arthur von Briesen, a lawyer, and Dr. Simon Baruch. Mr. von Briesen in his address upon Belgian neutrality read from a Bible he had brought with him to show that neutrality was not respected even when Moses was the historian. He thought that the United States under similar conditions would not consider a neutral country.

The audience listened to his long address with great enthusiasm, and when, referring to the Allies, he cried: "Whose liberty are they fighting for?" a woman in the audience shouted back wildly: "The devil's."

Dr. Baruch predicted ultimate friendly relations among those engaged in the present war.

"At the close of this war the only nations not exhausted will be Russia and Japan," he said. "They together will then grab China. Both have grudges against the United States, Russia for the abrogation of the treaty with her and Japan for the treatment of her citizens, and they will unite against this country. But eventually the United States and Germany leading, joined by the other countries now at war—I don't know how soon it may be, perhaps a decade or fifty years—together they will sudbue the Tartar and the yellow man and then we shall have a real peace, and not before."

Phoenix Silk Hosiery 50c.

The ideal New Year's remembrance for a Christmas gift. Appropriate always and acceptable to all.
For Men—50c and 75c.
For Women — 75c, $1.00, $1.50. Guaranteed to wear, or a new pair.

JOHN DAVID
STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd Street

AID BY JAPANESE WELCOME TO FRANCE

Public Opinion There Favorable—Clemenceau Supports Pichon in Urging It.

BUT MIGHT ASK INDO-CHINA

Suggestion That This Would Be Japan's Price—Our Interests in China Might Be Involved.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 28., (Delayed by Censor in London.)—Though a Reuter telegram from London says that the question of Japanese aid in Europe is not considered favorably there owing to the financial difficulties in the way, French interest in the project is undoubtedly growing. Nearly all of the leading newspapers devote editorial articles to the subject.

Ex-Foreign Minister Hanotaux, who was the principal opponent of the plan, saying it indicated French weakness, has now changed his ground, in consequence of effective criticisms from M. Pichon and others, and has quoted numerous extracts from Japanese newspapers tending to show that the idea is unfavorably regarded in Japan. The Temps, however, shows that these quotations represent only a certain section of Japanese opinion.

M. Clemenceau, abandoning for the occasion his losing fight with the censors, who have given to his recent editorials a checker-board appearance, advocates the use of the Japanese with his accustomed vigor.

The majority of French opinion certainly favors the project, considering anything worth trying that is likely to save French lives and lighten the nation's burden, but the fear that Japan's price would be Indo-China causes apprehension.

The Eclair sums up the popular view in a sentence: "We welcome help, but ought first to decide whether the help is worth the price."

The Intransigéeant considers Japanese aid desirable, provided Japan is willing to accept a cash reward to enable her to develop China. It remarks that no journal has as yet alluded to American interests in China or the possible effect on the United States of a victorious Triple Entente, giving Japan a free hand there. It concludes:

"The matter does not rest with France. The powers chiefly interested are England and Russia. If they agree, the Japanese may come; otherwise not. Let us devote our attention to more personal and important considerations."

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Dec. 28, (Dispatch to The London Daily News.)—The question of the armed intervention of Japan in the western theatre of war in Europe has spread from the polemists to the public. It has been quite a Christmas subject for debate in the cafés.

M. Clemenceau's powerful intervention is clearly on the side of M. Pichon in favor of the employment of the Japanese. In consequence of the length of time the execution of such an enterprise would involve, it appears to M. Pichon absolutely necessary to examine, in conjunction with the Governments at London and Tokio, the question under what conditions the intervention in Europe of Great Britain's ally could be realized.

M. Clemenceau does not think the question of principle arises. He says the Anglo-Japanese alliance is an alliance in the full sense of the word. What impresses the veteran statesman is the fact that the Governments conducting the campaign on the western frontiers do not seem to have realized the importance of rapidly crushing the enemy and driving him from the country.

M. Clemenceau refutes in vigorous terms M. Hanotaux's argument that an appeal for Japan's aid in Europe would be regarded as a sign of weakness.

AIDS AMERICANS IN LONDON.

Relief Committee, Still Busy, Renews Lease of Offices.

LONDON, Dec. 28.—The American Relief Committee today renewed the lease for its present offices for a period of six months. The demands on the committee continue to be heavy, and it still has so much to do that it is not possible to move its offices to the American Embassy.

The average number of Americans assisted by the committee weekly is now about twenty-five. These reach London chiefly from the Continent. Furthermore, unsettled shipping conditions leave many American seamen stranded in England, and the committee offices are crowded every day with Americans seeking passports.

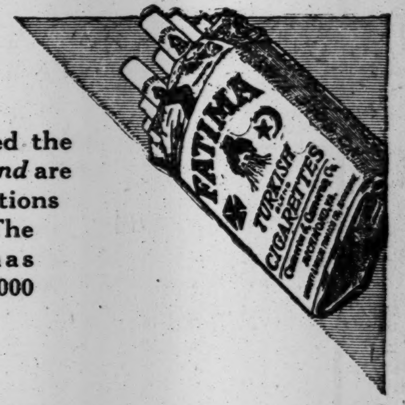
Of the $300,000 appropriated by the United States some months ago to assist Americans stranded in Europe on account of the war, there remains today about $100,000.

ALL AMERICA is now smoking this pleasing "Turkish-Blend"—must be that it gives better satisfaction. Have you had the pleasure? Plain package, so we can afford to sell 20 for 15 cents.

"Distinctively Individual"

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

Smokers who have learned the wonders of the Fatima *blend* are never satisfied with imitations of the Fatima package. The preference for Fatimas totals over 1,500,000,000 a year.



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Simplex bodies by famous coach builders are always a feature at every Salon. They will reflect the latest ideas in elegance, style and comfort.

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Invest your Money Gift in some jewel from the Gattle Collection. It will possess intrinsic value and serve ideally as a graceful reminder of the occasion.

Opposite St. Patrick's Cathedral

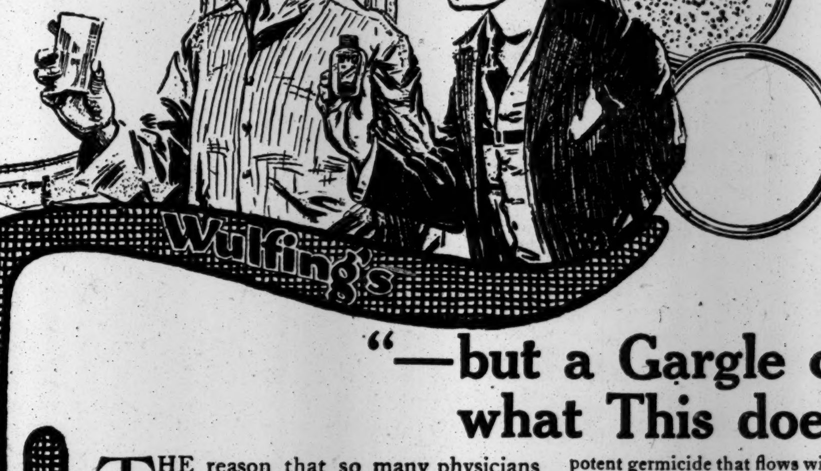

Plate showing culture of germs collected from the air

Same plate showing no germ-life after use of Formamint

Wulfing's

"—but a Gargle can't do what This does"

THE reason that so many physicians advocate the use of Formamint in cases of sore throat is because this delicious, little tablet *disinfects* the throat as no gargle ever can.

Physicians know that *germs* are the cause of sore throat, and that in order to subdue inflammation these germs must be checked and destroyed. The best of gargles can only cleanse in a mechanical fashion, but cannot reach the many crevices where germs love to breed.

While Formamint, setting free as it dissolves, a potent germicide that flows with the saliva into every crevice of the tonsils and throat, reaches and kills the germ-life in even the remotest nooks of the throat.

Harmless, pleasant, convenient—Formamint is the ideal throat tablet for young and old alike. More than 10,000 doctors have written us of the great benefits of Formamint both as a safe-guard against infection and an aid in overcoming throat trouble. And you will find that a tablet taken at regular intervals during the day, will protect *your* throat—and not only prevent sore throats but help forestall the more serious illnesses that often follow infection of the throat.

A. WULFING & CO., 26K Irving Place, New York
Affiliated with the Bauer Chemical Co.
Makers of Sanatogen—The Food Tonic

From an Article in the "Medical Review of Reviews"
New York, December 10, 1911: ". . . . The most conspicuous feature about these tablets in my experience is their amazing convenience as contrasted with the great inconvenience of of gargles. . . . It may be said that the efficiency of Formamint is greater than that of the most carefully prepared gargle."

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PRESIDENT HOLDS UP TRADE COMMISSION

Host of Names Suggested, but No Nominations Until the New Year.

IN ACCORD WITH SENATE

Administration Puts Martine and Reed Among Hostiles, but Will Consult Others as Usual.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—President Wilson will not send to the Senate the nominations of the five members of the new Interstate Trade Commission until after the beginning of the new year. Practically nothing has come to light concerning the identity of the men the President has in mind for these important offices, and this and other circumstances have given rise to the suspicion that he has not made any selections save that of Joseph E. Davies of Wisconsin, the present Commissioner of Corporations, in the Department of Commerce, whose office will be abolished when the Trade Commission is installed.

Many persons have been proposed for appointment to the Trade Commission, and it is known that the President has been impressed favorably with the qualifications of some of them, but not to the extent that he is willing to ask them to take office without further inquiry as to their ability and standing. Edward N. Hurley of Chicago, President of the Illinois Manufacturers' Association, it is said, is an exception in that, it is understood, he was approached as to his willingness to become a member of the Trade Commission and indicated that he would be unable to accept.

Others prominently mentioned for places on the commission are Henry J. Waters, President of the State Agricultural College of Kansas; Albert D. Nortoni of St. Louis, who ran for Governor of Missouri on the Progressive ticket; Thomas S. Fielder, former Attorney General of Georgia; ex-Gov. M. F. Ansel of South Carolina, Judge John E. Richardson of Tennessee, Gov. George H. Hodges of Kansas, Gov. Oswald West of Oregon, Samuel Blackwell of Decatur, Ala., who has the advantage of an indorsement from Oscar W. Underwood; Henry R. Seager, President of Political Economy in Columbia University, and Edward P. Cheyney, a social worker and historian of Philadelphia. George Foster Peabody of Lake George, N. Y., has been mentioned as a possible appointee, but there is nothing to show that his name is before the President.

President Makes Inquiries.

Outside of other considerations, the great care that the President is taking in making his selections for these appointments is regarded here as due mainly to his experience with the Senate when he nominated the members of the Federal Reserve Board. At that time he had to contend not only with the opposition to confirming the nomination of Paul M. Warburg of New York—an opposition that proved to be more vigorous than formidable—but also was obliged to withdraw the name of his personal friend, Thomas D. Jones of Chicago, whose relations to the International Harvester Company made him the target for attacks from radical Senators.

The President, it is believed, does not care to have that experience repeated, and for that reason will satisfy himself in advance, as far as possible, whether any one of his selections for the Trade Commission is likely to encounter opposition in the Senate.

There is another consideration which did not exist at the time the members of the Federal Reserve Board were nominated that must be reckoned with now. This has to do with the attitude of certain Democratic Senators, who have become angry with the President because he failed in some instances to follow their recommendations in connection with the appointment of men to Federal offices in their States. Senator Reed of Missouri was foremost in opposing the confirmation of the nomination of Mr. Jones, and there is now additional reason to fear that Mr. Reed's influence will be exerted against nominees for the Trade Commission.

Reed and Martine Hostiles.

It is disclosed that the President definitely has broken with Senator Reed, whom, it is said, he regards as more of an enemy to the Administration than any Republican Senator. There is reason to believe, too, that he has broken with Senator Martine, whose election to the Senate by the New Jersey Legislature has been generally attributed to the influence of Mr. Wilson, then Governor of that State. It is asserted in Administration circles that "two members of the Senate need expect no consideration" from the White House, and it is plain that these two are Mr. Reed and Mr. Martine. The inference was drawn from what was said today that Senator O'Gorman was not included in the embargo.

The expectation that there would be a renewal of the effort to reject other nominations made by the President when the Senate assembles tomorrow after the Christmas recess probably will not be realized. One of the pending nominations over which there is a contest is that of George Hampton of Bridgton, N. J., for the office of Collector of Internal Revenue for the Camden District of his State. This nomination was made without consultation with Senator Martine, who has served notice that he will defeat Mr. Hampton's confirmation. The other most interesting case of this character is the nomination of Mr. Bland. This will be taken up for action by the Senate as soon as Senator Stone, Mr. Reed's colleague, returns to Washington. It was thought that Mr. Stone would be here tomorrow, but his return has been delayed, and under an agreement between himself and Mr. Reed the Bland case will not come before the Senate while Mr. Stone is away.

As the situation stands now, President Wilson has no intention of following a policy of making nominations without consulting Democratic members of the Senate, save only Mr. Reed and Mr. Martine, or, for that matter, of not asking Republican Senators from the States involved, in each instance, if they have any objections to the persons chosen for office. The President intends to continue the practice of endeavoring to obtain in advance of nomination the assent of Democratic Senators to nominations. He has smilingly dismissed suggestions that he was involved in a "fight" or a "row" with the Senate as a body because the Senate twice had unanimously rejected the nominations of persons named by him for appointment. That was the Senate's constitutional right, he has explained, and he had no quarrel with the Senate on that account.

In view of the President's friendly attitude toward all the members of the Senate with the two exceptions noted, and the prospect that certain Democratic Senators are disposed to withdraw from adherence to the rule of Senatorial courtesy which calls for the unanimous rejection of a nomination that is not acceptable to a Senator from the State in which the nominee has his residence, the situation with respect to nominations appears to be much improved from an Administration viewpoint. It is evident that an effort will be made soon to demonstrate that Senators Reed and Martine and others who may support them, are in a small minority of their Democratic colleagues in opposing the confirmation of persons nominated by the President.

WINDOW SHOT KILLS CHILD.

Girl of 6 Chatting with Grandmother When Fatal Bullet Came.

Special to The New York Times.

MILLVILLE, N. J., Dec. 28.—While sitting beside her grandmother, Mrs. Alice Pettit, with whom she was spending the Christmas holidays at her home four miles south of here tonight, Beatrice Bailey, 6 years old, daughter of Mrs. William Bailey of this town, was instantly killed by a bullet that came through a window.

The child was laughing and chatting with her grandmother, happy in the anticipation of the arrival of her mother, who had started from home a few minutes before and had telephoned of her coming.

A man thought to have fired the shot was seen running from the house just after the report was heard by neighbors. County Detective Frank Lore has organized a posse, and a search is being made.

LAMAR GRANTS APPEAL TO FRANK

Continued from Page 1.

by the practice of the State where the trial took place.

Such questions are all involved in the present case, and, since they have never been settled by any authoritative ruling by the full court, it cannot be said that there is such a want of probable cause as to warrant the refusal of an appeal. That being true, the Act of Congress requires that the certificate should be given and the appeal allowed. J. R. LAMAR,

Associate Justice Supreme Court of the United States.

Dec. 28, 1914.

Will Go Before Full Bench.

The entire Supreme Court will pass upon the appeal. Should the court decide that Frank is entitled to ask for the writ, thus reversing Judge Newman of the lower court, the case will be remanded to the district court for the taking of evidence in support of the petition. Whatever the decision in that court, an appeal will lie to the Supreme Court. Should it be eventually held that Frank must be released from custody, it is said a mooted question may arise as to the power of the State of Georgia to indict and try him a second time, although the weight of opinion seems to be that the question of retrial is not involved in the present habeas corpus proceedings.

This was the second time Frank's case had rested in Justice Lamar's hands. After the Georgia Supreme Court declined to set aside the verdict of conviction Justice Lamar was asked to issue a writ of error for the Supreme Court to review the case. He declined on the ground that no Federal question was present, inasmuch as questions of procedure were for the States to decide. Justice Holmes and eventually the other members of the court, upon being petitioned, took the same ground.

Application was then made in the Georgia Federal Court for Frank's release on a writ of habeas corpus. Judge Newman held the condemned was not entitled to the writ and refused to grant an appeal to the Supreme Court from his decision because he was unwilling to issue a certificate of "probable cause," as required by a Federal statute of 1908 in such appeals. Justice Lamar then was asked to grant the appeal and issue the certificate.

SAYS DECISION AFFECTS ALL.

Marshall Sees in It Determination of Constitutional Liberties.

Louis Marshall, who presented the appeal from the decision of the Federal District Court of Georgia before Justice Lamar on Dec. 24, was elated over the favorable turn in Frank's case, when a NEW YORK TIMES reporter saw him last night at his home, 47 East Seventy-second Street. Mr. Marshall entered the Frank case just prior to the taking of the last step in the Georgia courts. He went into the case without pay and for no other reason, as publicly expressed by him, than to do his duty to his profession by seeking to prevent a miscarriage of justice. He became convinced of Frank's innocence after analyzing the record of the case.

THE TIMES reporter presented a copy of Justice Lamar's opinion, which Mr. Marshall read. Previously he had received excerpts from the opinion from Frank's attorneys in Atlanta.

"If the Supreme Court, after a hearing, should grant the writ of habeas corpus, what, in your opinion, would be the relief to be realized by Frank?" he was asked.

"I will not discuss that," he said. "Not a word as to what the United States Supreme Court will do. I do not know, of course, and I will not express any view.

"This is a great opinion—this opinion of Justice Lamar—great not only for Frank but for every other citizen of the United States. This opinion means as much for the personal liberty of the man in the street as for Frank. The question I was concerned with was whether this was to be a country of law, whether there was to be protection for every citizen under the United States constitution, whether trials were to be governed by law or by violence. Now the door of the Supreme Court of the United States has been opened to admit a presentation and discussion of these fundamental principles, upon which depend the lives and liberties of the American people. That is why Justice Lamar's decision is important."

"When will you be ready to argue the case before the Supreme Court?" he was asked.

"I will be ready at any time the court sets."

Mr. Marshall said that he would present to the court practically all that was contained in the brief submitted to the Supreme Court when the motion for a writ of error was before that court early this month. The text of this brief was printed in full in THE TIMES of Dec. 2 last. The greater part of the brief was devoted to the alleged denial to Frank of due process of law as guaranteed by the Fourteenth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States. Taking the brief as a basis, the principal points which Mr. Marshall will make in his argument will be:

That the reception in Frank's absence of the verdict convicting him of murder tended to deprive him of life and liberty without due process of law, within the meaning of the Federal Constitution.

That the right of Frank, who was incarcerated pending his trial, to be present at every stage of it, is a fundamental right, essential to due process of law.

That the right of Frank to be present during the entire trial, including the time of the rendition of the verdict, is one which neither he or his counsel could waive or abjure.

That Frank's failure to raise the jurisdictional question on his motion for a new trial did not deprive him of his constitutional right to attack the judgment of the court.

These points, of course, will bring before the court the record of the spirit of mob violence which existed in and around the Court House during the trial of Frank. Mr. Marshall undoubtedly will relate the circumstances which induced the trial Judge to advise that Frank be not brought into the courtroom to hear the verdict, because of the danger of violence. He will explain that mob violence was so threatening that Frank's attorneys even were advised by the presiding Judge to absent themselves from the courtroom. He will also explain that Frank knew nothing of any agreement to keep him out of the courtroom until after sentence of death had been pronounced.

It is expected that great weight will be attached in the argument to the admission by Judge Roan, the trial Judge, that he had doubt as to Frank's guilt. Judge Roan made this admission when Frank's attorneys made their original motion for a new trial. Referring to this admission in his brief to the United States Supreme Court, Mr. Marshall wrote:

"It was a judicial admission that the administration of justice had broken down; that its proceedings were controlled by a mob; that fear of its action hovered like an evil spell over the court and jury. For all practical purposes the mob paralyzed the judicial function, and the duly constituted authority, at the most critical moment of the trial, surrendered its judicial powers and permitted itself to be coerced by the ominous threats of prejudice and the terrors of violence into denying one of the substantial and elementary rights of the man whose steadfast insistence on his innocence had inflamed the hostile passions of lawlessness."

FRANK TAKES NEWS CALMLY.

"It's a Long Lane That Has No Turning," His Comment.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., Dec. 28.—As soon as Leo M. Frank's lawyers in Atlanta received the news of the granting of the appeal by Justice Lamar, they communicated the tidings to Frank in his cell in the Tower.

"It is a long lane that has no turning," said Frank, alluding to his series of defeats in the courts, broken only by this belated victory.

With him in the cell block when the news came were his wife, Mrs. Lucille Frank; his mother, Mrs. Rudolph Frank, and his mother-in-law, Mrs. Emil Selig. Between smiles and tears, they expressed their joy that the condemned man was to have another chance for his life.

Many of Frank's friends were at the Tower within an hour after the news was announced. There was an atmosphere of happiness, almost of gayety, in the room beyond the gray iron door in which Frank's cage is placed. Throughout the Tower the sense of excitement spread. Many white prisoners who had the run of the jail made their way as close as possible to the death cell.

THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent, admitted to the room, announced the news.

"We've heard it already," cried Frank's wife. "Our lawyers have told us the good news. It looks as if it were only the bad naws the newspapers tell us first."

Of all within the sombre room, Frank was the calmest. Yet he had surrendered some of the stoicism which he had displayed throughout the twenty months of his imprisonment, when all the news that came to him was bad news. His face was alight and eager. He smiled, and his voice trembled as he greeted the correspondent. But, in spite of his rejoicing, his face betrayed the strain of the last month of uncertainty; his face was thinner and his cheeks even hollow.

Special to The New York Times

CHICAGO, Dec. 28.—News of the granting of an appeal to Leo M. Frank caused satisfaction among Chicago lawyers. Lester L. Bauer, the attorney who is head of the Frank Committee, said:

"We must believe in the stability of our courts and have faith that they will recognize propositions when properly presented. The lawyers of Chicago put their trust in a tribunal not hampered by political or racial prejudices. If Frank were to go on trial again and the same evidence be brought up, he would be found not guilty."

THIS APPEAL PRELIMINARY.

If Frank Wins Writ Will Be Heard in Georgia Federal Court.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., Dec. 28.—As a result of Justice Lamar's decision today, the Frank case is transferred to the Federal courts; it is out of the State courts. That is the opinion of leading lawyers of Atlanta.

If the United States Supreme Court should grant a writ of habeas corpus to Frank, these attorneys hold, the writ would be sent back to Federal Judge Newman for hearing. Whatever his decision an appeal to the Supreme Court would be open to the losing side. Upon the hearing of that appeal the fate of Frank ultimately would depend.

Solicitor General Dorsey declared that he and Attorney General Grice would do everything possible to insure an early hearing of the appeal before the Supreme Court.

"We are anxious to expedite matters and will have a conference at an early date," said Mr. Dorsey. "I was greatly surprised to hear of the certification. Beyond that I have nothing to say."

Mr. Dorsey tried to get Attorney General Grice by telephone at Hawkinsville, but was informed that Mr. Grice had gone on a fishing trip to Florida and would not be back until Thursday. Mr. Dorsey said he would try to reach Mr. Grice in Florida to determine what steps to take.

Mr. Dorsey said he did not know what course the case would be likely to take if the Supreme Court finally should decide in favor of Frank—whether it would go back to the State courts or whether Frank would be set free. The general opinion among lawyers seems to be, however, that if Frank wins before the Supreme Court, the case cannot be re-opened in the courts of Georgia.

Frank, by the decision of Justice Lamar, becomes in effect a Federal prisoner. Sheriff Mangum was notified officially of the certification of the appeal, and will hold himself prepared to deliver Frank at the order of the Federal courts.

YOUNG TEUTON KNEW HOW TO BE NEUTRAL

Herman Bunderus von Carlschausen, Aged 13, Used Diplomacy at the McAlpin.

SOLD HUNDRED PENNANTS

Born in Germany, He Explained, but Spoke French, and Could Be With Allies All Right.

His name, he said, was Herman Bunderus von Carlschausen, but under the weight of it he bore up bravely, despite his scant 13 years of age and his diminutive stature. When discovered yesterday he had just rapped on the door that leads to the private office of L. M. Boomer, managing director of the Hotel McAlpin. Later it was discovered that he first had applied at the grill room, and the head waiter there had told him that only Mr. Boomer himself had authority to make purchases, Herman having endeavored to sell the head waiter a modest supply of New Year pennants.

The boy had figured it all out after reading the newspapers on Sunday that with the celebrations at the hotels set for New Year's Eve, his market lay among them. So when the head waiter directed him upstairs Herman, bent on business, went up in the elevator and found the managing director's office for himself.

"I want to see Mr. Boomer," he said to Mr. De Saussure, who opened the door. The boy peeped in and drew back. "Maybe I'm not well enough dressed to go in there, but I want to sell him some pennants."

Herman was drawn inside and seated. Mr. Boomer swung around in his chair and faced him.

"I want to sell you some pennants," said the boy, unrolling the bundle he carried under his arm.

"And what is the price?" asked the managing director of the big hotel, very gravely.

"Fifteen cents apiece. But if you take a lot—if you take a dozen, I can make you a big discount—maybe as much as 2 cents apiece," in a persuasive tone.

"And that is the best you can do?" asked Mr. Boomer.

"Well, if you'll take a whole dozen perhaps I can knock off 2½ cents."

Could Be with the Allies.

He was very earnest, and there was apparently no thought in his mind but doing business. He spoke with a slight accent.

"Of what nationality are you?" asked the managing director.

"I can speak French and German and English," was the reply.

"Where were you born?"

"Er, I can speak French very well, and German, too,' said the boy.

"But I want to know where you were born?" persisted the man.

"Why, I was really born in Germany, and my father is German, but my mother is French. I can be with the Allies, all right," he added, anxiously.

"Father was an engineer in Germany," he went on, under encouraging questioning. "Then we came over here, and he could not get a job, because, while he holds a certificate from over there, it is of no good here, and so he is studying. He hasn't had any work for almost two months, except odd jobs. But father can do most anything. Why, the other day he polished a piano at the woman's house where mother was sewing."

"How much do you make?"

"A heap. Ten to 15 cents a day. And one day I went down to Twenty-first Street, when I sold so many flags I made $1.25 above all expenses."

"And what did you do with so much money?"

"I gave it all to mother. But," added the boy, anxiously, "can't you buy some?"

"I'll take 100," said Mr. Boomer.

The boy, who had stood up when addressed, looked as if he would fall over. His eyes sparkled. Then his face clouded.

"I'm afraid I can't get 100, Sir," he said. "I don't think they would trust me with so many. Maybe if you took this dozen and paid me I could go down and persuade them to let me have the rest."

"What is the address of the place where you get the pennants?"

Herman Gets His Order.

Upon being told, the managing director called for his stenographer and dictated this letter to the flag makers. Hermann stood by with his eyes opening wider at each word:

"Gentlemen," said Mr. Boomer, "your very efficient salesman, Herman Bunderus von Carlschausen, has interested us in purchasing a supply of pennants for New Year's. He informs me that his financial arrangements are such that it will be impossible for him to deliver the pennants except for cash.

"If you can intrust him with the 100 pennants which we contemplate purchasing, we believe they will be kept very safely in his possession until he receives the necessary cash, which we propose to turn over to him when delivery is made. Yours very truly."

"Think that will do?" he asked the boy.

"Yes, Sir; that'll be fine," replied Herman, his eyes sparkling.

Then he expressed his thanks nervously, and backed out without remembering his cap. Mr. De Saussure took him into the officers' dining room and ordered a lunch for him, Herman having confessed that he had breakfasted on bread—"We always have bread in the house," he had said proudly—and there the boy was so excited over his good fortune that he couldn't eat. So the waiter stuffed the lad's pockets with oranges and other things boys like, and then Herman, clasping tight the conditional order for his biggest single sale, left to get the pennants and deliver them.

INSTALL POLICE HONOR MEN

Woods Praises Force at Impressive Ceremony in Terrace Garden.

Eight hundred members of the police Honor Legion cheered Commissioner Arthur Woods to the echo at Terrace Garden last night when he praised their deeds and predicted that the day would come when New York would realize that it was not giving the policeman credit for the good work he was doing.

"To those who are not members of the force I want to say that the public is too ready to gloat over bad work," said the Commissioner. "There is bad work and we know it. But we are not discouraged. We're doing the best we can and are going to keep right on and give the city increasingly better service."

The Commissioner spoke at the end of an elaborate ceremony, in which ninety-eight new members were initiated into the organization and in which the Rev. Father Francis J. Sullivan and the Rev. Dr. Ernest M. Stires, police chaplains, were installed as chaplains of the legion. After the chaplains had taken office the lights were dimmed, and, while two urns containing burning incense flickered on a table draped with the American flag, the roll call of the legion's dead was called. The first name was that of John Jacob Astor, who perished in the Titanic disaster and who was an honorary member. When his name was read a policeman proclaimed:

"Died that others might live."

The names of Sergt. Joseph L. McInerny and Sergt. John E. Hodgins were next called, and after each came the answer:

"Died in the performance of his duty."

After Miss Rita Richmond had sung "Nearer, My God, to Thee" the lights were turned up and the ninety-eight initiates marched in. The candidates stood before the flag-draped table and took an oath never to use profanity, never to criticise their superiors, and to keep their official and private lives spotless.

FOR JEWISH SETTLEMENTS.

Dr. Goldstein Tells Chautauqua Society of His Plans.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCHESTER, Dec. 28.—The Jewish Chautauqua Society at its session of the convention today was addressed by Dr. Sidney Goldstein of New York, who told his hearers that the society needs something more than public school teaching, and the teachings of the synagogue proper. Dr. Goldstein recommended the world-wide establishment of Jewish social settlement schools for boys and girls, in which Jewish children on Saturday and Sunday of each week shall gather, and govern themselves according to the rules of American and Jewish law.

It is Dr. Goldstein's theory that these children should form themselves into many committees, such as departments of health, justice, public service, and education. He told his hearers that he would have them start plans for the better carrying on of the country where they live.

100 Years Old, Has 108 Descendants

John Ernest Bach celebrated his one hundredth birthday in the home of his granddaughter, Mrs. Frank J. Brohm, at 84 Renner Avenue, Newark, yesterday. Bach has 108 direct descendants. Despite his advanced years, he retains his faculties. He is bright and cheerful and predicts that he will live to at least 155 years. Bach said that he lived a simple life, did not worry, took a glass of beer whenever he felt like it, and an occasional glass of whisky as a stimulant. He recommends plenty of sleep.

LABOR SUIT TIES UP $12,000,000 IN WORK

Additional Subway Contracts Held Up Until Courts Decide Dispute Over Aliens.

CONTRACTORS IN THE DARK

They Are Unable to Bid Until They Know Definitely Wage Cost—Decision in February.

The controversy over the employment of alien labor on the construction of the subway is likely to result in the postponement of the beginning of work on contracts running between $10,000,000 and $12,000,000 until the Winter is pretty well over. It was admitted at the Public Service Commission yesterday that the steel mills are crying out for orders and that there are hundreds of men looking for jobs, but the uncertainty with regard to the cost of labor resulting from the dispute about the law has made it impossible for the commission to let any more contracts for the present.

The matter came to a head yesterday through the fact that today had been set for opening the bids for the section of the B. R. T.'s Broadway-Seventh Avenue Subway, running from Fifty-first to Fifty-ninth Street. These were to have been opened on Dec. 11, but that proceeding was postponed on account of the alien labor controversy until today, and now it is announced that the receipt of the bids must be put off indefinitely.

It was explained that this was necessary because of the large element that wages form in the construction. Not only would some contractors be likely to bid on the basis of employing only citizens and therefore ask a much higher figure than they otherwise would have done, but others might be willing to speculate on the law being declared unconstitutional, and so base their estimates on the old cost of labor.

But as the award of the Fifty-first Street to Fifty-ninth Street contract has been postponed, it is unlikely that the commission will proceed with the advertising of several other contracts which are almost ready for letting. These include the Times Square section of the B. R. T.'s Broadway line, two Eastern Parkway sections, and one in Nostrand Avenue. It is likely that the bids for these sections and the Fifty-first Street section would amount to $10,000,000 or $12,000,000, of which from $3,000,000 to $5,000,000 would be spent in the first year.

The commission hopes that it may be able to attain a final decision on the alien labor question some time in February. The taxpayer's suit, on which the matter was raised, was argued last week before the Appellate Division, and it is expected that court will hand down its judgment soon. Whichever way the ruling is rendered, an appeal will be taken to the Court of Appeals. If the case is pushed, argument may be made at Albany at the end of next month, and this would permit the rendering of the decision in the first half of February.

TAFT HITS PROHIBITION.

National Legislation, He Says, Would Revolutionize Government.

BOSTON, Dec. 28.—Ex-President W. H. Taft in an address to the Boston Bar Association tonight opposed national prohibition as a dangerous proposal.

"It would revolutionize the National Government," he said. "It would put on the shoulders of the Government the duty of sweeping the doorsteps of every home in the land. If national prohibition legislation is passed local Government would be destroyed. And if you destroy local Government you destroy one of the things which go to make for a healthy condition of the National Government.

"National prohibition is non-enforceable. It is a confession on the part of State Governments of inability to control and regulate their own especial business and duty. If the matter were placed under Federal control it would result in the creation of a machinery of Government officials large enough to nominate any President, and would offer too great an opportunity to persons seeking to perpetuate their power in Washington."

SUES RAILROAD PRESIDENT.

Employe of Malt Firm Charges E. H. Norton Assaulted Him.

George H. De Leon, an employe of Henry Altenbrand & Son, malt dealers, has sued E. Hope Norton, President of the Guayaquil and Quito Railroad, in the Supreme Court, for $10,000 for assault. The complaint said that on April 22 Mr. De Leon went to the office of the defendant at 25 Broad Street, to endeavor to settle a dispute concerning a malt shipment and that Mr. Norton violently assaulted him.

Mr. Norton denies that he struck Mr. De Leon with anything harder than his open hand, and that the reason he lost his temper was because Mr. De Leon intimated that he was not telling the truth. Mr. Norton says he will fight the suit.

RAPS 'PING PONG' SOLDIERS.

Major Gen. O'Ryan Wants Dirt Floors on All Armories.

Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan, commander of the National Guard, yesterday announced his intention of starting a system of training to make the militia second only to the regular army in efficiency. As soon as the men of the disbanded Twenty-second Regiment are transferred to the new battalions of pioneer and pontoneer engineers, the wooden floor of the armory will be torn up. On the dirt floor the men will be put to work digging trenches and shelters, building bridges, and clearing away obstacles, ust as they would do in war.

"Ballroom soldiers and pingpong warriors are not wanted in the National Guard," said Gen. O'Ryan. "If we advertised for pingpong soldiers and offered them dances as an inducement to join, we could get more men than we wanted. We want in the National Guard strong, athletic, and intelligent men who enjoy camping and roughing it. Most of the men are of that type, and certainly the troops of this State are the most efficient to be found anywhere in the militia.

"To be useful in war the men must get acquainted with the earth's surface in time of peace. This they cannot do on wooden floors. In time I hope to see the hardwood floors of most of the armories disappear. I shall vote in the future for the construction of all new armories with dirt floors."

Brig. Gen. Henry D. Hamilton, Adjutant General of the National Guard, at Albany, said the Twenty-second Regiment had been disbanded to comply with the War Department's instructions. Permission had been obtained to form two battalions instead of one, as originally proposed by the department.

"No criticism of the regiment as infantry is implied," he said. "It has been known as an efficient, reliable infantry organization with an honorable record. The State has four more infantry regiments than are called for by the Tables of Organization, prepared at Washington. Otherwise it would have been possible to change the Twenty-second from the engineer back into the infantry organization."

Officers of the Defendam Association of the Twenty-second Regiment were inclined to support the action of Gen. O'Ryan in recommending the disbanding of the regiment, but they thought means should be found to preserve the name of the Twenty-second in the battalions to be organized. The officers will meet at 3 o'clock this afternoon at the office of Henry Clews in Broad Street. The Defendam Association, Monroe Post, Aspinwall Post, and the Associate Society of Aspinwall Post will meet at 8:30 tonight at 545 West 145th Street.

JOURNALISM TEACHERS MEET

Newspaper Men to Address the American Association.

The annual conference of the American Association of Teachers of Journalism opened this morning at Columbia University. Three sessions will be held at Columbia University and two at New York University. Addresses will be made by many newspaper men of this city, including Charles R. Miller, editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES; Frank I. Cobb, editor of The World; Chester S. Lord, former managing editor of The Sun; Don C. Seitz, business manager of The World, and Richard H. Waldo, advertising adviser of The Tribune.

Nearly forty universities and colleges are now offering technical instruction in journalism. The total enrollment of students at the beginning of the present college year was 2,107, according to figures gathered by the Secretary of the Association.

The visiting teachers will be entertained at luncheon on Tuesday by Dr. Talcott Williams, Director of the School of Journalism of Columbia University, and on Wednesday by James M. Lee, Director of the Department of Journalism, New York University. The conference will end with a luncheon at the New York Press Club on Thursday.

Hail! and Farewell!

Reserve tables now for
SPECIAL NEW YEAR'S EVE.
SUPPER 9:30 P. M.
(Dinner $1.50. Supper $3.00.)
DANCING

5th Avenue Restaurant
The Dollar Dinner With Wine
Also a la Car
Entrance 24th St.

Good News for coffee wrecks—
POSTUM
"There's a Reason"

The Camps of Chaos, a series of tales about Alaska, by Samuel Alexander White, begins in this week's
Collier's 5¢ a copy
THE NATIONAL WEEKLY

Ring Out the Old! Ring In The New!!

The new, smart, gracefully modeled, perfectly proportioned, splendid fitting Brill Dress Clothes.

Absolutely correct in every line and curve, perfect to the minutest detail of fit, finish and style.

Walk into a Brill store today and see them—perfect products of the tailorman's art—made right and priced right.

Dress Coats—$15, $20, $26, $35 and up to $45.
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Trousers—Plain or Braided—$4, $5, $6, $10 and $15
Waistcoats $3.50, $5.00, $7.50, and up to $20—and
Every Other Dress Requisite from Top Hat to Hose.

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BROADWAY AT 49TH STREET.
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Charge Purchases will not be billed until Feb. 1st.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
564-566 and 568 Fifth Avenue, 46th and 47th Sts.

Semi-Annual Clearance

Most notable values of the season

Our entire vast assemblage of ultra-smart Winter Fashions

—including many of the season's most beautiful new fashions, made up from reserve lines of finest imported silk and woolen textures—

IN MOST INSTANCES SALE PRICES RANGE AT HALF OR LESS THAN HALF OF THE REGULAR PRICES

For instance:

$25, $35, $45 to $75	for $65 to $250 SUITS
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$15, $25, $38 to $65	for $45 to $65 DRESSES
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$5 and $10	for $15 to $45 HATS

GREENHUT'S
J. B. GREENHUT COMPANY.
"THE BIG STORE"
BOTH SIDES SIXTH AVE., 18th TO 19th STREET
"Meet me at the Fountain"

Notice to Charge Customers

All Charge Purchases made during the remainder of this month will be entered on bills dated February 1st.

CUT OUT THIS COUPON

It Is Good for 50 (FIFTY) S&H Green Trading Stamps FREE with Purchase of $1 or More Tomorrow Only Wednesday, Dec. 30).

☞ These 50 FREE Stamps are of the same kind as those which you would ordinarily obtain with your purchases.

J. B. GREENHUT CO.

N. Y. Times, 12-29-14.

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MAIN BUILDING

Sale Today of More Than 1,000

Winter Overcoats and Suits

Usual Prices $15, $17.50, $20 and Even $22.50, Today, at $10

The Annual Before-Stock-Taking Clearance Which Brings to Light the Biggest Bargains of the Whole Year

In this sale, today, we begin a series of end-of-the-year clearances that will wind up the biggest year of selling in the history of our clothing department.

Amazing Opportunity to Buy a Fine Overcoat for $10

248 of These Overcoats, Formerly Priced at $15.

362 Formerly Priced at $20.

68 Formerly Priced at $22.50.

Most popular styles in best overcoatings; all sizes for men and youths.

Choice of these Suits, Today, at $10

562 of These Suits Formerly Were $15.

148 Formerly $17.50.

116 Formerly $20.

Remarkable range of stylish materials and patterns; all styles and sizes for men and youths.

J. B. GREENHUT COMPANY—WE GIVE S&H GREEN TRADING STAMPS

GEN. VILLA'S FORCES ATTACKING TUXPAM

Evidently Plan to Drive a Wedge Between Two Carranza Armies.

PEACE ASSURED AT NACO

Maytorena Withdraws Troops—Washington Discredits Report of Gutierrez's Resignation.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—Gen. Villa's forces have suspended their attack on Ebano, a point in the oil region west of Tampico, and are now attacking Tuxpam, an oil port on the Gulf of Mexico, south of Tampico, according to official information which reached the State Department today. The indications are that the Villa campaign against Tampico has for the present been postponed, and that military activities will be concentrated by the Conventionists against Tuxpam with a view to driving a wedge to the coast between Tampico and Vera Cruz and separating the Constitutionalist forces which make those two ports their bases. The arrival of the Villa forces in the vicinity of Tuxpam marks the first appearance of the Conventionist troops on the east coast of Mexico. Tuxpam is an oil port second only in importance to Tampico.

The State Department has been officially informed that Maytorena has withdrawn his forces from the trenches around Naco, burning his shelters, and taking his men five miles south. Several dispatches were received by the War Department today from Gen. Hugh L. Scott, Chief of Staff of the United States Army, who was sent to the border on a diplomatic mission, but their contents were not disclosed. It is understood, however, that Gen. Scott has reached an agreement with both sides for the establishment of a neutral zone by making Naco a neutral town, but that the understanding has not yet been put into writing.

Secretary Bryan announced today that official information had reached the State Department indicating that Thomas Braniff, who has been prominently identified with Mexican affairs in recent years, had been arrested again at Vera Cruz on Dec. 26. There is no official confirmation of the arrest of Dr. Villareal. Consul General Canada telegraphed to the State Department that Carranza's Foreign Office said it had no knowledge of the reported arrest in Vera Cruz of Dr. Villareal, who is a member of the Mexican Red Cross, and he added that Dr. Villareal's present whereabouts were unknown.

A dispatch to the department from Vera Cruz reported that roving bands had been pillaging in various parts of the State of Vera Cruz. Details were not disclosed. The latest information from the west coast indicated that that entire region was quiet, although Consul Simpich, reporting from Nogales, Ariz., informed the department that communication with Hermosillo and Cananea, in the State of Sonora, was interrupted. He also reported heavy losses in that State to railways and other property on account of floods due to the unprecedentedly heavy rains.

The Villa forces are in control of the city of Guadalajara, the largest city west of the Mexican capital, according to mail advices which reached the State Department today from its representative in that city. The message, which was sent Dec. 15, said that the Carrancista authorities had designated Ciudad Guzman as the capital of the State of Jalisco, to which place they had transferred the archives of the State. Another message from the department's agent at Guadalajara, sent two days later, said that the city was quiet, and that order was being maintained by Villa's forces.

Gutierrez Still in Office.

The Carranza agency here today issued a statement to the effect that Gen. Gutierrez had resigned the Provisional Presidency and left the capital, but this was not corroborated by the State Department, which received a message from Señor Cardoza, the Brazilian Minister in the Mexican capital, saying that he had conferred with Gen. Gutierrez, who was still in the capital.

The State Department is very much pleased with the way in which Señor Cardoza has handled the interests of the United States in Mexico City since the break in diplomatic relations with the Huerta Government and has thanked him for his services. Secretary Bryan today also sent this message to Señor Cardoza:

"Please accept the President's, my own, and the Department's cordial thanks for your very kind message of seasonable good wishes, which we heartily reciprocate."

This statement was issued here today by the Carranza Constitutionalist Agency:

"Semi-official reports here, although not confirmed, say that, due to lack of communications, the Villa forces are evacuating Mexico City. It is believed they are doing this on account of the crying need of forces in the north to save lines of communication and to prevent Torreon, Chihuahua, and Juarez from being captured. Villa would prefer to engage in battle outside of the capital with Carranza's army of 100,000 men lying between here and Mexico City.

"Eulalio Gutierrez, through a commission, has authorized Antonio I. Villareal, as President of the now extinct Aguascalientes Convention, to accept his resignation as Provisional President and to notify Carranza that his services will be at the orders of the First Chief.

"The whereabouts of Gutierrez is not definitely known, but it is believed he is making his way toward San Luis Potosi. This action on the part of Gutierrez, which is being followed by many of his subordinates, is thought to account in part also for Villa's hurried concentration in the North.

"Half of the Torreon garrison, which is enveloped by loyal forces, has revolted against Villa and is fighting the other half in the name of Carranza."

Enrique C. Llorente, confidential agent here for the Gutierrez Government, said he was greatly surprised to learn that such reports were being disseminated. He said the statements representing that Villa and Gutierrez and other elements of the Convention Government were discordant were wihtout foundation, and that they were being inspired by Carranzista representatives.

NACO, Ariz., Dec. 28.—Preparations for the eventual evacuation of Naco, Sonora, were begun today by Gen. Benjamin Hill, who plans to take his Carranza force out of the Mexican town, where it has been besieged for three months, to Agua Prieta, opposite Douglas, Ariz.

This is in accordance with the border peace plan proposed by Brig. Gen. Hugh L. Scott, Chief of Staff of the United States Army. The final word is to come from Maytorena. Hill expects to consolidate with the rest of his troops at Agua Prieta, but Gov. Maytorena has thrown outposts along the border east of here to prevent Hill's movement until the peace plans are fully accepted.

Maytorena's main body of Villa troops now is encamped at Villa Verde, sixteen miles southeast of here.

ZAPATA FAVORS FEDERALS.

Wants to Retain Certain Huerta Officers in His Army.

Special to The New York Times.

MEXICO CITY, Dec. 28.—The fact that Gen. Zapata does not come to the capital, though he is within easy motoring distance, to confer with President Gutierrez and Gen. Villa is attributed to the cold weather which prevails here, Zapata having been accustomed all his life to the warmer climate of the State of Morelos. For the same reason those who know Zapata say they consider it improbable that he will take up his residence in the capital. It is also denied that the Zapatistas are gradually leaving this city. Although the Constitutionalist Government took a stand some time ago against the employment of ex-Federals in the army, it is reported that an understanding has been reached with Zapata for the rescinding of the order prohibiting them from serving. He is said to be reluctant to dispense with the services of some ex-Federal efficers who are under his command.

It is rumored here that Secretary Bryan has sent the Gutierrez Government a notification that no recognition of it will be forthcoming unless guarantees of property and a general amnesty are given and proper treatment is promised to the Catholic Church and ex-Federals. It was at first reported that he promised recognition if these conditions were fulfilled.

ITURBIDE A FUGITIVE.

Fleeing to the Border to Escape Villa's Vengeance.

Special to The New York Times.

JUAREZ, Mexico, Dec. 28.—Fleeing across the desert in Northern Chihuahua, Eduardo Iturbide is making a race for life against great odds. He is hurrying to reach the border at Ojinaga and across to Presidio before he is overtaken by Gen. Santiago Cruz, Villa's commander at Santa Rosalia, who is in pursuit of the former Federal Zone Governor with high-power automobiles.

It became known here today, in spite of Leon Canova's denial, that Iturbide came as far as Santa Rosalia on board the special train which was bringing Canova, who has been acting as a State Department agent, to the border. The train was stopped a number of times and Iturbide, who carried a passport from Provisional President Gutierrez, decided to make a run for his life across the desert. Villa, highly incensed at what he declared to be the meddling of an American, telegraphed orders that Iturbide must be captured at whatever cost, and even threatened himself to pursue and arrest him. Iturbide's life would not be worth much if he was captured, the Mexican officials here say.

Americans from Mexico City who arrived today add details to the stories which have percolated through the censor about wholesale executions in the capital. They say that 155 men were executed by Villa and Fierro or by their direct orders in the course of the past week. One execution was that of Carlos Peres Castro, the 14-year-old brother of Gen. José Peres Castro, a "Colorado" commander, who was executed at Leon. The boy was seen on the train and was ordered taken out and shot, in spite of his protestations that he had had no part in any revolutions.

Villa and Zapata ordered all ex-Federal commanders living in Mexico City to report to military headquarters each day, the Americans say, on the representation that they were to be paroled for the remainder of the day. Instead many are said to have been executed.

Gutierrez, Villa, and Zapata are said to be at outs over the recent killings and the escape of Iturbide. Zapata says that Villa allowed him to get away, while Villa lays the blame on Gutierrez, who issued the passport to him before he left the capital.

Gutierrez has threatened to resign Zapata and Villa have called each other traitors, and Villa has threatened to remove the capital to Torreon, where he has his general headquarters. Zapata is opposed to this, and Gutierrez has declared that he will go over to Carranza if the two leaders do not settle their differences. These are a few of the stories told by the returned travelers.

Gen. Angeles is held responsible for much of the friction. He is said to be working to get Gutierrez's place as Provisional President. He has also attempted to save many of his former Federal comrades from execution, and this has angered Zapata.

In the meantime Carranza has ordered his leaders in the north to join Salazar, who is moving ammunition across the border, and who is now preparing his proclamation setting up his Government. Gen. Hill, who has left Naco, Sonora, is expected to join Salazar in the Galena district, and the next movement that is expected is against Juarez to cut Villa's base. Villa, anticipating this move, has agents in the United States buying railroad equipment, oil, and coal for his railroads, in order to move as many troops as necessary north toward the border.

SAVES EXPRESS FROM WRECK

Flagman Stops Boston Express Close to Danger.

Special to The New York Times.

STAMFORD, Conn., Dec. 28.—Raymond Simmons of 436 East 138th Street, New York, flagman of an eastbound freight train of the New Haven Railroad, prevented a bad wreck here this afternoon by flagging the Boston Express, which left New York at 1:03, and bringing it to a standstill within two car lengths of the wreck of the freight train.

The air hose on Simmons's train broke in Sellick's Cut, west of Stamford. The train "broke" in two or three places. Many cars were derailed and a gondola car at the end of the train, was flung from Track 2 upon Track 4, over which the Boston express was approaching at a speed of forty miles an hour.

There were 85 cars in the train, and well in front was a 60,000-gallon gasoline tank which caught fire. The burning gasoline set every car ahead of the tank car on fire. Simmons thought at once of the coming express train and grabbing a red flag ran back on Track 4. Engineer Jerry Murphy, on the express train, caught sight of the flag in time to stop his train less than two car lengths away from the broken gondola car that barred his pathway.

In all seventeen cars of the freight train, many of them laden wtih cotton for Biddeford, Me., caught fire. The Stamford Fire Department fought the blaze for an hour before it was finally controlled. Traffic was delayed an hour.

The railroad authorities say that a match lighted by a boy set fire to the gasoline tank car, but police investigation fails to sustain this contention.

JONES ESTATE APPRAISED.

Suffrage Leader's Father Left in This State $1,147,659.

MINEOLA, L. I., Dec. 28.—Dr. Oliver Livingston Jones, father of "Gen." Rosalie Jones, suffrage leader, left an estate in New York aggregating $1,147,659, according to the transfer tax appraisal filed here today.

Dr. Jones shot himself at his residence, 116 West Seventy-second Street, Manhattan, on Aug. 13, 1913, and died of the wound. He is said to have owned real estate in nearly every State in the Union. His New York real estate is appraised at $356,304, and his personal property at $791,355. All goes to the widow, Mary E. Jones of Cold Spring Harbor. Deductions for debts, &c., leave a net valuation of $996,549.

The New York properties are at 305-307 West Fifty-ninth Street, $108,000; 488-490 Sixth Avenue, $260,000; plot at Fifty-ninth Street and Grand Circle, $210,000; sixty-four acres, extending from Flushing Bay to the Old Brewery Road, $214,500.

Dr. Jones left two sons, Oliver L. and Charles H., besides his wife and daughter.

HORNBLOWER LEFT $962,949

Widow Gets Bulk of Property and Son the Premises at 61 E. 90th St.

William B. Hornblower, the lawyer, left a net estate of $962,949 when he died on June 16, according to the appraisal filed yesterday. His stocks and bonds are valued at $630,120; his realty, $223,195; personalty, including life insurance, furniture, household effects, notes, and mortgages, $95,729; interest in the law partnership of Hornblower & Potter, including uncollected accounts of the firm, $33,171, and his interest in other claims, $1,650.

Emily Sanford Hornblower, the widow, receives the residuary estate and the remainder interest in a life estate of $20,000 set aside for the benefit of Katherine Beldon Hornblower, daughter-in-law of the decedent. The present value of the widow's share is $926,121. George Sanford Hornblower, son, gets the premises at 61 East Ninetieth Street, appraised at $21,311.

ENJOINS $90,000,000 CENTRAL BOND ISSUE

Court Sees Merit in Hodge Claim That Lake Shore Consents Are to be Paid For.

CASE TO BE TRIED EARLY

Proposed Financing Held to Add Annual Charge of $300,000 for Eighty-five Years.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, Dec. 28.—Justice Arthur S. Tompkins of the Supreme Court, sitting in chambers at Nyack, granted an injunction today against the New York Central Railroad Company restraining it from issuing $90,000,000 consolidated 4 per cent. bonds in place of 3½ per cent. bonds which the corporation seeks to refund, pending a trial of the case on its merits.

The injunction was asked by the Continental Securities Company as a stockholder through J. Aspinwall Hodge of New York. The action is based on the ground that the proposed issue of 4 per cent. bonds in exchange for the 3½ per cent. Lake Shore collaterals, will be, in effect, a capitalization of the consents given by the Lake Shore bondholders to the proposed consolidation. Justice Tompkins in his decision says:

"The question is whether the aggregate of the debts and obligations of the consolidating companies is increased for no other consideration than the giving of the consents necessary to accomplish consolidation and I cannot avoid the conclusion that an added burden of between $300,000 and $400,000 each year for a period of nearly eighty-five years, by way of fixed interest charges, materially increases the debt of the consolidated companies and in effect is an issue of bonds as a consideration for the consents necessary to bring about the consolidation and therefor violative of Section 141 of the railroad law, and is in effect a capitalization of the consents for such consolidation, in violation of Section 55 of the Public Service Commission law.

"Undoubtedly the consolidation of these companies will be a good thing for the public, as well as for the bondholders and stockholders of the railroad companies interested, and may, when consummated, result in savings largely in excess of the additional rate of interest proposed to be paid to the Lake Shore bondholders; but I do not see how that affects the present question before the court, which is simply whether the proposed refunding of the 3½ per cent. bonds by an issue of 4 per cent. bonds by the consolidated companies is lawful. The question is a very important one, and involves large public and private interests, and is serious enough to justify an injunction against the issuing of the proposed 4 per cent. bonds.

"This action may not be in good faith, and even a bad motive may have prompted the plaintiff, and for that reason it may not be entitled to equitable relief, or the principle of equitable estoppel may apply as claimed in defendant's brief, but these things do not sufficiently appear from the papers before me on this motion, and are matters that must be determined at the trial.

"My conclusion is that the plaintiff's motion should be granted upon condition that it stipulate to try the case upon the merits during the first week of the January, 1915, special term for trials, to be held at White Plains, if the defendants elect to have the case disposed of at that time, and that the plaintiff give an undertaking, the amount and conditions of which will be fixed by the order to be entered hereon, which shall be settled before me at the Court House in the city of Newburg, N. Y., on Tuesday, Dec. 29, 1914, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon."

M. C. ANSORGE STILL SINGLE.

Friends Congratulate Him, but He Denies He Is Married.

Martin C. Ansorge, a lawyer of 100 Broadway, who, in the last election, was defeated for Congress in the Twenty-first District, is having a hard time convincing his friends that he is not married. An announcement of the marriage in Brooklyn of one Martin Ansorge and Miss Elizabeth Donovan appeared in THE TIMES Friday. Martin C. Ansorge had spent Christmas eve with a party of friends and was sleeping late the next morning when he was disturbed by the persistent ringing of his telephone. A friend wanted to congratulate him on his marriage. Mr. Ansorge had not seen the notice and thought somebody was playing a joke on him. It took him fifteen minutes to convince his friend that he wasn't married. The married Ansorge had no middle initial.

His father and mother were among those who congratulated him Friday, he said, and he was afraid to go to the City Athletic Club, of which he is a member, on account of the inevitable shower of congratulations. Thus far, however, he said last night, none of the congratulations has been accompanied by wedding presents.

NO BAND AT HER FUNERAL.

False Report About Services for Wealthy Woman Draws Throng.

A small throng which gathered in front of the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church yesterday afternoon to witness a funeral at which, according to an Atlantic City dispatch in the evening papers, a negro band would play lively airs, was disappointed. There was neither band nor funeral. According to the dispatch, the band was to play at the funeral of Miss Caroline P. Whitlock, 60 years old, who died Thursday at her home in Atlantic City, leaving an estate estimated to amount to nearly $1,000,000. Miss Whitlock's funeral was held yesterday at the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church.

Joseph A. Bolton, nephew of Miss Whitlock, explained that the dispatch was the result of a statement by Miss Whitlock's former negro butler, who was a member of a negro band in Atlantic City, that she had asked him to have the band at her funeral. If she really expressed such a wish, Mr. Bolton said, none of the relatives knew of it, and the negro was not permitted to bring the band to the funeral.

Miss Whitlock was the daughter of the late John W. Whitlock of Atlantic City, who was said to have made a fortune in the grocery business.

BIBLE STATION AT PANAMA.

To Distribute Holy Writ in 127 Languages to Sailors.

James Wood, President of the American Bible Society, told last night of plans he is making to have a Bible-distributing station built on the Panama Canal.

Mr. Wood said he is going down to the Panama Canal Zone with Col. Goethals, its Governor, when the latter, who now is in Washington, returns early in January. He said Col. Goethals has planned a place for the Bible station at Balboa, at the Pacific end of the canal.

According to Mr. Wood, the American Bible Society will distribute Bibles in 127 languages.

"Every sailor who passes through the canal will be given a Bible free," said Mr. Wood. "Of course, some of them will toss the Bibles overboard; but a few will hold on to them, and that is just what we want."

Mr. Wood said the American Bible Society spent $873,000 on Bibles last year.

BRAIN WORK NEEDS 40 YEARS' TRAINING

Then Follow 40 Years of Fruitful Labor, Says Dr. Bishop.

WHY MANY FAIL EARLY

Asserts Efficiency and Longevity Are Much Dependent Upon Diet—Great Meeting of Scientists Opens.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 28.—More than 1,500 well-known educators and scientists were in attendance at the sixty-sixth annual meeting of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, which opened here today. Papers embodying the results of the past year's researches in almost every field of scientific endeavor will be read before the thirteen sections into which the convention is divided. President Emeritus Charles W. Eliot of Harvard acted as Chairman of the general meeting.

The importance of a periodic examination of the individual to determine whether a change has developed in his relation to his food, which, he said, was the great danger that particularly threatened the brainworker, was urged by Dr. Louis F. Bishop of Fordham University, in an address before the Social and Economic Science section.

"The life of a brainworker," Dr. Bishop said, "should consist of forty years of preparation and forty years of fruitful labor, but many leaders in thought are found giving out in the fifties, nearly all of the remainder in the sixties, with only a few enjoying active work in the seventies.

"Of the importance of rest, recreation, and exercise in the prolongation of efficiency too much cannot be said, but there is a large group whose efficiency and longevity depend upon diet. It may happen at any time to any brainworker that he may develop an idosyncrasy against some particular food which may start a process of degeneration in his cells that eventually leads to his loss of efficiency and finally to the loss of his life.

"In the absence of a definite knowledge of the food relations of the individual safety for the brainworker lies in the limitation of the number of protein foods as much as convenient; a study of the actual food requirements of the body by means of the splendid classifications of food values compiled by the United States Government; regular rest and exercise, and the development of a proper philosophy of life."

Before Dr. Bishop read his paper the section discussed the importance of industrial education. Judson G. Wall of New York urged that technological museums be established.

"Technological museums to be most effective," he said, "should be so located that they will be accessible to the greatest possible number of people. They should exhibit machinery, tools, and appliances and scientific instruments, all of the latest design. They should also teach the methods and processes whereby the products of the field, forest, and mine are manufactured. They should contain Departments of Health where the public would receive information concerning all occupational and preventable diseases. They should exhibit the latest devices for safeguarding workers from accident.

"The terrible war in Europe has inflicted upon this country enormous losses. These losses were unavoidable. To offset in part the damage caused by the war would it not be wise for this country to do all that is possible to increase the efficiency and thereby enhance the value of its human energy, which is by far the nation's most valuable asset?

"Technological museums with free classes and lecture courses would attract careless, discouraged, and indifferent citizens to an extent that could not be approximated by any other institution."

MILLION TAXABLE IN MORGAN HOME

Continued from Page 1.

in the arms of the Goddess of Peace and is put at $3,000. A Battersea enamel coffee urn converted into a vase, the decorations upon which show Biblical subjects, is valued at $2,500.

Five Vases 14 Feet High.

Five porcelain vases of ruby-red garniture color of the period of Yung-Ching are appraised at $35,000. They are of exceptionally magnificent ruby-red translucent overglaze, with two Chinese characters of the Shou motif, emblematical of good luck. There are chrysanthemum, tree, and flower decorations at the necks, and the bases are embellished with diaper borders of famille-verte, outlined in black and divided by four panels decorated with the flowers of the four seasons. Three of the vases are oviform temple jars and two are cylindrical-shaped beakers with flaring tops. They are all fourteen feet in height.

Other art objects are a Ta Ching porcelain of the Kang-he period, $8,000; a Persian pottery bowl of the Sultan Abad period, $2,500; an antique silver Turkish jewelry basket, $5,000; an Egyptian stone-carved figure of a crouching Sphinx, with hieroglyphics on the base, dated 2500 B. C., $2,500; a collection of Egyptian curios, consisting of figures of animals, mummies, goddesses, and bowls, rings, and pendants, $10,000, and a number of Tanagra figurines.

The small library in the residence has contents valued at $42,678.50. There is an ebonized suite of six pieces upholstered in antique silk and cut velvet of vivid colors. It consists of one lounge, three armchairs, and two side chairs, and is appraised at $2,500. There is a pastel of Mrs. Herbert L. Satterlee done by Lena Mills in 1893 appraised at $3,500. There are also a Chinese turquoise-blue oviform, galipot-shaped vase of the Ming dynasty estimated at $3,500; a pair of majolica porcelain oviform vases, with polychrome figured decorations, $10,000, and a larger vase of majolica porcelain, with polychrome decorations, depicting pastoral scenes, $15,000.

Dining Room Valued at $100,705.

The dining room's contents are placed at $100,705. There is a Persian carpet, valued at $5,000, and a Farahan rug, $3,000. The oil paintings in this room include "The Blacksmith," by E. Johnson, $7,500; "Cows at Pool," by James Stark, $15,000; "Practice Hour," by Joseph Israels, $10,000; "Mother in Woods," by Diaz, in gold frame, $4,500; "Under the Oak Trees," by Charles Jacques, in gold frame, $5,500; "Pensa Rosa," by Henner, $6,000; "The Violet Girl," by Boughton, $6,750, and "St. Jerome Distributing Rosaries," Italian school, $7,500. Other objects are a Japanese tortoise shell bowl executed in heavy 22 carat gold and inlaid with jade, silver, ivory, and mother of pearl, and described in the report as a masterpiece of Japanese art, $2,500; a pair of large Mandarin jars, $5,000; another pair of large Mandarin jars of the Ming period, $7,500; a Roman bronze statue of Augustus Caesar, by Boschotti, $1,500.

The contents of Mr. Morgan's sleeping room, on the second floor, are totalled at $11,711. There are several oil paintings, including "The Trial," by F. Moraga, $5,000, and "At the Shrine," by Le Roux, $2,500. Mr. Morgan's oak bed, 4 feet wide, one box spring, one hair mattress, and one feather pillow, are valued at $100. His dressing room contained articles upon which the appraiser fixed a valuation of $436.

Mrs. Morgan's bedrom, according to the appraisal, contains articles amounting in value to $559.

The guest room, on the second floor, totals $13,106, including two oil paintings, "The Venetian Harbor," by D. Huntington, and "St. Raphael," by J. L. Hamon, $3,500 each. There is also a rosewood bedroom set of ten pieces appraised at $200. The linens in the house are appraised at $2,976.75, and the contents of the sewing room, $31.50. The win cellar is valued at $38,036.

The report shows silverware in the library worth $14,002, in the drawing room $1,247, in the morning room $658.50, and in the reception room $184.50.

$15,000 Gold Jewel Set.

Under a heading of "Miscellaneous Jewels" is a number of valuable pieces. Among them is an Italian gold jewel set of fifteenth century design. It is described as of the scroll and pierced style, part color enamel set with diamonds, rubies, and pearls, and consists of one necklace and pendant surmounted by a peacock; one pair of earrings, one brooch pin, and five separate pendants. The set is appraised at $15,000.

Under the same heading is an Italian group of the seventeenth century, representing a man riding a two-headed tortoise, entirely covered with rubies and diamonds, valued at $8,000. An Italian gold case clock of the seventeenth century, surmounted by a bust of Julius Caesar, is appraised at $2,500.

Three blue and white oviform porcelain vases of the Kang-Hsi period, $9,000, and a silver, gold, and bronze statue of Britannia, with Limoges decorations and studded with sapphires, diamonds, rubies, and amethysts, $3,000, are also enumerated.

The china and glassware is valued at $7,793, and includes such items as twenty-three Sevres china service plates of cobalt blue, with gold band and acorn decorations, done by J. Pierre Jeune, 1793, appraised at $1,150. Six pairs of antique Cardinal velvet portierres, trimmed with Venetian velvet border, with galloon braid appliqué, are valued at $600.

Paintings in the Library.

It is in the Morgan Library, at 33 East Thirty-sixth Street, the contents of which are totaled at $253,745, that the appraiser found the most valuable oil paintings. Among them, with their appraised valuation, are the following: "Giovanna Tornabuoni," (panel,) by Ghirlandiao, $25,000; "Madonna and Child," (panel,) by Pinturicchio, $15,000; "Madonna with Two Saints," (panel,) by Francesco Rabollini, $22,000; "Madonna and Child," by the same painter, $15,000; "Adoration of the Child," (panel,) by Pietro Vannucci, $15,000; "Offering of the Three Kings," (panel,) by Vivarini, $15,000; "St. John and the Holy Family," (panel,) by Cima da Conegliano, from the Birch D. Watts and Fairfax Murray collections, $15,000, and a Bellini, $10,000.

There are also a painted polyptich, by the Ecole du Midi, about 1400 A. D., depicting the "Life of Christ," and containing seven panels each, $10,000; the famous Latin cist of Palestrina of 300 B. C., embellished with engraved mythological figures, inclosed in glass, $10,000, and a three-quarter-length portrait of Mr. Morgan, by C. Baca-Flor, appraised at $5,000.

It is at this library, too, that the appraiser found the ancient Brussels tapestry made by the Pannemaker family. It represents the "Deadly Sins." It is appraised at $15,000. A Kirmanshah carpet is appraised at $5,000, a Farahan rug at $2,000, and an Italian walnut table at $3,500. There is a Persian rug made in the sixteenth century, decorated with arabesque figures and quotations from the Koran, woth $5,000. Another Farahan rug is valued at $4,000, and a Tabriz silk palace carpet at $7,000. Another Tabriz palace carpet is set at $6,000, and a Persian rug, made in the sixteenth century, at $2,500. A lot of antique brocaded silk embroideries are placed at $4,000, and the contents of the printroom at $2,165.

Among the articles appraised are some that may be claimed by members of the family as having been given to them before the death of Mr. Morgan. Such articles will be free from the transfer tax.

CHAMPAGNE
LOUIS ROEDERER

We wish to announce to our patrons that we can furnish CHAMPAGNE at the prices in force before the war.

W. G. & E. G. MURPHY CO., Inc.
AGENTS
501 Fifth Avenue, New York City

BLOOMINGDALES.

Miss Lola Fisher in "Under Cover"

PLEASANT AFTERTHOUGHTS

Like a well-written play, the year has moved happily forward to its climax—the Xmas Holiday!

Now come pleasant afterthoughts of friends and friendship and friendly gifts.

May Bloomingdales interrupt these *after*-thoughts with *fore*-thoughts of our coming White Sale?

Lingerie, Linens—and the thousand "white things" so dear to women.

At marked savings, throughout the month of January.

BloomingdaleS 59th to 60th St. Lex. to 3d Ave.

STRICTLY A COMMERCIAL BANK
IN NEW YORK'S BUSINESS CENTER
IRVING NATIONAL BANK
NEW YORK
WOOLWORTH BUILDING

From Copyright Photo, Irving Underhill.

GIMBELS

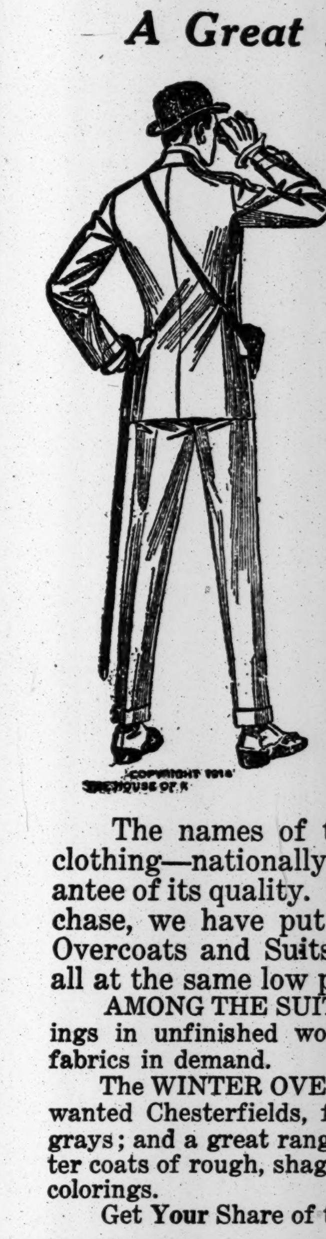
Broadway and Thirty-third St. *Store Opens at 8:30*

A Great Deal of "Action" in This

Sale of Men's Winter Suits and Overcoats

At $16.50

In the $22.50 to $30 Standards of Celebrated American Makers



It was clear that New York men appreciated the great merit of this sale from its very start.

Saturday marked our largest response to an event of this kind, and it is important to know that quantities of this good clothing are so large that every man who comes today in search of winter suits and overcoats will find plenty of variety in his particular size, if between 34 and 42.

The names of the makers of this fine clothing—nationally advertised—are a guarantee of its quality. Besides a very large purchase, we have put in a great quantity of Overcoats and Suits from our own stock—all at the same low price, $16.50.

AMONG THE SUITS are plain and fancy colorings in unfinished worsteds, cheviots and other fabrics in demand.

The WINTER OVERCOATS include the always wanted Chesterfields, full silk-lined, in black and grays; and a great range of the baggy, smart, winter coats of rough, shaggy fabrics, in characteristic colorings.

Get Your Share of the Best Sale of the Winter.

Fourth Floor

Savings of From 33⅓ to 50 Per Cent.
In This Important
End of the Year Furniture Sale

There is just one reason for it, the close approach of stock taking. Otherwise these splendid suites and single pieces reveal not a single reason for such tremendous reductions. They are from our regular stock, perfect and desirable in every way.

$3,375 Dining Room Suite, $1,685

Adam period style in solid mahogany; 54 inch table, eight side chairs and two arm chairs, in dark green leather.

Dining and Bed Room Suites

$585	Jacobean Dining Room Suite —10 pieces in oak	$390
$805	Wedgwood Enamel Bed Room Suite—8 pieces, Adam style	$425
$420	Mahogany Bed Room Suite, Twin beds with cane panels	$300
$725	Mahogany Bed Room Suite —in fine Sheraton design	$359

Living Room, Bed Room and Dining Room Odd Pieces

$290	Mahogany Adam Sideboard and Crystal Cabinet	$195
$135	Inlaid Mahogany Desk	$85
$100	Mahogany Sideboard	$67.50
$70	Mahogany China Closet	$47
$125	Mahogany Dresser	$80
$100	Mahogany Chiffonier	$65

The Suites and Single Pieces listed above are just a few of the many thousands of dollars' worth involved in this sale; all the rest are priced at proportionate savings.

Seventh Floor

OVER TWO MILLION A WEEK

The circulation of The New York Times exceeds 300,000 copies every day and every Sunday, making a total of more than 2,000,000 copies per week.

FIVE TO BE CHARGED WITH BAFF MURDER

Indictment Tomorrow Will Name Three Conspirators and the Gunmen Who Shot.

WITNESS'S IDENTITY SECRET

Two Plotters Seen by Him in Saloon Just Before Slaying—Gunmen's Car Not Found.

Evidence was presented to the Grand Jury yesterday that warranted the indictment of two men for the murder of Barnet Baff in the West Washington Market on Nov. 24, in the opinion of District Attorney Whitman. The indictments were not asked for because the District Attorney is preparing to have at fewest five men charged with the murder in a blanket indictment that will be handed down tomorrow. Of these five, two are the actual slayers of Baff and three are conspirators in the murder plot. The indictment of other conspirators is expected to follow.

The two chief witnesses before the Grand Jury were Carl Rettich, the Hoboken bartender, and a man who gave new testimony against two of the conspirators. This witness saw them in a saloon near Baff's stall in the market a very short time before the murder, acting as if they were preparing for the murder. It was reported that they signaled the gunmen when Baff left his place of business in the market and walked to the Brooklyn Poultry Company's stall in Thirteenth Avenue, in front of which he was shot.

The saloon is thought to be the one at Thirteenth and Thompson Avenues, directly across the latter thoroughfare from Baff's stall and next door in Thirteenth Avenue to the Brooklyn Poultry Company. It has glass doors opening into both of the avenues, and any one standing in it can see Baff's business stand, the place where he fell when shot, and the short distance he traversed between the two points. It would have been easy for one who knew Baff to observe him leave his place of business and then to point him out to the gunmen, who might be lurking behind any of the crates of poultry piled up on the sidewalks. This is what the conspirators are said to have done.

Telephone Message to Baff.

Another report is that it was the two conspirators who sent Baff the telephone call half an hour before the murder by which it was established that he was in his place of business. One of the pair could have telephoned from the saloon, and the witness before the Grand Jury yesterday might have overheard the conversation. The witness's testimony was considered so important in the District Attorney's office that his identity was kept secret.

Rettich told part of his story before the Grand Jury and identified the two revolvers with which the District Attorney is convinced that Baff was killed. Rettich told the jurors that one of these weapons belonged to "Jake" Cohen and the other to James Moore; that he kept them, as usual, behind the bar in his father's saloon until he read of "Jake" Cohen's arrest, and that then he took them to his room over the saloon. He identified the revolvers, it was said, by unhesitatingly picking them out of a pile of other weapons.

In the Grand Jury investigation of the Baff murder, the case of assault against "Joe" and "Jake" Cohen has been "copper riveted," in the opinion of the District Attorney's office. The Cohen brothers were indicted last Friday, a week ago, after James Moore had confessed that they had hired him to assault A. T. Pearson, Baff's business ally, on Sept. 1, and when they were arraigned before Judge Malone on this indictment, Assistant District Attorney Delehanty asked that they be held in $25,000 bail because the charge against them involved much more than simple assault.

Another material witness taken to the District Attorney's office by the police yesterday was Thomas McAuley, known in gang parlance as "Fog" McAuley. According to the police, he is a former member of the Gopher gang, and the sworn enemy of the "Owney" Madden gangsters. He is a friend of James Moore, the police say, and is familiar with many persons in the West Washington Market. Just what the District Attorney's office hoped to learn from him was not made public, but he was questioned for more than an hour by Assistant District Attorney Deuel.

Murder Car Not Found.

Contrary to qualified announcement made in the newspapers yesterday morning, the automobile in which the gunmen escaped after the shooting of Baff has not been found. The excitement of some one in East New York and the credulity of Alexander Perlman, the owner of the supposed murder car, were responsible for the circulation of the account of the discovery of the missing automobile.

Perlman asked Magistrate Voorhees, in the New Jersey Avenue Court, in East New York, yesterday for a permit to carry a revolver. He said he feared he would be attacked because of his connection with the Baff case. He was certain, he said, that he had been followed in Pitkin Avenue on his way to the court. Magistrate Voorhees told him to appear today with witnesses who could corroborate his story.

One of the witnesses before the Grand Jury today, it is expected, will be the truckman Sullivan who, according to report, named the two gunmen to District Attorney Whitman. He was at the scene of the shooting of Baff and is supposed to have been close enough to the gunmen to recognize them.

Emil Rettich, father of Carl, will be another witness. He will corroborate his son's testimony and supplement it with important additions. Carl Rettich will continue his story today.

F. A. STRAUS LEFT $795,631.

Estate of Head of Yarn Firm Goes to Members of His Family.

F. A. Straus of F. A. Straus & Co., dealers in silk and worsted yarns, left a net estate of $795,631 when he died on Nov. 10, 1913, according to an appraisal filed in the office of the State Controller yesterday. He held stocks and bonds appraised at $57,219 and an equity of $34,911 in his house, at 5 East Ninety-fourth Street. Furniture, life insurance, and notes were appraised at $5,727. He had some smaller holdings.

Mrs. Zerline Straus, the widow, receives $272,737; Lionel F. Straus, a son, gets $483,660, and there are bequests aggregating about $30,000 to six nieces.

EARNINGS CUT BY HIS AGE.

Cowles, Noted Singer, Asks Court to Reduce His Alimony.

Eugene Cowles, the basso, who used to sing with the Bostonians, told yesterday of the troubles advancing years had brought him, in a petition asking the Supreme Court to reduce the amount of the alimony he is paying his first wife, Mrs. Lizzie D. Cowles, whom he married in 1887. They have one son, Eugene Cowles, Jr., who is an engineer in South Africa, and is doing well. Mr. Cowles was ordered to pay his wife $38 a week and $10 additional for the support of their son.

Mr. Cowles, who is 54 years old, said he had supported his wife for twenty-two years, and had paid her about $34,000, but that he couldn't make the large weekly payments any longer.

"While my voice, in my opinion, has not been impaired," he said, "yet I believe because of my age I cannot obtain employment as readily as I did before. In parts which I sing younger men are required, and are naturally employed."

The singer went on to say that the straight back, the springy step, the unlined face, the ready postures of youth, and perfect teeth were needed by singers as much as a good voice. From May, 1910, to last February he could not get work, although he tried to do so. Then he opened a studio in Carnegie Hall and coached singers. His expenses in this venture amount to $1,000 a year, he says, and he can't make both ends meet. Students, he asserts, prefer foreign instructors and foreigners charge less than American teachers.

Lee Shubert filed an affidavit in which he said that, while Mr. Cowles had a good voice, there was little prospect of his getting employment because of his age.

ITALIAN SLASHES PRIEST.

Angry Mob Tries to Take Assailant from Policeman.

Father Flamino Parenti, a young priest of the Church of Our Lady of Pompeii, at 210 Bleecker Street, the congregation of which is composed largely of Italians, was standing on the stoop of the parish house yesterday afternoon when Philip Rodriguez, an Italian shoemaker, ran up to him and demanded that his son be returned to him. Before the priest could make and answer the shoemaker whipped out a stiletto and slashed him across the face, making an ugly gash on the left side and slicing the ear. The priest shouted and a dozen Italians ran to the spot. Rodriguez fled with a mob of Italians shouting "Kill him! Kill him!" at his heels.

At Downing Street Policeman Yates, of the Macdougal Street Station, jumped in front of Rodriguez and the Italian lunged at him with the stiletto. He dodged and caught the man, while the mob tried to tear the prisoner away. Yates got his prisoner into a nearby doorway and a patrol wagon was summoned. He was locked up on a charge of felonious assault and later held in Jefferson Market Court under $2,500 bail for examination tomorrow.

Father Parenti was carried into the parish house and attended by Dr. Davis, of St. Vincent's Hospital. He said Rodriguez had annoyed those connected with the church for three years, blaming them because his 20-year-old son Anthony would not live with him and contribute to his support.

BABY ABANDONED IN PARK.

Policeman Finds It Near Madison Square Christmas Tree.

Just before the services of the Salvation Army began last night at the Christmas tree in Madison Square Park Patrolman Adams of the East Twenty-second Street Station found a female infant two days old wrapped in a gray shawl. The patrolman stopped a passing taxicab, and, bundling the little mite beneath his coat, ordered the chauffeur to hurry to Bellevue Hospital. There Dr. Carr found the baby had suffered somewhat from exposure.

Pinned to the shawl was found a piece of white paper with the following scrawled in lead pencil written in a feminine hand:

"Please give this child a home or send it to some place, as I have no way of keeping it. I am very poor. God bless you if you do."

ARREST CONSUL FOR ARSON.

Honduras Envoy in San Francisco Charged with Burning Home.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 28.—Fernando Somoza Vivas, Consul General here of the Republic of Honduras, was arrested today on a charge of arson. Firemen found that his house, which was burned last night, had been liberally sprinkled with oil and turpentine.

Bureau drawers in the bedroom were found filled with paper saturated in oil, carpets had been sprinkled with inflammables, holes had been cut through the ceilings of closets for flues, and streamers tied from the rafters to guide the flames.

Vivas was found partially clad on the sidewalk shortly after the firemen arrived. At Police Headquarters he asserted that his consular position as the representative of a foreign nation made him immune from prosecution.

PAY CLOVER LEAF INTEREST.

Court Orders Receiver to Make Payment on Bonds.

TOLEDO, Ohio, Dec. 28.—The Federal Court today ordered payment of the semi-annual bond interest of the Clover Leaf Railroad, which recently went into the hands of a receiver. Receiver Walter L. Ross asked for instructions in regard to the payment of the installment of interest due on Jan. 1 on $9,500,000 gold bonds of the company.

The lien is part of an issue of $10,000,000 secured by mortgage of a New York loan and trust company. The interest amounts to $167,562.50, and the court held that it was to the interest of the bondholders to meet the obligation.

Miss Nancy Thompson Engaged.

Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Thompson of Missoula, Mont., and 37 West Ninety-third Street, New York, announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Nancy Lee Thompson, to Wallace D. Eyre, the son of Mr. and Mrs. T. Lawrence Eyre of Eyre View, Westchester, Penn. Mr. Eyre was graduated from Yale in the class of 1912. No date has been mentioned for the wedding.

Miss Louise Sheets a Debutante.

Dr. and Mrs. Elmer Allen Sheets of Elmermore, 480 North Broadway, Yonkers, introduced their daughter, Miss Louise Sheets, to society at a reception in the Amackassin Club last night. Miss Sheets, who is the first Yonkers girl to make her début this Winter, is a graduate of Vassar College.

SEE NEW TANGLE IN THE THAW CASE

Question Raised Whether Conspiracy Trial May Not Give Him Chance to Prove Sanity.

LOOPHOLE FOR MORE DELAY

Lawyers, However, Do Not Believe Collateral Proceedings Can Affect Dowling Commitment.

A possible new tangle is seen by some lawyers in the case of Harry K. Thaw, now awaiting extradition in Manchester, N. H., on a mandate of the United State Supreme Court to answer to a charge of conspiracy brought against him in New York County. The question being raised is whether the original commitment order of Justice Dowling remanding Thaw to Matteawan Insane Asylum would be vacated if Thaw were to plead guilty to the indictment found against him.

The conspiracy indictment charges that Thaw, with others, plotted to effect his escape from Matteawan. If convicted on this charge he can be sent to the penitentiary for a year or be fined $500. The charge is a misdemeanor. A plea of guilty, of course, would mean an admission on Thaw's part that he knew he was committing an illegal act when he conspired to escape. A man who wilfully commits a crime is presumed to have been sane when he committed the crime.

Several lawyers suggested yesterday that Thaw might plead guilty to the indictment in the hope of having his commitment to Matteawan vacated. They argued that an acceptance of a plea of guilty by a court would constitute an admission of Thaw's sanity, and that Thaw, under such circumstances, could not be returned to an insane asylum; that he could be made to serve a sentence in the penitentiary as a sane man, but that he would forever afterward be freed from the commitment order signed by Justice Dowling in 1908.

A TIMES reporter who interviewed a number of lawyers familiar with the Thaw case found, however, that a majority of them did not hold to this view. They admitted that there was no exact precedent for their views, but insisted that no court would vacate the Dowling commitment for insanity because Thaw, in a collateral proceeding, had been judged sane. They also admitted at the same time that Thaw could take advantage of the point and attempt to take the matter to the Court of Appeals and perhaps once more to the United States Supreme Court. One lawyer who has made a specialty of appeal cases summed up the situation in this way:

"When Thaw is arraigned in New York County on the charge of conspiracy he can plead guilty, of course. The Judge, however, may not accept a plea of guilty. In that event he will have to go to trial. If he is acquitted, there is no doubt that the Dowling commitment order will hold. The authorities from Matteawan can come down and get Thaw on that order and return him to the institution.

"Now, if Thaw is convicted, or if a plea of guilty is accepted—there is no distinction between conviction and a plea of guilty—he can be sentenced to Blackwells Island. At the end of that sentence, or possibly before, the Dowling order can be served on him. Thaw, however, can sue out a writ of habeas corpus and compel the Matteawan authorities to show cause for his further detention. He can demand his release on the ground that he has just been judged sane by a jury. In my opinion, no Judge would accept this as a valid argument for his release. In my opinion, any Judge would rule that the conspiracy proceeding was entirely apart from the original proceeding by which Thaw was committed to Matteawan. If overruled, however, Thaw could then and there bring on his witnesses in an attempt to establish his sanity. This would precipitate another sanity hearing, and if the Judge held Thaw sane as the result of that hearing then the Dowling order would be vacated.

"In other words, it doesn't matter how often Thaw may be judged sane in collateral proceedings. Such judgments cannot have any effect on the original commitment to Matteawan. Thaw must come into court and prove, in a relevant proceeding, that he is no longer insane. Until he is discharged in this way the original commitment will hold.

"If Thaw had been extradited from some European country on the conspiracy charge, then our treaty with that country would have covered his case, and under our treaties no man can be extradited for one offense and be committed to prison on another. But between States there is no such limitation. There is absolutely no question about the right of New York State to demand his extradition from New Hampshire on the conspiracy charge and then send him back to Matteawan on a standing court order. Thaw may delay his return to Matteawan by taking recourse to appeals, but he cannot avoid Matteawan, unless he proves to a Judge, in the course of a separate and independent sanity hearing, that he is no longer insane."

THAW TO FIGHT ON.

To Stay in New Hampshire as Long as Possible, He Says.

MANCHESTER, N. H., Dec. 28.—Harrk K. Thaw intends to stay in New Hampshire as long as possible his secretary said tonight. The statement was in reply to a question as to what steps Thaw was contemplating in view of the Supreme Court ruling ordering him into the custody of the New York authorities. There have been no developments as yet, said the secretary, and none of Thaw's leading counsel has visited him since the court decision.

Thaw's mother, who has been spending the Christmas holidays with him, started for Pittsburgh late today. Thaw, accompanied by a Deputy Sheriff, took Mrs. Thaw to the train, traveling to and from the railroad station in a trolley car instead of an automobile.

SPREAD A THAW PAMPHLET.

Detectives Circulating Appeal Bearing Name of Alfred Henry Lewis.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 28.—Agents of the Kraver Detective Agency today began circulating a petition to Congress asking support of a law recommended by Gov Glynn of New York calculated to allow criminal insane acquitted of crime in one State to return to their own home States. The detective agency is working in the interest of Thaw in an effort to prevent his return to Matteawan.

With the petition is a pamphlet, entitled "In Her Sixteenth Year," over the signature of the late Alfred Henry Lewis. The pamphlet purports to bring out "the true story of the Thaw trial," containing evidence presented at the Thaw trial which, it is said, was suppressed by the New York authorities.

"We are going to distribute half a million copies of this pamphlet in Philadelphia," said Kraver.

The statement charges that the New York newspapers denounced Stanford White and his associates and were favorable to Thaw until three weeks after Thaw's arrest, "when they switched after Thaw refused to pretend insanity and go to an asylum for a short time without trial, in order to avoid exposure of this group."

LINSON SUIT ON TRIAL.

Ex-Senator Testifies Regarding Ashokan Condemnation Fees.

Special to The New York Times.

KINGSTON, N. Y., Dec. 28.—The suit of the City of New York against ex-Senator John J. Linson, Everett Fowler, and Augustus H. Van Buren for an accounting of money paid to them in the Ashokan condemnation proceedings went to trial before Judge Cochrane today.

Mr. Linson testified that he was retained in March, 1907, by William B. Ellison, then Corporation Counsel, to conduct the proceedings in Sections 1, 2, and 3. He did not receive any written designation to act as special counsel, but was told by Mr. Ellison to consult Mr. Dykman of White Plains as an expert in condemnation proceedings. He said Mr. Dykman told him it would be necessary to have searches and abstracts of title made for each parcel of land condemned. He testified regarding the method of arriving at the various fees, and produced his book of accounts, showing the record of all money received and disbursed by him while he was in charge of condemnation work. He said he would produce his checks.

He said he had made certain payments to Everett Fowler and Augustus H. Van Buren, whom he employed to assist him, and continued to make payments to them after Mr. Fowler had been placed in charge of the work in other sections on Jan. 1, 1909. After that date he received payments from Mr. Fowler for work done under his direction.

James A. Betts testified that in approving bills presented to him for taxation under the Water Supply act, he had not relied altogether on statements that the bills were correct, but had examined the bills personally and asked many questions regarding them.

Alden J. Harcourt of New York City, who performed much of the searching work, testified that he had not received fees equal to those charged against the city.

BANKS PROTEST TAX.

Chicago Institutions Say Certain Funds Are Not Liable to Assessment

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Dec. 28.—Protests have been filed by several large Chicago banks against payment of the Federal tax on certain funds. If the legal point upon which the objection is based is upheld, the Government's revenue from the tax levied on the $3,371,958,754 aggregate capital stock, surplus, and undivided profits of the 26,811 national and State banks of the country will suffer severe curtailment.

The law expressly provides that a tax of $1 per $1,000 shall be paid on the capital, surplus, and undivided profits "used or employed" by a bank. The protests question the right of the Government to levy a tax on such of the funds specified as are invested in Government, State, and municipal securities, which are not "used or employed" in the conduct of the bank's business.

Among other banks in Chicago which have filed protests are the Continental and Commercial National, the Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank, and the Hibernian Banking Association.

Attorney Levy Mayer admitted tonight that he had filed a protest for the three banks in question.

"I advised the banks," he said, "that the law applied to capital, surplus, and undivided profits used or employed in their business; that moneys permanently invested in bonds and stocks were not, in any sense, employed in the business of banking, although the ownership of those securities—available to make good losses—naturally and necessarily increased the bank's credit generally. Included in such permanent investments are State, municipal, and other bonds; United States bonds to secure Government deposits, and circulation bonds deposited with the State Auditor of Illinois to secure authority to carry on a trust business.

"None of these investments constitutes capital that is used or employed in the banking business. It is, therefore, my opinion that they are not subject to the war revenue tax. The courts have held that the Federal Government cannot tax State or municipal bonds or other instrumentalities of local Governments."

ISLIP BANK SHORT $54,167.

Officials Assailed at Stockholders' Meeting—Ex-Cashier Absent.

Special to The New York Times.

ISLIP, L. I., Dec. 28.—At a private meeting of stockholders of the First National Bank of Islip tonight a committee of five was appointed to ascertain just how much money per share will be needed to reorganize the bank. None but stockholders was permitted to attend the meeting and it was afterward learned that the officials of the institution came in for severe criticism. It was expected that H. Clayton Haff, the former cashier, who disappeared two weeks ago and came back Christmas Eve, would attend, but although he has announced his readiness to assist Federal officials in straightening out the bank's affairs, he was not at the meeting.

At tonight's meeting it was brought out that the shortage at present amounts to about $54,167.03, and that this may be increased $16,000 if certain notes of the Roscoe Lumber Company are found valueless. The preliminary investigation indicated that the holders of the 250 shares of stock will have to pay about $150 per share if the bank is reorganized, it was stated. H. G. Hanna, the Federal Bank Examiner, who is in temporary charge of the bank, pending the appointment of a receiver, said the Federal authorities probably would allow the stockholders to reorganize if enough money was put up and the stockholders felt confident that it would be reorganized by Spring. A receiver, it was rumored, would be here tomorrow.

MAYOR ROBERTS ON $10,000 BAIL

Terre Haute Executive Yields to Pleadings of Wife and Obtains Bond.

REPUBLICANS FEAR ACTION

Federal Attorney States That They Conducted Separate Conspiracy—More Indictments Are Expected.

Special to The New York Times.

TERRE HAUTE, Dec. 28.—Mayor Donn M. Roberts, who was arrested Saturday after being indicted, with ninety-three others, by the Federal Grand Jury in Indianapolis for conspiring to corrupt in the recent election, yielded to the pleadings of his wife and obtained his release from jail today on a bond of $10,000. The bond was offered by a surety company of Indianapolis.

The Mayor's confinement in the Indianapolis jail was far from being a pleasant one. The ninety-three prisoners who were brought to the jail from Terre Haute crowded the "United States Row," and last night Mr. Roberts was forced to sleep on a pile of straw on the cement floor.

Mayor Roberts, accompanied by his wife, reached his home here late tonight. When Mrs. Roberts was asked about her efforts to obtain her husband's release from jail, she replied: "Being the wife of a politician, I do not talk." The Mayor, however, talked with more freedom when interviewed, and stated that he was now confident of his nomination for Governor by the Democratic Party in 1916. This persecution, he said, would help him greatly in getting the place.

The Mayor said that his candidacy for the Governorship was looked on unfavorably by Tom Taggart and Crawford Fairbanks, a wealthy politician of Terre Haute. The name of Fairbanks is closely linked with that of Taggart as the controlling powers of the Democratic Party in the State.

The newspapers which Mr. Fairbanks publishes in Terre Haute have bitterly attacked Roberts, but the opposition party insists that the Mayor is still controlled by the political bosses.

The local administration here is completely upset as the result of the action by the Federal Grand Jury last week. With the resignations as a result of the recent disclosures and owing to the indictments seven important positions in the city government are now vacant.

Harry Montgomery, President of the Terre Haute Board of Works, surrendered himself to the United States Marshal in Indianapolis today. Montgomery, accompanied by a United States officer, later returned to Terre Haute, where he obtained bail. Louis Nunley, Assistant City Engineer, and Arthur Gillis were arrested late tonight. Twenty warrants are yet to be served on men who are under indictment, but who cannot be found.

It is known that some of the men close to the heads of the local organization have confessed to Federal District Attorney Dailey. One of these is Assistant Chief of Police Nugent, who resigned last week. Chief Holler, who is also under indictment and who is now serving a term in jail for contempt, is also said to have confessed.

The Republican leaders are slowly comprehending what District Attorney Dailey said when he remarked that the "Republicans conducted a separate conspiracy, which will be investigated when the jury reconvenes on Jan. 4." The District Attorney has also remarked that some Republicans were in the Democratic conspiracy, and are of those arrested. For a time Republicans tried to understand that these are the ones he is after, but Mr. Dailey has explained that it is a distinct conspiracy, and indictments are yet to be returned.

At Paris, Ill., after evidence had been obtained by a Citizens' Committee that 700 illegal votes had been cast at the recent election, a mass meeting was held, and the State Grand Jury was expected to investigate. Instead, however, the jury was hastily discharged. Following the action in the Terre Haute scandal it is now expected that the District Court for East Illinois will follow the example of the District Court of Indiana. "Uncle Joe" Cannon polled a large vote in Paris at the last election.

DANVILLE, Ill., Dec. 28.—It became known tonight that United States District Attorney Charles Karch is communicating with District Attorney Frank C. Dailey of Indianapolis to determine whether revelations made before the Federal Grand Jury which indicted Mayor Donn Roberts of Terre Haute would warrant a Federal Grand Jury investigation of charges that election frauds were perpetrated in the Eighteenth Illinois District.

Charges have been made to Mr. Karch that repeaters came from Indiana to vote in this section of Illinois.

INDICTED FOR AUTO CRASH.

Charge Laid Against McGuire After Coroner's Jury Let Him Go.

The December Grand Jury of Bronx County yesterday handed up an indictment against James F. McGuire of 562 West End Avenue, charging him with driving an automobile while intoxicated. McGuire is accused of driving a car on Nov. 13 which upset in Pelham Parkway, near Hunter Island Inn, and killed Elizabeth Dayton, 20 years old, of 3,291 Decatur Avenue, the Bronx. The indictment was returned after a Coroner's jury had absolved McGuire from all blame in the affair.

Besides McGuire and Miss Dayton, in the automobile were Violet Van Schaick, 17 years old, daughter of the late Singleton Van Schaick of New Rochelle; Anna F. Willy, 22 years old, of 33 Winthrop Avenue, New Rochelle, and William H. Roche, 25 years old, of 68 West Sixty-eighth Street. None of these was injured in the accident.

The party started from an uptown restaurant the night of the accident and visited several cabarets before turning north to the Bronx.

GIFTS FOR THE NEEDIEST.

Cash Also Received for Mrs. Adams and Her Children.

THE NEW YORK TIMES has received the following contributions for the 100 neediest cases:

Margaret A. Carter	$2	G. Burdett, Cases 13 and 20	$5
F. A. Carroll	5	A. J. N.	2

For Mrs. Carlotta Adams and her eight children these contributions have been received:

Belle Dellenbaugh	$5	"One who would do what he can."	$5
P. E. White	1	Joy & Zeigler	3
Mrs. J. C. E., Jr.	1	R. C. Jones	5
Mrs. J. A. B.	3		
L. D. R.	20		

CAN'T FIND INSURED MAN.

Company Wants to Settle a Policy Taken Out in 1870.

That a man should have his life insured for any considerable amount, name two beneficiaries in his policy, pay enough premiums to guarantee him or his heirs a certain return, and then drop out of the sight of the company that is his debtor is unusual; but this is just what Charles B. Simmons has done, according to an advertisement in THE TIMES this morning by Lane & Jones of 170 Broadway, general agents in New York for the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company of Hartford.

Mr. Simmons, according to the advertisement, was a broker in New York in 1870, and at that time held a life policy with the Connecticut company in which Obead Wheeler and Alfred H. Peters were named as beneficiaries. The policy is still in the hands of the life insurance company, and Mr. Simmons, if he is living, or Messrs. Wheeler and Peters, if he is dead, are entitled to some benefits from it. The company does not know the whereabouts of any of them, and so has advertised.

Theodore E. Lane of Lane & Jones said last night that he could not make the amount of the policy nor the return due from it public, because that would be to invite some fraudulent claim. If any of the persons named in the advertisement would come forward and prove his identity, he said, the matter would be settled promptly.

GREAT STORM OVER BRITAIN

Considerable Loss of Life and Much Damage to Property.

LONDON, Dec. 29.—A great gale and snowstorm swept over the larger part of the United Kingdom last night. There was considerable loss of life, and much damage was done.

The telegraphic service on the Continent was disorganized and communication with France was almost severed.

One man was killed and several persons were injured by the collapse of a house wall at Clapham. Elsewhere in London plate glass windows were blown out and property was damaged in other ways. Two feet of snow fell in many parts of the country, causing serious flooding of the rivers.

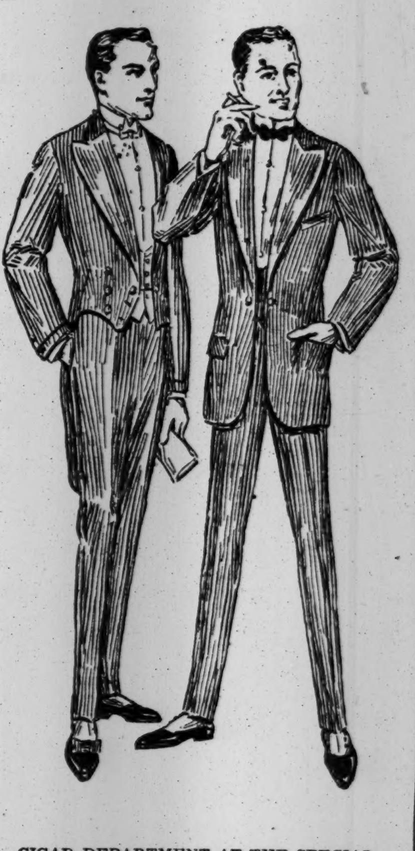
Dublin was visited by the heaviest snowfall in many years.

Wednesday Class Christmas Dance.

The Wednesday Dancing Class, managed by Miss Adeline King Robinson, will hold its Christmas dance tomorrow evening at Sherry's. The committee in charge consists of Mrs. H. De Berkeley Parsons, Mrs. J. Archibald Murray, Mrs. Walter B. James, Mrs. Francis McN. Bacon, Mrs. Edwin D. Morgan, Mrs. Thomas H. Howard, and Mrs. Archibald D. Russell.

A GOOD RESOLUTION
for the NEW YEAR—
to Wear
"AMHO"
UNDERWEAR
Made by
AMERICAN HOSIERY COMPANY
Manufactured on *Scientific* Principles, Bringing *Health* and *Comfort* in the Wearing
Leading retail stores sell and recommend it.
American Hosiery Company
225 Fourth Avenue, New York
Boston Chicago San Francisco

WHAT DO YOU WANT TO KNOW? The New York Times Index, every quarter, codifies the world's news. Any event at a glance. Bound in cloth. $2.00 a volume.—Advt.



STORE OPENS 9:00 A.M.
R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.
Macy's
Herald Square. Broadway, 34th to 35th St.
STORE CLOSES 6:00 A.M.

Men's and Young Men's FULL DRESS CLOTHES
Specially Priced at $22.00
Superior in Style and Quality to Dress Clothes Sold Elsewhere at $25.00 and $28.00

For the many men who will require New Dress Clothes for the New Year festivities we have made especial preparation.

There is a custom tailored air about these smart Evening Clothes—in cut, quality and finish—comparing favorably with Custom Suits costing double.

Tailored for us by men who **specialize in Dress clothes,** these Coats and Trousers possess that touch of distinction so essential in a Dress Suit.

Made of a finely woven black, unfinished worsted—these smart coats are lined with fine black satin de Chine, the sleeves with white silk.

Collars and Cuffs are finished with a narrow silk galloon binding and the trousers finished with silk braid.

Tuxedo Coats to Match, $16.75
Silk lined, silk galloon binding on collar and cuffs.

Men's Fur-Lined Overcoats
Specially Priced, $32.75
Macy's usual price, $39.75
Muskrat lined Overcoats made of fine quality black Kersey, Persian Lamb or Hudson Seal (dyed muskrat) collars.

Elevators on the 35th St. Side, Front, Run Direct to the Men's Clothing Dept., Fifth Floor.

CIGAR DEPARTMENT AT THE SPECIAL ENTRANCE FOR MEN. A STEP FROM BROADWAY, ON THE 35TH STREET SIDE.

Men's Fine Underwear Reduced
Garments That Were $1.19, $1.49, $1.98 Each, Now Each, 98c

This great reduction is due to the fact that the size range is broken and a few of the garments are slightly rumpled as a result of the heavy buying in the last few days. Included in this lot are Men's fine quality silk and lisle underwear. Shirts are pull-overs, long sleeves; drawers ankle length. In fancy stripes, Pink, Blue and Lavender.

Men's Merino Shirts and Drawers, in white and natural color, in medium and heavy weight.

Men's All-wool Shirts and Drawers in white and natural color; also Cotton Union Suits—every garment taken from our own stock.

This sale is exceptionally timely right now, because most of the garments are suitable for cold weather and early Spring wear.
MAIN FLOOR, CENTRE, 35TH STREET.

Silk HATS for Men and Young Men
Specially Priced
Exceptional quality. $4.96 *Newest Shapes*

We are particularly proud of our assortment of young men's **Silk Hats at $4.96;** they are equal in every respect to the $6.00 grades sold elsewhere.

Two of the newest blocks—top and crown, also flat brim.
MEN'S SHOP, MAIN FLOOR, 35TH ST.

"De Lion" Silk TOP HATS
$6.94 and $7.94
We are the sole distributors of these famous **French Silk Hats.** They are known the world over as the acme of Style, Quality and Distinction. Two grades at above prices.
MEN'S SHOP, MAIN FLOOR, 35TH ST.

DRESS COLLARS
In Three of Our Best Makes
(Each) 15c (dozen) $1.50
(Each) 25c (dozen) $2.75
DRESS TIES in the Newest Materials
(Each) 23c and 44c
MEN'S SHOP, MAIN FLOOR, 35TH ST.

Macy's Custom Stock SHIRTS

If you should need a Dress Shirt in a hurry you will find it very convenient to call up Macy's Custom Stock Shirt Department (Greeley 6100) and give us your measurements. We will then send to you at once a shirt from our comprehensive stock of correct styles to fit any man, no matter what the measurements.

You will have the advantage of various sleeve lengths and the numerous other refinements found only in to-measure shirts.

One very good model is priced $1.50.
MEN'S SHOP, MAIN FLOOR, 35TH ST.

R. H. Macy & Co.

TRUSTEE SALE
JULES BOUY & CO., Inc.,
WHOLESALE IMPORTERS OF FINE PERIOD FURNITURE,
failed on account of the war. Their stock, carefully selected by a foreigner of discriminating taste, is to be sold by order of the Court. It consists of furniture suitable for homes, (from luxurious residences to modest apartments,) and comprises suites, tables, chairs, cabinets, settees, commodes, screens, tapestries, brackets, scarfs, laces, etc., and a number of other pieces, faithful reproductions of the best French and English periods. For sale this week at unprecedentedly low prices.
OTTO M. GOLDSMITH,
Trustee in Bankruptcy,
11 East 36th Street

OLD CROW
RYE
H. B. Kirk & Co.

OLD CROW
RYE
H. B. Kirk & Co.

OLD CROW
Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.
RYE
America's Finest Rye
WHISKEY
HAND MADE SOUR MASH
STRAIGHT PURE RYE
WE ARE THE LARGEST BOTTLERS OF OLD-FASHIONED HAND-MADE SOUR MASH STRAIGHT PURE RYE WHISKEY IN THE WORLD
H. B. KIRK & CO., New York, N. Y.

COME TO THE
NEW YEAR'S EVE MIDNIGHT DANCE
to be held at the
Prince George Hotel,
5th Avenue and 28th St.,
In the beautiful Italian Room, on the best Dancing Floor in New York.
Share of proceeds to go for the
BENEFIT OF COMMITTEE OF MERCY
Fund for Women and Children of New York made destitute by the War.
Tickets, $1.00, on sale at Tyson Co. stands or at the Hotel.
Special A la Carte Supper, beginning at 11 P. M.
Reserve Your Tables Now.
PRINCE GEORGE HOTEL. George H. Newton, Manager.

C. A. PERKINS GETS WHITMAN'S PLACE

Governor-Elect Announces He Will Appoint His Assistant as District Attorney.

REPUBLICAN PLEDGE GIVEN

Party's Support Promised for New Prosecutor If He Runs for Place Next Year.

Assistant District Attorney Charles Albert Perkins will succeed Gov.-elect Charles S. Whitman as District Attorney of New York County. Mr. Whitman announced yesterday that as soon as he had been inaugurated he would appoint Mr. Perkins. THE NEW YORK TIMES foretold the appointment of Mr. Perkins last Wednesday.

Mr. Perkins will serve as District Attorney for one year, beginning Jan. 1, 1915. He said yesterday that he had not received the appointment with any condition that he should become a candidate for District Attorney in the election next year.

"Whether I shall become a candidate for District Attorney at that time will depend upon the action of the voters in the primaries," said Mr. Perkins.

It is understood that while Mr. Perkins was not the choice of the Republican County Committee or the local Republican leaders for the position, he will have the support of the Republican organization should he become a candidate for District Attorney, either on a straight Republican ticket or a Fusion ticket, next Fall. Mr. Whitman exacted this condition from Samuel S. Koenig, Chairman of the Republican County Committee. Had this concession not been made, the Governor-elect, it is believed, would have chosen an independent Democrat.

Has Long Experience.

Mr. Perkins is a Republican affiliated with the organization of the Twenty-seventh Assembly. He is perhaps the oldest attaché of the District Attorney's office in years of service. He was first connected with the office back in the days of the Lexow investigation when the late Col. John R. Fellows was District Attorney. He served under William M. K. Olcott, who succeeded Col. Fellows, but withdrew temporarily, and was not attached to the office under Col. Asa Bird Gardiner, who succeeded Mr. Olcott, and was removed from office by Col. Theodore Roosevelt, then Governor, and Eugene M. Philbin, whom Col. Roosevelt appointed to serve out Col. Gardiner's unexpired term.

When William Travers Jerome was elected District Attorney the following year Mr. Perkins again entered the service and he has remained in the office ever since. He has been a full Assistant District Attorney with $7,500 salary since 1903, and at present is head of the Indictment Bureau, in which capacity he has prepared hundreds of cases for trial or presentation to the Grand Jury.

Mr. Perkins was born in Lawrence, Mass., in 1869. His father was head of the Adelphi Academy and as such gave Mr. Whitman his first job, appointing him a teacher in that institution, following his graduation from Amherst College in 1891. Mr. Perkins himself received his education at the Adelphi Academy, at Dartmouth College, and at the New York Law School, from which he was graduated in 1893. He is married and lives at the Great Western Hotel, Madison Avenue and Forty-ninth Street. He has a Summer home at Pelham Manor.

No Radical Change of Policy.

"I consider it a very great honor to be selected as the successor to Mr. Whitman as District Attorney," said Mr. Perkins. I shall continue the work Mr. Whitman has done to the best of my ability. It will be glory enough for any man to maintain the high standard which he has established. I shall make no radical changes in the policy of the office, and I hope the members of the staff will remain here, as I believe they will. There will be a great deal of satisfaction in having a Governor who is familiar with the machinery and the needs of this office and to whom I can turn for advice and guidance."

Mr. Whitman has almost completed work on his annual message, which will be sent to the Legislature on Jan. 6. The message will be from 6,000 to 7,000 words in length. Besides giving the required account of the State finances, it will deal broadly with proposed reorganization of State departments.

The Governor-elect will leave for Albany on Thursday afternoon. This afternoon the Bench and Bar will hold a reception for him in the room of the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court in the Criminal Courts Building. Presiding Justice George L. Ingraham of the Appellate Division will act as master of ceremonies. Speeches will be made by Justice Vernon M. Davis for the Supreme Court, Judge Rosalsky for for the Court of General Sessions, Chief Justice Russell for the Court of Special Sessions, and Chief Magistrate McAdoo for the Board of City Magistrates. The Bar will be represented by George W. Wickersham, Morgan J. O'Brien, William D. Guthrie, Martin W. Littleton, William M. K. Olcott, and John B. Stanchfield.

ASKS WHITMAN FOR INQUIRY.

City Club President Wants Service Commission Investigated.

Nelson S. Spencer, President of the City Club, sent the following letter to Gov.-elect Whitman yesterday:

The City Club of New York,
55 West 44th Street.

Hon. Charles S. Whitman, Governor-elect of the State of New York, Criminal Court Building, New York City.

Dear Sir: The City of New York has the gravest concern in the work of the Public Service Commission for the First District in the regulation of the public utilities over which it has jurisdiction, and especially in the promotion and maintenance of adequate rapid transit. It is at least a matter of doubt whether that commission has used or is using its functions to the extent or in the manner contemplated at the time of its creation, or, indeed, properly.

We are confident that you will agree with us in believing that the rapid transit work before that commission in the next few years demands Commissioners who are thoroughly familiar with:

1. The past rapid transit policy of the city and its effect upon business and living conditions.
2. The present transit facilities and the future transit needs of the city.
3. The terms and negotiation of the present contracts, upon the faithful execution of which so much depends.

It is just as important that public confidence in the commission should be restored, if deserved, as it is that the cause of the lack of confidence should be ascertained, if it is based upon facts. We venture, therefore, to urge you, upon assuming office, to cause an investigation of the commission to be made. In our judgment any legislation affecting this commission and the filing of vacancies in it, as they come to exist, should be based upon the results of such an investigation. Respectfully yours, NELSON S. SPENCER, President.

The letter followed reports that Mr. Whitman contemplated wholesale changes in the Public Service Commissions of both districts, even if "ripper" legislation were necessary.

MRS. WHITMAN PLEDGED.

Tells Women Governor's Mansion Shall Be Open to Suffragists.

Mrs. Whitman, wife of the Governor-elect, was entertained at luncheon at the Hotel St. Regis yesterday by the Women's Political Union of the Seventeenth Senatorial District. She told the women that the doors of the home that the State provides for the Governor and his wife in Albany would always be open to them.

There were sixty-two guests at the luncheon. At the honor table were: Mrs. Harriet Stanton Blatch, President of the Union; Mrs. John Winters Brannan, Mrs. Emanuel Einstein, Mrs. Francis Livingston Cabot, Fola La Follette and Mrs. Norman De R. Whitehouse.

Mrs. Cabot, who introduced Mrs. Whitman, spoke of the good suffrage work she had done for the union and said she would be greatly missed. "We hope we may still have the influence of Mrs. Whitman," said Mrs. Cabot, "and it will be pleasant to feel that we have the good will of both the Governor and his wife."

"I am sorry to leave," said Mrs. Whitman, "I shall always have pleasant recollections of my connection with the union." And then she told them that the mansion doors would always be open to them.

Several members of the union will attend the inauguration ceremonies in Albany and Mrs. Whitman is to see that the women have seats reserved for them. Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont is to assist Mrs. Whitman at the Inaugural reception.

In her address Mrs. Blatch urged the women to make a good fight during the State campaign for votes for women.

"We must go out as fishers of men," said Mrs. Blatch. "Work with both the suffragists and the anti-suffragists. Get the suffragists to vote for the women's amendment and the anti-suffragists not to vote against it. I know one woman who is keeping two lists of the people to whom she has appealed, antis who will not oppose and another of men who will vote for the women. We have a better chance in an off year when the people with ideals will vote and the politicians will not.

"Next to getting out the vote the important thing is to have a fair count. Next Spring we will start schools for watchers, for the women will be the chief watchers at the polls when their question comes up. There is a tendency to count the blank votes as noes as the antis do."

Mrs. Joseph Griswold Dean is to go to Albany to arrange for seats at the inauguration for the New York women.

10,000 WOMEN TO MEET HERE.

Great Throng to Attend Biennial Convention of Club Federation.

Preparations for the biggest gathering of women ever held in New York or perhaps in the United States, the Biennial Convention of the General Federation of Women's Clubs, to be held in this city in May, 1916, began yesterday. The local Biennial Board, of which Mrs. William Grand Brown is Chairman, opened headquarters, two rooms on the mezzanine floor of the Hotel Astor, where plans for the entertainment of the great army of women are now being formulated.

There will be 6,000 delegates and alternates, representing clubs in every State in the Union, and other club members who will attend the convention will bring the number up to somewhere around 10,000. Mrs. William Tod Helmouth is Honorary Chairman and there is a list of honorary officers. The Director General of the Federation is Miss Mary Garrett Hay and the State Secretary is Mrs. J. T. D. Blackburn.

ADAMSON FOR SUFFRAGE.

Fire Commissioner Tells Women He Hopes They Will Get the Vote.

Fire Commissioner Robert Adamson made his maiden suffrage speech for the Empire State Campaign Committee, working for "Victory in 1915," at the Cort Theatre, West Forty-eighth Street, yesterday afternoon, when he urged that the women make every effort for publicity.

"There are many men," he said, "who do not know that there is a suffrage campaign going on."

Because the women do not vote, Mr. Adamson said it was impossible to get proper fire laws, and he cited the Triangle fire as an example of bad conditions which resulted disastrously.

"There were 147 women and girls who lost their lives there," said Mr. Adamson, "and there are a great many more factories in the city where the conditions are as bad, but the women are not able to stir the men into action. We can't have a real democracy until the women vote. History has a chance to repeat itself—we can make New York the thirteenth suffrage State."

READY FOR SUFFRAGE FIGHT.

Prominent Women Arrive in Washington to Attend House Debate.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—The fight in behalf of the adoption by Congress of a constitutional amendment to extend suffrage to women took an additional interest with the arrival here today of many prominent woman suffragists. They plan to be on hand during the debate in the House on the proposed amendment and to attend the annual meeting of the Congressional Union for Woman Suffrage on Jan. 10.

Chairman Henry of the House Rules Committee plans to report a rule to provide for discussion on a resolution for submission of the proposed constitutional amendment to the State Legislatures within a few days. The suffrage fight in the House is expected to rival in interest the contest over the prohibition constitutional amendment.

POMPEIAN OLIVE OIL

PRICES NOT ADVANCED

Imported, First Quality, Pure—and Prices have not been increased because of the War. Order it—you'll like it.

Full Half Pints,	*$ .25*
Full Pints,	*.50*
Full Quarts,	*1.00*

Druggists or Grocers

7-20-4

R. G. SULLIVAN'S

Factory output for nine months of 1914—$9,097,000.
Increase of 2,430,000 over same period of 1913. Largest selling brand of 10-cent Cigars in the world.

QUALITY COUNTS
Factory: Manchester, N. H.

THE NEW YORK TIMES SUNDAY PICTURE and MAGAZINE BINDERS

The Sunday Picture and Magazine Sections of The New York Times may be filed in a suitable and practical binder, which will be sent, carriage prepaid, at the following prices:

Full Cloth	$1.75
Imitation Leather	2.25
Half Leather	2.75

The binder has a capacity for six months, or twenty-six weeks, and both Picture and Magazine Sections may be inserted in the same binder with ease. Size of cover 18 x 21 inches.

THE NEW YORK TIMES,
Times Square, New York.

CANADIAN SOLDIERS KILL AN AMERICAN

Fire at Buffalo Duck Hunters Shooting Illegally in Dominion Waters.

ONLY A WARNING INTENDED

But Guards Had Orders to Shoot to Kill Armed Men Refusing to Surrender.

Special to The New York Times.

BUFFALO, Dec. 28.—An effort to enforce the Ontario game laws was the cause of the killing of Walter Smith and the wounding of Charles Dorsch, both of Buffalo, by Canadian soldiers on the river opposite Buffalo this morning. The soldiers were assisting Thomas W. Delaney, a Provincial police officer, in making arrests for poaching, the season having closed on Dec. 15.

The two duck shooters had been located by Delaney. One was on the ice about 100 yards from shore and the other was in the boat. The man on the ice was shooting at ducks, while the other man picked them out of the water. They got three while the officer was watching them. He telephoned Capt. Norman G. Fite, in command of the detachment of soldiers at Fort Erie, and asked that he send a squad of men to help make arrests.

"I want to take a couple of shots out there and see if we can scare those fellows into coming in," he told the Corporal when he arrived a few minutes later. One shot hit very near the boat, and Delaney said: "For God's sake, don't hit that boat."

"Will you come ashore?" he again shouted to the duck shooters.

"We'll row down the river and then pull in where there is no ice," answered one man.

"No," returned the officer, "pull your boat up on the ice and leave it there."

Instead, the men jumped into the boat, and pulled toward the American shore. The soldiers fired again, and Smith stood up in the boat and held up both hands. Another volley was fired and Smith fell dead, and Dorsch dropped back with a bullet through his lungs.

The body of Smith was brought ashore, and Dorsch was hurried across the river to a Buffalo hospital. There was the greatest excitement in the village. Coroner J. R. Mencke at once ordered an inquest. In the meantime Brig. Gen. Ptolomy, commandant of the military district, and Lieut. Col. Hugh A. Rose, in charge of the Forty-fourth Regiment, arrived. Col. Rose took the statements of the men in the firing squad, and left the village tonight to consult with the military officials at Toronto. The civil authorities ordered Crown Prosecutor Cowper of Welland to come here and begin an investigation. A detachment of Provincial police came to supplement the guard of soldiers.

The inquest was set for tomorrow. In the meantime J. P. Curtiss, American Vice Consul at Fort Erie, sent a report of the shooting to Secretary Bryan, but so far has received no instructions.

The inquiry of the Canadian Government will proceed in spite of any action the American Government may take.

The affair is deeply regretted in Fort Erie. A rule went into effect six weeks ago prohibiting the carrying of firearms by any person near the international boundary. The enforcement of this was left to the soldiers, who had orders to shoot any suspect who should attempt to escape without giving an account of himself. Both of the Americans were experienced hunters and knew of this order.

There has been much apprehension along the border because of reports that Germans intended to invade Canada by way of Buffalo, and a heavy military guard has been maintained for some weeks. Gen. Ptolomy will remain at Fort Erie for the inquest.

Special to The New York Times.

OTTAWA, Ontario, Dec. 28.—Gen. Hughes, Minister of Militia, said today that there would be an investigation into the shooting of two Americans at Fort Erie, and that the guards who did the shooting were being detained for the purpose of the inquiry.

"I greatly regret the occurrence and will have a thorough investigation made," said Gen. Hughes.

Considerable nervousness has been caused along the border by reports of raids and stories that dynamiters have planned to blow up public property in Canada. Since the opening of the war the international boundary has been strongly patrolled by military guards, who have orders to detain for examination all suspicious characters.

BRYAN CALLS FOR A REPORT.

Representative Smith Urges Action on Fort Erie Shooting.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—The State Department tonight received a dispatch from James B. Curtiss, the American Vice Consul at Fort Erie, Ontario, regarding the shooting of two American duck hunters by the Canadian border patrol on the Canadian shore of the Niagara River today. Fort Erie is opposite Buffalo. The contents of the message were not disclosed textually.

Secretary Bryan said tonight that the Vice Consul had reported that the two Americans were duck hunting on the Canadian shore in alleged violation of the Canadian game laws, and that they had refused to "come in" when ordered and were fired upon. One of the men was killed and the other wounded. Mr. Bryan said he had telegraphed to the Vice Consul for a detailed report and had instructed him to see that every assistance was given to the wounded man.

Representative Charles B. Smith of the Buffalo district, who is a member of the House Committee on Foreign Affairs, read an account of the shooting of Smith and Dorsch and went to the State Department late this afternoon for information. That was prior to the receipt of the message from Vice Consul Curtiss. The Representative saw Secretary Bryan and Counselor Lansing and urged them to make an immediate investigation, pointing out that if the matter were not handled vigorously there would probably be a good deal of feeling against the United States Government over the case.

Representative Smith said he hoped that the State Department would act vigorously in the matter. If it did not do so, he probably would feel impelled to bring the incident to the attention of the House Committee on Foreign Affairs. He has telegraphed to prominent residents of his district for an independent report.

SAYS MOTHER BURNED HER.

Child, in Hospital, Declares Face Was Held Against Stove.

Charlotte Heath, 13 years old, of 102 West 106th Street, is in the Knickerbocker Hospital with her body bruised from a beating and her face covered with burns which, the doctors say, will leave her disfigured for life. Her mother, Mrs. Margaret Moore, is held by the police on the charge of inflicting the injuries by holding her daughter's face against a hot stove in her apartment.

Mrs. Moore is janitress of the apartment house in which she lives. The little girl's father died some years ago, and the child says that after her mother married again she began to mistreat her. On Sunday, the girl told the police, her mother accused her of disobedience, but did no more than to reprove her. Yesterday, after the girl's stepfather and her elder brother, William Heath, had left the house, the mother took a carving knife, according to the girl's story, and chased her through the house. When she caught her, in the kitchen, she beat the child and then held her face against the cook stove until the screaming girl dropped to the floor. The mother then left her alone, and the child managed to get out of the house and make her way to the home of her stepfather's mother at 932 Columbus Avenue.

Late in the afternoon the girl's brother, returning from work, was told of the occurrence by children who met him at the door. He went to the house in Columbus Avenue, and when he saw his sister's condition, notified the Knickerbocker Hospital. Dr. Kilcourse came and removed her to the hospital.

Meanwhile Heath had told the police, and upon his complaint his mother was arrested. Mrs. Moore was held in $500 bail in the West Side Court before Magistrate McQuade for examination on next Monday.

SAYS HE STOLE FOR CHARITY

Man Who Has Spent 14 Years in Jail Is Too Philanthropic.

When Frederick Hoyt, known also as James McCarthy, was called before Judge Rosalsky in General Sessions yesterday to plead to a charge of grand larceny, a well-dressed, intelligent looking man stepped out of the line of prisoners.

Hoyt pleaded guilty to stealing jewelry worth $1,400 from the apartment of Mrs. Josephine Wilson Prevost in the Wyoming, at Seventh Avenue and Fifty-fifth Street. He admitted that he had spent fourteen of the thirty-nine years of his life in prison.

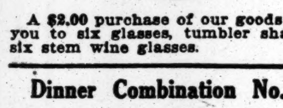
"It is this way, your honor," he said. "I am by nature very philanthropic. Whenever any one stops me on the street to ask for money I cannot resist the appeal. I used to sing in the choir of Mr. Hallaman's mission in the Bowery, and after the services I would stand outside and pass out money to the needy. I didn't have much money myself, so I had to steal it. The proceeds of all my robberies totaled about $4,000, and I gave it all away."

Hoyt was remanded to the Tombs pending an investigation of his story.

FLEGENHEIMER'S

This handsome 5-piece table set—mayonnaise dish, server, sugar bowl, creamer and relish dish—given free with a $5.00 purchase.

This elegant 7-piece China Berry Set, one large bowl and six smaller dishes, richly decorated in colors and gold, with a $3 purchase.



A $2.00 purchase of our goods entitles you to six glasses, tumbler shaped, or six stem wine glasses.

Dinner Combination No. 12

1 Bottle Cocktails
1 Bottle Cherries or Olives
1 Bottle Dinner Claret or White Wine
1 Bot. Port or Table Sherry
} 1.55

Our "Holly" Combination No. 14

1 Bottle Old Sherry
1 Bottle Sauterne
1 Bottle Apricot Cordial
Packed in a fancy decorated case.
} 2.45

RED WINES	Per Gal.	WHITE WINES	Per Gal.
Table Wine	$ .80	Table Wine	$ .80
Zinfandel	1.00	Hochheimer	1.00
St. Julien	1.25	Riesling	1.25
Burgundy	1.50	Johannisberger	1.50
Charbono	2.00	Auslese	2.00

DELICIOUS CALIFORNIA HONEY.
Pure and wholesome; 3 lbs. for 50c; 25c per glass jar.

SWEET WINES	Per Gal
Sherry	$1.25, $1.50
Port	1.25, 1.50
Muscatel	1.25, 1.50
Angelica	1.25, 1.50
Flaming Tokay	2.00
Tokay Cabinet	3.00
Madeira	1.50, 2.00
Malaga	1.50, 2.00

WHISKIES AND BRANDIES	Per Gal
Perfection Whiskey	$1.75, $2.00
Moreland Whiskey	2.50
Enterprise Whiskey, special	3.00
Superior Old Blend, quart	.75
Mt. Vernon Rye, full quart	.85
Thistle Dew Whiskey, the perfect blend, per bottle	1.00
Cresto Rye, full quart	1.00
Matura, 3-Star Brandy, per bottle	1.00
Fieros Brandy, 3-star, French bottling	1.40

CORDIALS	Per Gal	
Brandy	$2.00	$3.00
Grape Brandy		4.00
Jam. Rum	2.00	3.00
Kummel	2.25	3.00
Arak Wine Punch	2.25	3.00
Scotch & Irish Whiskey	3.50	5.00

PORTONIC NOURISHES THE BLOOD
Full Quart Bottle, $1.00; Pint Bottles, 50c.; 6 full Quart Bottles, $5.50

MAIL ORDERS Carefully selected, packed and promptly delivered to any part of the city and vicinity FREE OF CHARGE

Flegenheimer Bros.
261-269 EIGHTH AVENUE, near West 23d Street, N. Y.

1028 2d Av., bet. 54th & 55th Sts., N. Y.
2780 Third Av., cor. 147th St., N. Y.
66 Av. A, bet. 4th & 5th Sts.
1276-1280 B'way, cor. Lex. Av., Bklyn.
379 Fifth Av., cor. 6th St., Bklyn.
100 Market St., Newark, N. J.
176 Newark Av., Jersey City, N. J.
413 Washington St., Hoboken, N. J.
17 Main St., Yonkers, N. Y.
29½ South 4th Av., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

PLAN TO START WORK ON ST. JOHN'S NAVE

Contract Signed for Rough Design, Though Cathedral's Final Form Is Undetermined.

$200,000 IS AVAILABLE

This, Trustees Think, Will Be Enough for One Year's Work—Total Cost to Exceed $1,000,000.

Trustees of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine met yesterday in Synod Hall, at Amsterdam Avenue and 110th Street, and signed contracts with Cram & Ferguson, architects, of Boston, for construction plans and designs for the nave of the cathedral. The plans called for are only the rough designs with which the builders can begin work, and it is said that this does not imply the adoption in full of the design for the cathedral submitted by Ralph Adams Cram.

The original design, by C. Grant La Farge, provided for one large central tower over the crossing but no towers on the nave. About a year ago Mr. Cram submitted to the trustees new designs calling for two large transept towers, and four other towers at the corners of the nave. Objection to these designs were based on the large number of towers called for, and the abundance of decoration. It seems that no definite plan has been adopted, for Bishop Greer said at the close of the meeting:

"The contracts just given to Cram & Ferguson for designs for the building of the nave do not mean that the trustees have adopted the new plans submitted by Mr. Cram last year. Neither have they adopted as yet any exterior decoration design."

The nave is to be built of Peekskill granite, and will be 240 feet long and 170 feet high. It will extend to within 80 feet of Amsterdam Avenue. The entire cost will probably exceed $1,000,000, but it was said yesterday that only about $200,000 was available. This, it was estimated, would be sufficient for a year's work. No date has been set for the building operations to begin.

A meeting of the Diocesan Auxiliary was held in Synod Hall yesterday, at which it was announced that the auxiliary would give $500 a year toward the building of the nave. It was also announced that $921 had been received for the erection of a memorial baptismal font. Mrs. Haley Fiske, Chairman of the Committee on Mission Work, announced that a house at 132 West 131st Street had been purchased as a home for colored working girls, many of whom, said Mrs. Fiske, had been thrown out of work in the last few months on account of the necessity in many families of economizing in household expenses.

CHILD ENTERTAINS COURT.

Japanese Girl of 10 Proves That Her Stage Song Is Only Recited.

Hotsu Aki, 10 years old, one of the Aki troupe of Japanese, of which her father, Tancka Aki, and her mother, Thora Aki, of 323 West Forty-third Street, are the chief performers, was before Magistrate Appleton in Yorkville Court yesterday on complaint of Children's Society Agents Tobin and Abberger that the child was singing on the stage. But little Hotsu demonstrated that her part was purely recitative and was sanctioned by Mayor Mitchel.

"I should like to hear you," said Magistrate Appleton to the girl, "so as to decide whether or not you sang."

Miss Hotsu recited a popular song. Her English was beyond criticism and at the conclusion there was a burst of applause.

"That is certainly reciting. You can't call it singing," remarked Magistrate Appleton. "I'm not much of an expert, but I know recitation." He then dismissed the case.

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LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO
RICHARD M. HURD, President
Capital & Surplus $8,750,000
59 Liberty Street, Manhattan
184 Montague Street, Brooklyn

FOR STUDENTS AND POST-GRADUATES.

The Annalist is the only weekly magazine which discusses financial, industrial, and commercial topics from a true economical standpoint. By mail 10c. a copy. Every Monday.—Advt.

Great Mid-Winter White Sale Now in Full Swing.

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.

Macy's

Herald Square. Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

Fur Coats, Sets and Pieces at ½ Earlier in Season Prices.

Office FURNITURE At Economy Prices

Mr. Business Man, start the New Year right. Make the office look spick-and-span with new Office Furniture—Furniture that will be strong and practical, and still give a dignified appearance to the office.

Modern Sanitary Office Furniture a Specialty at Macy's

The *illustrations* emphasize the sanitary construction, as each piece permits of sweeping and cleaning beneath it.

Golden Oak Roll Top Desk
$27.25

This 4 ft. Desk, as illustrated, has drawers on each side, sanitary base, and is fitted with the necessary compartments for letters, papers, etc.

Golden Oak Roll Top Desks

The assortment is large. All are sanitary design; some have drawers on each side; others have side drawers, and many with centre drawer. Various sized desks are priced:

	Size		Size		Size
$12.24	32 inch.	$28.50	4 feet	$50.50	5 feet
$16.49	3 feet	$33.75	4 feet	$55.50	5 ft. 6 in.
$19.49	3 ft. 6. in.	$39.75	4 ft. 6 in.	$59.25	5 feet
$24.24	4 ft. 6 in.	$45.25	4 ft. 6 in.	$76.50	5 ft. 6 in.
$26.25	3 feet	$43.25	4 feet	$107.00	5 ft. 6 in.

Golden Oak Chairs

Swivel Chairs $10.24

Bentwood Chairs $1.98 & $2.67

Typewriter Chairs
$4.89 $5.24 All have adjustable backs $6.24 $15.24

Revolving Chair
$4.89

Chair (*illustrated*) is in golden oak finish, best of construction and has wide arms and saddle seat.

Golden Oak Revolving Bookcases, $12.67, $14.49

One of the most useful pieces of Furniture in the office. It provides a place at the bottom of the Bookcase for the larger books, with smaller books at the top. Also at the top can be conveniently placed the dictionary, telephone book, or many other needed books required in the conduct of business during the day.

Golden Oak Typewriter Stands, $4.89, $12.74

Typewriter Desk
$28.25

A heavy roll top desk, *as illustrated,* made of golden oak. It is 4 ft. size, drawers on each side, and a compartment to hold the typewriter.

Golden Oak Office Tables
$13.49 $16.49 $23.24 $27.25

Flat Top Desk
$10.89
Sanitary designs, drawers on one side and a large centre drawer; golden oak.

Roll Top Desk
$15.49
Sanitary design; drawers on both sides, and made of golden oak.

Golden Oak Flat Top Desk
$21.24 $32.50 $35.50 $44.75

Flat Top Desk
$18.89

4 ft. size, *as illustrated,* with drawers on each side and centre, heavy top, sanitary style, and made of golden oak. Other flat top desks at $27.50, $36.75 and $41.50.

Golden Oak Standing Bookkeeper's Desks
$19.24, $21.74, $40.50

Golden Oak Umbrella Stands
$3.24, $4.89, $6.24, $7.67, $8.24

Office Furniture included in this display will extend from 34th to 35th Street across Main Aisle of Furniture Department, Sixth Floor.

In addition to Office Furniture there will be shown various designs of Sectional Bookcases at the usual Macy savings.

BUSINESS ENGRAVING

Our Engraving is all hand work and is done on the premises under our own supervision.
The Result—Better Work in Shorter Time at Lowest in the City Prices

Macy's Specialty
Business Announcements, Removal Notices, Business Engraving.

Send us sample of work desired and we will be pleased to give estimates which will prove our statement regarding prices lower here than elsewhere.

At $1.74—Plate and 50 cards, Roman or block type; allowing 15 letters to name, or first line. Each additional letter, 9c extra.

At $2.91—Plate and 50 cards in shaded Old English type, allowing 15 letters to name, or first line. Each additional letter, 15c extra.

WE LIST here suggestions only of the varied kinds of business engraving which we are constantly handling for satisfied patrons:

Announcements of Copartnership,
Dissolution of Partnership,
Retirements,
Admission to the Bar,
Removals,
Official Housewarmings,
Business Cards,
Appointment Cards,
Letterheads and Billheads,
Exhibition Cards.

MAIN STAIRWAY LANDING.

R. H. Macy & Co

IF the Ivory Garter had been perfected before garters with metal clasps and thick pads, it would be the only garter now worn. For it has no metal to rust or corrode and no pads—it is so comfortable, so durable and so efficient that all men can instantly realize that they have never known true garter comfort before.

It is light as a silk sock—neither binds the leg nor tears the stockings.

Ivory Garter

25c and 50c

At leading haberdashers'

Like a Hyena in a Cage

A HYENA at the circus acts like it had corns, bunions and blisters on all four feet.

The small cage hurts it as much as bad fitted or bad shaped shoes hurt *your* feet.

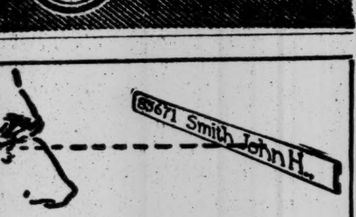
If your feet feel like a frenzied hyena, get them today into Rice & Hutchins shoes—and let us fit them. We wouldn't have a salesman who lacked sympathy for your feet.

Men's, women's and children's shoes. Educators, All Americas, Signets, Mayfairs.

SIGNET SHOE CO

Bronx Store: 3d Ave. & 149th Street
Harlem: 112 West 125th St.
Brooklyn: 557 Fulton St.

RH


85671 Smith John H.

This is the Quickest Way

If you have to see a name often, it saves time to have it where you can see it. The slowest way is to cunningly hide it in a box with a lot of other names and a complicated system of guides.

THE

RAND Visible Index

keeps one to twenty thousand cards where the eye picks out *one name* instantly.

Trade Mark

How it can be applied to your case our representative can quickly show you. Send for him.

The RAND Company

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'Phone 2462 Stuyvesant.

TEAR THIS OUT

Wesson Oil
Cooking Salads

For salads and cooking

A pure, delicious vegetable oil at **one-third the price** of olive oil

Wesson Oil

30 cents a quart

For your greater convenience also in the new 25 and 50 cent cans.

At your grocers'

START USING TODAY

BALDPATE

Registered in U. S. and Canada

HAIR TONIC

Nourishes and strengthens the follicles and thus promotes the growth of the hair. Relieves the scalp of unhealthy accumulations and secretions. Gives a rich gloss, is highly perfumed and free from oil. An excellent tonic for ladies' and gentlemen's hair. Trial will convince you.

Price $1.00

Baldpate Co., New York

For sale at Drug and Department Stores.

EDITORS SET TYPE IN NEW ORLEANS WAR

Daily Newspapers Issued on Schedule Time Despite Lockout of Union Printers.

OWNERS AT THE MACHINES

Ashton Phelps, D. D. Moore, and Others Work in Composing Rooms—Union's Side of Fight.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Dec. 28.—Notwithstanding the severance of relations yesterday with the Typographical Union, all of the three English daily newspapers in New Orleans issued their usual editions today practically on time. Although policemen and detectives are on duty at the newspaper offices, there has been no hint of violence and no trouble of any sort has occurred.

All the newspapers had to reduce the size of their issues, but they appeared in substantially their old form. A few non-union printers, assisted by employes of the editorial rooms and business offices, manned the composing rooms of The Times-Picayune, Item, and Daily States. At linotype machines in The Times-Picayune's composing room sat Ashton Phelps, President of the company, a well-known cotton and financial expert, and D. D. Moore, editor and manager. Paul J. Thomson, acting for his brother, James M. Thomson, publisher of The Item, performed a similar service in The Item office. James M. Thomson is in Washington visiting his fiancé, Miss Genevieve Clark, daughter of Speaker Clark. Managing editors handled make-up rules and reporters scattered ink over their fellows in struggles with the proofs.

The publishers today reiterated their assertion that henceforth they would operate upon an open shop basis. Numerous applicants from non-union offices have said they were willing to come to New Orleans to replace the union printers. President Scott of the International Typographical Union is expected here tomorrow in a final effort to adjust matters.

Union's Side of the Fight.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Dec. 28.—New Orleans Typographical Union adopted a law last Spring prohibiting its members from working more than five days in a week in order to take care of the unemployed incident to the business depression then existing and the consolidation of The Picayune and The Times Democrat. The publishers objected to the law as a change of established working conditions, and the union rescinded the law pending a decision by a committee as prescribed in the contract agreement.

The publishers failed to present their case before the committee, and the committee ruled the publishers in default. The publishers then demanded that the law be rescinded and the matter submitted to a committee. The union refused to rescind the law, claiming no change under the contract in the working conditions and offered to submit this phase to a committee for determination.

The publishers refused, and requested the union to call a special meeting on Sunday, Dec. 27, at 3 P. M. The meeting was called. The publishers notified the union that unless it abrogated the five-day law, with return of fines for violations thereof; making the foreman absolute, without appeal; abrogation of the priority law, the law regarding the use of non-union plates and cuts, the reproduction law, the law of appeal in discharge cases, and a reduction of scale, they would hereafter conduct non-union shops. The union rescinded the five-day law and offered arbitration, which the publishers refused. The five-day law is absolutely no expense to the publishers. All the dailies are out except the French paper. J. N. BREEN, Secretary-Treasurer, New Orleans Typographical Union.

EX-LEGISLATOR VANISHES.

St. Louis Mystified by Case of R. G. Crow—Woman and Boy Held.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Dec. 28.—Robert G. Crow, former State Representative and Postmaster of Caruthersville, Mo., and now, if alive, agent of the New York Life Insurance Company, vanished from the Pontiac Hotel here some time after 5 o'clock last Wednesday, and the disappearance forms one of the most puzzling mysteries the police of St. Louis have dealt with in recent years. The police gave out the story today with the arrest of Elizabeth Halliday of Illmo, Mo., and Thomas Daniels, a bellboy at the hotel.

Crow came here early last week from Illmo, having closed up his year's business with the insurance company, and having in his possession more than $1,200.

On Monday Miss Halliday came to the hotel and asked for him. He could not be found in his room, but all of his clothing was there. His shirt, with collar buttons and studs in it, lay on the bed. The suit he was wearing when last seen was in his room. His wife told the police by telephone today that he had only the one suit with him when he left home. None of his money was in the room.

The door of the room was locked. There was no key in sight. No packages had come for Crow, and no one at the hotel had seen him bring in any bundles. W. P. Linzee, manager of the hotel, said he did not believe that Crow had purchased any clothing.

"Crow, or his body," said Linzee, "went out of that room in underclothing."

Miss Halliday was arrested with the bellboy at another hotel today.

"I have known Crow a long time," she said, "and we had some idea of getting married some time. He told me when I saw him last that something was going to happen within the next two months that would greatly surprise me. I do not know what he meant."

Charles Crow, the brother of the missing man, said Robert Crow was very fond of his family, and that he did not believe Miss Halliday's story.

EXPRESS REVENUES DROP.

Nine Large Companies Hard Hit by Parcel Post Service.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—Earnings of nine large express companies for August, just reported to the Interstate Commerce Commission, show a further loss of business to the parcel post service.

The Adams, American, Canadian, Globe, Great Northern, Southern, Wells Fargo, and Western Express Companies had aggregate gross revenues for August of $11,691,546, a decrease from the corresponding month of last year of $1,123,000. For the first two months of the current fiscal year the decrease was $1,797,000. The combined operating income showed a deficit of $271,000, whereas a year ago there was a profit of $100,000. For the two months the deficit was $77,000, as against a surplus of $377,000 a year ago.

The Adams, American, Southern, and Western all operated at a loss in August.

CHAPLAIN ACCUSES DRIVER.

Fire Auto Damaged by Recklessness, He Tells Night Court.

The Rev. Joseph H. Ivie, a Fire Department chaplain, caused the arrest of Michael Byron, 40 years old, a driver, of 300 East Forty-ninth Street, on the charge of disorderly conduct last night.

In the Men's Night Court Chaplain Ivie said he was driving an automobile of the Fire Department, accompanied by a fireman, on his way to a meeting of the police Legion of Honor, at Terrace Garden, when at Park Avenue and Fifty-eighth Street his machine was struck by an Adams Express Company truck in charge of Byron. The automobile was damaged, Dr. Ivie said, by Byron's reckless driving.

Byron asked for an adjournment and was put under $300 bond to appear today in Yorkville Court.

QUINTARD FIGHTS SUIT FOR $54,596

Ironmaker's Son Says Salesman Asked Him While Drunk to Buy Gems for Women.

TELLS OF LONG DEBAUCH

Necklaces Worth $12,000, $13,000, and $8,000 Among the Articles Bought from Dreicer & Co.

George W. Quintard, son of an iron manufacturer, filed an affidavit with the Supreme Court recently in which he said that he had been drunk for two months at the beginning of the year and was incapable, for part of that time, of transacting any business. To convince the court that he told the truth, his affidavit was accompanied by others that corroborated him amply.

Mr. Quintard filed the affidavits in connection with a suit brought against him by Dreicer & Co., jewelers in Fifth Avenue, for $54,596. He wanted the court to deny the request of the jewelers to put the case on the preferred calendar. Justice Greenbaum granted Mr. Quintard's request yesterday, and the suit will proceed in the regular order.

In his affidavit Mr. Quintard said that he was living at the time of the alleged purchase of the jewels at 39 West Fifty-fifth Street and that a salesman for Dreicer & Co. lived in the same house. They used to exchange visits, and on several occasions, according to Mr. Quintard, the salesman, whose name does not appear in the affidavit, introduced women into Mr. Quintard's apartment. The affidavit says:

> He would bring different women with him, and while deponent was in a condition so that he did not know what he was doing, would ask him to buy valuable pieces of jewelry, such as necklaces, for which a charge is made of between $12,000, $13,000, and $8,000. Most of these women were total strangers to him, and were, as deponent is informed, introduced to him by plaintiff's salesman, who would say:
>
> "George, this is a nice girl, why don't you buy her a bar pin, meshbag, or some other piece of jewelry?"

Mr. Quintard said that the piece of jewelry suggested would be turned over to the girl, and that he would be charged for it. He said he never saw the plaintiff's bill until it was shown to him by his attorneys about June 9 last, and that he had never promised to pay it, and that he never had the articles mentioned in his possession.

Charles Whann, Jr., who used to go to a preparatory school with Mr. Quintard, was a guest at Mr. Quintard's apartment during part of January and most of February. He made an affidavit, in which he described the defendant's habits in this way:

> He would drink four or five milk punches before breakfast in the morning, and followed that by drinking Scotch highballs and rye highballs. He hardly ever ate anything until dinner time, and then very little. At lunch time he would drink some beer, and during the afternoon continue to dring highballs. At dinner time frequently, when the dinner was on the table, he would eat nothing. He drank five or six cocktails at dinner time, and also some champagne, and from that time until the hour when it was impossible for him to drink anything more he continued to drink sometimes champagne and sometimes highballs and sometimes both.

Mr. Whann said that this condition of things continued for about six weeks. He told also of the salesman's visits to the apartment with women.

Henry Hulbert, Mr. Quintard's valet, also corroborated Mr. Quintard, and said that among the women who were at the apartment at various times were Miss Hudson, Mrs. Rogers, Miss Olga Harding, Miss Kingsley, and Miss Leach. He said that while these women were in the apartment Mr. Quintard would sometimes fall asleep in his chair or on the couch.

Lillie Werner, employed in Mr. Quintard's household, said that after the latter had left for Florida in March, Mrs. Rogers called her on the telephone and said that some one had asked her to return the necklace she had and added:

"I will have nothing he does not want me to have."

Mr. Quintard was charged with having received on Feb. 16 a pearl pin worth $2,200, a diamond brooch worth $1,650, two diamond rings worth $4,900, two bracelets worth $5,250, two brooches worth $3,300, and two pearl necklaces, one containing eighty-six pearls, costing $8,000, and the other with eighty-three pearls and a diamond clasp, valued at $12,700. The total sum charged against Mr. Quintard is about $64,000, but he objects only to the alleged purchases made in January and February.

Sullivan & Cromwell represent the plaintiffs and Maxson & Leale are Mr. Quintard's attorneys.

BEDFORD HAS NO RULES.

Superintendent's Word the Only Law, Says President Wood.

President James Wood of the Managers of the Bedford Reformatory for Women told the State Charities Committee yesterday that the reformatory was the only penal institution in the State which has no rules. He said:

> For many months we considered the question of adopting rules for the reformatory, and finally decided to make a new departure by having a ruleless management. If you have rules it is bound to result in a machine. Instead we now study the needs of the individual and treat each as requirements and conditions may suggest for the greatest good. The Superintendent, Miss Mary R. Moore, is the sole law of the reformatory, and she in turn is responsible to the Board of Managers.
>
> We are inspected annually by some seventeen bodies, who come and inspect and then report on everything under the sun, and I shall show that some reports directly contradict what other inspections profess to have found or not found.

"Well, hasn't the law been violated by keeping children more than two years old with their mothers?" asked Secretary Robert W. Hebberd.

"The children have been kept because the State gave us no money to provide for their care elsewhere," answered President Wood.

Asked about overcrowding and mental defectives, President Wood replied:

> When we refused to accept certain commitments, Justice Morschauser of the Supreme Court notified the board that, if we did not immediately take six girls from the White Plains jail he would go before the Grand Jury and have us indicted.

The next hearing will be held within two weeks at the reformatory.

FOR A STATE CONSTABULARY

Merchants Also Urge That City Employes Join the Militia.

The Merchants' Association announced last night that it had adopted resolutions favoring a State constabulary similar to that of Pennsylvania. President W. A. Marble has also written to Mayor Mitchel advocating the entrance of city employes into the National Guard.

In his letter to the Mayor President Marble suggests that the city cause it to be known to its employes that service in the National Guard is favored, that such service be advantageously recognized in connection with advancements and promotions, and that the city grant time to its employes in the service for camp and militia duty, without deduction from pay.

CUTS BISCHOFF VERDICT.

Justice's Estate Agrees to Take $77,491 for His Death.

Supreme Court Justice Kellogg reduced yesterday the verdict of $100,000 obtained against the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank by the estate of the late Justice Henry Bischoff to $70,000 and interest, which brings the total to $77,491. James S. Meng, executor of the estate, agreed to accept this amount.

While going to his chambers in the bank building on March 28, 1913, Justice Bischoff fell from the eleventh floor down the elevator shaft and was killed. The estate sued for $150,000.

BANKS' GLEE CLUB TO SING.

Music at Tree in Madison Square Tomorrow Night.

The musical exercises that will be held around the Tree of Light in Madison Square tomorrow night will be under the direction and through the courtesy of the New York City Banks' Glee Club, of which Frank A. Vanderlip is President, and H. R. Humphreys musical director. The new Peace Hymn, set to the air of "America," will be sung, as will "Our Country's Flag," by Mr. Humphreys, and "Hail, Gentle Peace."

There will be piano, organ, clarinet, and cornet accompaniment to the 100 voices of the glee club, and the crowd will be asked to join in the choruses, as heretofore.

EDITH ST. CLAIR GOES REELING FROM CHAIR

Her Perjury Trial Adjourned When Illness Overcomes the Actress Who Sued Erlanger.

WHY SHE TURNED ON STEUER

Says Aid Was Promised to Her if She Didn't Testify for Lawyer Before Bar Association.

Edith St. Clair, the actress who is on trial before Justice Davis in the Criminal Term of the Supreme Court for perjury growing out of her repudiation of testimony which she gave in her suit against Abraham Erlanger, testified in her own behalf yesterday. She began her testimony at 3:30 o'clock, but fainted after she had been testifying for half an hour, and the trial was adjourned.

Miss St. Clair asserted that a theatrical agent named Kiely told her in January, 1913, just before the hearing of charges against Max D. Steuer, formerly Miss St. Clair's lawyer, began at the Bar Association, that if she would stay away from the proceedings and not testify in Steuer's behalf, she would receive $22,500, the money which she won in her suit against Erlanger, and, further, that a vaudeville sketch would be written for her and costumes supplied.

When Miss St. Clair went to the witness chair she was apparently in great physical distress. Her voice was scarcely audible, and at times she broke down entirely. A physician stood near the witness stand and administered restoratives to her frequently.

When Klaw & Erlanger employed her in 1897, she testified, she was 16 years old. She stayed in their employ twelve years. In that time she saw Mr. Erlanger often, at his office and sometimes at her home.

"After the trial of your suit against Klaw & Erlanger and the return of a verdict in your favor, were you in search of work?" Benjamin Slade, her counsel, asked.

"Yes," the witness replied.

"Were you able to find any employment?"

"I was not."

Miss St. Clair said that after her suit she became very ill and was forced to go to a sanitarium. Ater that she lived with her sister in Pelham. In January, 1913, she went to a booking agent, who took her to a man named Kiely.

"Kiely said that employment would be given me by Pat Casey, at the suggestion of Mr. Erlanger," the witness testified. "They said that they would have a sketch written for me. Kiely said that I should remain away from Steuer, because he had injured me to a great extent, and they asked me to—"

At that point in her narrative Miss St. Clair was overcome, and it was several minutes before she could continue.

"I met Kiely some days later," she said when she had recovered, "and he told me about the proceedings against Mr. Steuer at the Bar Association. He asked me to stay away from the Bar Association and said that I should not testify in Mr. Steuer's behalf. He said that Mr. Steuer had never been a good friend to me. Mr. Steuer had always been kind and sympathetic to me as my attorney and I didn't see why he should want to injure me.

"Kiely told me to see him at his office on the morning the proceedings against Mr. Steuer were to begin. When I called on Kiely he told me not to testify for Mr. Steuer in the Bar Association proceedings and said that if I stayed away I would get work. He said a sketch would be written for me and that Pat Casey would take care of my costumes. Mr. Kiely suggested that I call on Mr. Jerome—"

Miss St. Clair fainted at this point, and as after a short recess she was still ill the session was closed. Her testimony today, according to Alfred Frankenthaler, her lawyer, will have to do with four affidavits, which it is charged she signed in the office of William Travers Jerome. In these affidavits Miss St. Clair repudiated her testimony at the civil suit against Mr. Erlanger and charged that Steuer induced her to give false testimony. Miss St. Clair asserts now that these affidavits were false.

Several stenographers in the office of Mr. Jerome testified at the morning session. They produced shorthand notes of interviews between Mr. Jerome and Miss St. Clair. Mr. Jerome was in court during most of the proceedings.

The trial will go on at 10:30 o'clock this morning, when Miss St. Clair will continue her story.

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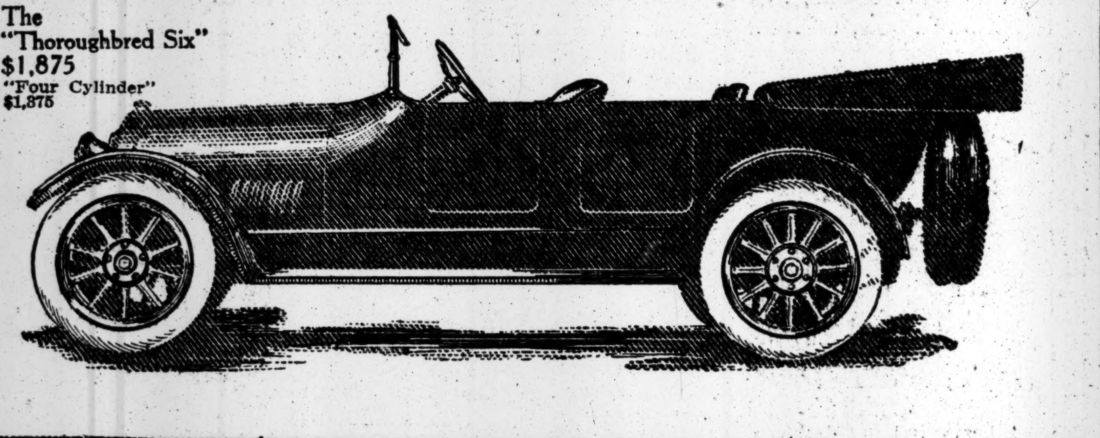

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TOY SPANIEL DOG SHOW AT THE WALDORF --- SCHOOLBOYS IN TENNIS --- BASEBALL

LITTLE DOGS HAVE THEIR DAY IN RING

Women Flock to the Waldorf-Astoria to View Judging of Aristocratic Pets.

With many more dogs benched than at last year's exhibition, the twelfth annual show of the Toy Spaniel Club of America opened yesterday at the Waldorf-Astoria and will continue today.

Next to the Westminster Kennel Club show, this is the largest and most important exhibition held in New York. An unusually large assemblage of well-dressed women crowded around the three rings, where the officials were kept busy from 1 o'clock in the morning until late at night.

The competition in the classes where there wer more than one or two entries was of the keenest kind, with the result that many old champions lost their laurels, and others captured their crowns. The judging on the whole appeared to be generally satisfactory to the competitors, although here and there a complaint was overheard of an official, who, some thought, judged the dogs too superfically, not taking sufficient time to look into the fine points of each animal.

The showing of the Pomeranians was particularly good, both in quality and quantity. One of the notable victories for American-bred dogs was the winning of Mrs. Frank T. Clarke's Fairfax Wee Bernice in the class for bitches bred in America. Bernice is a very dainty little animal, and has all the marks of a thoroughbred. And as Mr. Clark said: "She ought to have, as she was born and bred on the property of the Coney Island and Jockey Club at Sheepshead Bay."

Mrs. Clarke's entry had a close competition in Mrs. L. G. Forbes' Lady Pansy which was bred by Mrs. R. F. Mayhew. The latter, who is a prominent exhibitor at all the speciality shows, was defeated in the puppy class, by Miss Marian Kennedy's Bunny Blackthorn. Mrs. Mayhew's entry was Fox Hills Highflyer, which showed to better advantage than the winner of the blue. The usual applause was lacking when this award was made.

When the tiny white toy French poodles came before the judges there was a general exclamation of "Oh, look at the dear little things."

With their hind quarters clipped clean, except in a few spots where small "poms" had been left, after the most approved style, they resembled half plucked chickens more than dogs, or as one irrelevant spectator observed, "They look like French lamb chops." After a great deal of deliberation the judges awarded the blue to champion Sweetsire of Dyker.

Mrs. M. E. Harby took many prizes with her champions in the Pekingese divisions. Of the small dogs her American-bred Nowata Qna Fe won a number of ribbons. The awards follow:

English Toy Spaniels.

KING CHARLES.

Puppy Dogs.—Won by Marie L. Kern's Milfort Kernal; Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence M. Peck's King Lawrence, second.

Novice Dogs.—Won by Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence M. Peck's King George.

American Bred Dogs.—Won by Mrs. E. I. Hall's Deermont King; Mrs. Carl Baumann's Tipo Tam o' Shanter, second; Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence M. Peck's King George, third.

Limit, Dogs.—Won by Greenacre Kennels' Ashton More's Young Baronet; Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence M. Peck's King George, second.

Open, Dogs.—Won by Greenacre Kennels' Champion Sporting Charge.

Winners, Dogs.—First, Mrs. E. I. Hall's Deermont King; Greenacre Kennels' Ashton More's Young Baronet, second.

Puppy, Bitches.—Won by Mrs. W. D. Harrigan's Rosemary Suzette.

Novice, Bitches.—Won by Mrs. W. D. Harrigan's Rosemary Suzette.

American Bred Bitches.—Won by Mrs. James Barry's Rosemary Fluffy Ruffles.

Limit, Bitches.—Won by Mrs. E. I. Hall's Deermont Rosemary.

Open, Bitches.—Won by Greenacre Kennels' Champion Ariadne; Mrs. E. I. Hall's Deermont Rosemary, second; Dalewood Kennels' Champion Rosemary Lady Culvert, third.

Winners, Bitches.—First, Greenacre Kennels' Champion Ariadne; Mrs. E. I. Hall's Deermont Rosemary, second.

Brace Class.—Won by Greenacre Kennels' Brace.

Puppy, Dogs.—Won by Mrs. James Doig's Rainbow Young Aleck; Mrs. Jennie J. Peacock's Rosemary Nugget, second.

PRINCE CHARLES.

American Bred, Dogs.—Won by Mrs. James Doig's Rainbow Jimidee; Greenacre Kennels' Greenacre Punch, second.

Open, Dogs.—Won by Mrs. James Doig's Champion Breakwater Wonder; Mrs. Mary C. Cook's Champion Yetson Checkmate, second; Mrs. James Doig's Champion Rosemary Rainbow, third.

Winners, Dogs.—Won by Mrs. James Doig's Champion Breakwater Wonder; Mrs. Mary C. Cook's Champion Yetson Checkmate, reserve.

Puppy, Bitches.—Won by Mrs. H. Stockert's Ladie Reggiena; Mrs. J. Peacock's Rosemary Darling, second; Dalewood Kennels' Dalewood Rhoda, third.

Novice, Bitches.—Won by Mrs. Nells Christiansen's Rainbow Princess Margaret; Dalewood Kennels' Dalewood Rhoda, second.

Limit, Bitches.—Won by Mrs. James Doig's Warfedale Moonlight; Mrs. M. F. Kissane's Wonder's Fairy Footsteps of Caton Hill, second.

Open, Bitches.—Won by Mrs. James Doig's Champion La Cigale; Dalewood Kennels' Champion Rainbow Beautiful Doll, second.

Winners, Bitches.—Won by Mrs. James Doig's Warfedale Moonlight; Mrs. James Doig's Champion La Cigale, second.

Brace Class.—Won by Mrs. James Doig's Brace.

Team Class.—Won by Mrs. James Doig's team.

BLENHEIM.

Puppy, Dogs.—Won by Mrs. James Doig's Rainbow Dandy Boy.

Novice Dogs.—Won by Frederic H. Kruse's Rex.

Limit, Dogs.—Won by Mrs. Grant Hamilton's Rosemary Little Kruger.

Open, Dogs.—Won by Mrs. M. F. Kissane's Romance of Caton Hall.

Winners, Dogs.—Won by Mrs. M. F. Kissane's Romance of Caton Hall; Mrs. Grant Hamilton's Rosemary Little Kruger, second.

American-Bred Bitches.—Won by Greenacre Kennels' Greenacre Tiedy.

Limit, Bitches.—Won by Mrs. W. D. Harrigan's Rosemary Fanchon.

Open, Bitches.—Won by Mrs. Willard S. Adams's Patrician Gift.

Winners, Bitches.—Won by Mrs. Willard S. Adams's Patrician Gift; Mrs. Mary C. Cook's Little Miss Midget, reserve.

Brace.—Won by Greenacre Kennels' brace.

RUBY.

American Bred.—Won by Greenacre Kennels' Rosemary Defiance.

Limit, Dogs.—Won by Mrs. E. I. Hall's Deermont Ray.

Open, Dogs.—Won by Mrs. Meyer Cohen's Champion Rosemary Red Rambler.

Winners, Dogs.—Won by Mrs. Meyer Cohen's Champion Rosemary Red Rambler; Mrs. E. I. Hall's Deermont Ray, reserve.

Puppy, Bitches.—Won by Karl Wenzel's Lady Queen.

Novice, Bitches.—Won by Karl Wenzel's Lady Queen.

American-bred, Bitches.—Won by Mrs. E. I. Hall's Deermont Russet Maid.

Open, Bitches.—Won by Miss Clarice Lithaur's Lady Amelia.

Winners, Bitches.—Won by Mrs. E. I. Hall's Deermont Russet Maid; Miss Clarice Lithaur's Lady Amelia, reserve.

Japanese Spaniels.

Puppy, Dogs.—Won by Mrs. James McDonnell's Togo.

Novice, Dogs.—Won by Louis Leonhardt's Leonhardt's Kobi.

American-bred, Dogs.—Won by Mrs. M. A. Belford's San Toy.

Limit, Dogs.—Won by Miss Lucy A. Harksen's Otta San.

Open, Dogs.—Won by Greenacre Kennels' Champion Omija.

Winners, Dogs.—Won by Greenacre Kennels' Champion Omija; Mrs. M. A. Belford's San Toy, reserve.

Puppy, Bitches.—Won by Mrs. James McDonnell's Wewe.

Limit, Bitches.—Won by Mrs. Ethel May Way's Mo-Mo.

Open, Bitches.—Won by Mrs. E. H. Berendsohn's Inamba.

Winners, Bitches.—Won by Mrs. E. H. Berendsohn's Inamba, reserve; Mrs. Ethel May Way's Mo-Mo.

Brace—Won by Mrs. James McDonnell's brace.

Pekingese.

Puppy, Dogs.—Won by Mrs. M. E. Harby's Nowata Ai-Gee Gobie.

Novice, Dogs.—Won by Mrs. Belmont Tiffany's George Washington Wang.

American Bred, Dogs, (8 pounds and under.)—Won by Mrs. M. E. Harby's Nowata Chinky.

American Bred, Dogs, (over 8 pounds.)—Won by Bisohopgate Kennels' Kang Hsi of Bishopgate.

American Bred, Dogs, (not exceeding 6 pounds.)—Won by Mrs. M. E. Harby's Nowata Qua Fe.

American-Bred, Dogs, red or sable.—Won by Bishopgate Kennels' Kang Hsi of Bishopgate.

American-Bred, Dogs, biscuit or gray brindle.—Won by Mrs. A. L. Holland's Gow-Dai of Hydegree.

Limit, Dogs, 8 pounds and under.—Won by Mrs. A. L. Holland's Young Wen-Ti of Hydegree.

Limit, Dogs, over 8 pounds.—Won by Greenacre Kennels' Benjamin of Sandy.

Open, Dogs, 8 pounds and under.—Won by Mrs. M. E. Harby's Nanking Pao Kwei.

Open, Dogs, over 8 pounds.—Won by Mrs. M. E. Harby's Champion Chu Jen of Toddington.

Open, Dogs, not exceeding 6 pounds.—Won by Mrs. M. Van Beuren's Lun Beetle.

Open, Dogs, blac.—Won by Mrs. A. McClure Halley's Fo. of Llenrud.

Open, Dogs, red or sable.—Won by Mrs. M. E. Harby's Champion Nowata Chun of Egham.

Open, Dogs, biscuit or gray brindle.—Won by Mrs. M. E. Harby's Nanking Pao Kwei.

Open, Dogs, any weight and any color.—Won by Mrs. A. McClure Halley's Nanking Mei of Llenrud.

Winners, Dogs.—Won by Mrs. M. E. Harby's Champion Chu Jen of Toddington; Mrs. A. McClure Halley's Nanking Mei of Llenrud, reserve.

Open, Dogs, bred by exhibitor.—Won by Mrs. M. Van Beuren's Sun Beetle.

Puppies, Bitches.—Won by Mrs. M. E. Harby's Nowata Aigee Ching Fo.

Novice, Bitches.—Won by Mrs. W. A. Butler's Woe Got.

American Bred, Bitches, (over 8 pounds.)—Won by Mrs. William Sheppard's Lady Beetle of Minoru.

American Bred, Bitches, (not exceeding 6 pounds.)—Won by Mrs. M. E. Harby's Nowata Mochoktin.

American Bred, Bitches, (red or sable.)—Won by Mrs. William Sheppard's Lady Beetle of Minoru.

American Bred, Bitches, (biscuit or gray brindle.)—Won by Mrs. A. L. Holland's Yeg-Gal of Hydegree.

American Bred, Bitches, (any other color.)—Won by Mrs. A. L. Holland's Bun-Jan of Hydegree.

Limit, Bitches, (8 pounds and under.)—Won by Mrs. Grant Hamilton's Daphne of Valhalla.

Limit, Bitches, (over 8 pounds.)—Won by Mrs. M. Van Beuren's Fah Min of Newnham.

Open, Bitches, (8 pounds and under.)—Won by Rockcliffe Kennels' Choo Tee of Rockcliffe.

Open, Bitches, (over 8 pounds.)—Won by Mrs. M. Van Beuren's Fah Min of Newnham.

Open, Bitches, (not exceeding 6 pounds.)—Won by Mrs. M. E. Harby's Nowata Mochoktin.

Open, Bitches, (not exceeding 5 pounds.)—Won by Mrs. L. de Lancey Ward's Cherry Blossom.

Open, Bitches, Red or Sable.—Won by Mrs. L. de Lancey Ward's Champion Sheng-Dai.

Open, Bitches, Biscuit or Gray Brindle.—Won by Mrs. M. van Beuren's Fah Min or Newnham.

Open, Bitches, Any Weight or Any Color.—Won by Mrs. Rose E. Knight's Tye Lee of Egham.

Winners, Bitches.—Won by Mrs. Rose E. Knight's Tye Lee of Egham; Mrs. M. E. Harby's Nowata Mochoktin, reserve.

Open, Bitches, Bred by Exhibitor.—Won by Mrs. M. E. Harby's Nowata Mochokten.

Brace, Red.—Won by Mrs. M. E. Harby's brace.

Brace, Bitches.—Won by Mrs. M. E. Harby's brace.

Brace, Any Color.—Won by Mrs. William Sheppard's brace.

Team, Any Color.—Won by Mrs. M. E. Harby's team.

Scottish Terriers.

Novice, Dogs.—Won by Merryall Kennels' Merryall East Wind.

American Bred, Dogs.—Won by Merryall Kennels' Merryall East Wind.

Limit, Dogs.—Won by Miss Eleanor M. Mellon's Laindon Loon.

Open, Dogs.—Won by Newcastle Kennels' Wee Bit Impetuous.

Winners, Dogs.—Won by Newcastle Kennels' Wee Bit Impetuous; Miss Eleanor M. Mellon's Laindon Loon, reserve.

American Bred, Bitches.—Won by Newcastle Kennels' Newcastle Scotch Bon.

Open, Bitches.—Won by Newcastle Kennels' Newcastle Scotch Bon.

Winners, Bitches.—Won by Newcastle Kennels' Nawcastle Scotch Bon; reserve, no award.

Pomeranians.

Puppy Dogs.—Won by Miss Marian Kennedy's Bunny Blackthorn.

Novice, Dogs.—Won by Mrs. R. F. Mayhew's Fox Hills Dreadnought.

American Bred, Dogs.—Won by Mrs. M. Koerlin's Tiny Black Boy.

Limit Dogs, Under 8 Pounds, Brown or Chocolate.—Won by Henry Physick's Bogota Chocolate Fly.

Limit Dogs, Under 8 Pounds, Any Color Except Brown, Black, or Chocolate.—Won by Mrs. George Russell Peabody's Afon Cracker.

Limit Dogs, Any Color or Weight.—Won by Mrs. George Russell Peabody's Afon Cracker.

Open, Dogs, Under 8 Pounds, Brown or Chocolate.—Won by Reuben Clark's Hillkay Chocolate Dandy.

Open, Dogs, Under 8 Pounds, Shaded Sable.—Won by Miss Marian Kennedy's Pomeria Wasp.

Open, Dogs, 8 Pounds and Over, Any Color.—Won by Miss Lena Schilling's Haughty Chocolate Prince.

Open, Dogs, Any Color or Weight.—Won by Miss Marian Kennedy's Champion Parneuk Blackthorn.

Winners, Dogs.—Won by Miss Marian Kennedy's Champion Parneuk Blackthorn; reserve, Mrs. M. Koerlin's Tiny Black Boy.

Puppy, Bitches.—Won by Mrs. Henry Hill's Vesta Victoria.

Novice, Bitches.—Won by Mrs. E. S. Allard's Pomland Topaz.

American-Bred Bitches.—Won by Mrs. Frank T. Clarke's Fairfax Wee Bernice.

Limit, Bitches, Under 8 Pounds, Black.—Won by Mrs. Nate Nealon's Poppsy.

Limit, Bitches, Under 8 Pounds, Brown or Chocolate.—Won by Mrs. L. G. Forbes's Lady Pansy.

Limit, Bitches, Under 8 Pounds, Any Color Except Black, Brown, or Chocolate.—Won by Mrs. M. Johnson's Baby Linkin.

Limit, Bitches, Any Color or Weight.—Won by Mrs. L. G. Forbes's Lady Pansy.

Open, Bitches, Under 8 Pounds, Black.—Won by Miss Marian Kennedy's Forester's Mite of Delight.

Open Bitches, Under 8 Pounds, Brown or Chocolate.—Won by Miss Ellen P. Laflin's Mistress Peggie V.

Open, Bitches, Under 8 Pounds, Shaded Sable.—Won by Mrs. J. L. Mallery's Sabrinetta.

Open, Bitches, Any Color or Weight.—Won by Miss Marian Kennedy's Champion Harwich Beauty.

Winners, Bitches.—Won by Miss Marian Kennedy's Champion Horwich Beauty; Miss Marian Kennedy's Forester's Mite of Delight, reserve.

Brace.—Won by Mrs. J. L. Mallery's Brace.

Team.—Won by Miss Ellen P. Laflin's Team.

BURNLEY DOWNS CHELSEA.

Surprise in First Division of English League at London.

LONDON, Dec. 28.—Several important league soccer games were set for decision today. In the first division of the English Association League, Burnley gained a decisive win over Chelsea in London by 4 to 1, which was a big surprise, while Sheffield United beat Notts County by the only goal scored. Two second division games were played, Birmingham beating Notts Forest by 3 to 0, and Derby County severely trounced Leicester Fosse by six clear goals, which improves their lead to four points over Huddersfield Town at the top of the league.

Milwall had bad luck in their Southern League game with Queens Park Rangers away from home, as after obtaining the lead, a dense fog came on and deprived them of two certain points, as well as getting into first position. Swindon Town gave a splendid account of themselves in their home game with Croydon Common, beating them all ends up by the big margin of 7 to 1. Scores:

League I.—Sheffield United 1, Notts County 0; Chelsea 1, Burnley 4.

League II.—Leicester Fosse 0, Derby County 6; Birmingham 3, Notts Forest 0.

Southern League—Swindon Town 7, Croydon Common 1; Bristol Rovers 4, Southend United 1; Northampton 1, Exeter City 1; Crystal Palace 2, Norwich City 1.

Queens Park Rangers vs. Milwall, abandoned; fog.

West Side Y. M. C. A. Indoor Games.

Scratch men fared badly in the three handicap events which were part of the bi-monthly games of the West Side Branch of the Young Men's Christian Association, held last night in the gymnasium, West Fifty-seventh Street, and in only one event did the honor man come out victorious. A. H. Dolder, the Y. M. C. A. star, was the athlete who successfully conceded handicaps, and his performance in winning the 1,000-yard handicap race was the feature. He covered the distance after a hard race in the fast time of 2:20 3-5, failing by a small margin in equaling the branch record. The summary:

20-Yard Dash.—Won by H. Rohrbach; H. F. Davis, second; C. A. Underhill, third. Time—0:03.

176-Yard Dash, Handicap.—Won by E. G. Grant, (2 yards;) H. F. Davis, (1 yard,) second; C. A. Underhill, (scratch,) third. Time—0:19 4-5.

Two-Mile Run, Handicap.—Won by H. De Witt, (45 yards;) C. Henningsen, (scratch,) second; C. R. Davis, (100 yards,) third. Time—10:25.

1,000-Yard Run, Handicap.—Won by A. H. Dolder, (scratch;) C. A. Miller, (10 yards,) second; E. Church, (20 yards,) third. Time—2:20 3-5.

Seven-Lap Relay Race.—Won by team captained by E. G. Grant; team captained by C. Hennigsen, second.

Johnson $6,000 Bonus Adrift.

COFFEYVILLE, Kan., Dec. 28.—Walter Johnson, the baseball pitcher, had not received the $6,000 which dispatches last Saturday said President Weeghman of the Chicago Federals was returning to him up to late today. The money was returned to the Chicago Club by Johnson to pay back a bonus advanced for signing a contract with the Federals. Johnson said, even if the money came, he would not accept it until after he had the advice of Manager Griffith of the Washington Club.

JUNIORS PLAY FAST TENNIS IN ARMORY

Twenty Survivors in the First Indoor Metropolitan Championship.

Twenty out of the eighty-three contestants in the first metropolitan junior indoor singles lawn tennis championship survived the first day's play at the Seventh Regiment Armory yesterday, with one player qualified for the fifth round. C. M. Cordley of Glen Ridge won his way into the latter round by a hard three-set victory over G. A. Zabriskie of Trinity School after two clever victories in the previous rounds.

Competition in the early rounds of the tournament was of an unusually interesting character and few defaults were registered. This latter condition was due to the fact that the schoolboys are on a vacation and were promptly on hand to take their places at the net when the referee called the respective matches in the schedule.

Several reversals of form marked the first and second rounds. Abraham Bassford 2d of White Plains, after winning his first match by default from W. Loeb, went down to defeat before L. P. Bayard, Jr., of St. George's School, after two close sets. Bayard was unable to maintain his form and yielded to Matthew Taylor of Fordham in straight sets.

H. W. Forster of Yonkers High School, who was runner up to Harold Throckmorton of New Jersey in the outdoor junior championship, defeated J. Holmes, Jr., Middlesex School, brother-in-law to Gustave F. Touchard, in easy fashion. Holmes showed excellent form in the outdoor tournaments last Summer, and was expected to make a strong bid for the indoor title.

In the early rounds of the tournament A. Mayer of New York was forced to the limit to win from Walter Hanlon, the Curtis High School crack. Two of the three sets decided went to deuce before Mayer was able to claim a victory. The longest match of the first round was between A. M. Hurd of New York and R. N. Lamarche, Carlton Academy. The latter won the first set 14—12 after deuce had been called a number of times. Deuce and vantage was twice called in the second set before Hurd equalized matters. The third and deciding set was also hard fought, Hurd finally winning after a total of forty-eight points.

The defeat of B. E. Van Raalk, Columbia University, was another big surprise. His opponent, C. F. Fuller, Groton School, put up an unexpected brand of tennis and won in straight sets. Fuller followed this victory with a comparatively easy win over R. Raymond, Poly Prep.

A. R. Oliver, East Orange High School, and W. Platt, St. Mark's School, gave a pretty exhibition of finished tennis in the third round. The latter, after a hard struggle, won the first set, and then fell off in his play, and Oliver came through with an easy victory in the second and third sets. The summary:

First Round.—L. P. Bayard, Jr., defeated E. M. Finn, by default; A. Bassford, 2d, defeated W. Loeb, by default; J. Holmes, Jr., defeated R. B. Raymond, 6—1, 6—2; H. W. Forster defeated G. A. Myers, 6—1, 7—5; A. Mayer defeated Walter Hanlon, 6—4, 5—7, 7—5; E. H. Benzen defeated G. H. Gieldersleve, 6—0, 6—0; L. G. French defeated W. B. Mack, by default; R. C. Rand defeated J. A. Rogers, 6—4, 6—2; S. Reis defeated W. Hammerslough, by default; S. M. Banks defeated L. A. Ruchgaber, 6—0, 6—2; D. H. Sulzberger defeated R. Kiernan, 6—1, 6—4; R. S. Goldman defeated B. H. Letson, 6—2, 6—4; J. W. Wolff defeated A. Ward, by default; A. M. Hurd defeated R. W. Lamarche, 12—14, 7—5, 6—4; J. P. McQuaide defeated E. Hendrickson, by default; T. Francis defeated W. P. Prisinger, Jr., by default; F. E. Bailey defeated John Hicks, 3—6, 6—0, 6—3; W. H. Whittemore defeated T. L. Motley by default; D. A. Allen defeated A. W. Frostby, by default.

Second Round.—C. F. Fuller defeated B. E. Van Raalte, 6—4, 6—2; R. Raymond defeated R. Sanderson, 6—3, 7—5; R. H. Haines defeated V. Brinkman by default; A. Burroughs defeated H. P. Davidson, Jr., by default; Alfred R. Oliver defeated G. Fallon, 9—7, 9—7; W. Platt defeated J. M. Finney, 6—4, 6—1; E. D. Cumming defeated F. Myers, 6—1, 4—6, 7—5; Wadsworth Dunn defeated P. L. Sutphen by default; W. Katz defeated G. N. Saunders, 6—3, 6—2; W. R. Betts defeated H. H. Gillespie by default; M. Taylor defeated P. Friechman 6—3, 6—0; L. P. Bayard, Jr., defeated A. Bassford 2d, 6—3, 7—5; H. W. Forster defeated J. Holmes, Jr., 6—3, 6—2; L. M. Banks defeated S. Reis, 6—0, 6—0; R. C. Rand defeated L. G. French, 7—5, 4—6, 7—5; R. S. Goldman defeated D. H. Sulzberger, 7—5, 6—1; J. P. McQuaide defeated T. Francis, 4—6, 6—4, 6—3; F. E. Bailey defeated W. H. Whittemore, 6—0, 6—1; H. L. Bowman defeated D. A. Allen, 1—6, 7—5, 6—1; M. MacDuffie defeated W. Rubenstein, 6—2, 6—3; I. W. Raymond defeated G. W. Loughman, 6—2, 6—2; H. P. Guiler defeated R. M. Sedgwick, 6—1, 6—1; L. Knox defeated C. Isaacson by default; G. A. Zabriskie defeated J. B. Rosenquest, 6—1, 6—0; B. M. Arnold, Jr., defeated J. C. Lyons, Jr., by default; C. M. Cordley defeated Warren Goffe by default; W. I. Zabriskie defeated C. V. Whitney by default; J. H. Robb defeated C. J. McCormick by default; E. H. Binzen defeated A. Mayer, 6—1, 7—5; Cass Canfield defeated J. Geary, 9—7, 6—1; T. McCollum defeated H. C. Owen, 7—5, 6—3; J. W. Wolff defeated A. M. Hurd, 7—5, 6—1.

Third Round—R. B. Haines defeated A. Burroughs, 6—2, 6—0; W. Katz defeated W. R. Betts by default; H. L. Bowman defeated M. MacDuffie, 6—1, 6—2; G. A. Zabriskie defeated L. Knox, 6—4, 7—5; C. M. Cordley, Jr., defeated B. M. Arnold, Jr., 6—3, 6—3; C. M. Fuller defeated R. Raymond, 6—3, 7—5; A. R. Oliver defeated W. Platt, 6—8, 6—1, 6—3; E. D. Cumming defeated W. Dunn by default; I. W. Raymond defeated H. P. Guiler, 6—3, 6—4; Cass Canfield defeated T. McCullum by default; Matthew Taylor defeated L. P. Bayard, Jr., 6—3, 6—3.

Fourth Round—C. M. Cordley defeated G. A. Zabriskie, 1—6, 6—3, 8—6.

Drawing for Tennis Doubles.

Thirty-two teams will compete in the first metropolitan lawn tennis championship tournament, which opened yesterday on the Seventh Regiment Armory courts. The entries include many of the boys who are engaged in the singles championship, which started yesterday. The Tournament Committee, appointed by the United States National Lawn Tennis Association, in announcing the draw last night, expressed gratification with the big entry list. As the singles championship has advanced to the fifty-first round, the doubles will be started this morning, and an effort will be made to complete the schedule on Thursday night. The draw follows:

Van Raalte and Katz vs. Loeb and Hammerslough, Betts and Allen vs. Jones and Kempson, Pressenger and McCullom vs. McCormick and R. W. Lamarche, Owen and partner vs. Sedgwick and Robb, Frost and W. I. Zabriskie vs. Knox and Cordley, Geary and Livingston vs. Hicks and Hanlon, Reichgaber and R. Raymond vs. R. B. Raymond and Gillespie, Hurd and Lee vs. Davidson and Whitney, Holmes and Dunn vs. Finn and Isaacson, Loffe and Motley vs. Sanderson and Mack, Bailey and partner vs. Bayard and partner, MacDuffie and Rogers vs. Bowman and Forster, Rand and Platt vs. Loughman and Bassford, Haines and Lyons vs. Hendrickson and Ward, I. W. Raymond and G. A. Zabriskie vs. Benzen and Taylor, French and Brinkman vs. Canfield and Fuller.

Appleby and Klinger Win with Cue.

S. Appleby and A. Klinger were the winners of the two games decided yesterday in the preparatory 18.2 balk-line billiard tournament for Class B players at Maurice Daly's Academy, Forty-ninth Street and Broadway. The former defeated F. Loewenthal in the afternoon by the score of 300 to 244, in forty-eight innings, making a high run of 51 points, with an average of 6 12-48. In the evening Klinger easily defeated Charles White of Brooklyn by the score of 300 to 192, in twenty-four innings. The winner made high runs of 56 and 48, and averaged 12 12-24. White's highest run was 28 points.

Princeton and Cornell on Ice.

The first intercollegiate hockey game of the season here will be played tonight, when the Princeton and Cornell sevens meet on the ice at the St. Nicholas Rink. Both teams practiced at the rink yesterday and will have a final drill there this morning. Cornell has brought a veteran team to New York and hopes to get revenge on the Tigers for the 9-to-1 defeat here last season. Not only have the Ithacans nearly all of last year's team out this season, but they have in Hill, a new man, one of the stars of last season's Amateur Hockey League race. Hill played with the St. Nicks last season and was a big factor in its gaining the championship. Twenty men have been practicing with the Cornell team, and the Ithacans believe they have a championship combination. They will get a real try-out tonight, for Princeton has shown a team that promises to make a great record this season.

FARRELL STILL OWNS THEM.

Yankees as Hard to Sell as It Has Been for Them to Win a Game.

The fog of mystery which envelops the sale of the Yankees became so thick yesterday that the club, and everybody connected with it, was completely swallowed. If there is such a club as the New York Americans, no one could be found yesterday who could prove it. There are only a few records left to show that there was such a club hereabout last year.

Frank Farrell, Jacob Ruppert, Jr., Capt. Huston, and Ban Johnson of Chicago played a successful game of hide-and-seek yesterday, and were closeted all day long in a room on the top floor of the Hotel Belmont. They confidently thought that no one knew it, but there are a few sure indications which always show when Ban Johnson is at any hotel. Johnson came from Chicago yesterday and did not register. The hotel clerks wouldn't admit that he was there; in fact, some of them wouldn't even admit they were living.

The prospective purchasers, Col. Ruppert and Capt. Huston, talked all day and well into the evening about the sale of the club. They adjourned last night, and what do you think happened? Do you think that the club is sold? Do you think that the Yanks have a new manager and a lot of new players? Do you think the Yanks have a new park?

Don't ask foolish questions; you should know better. Of course the club is not sold.

A complete list of the details which are blocking the deal were not available, but a few of them are:

The price.

New players.

A new manager.

A new park.

Late last night Col. Ruppert intimated over the telephone that if the club was not sold within the next forty-eight hours it would not be sold at all. When asked what they talked about all day, Col. Ruppert said, "Details, details, and more details."

"Yes, yes, but what details," he was asked.

"Oh, just details," he answered.

The deepest part of the whole mystery is just this. What in the world could four men find in the Yankees to talk about all day long? Last season at the Polo Grounds a great many of the fans could tell all about them in a few words. Why the discussion at the Belmont was so secretive that the mysterious quartet had luncheon and dinner served in their rooms.

Some people said last night that the four were ashamed to have any one know they were talking about the Yankees, and that this sensitive bashfulness would not disappear until the ticket booths opened next Spring.

One thing is quite apparent—the prospective buyers are making big demands on the American League and on President Farrell before they buy. And they do not want to pay Farrell's price. If they did the club would have been sold long ago, so Mr. Farrell admitted several days ago. Messrs. Ruppert and Huston are willing to go into baseball, but their friends say they want to buy something more than a franchise and some second-hand players. They want a good club, a manager, a park, and several other things which go to make up a successful baseball outfit. They also know that several owners of baseball clubs have been trying to get together a collection like this for years and have not succeeded yet.

GIANTS MAY BUY "FARM."

An International League Club May Become Home of Giants' Castoffs.

In order to save its big collection of promising young players, who will have to be turned loose when the major league's season begins, it is not unlikely that the New York Giants will buy a minor league club before next season, where the young players can be farmed out. It was stated yesterday that one of the clubs in the International League might be purchased for this purpose.

Several of the major league clubs have this idea in mind and that was the reason that Manager Huggins of St. Louis and Manager Herzog of Cincinnati both put in bids for the Buffalo club of the International League. The major leaguers foresee that the new rule restricting their clubs to twenty-one men means that they will have to turn several players loose who are really good enough to be grabbed up by the Class AA clubs, which includes the International League, the American Association and the Pacific Coast leagues.

With the expense of sending out scouts and the trouble of landing new players, the major league clubs cannot afford to handle the youngsters for a few weeks in the Spring and then let them go and have some other club reap the benefit.

The negotiations for the transfer of the Jersey City Club to Syracuse did not progress as far as the International League club owners expected when the matter first came up a few weeks ago, and since that time the New York Club has become interested in the proposition. If the Giants acquire the Syracuse Club it is very likely that Manager McGraw will see that George Wiltse, who has been unconditionally released, will get the job as manager. With an International League clu to which to farm his players, Manager McGraw could hold all his youngsters from season to season and prevent them from going back to the clubs from which they were drafted.

WANTS $600 FROM GIANTS.

Davenport Club Files Claim in Drafting Case of Catcher Marshall.

The Davenport, Iowa, club of the Three-Eye League will appeal to the National Commission for an accounting of $600 against the New Yor Giants as the result of the drafting of Catcher Bob Marshall. The Denver club of the Western League drafted Marshall from Davenport at the price in vogue among the minors. The Denver club then turned Marshall over to the Giants.

The difference in the draft price paid by Denver to Davenport and that which Davenport would have received if he had been drafted by the Giants directly amounts to $600. The Davenport club has made the demand for the difference, and it is very likely that the matter may be adjusted before it goes to the commission.

A similar case happened when Catcher Frank Bruggy was drafted by Rochester from Lawrence, and then turned over to the Boston Braves. The Braves saved $450 by the transaction, but the Lawrence club put in its claim, and at the last meeting of the National League in this city, President Gaffney of the Braves turned over the $450 to Lawrence.

Fromme Signs with Giants.

Secretary John B. Foster of the Giants yesterday received the signed contract of Pitcher Arthur Fromme for next season. Fromme is spending the Winter at his home in Los Angeles, Cal.

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CANADIAN SKATERS DEFEAT CRESCENTS

One-Sided Score, Though Fast Hockey Is Played in St. Nicholas Rink.

The hockey team of Ottawa University completely outclassed the Crescent Athletic Club seven last night at St. Nicholas Rink, the players from the Dominion winning by a score of 7 to 3. Even though the score was one-sided, the game was one of unusual interest because it was fast throughout. The Brooklyn team fought desperately and at times brilliantly, but it could not overcome the greater effectiveness of the play of the collegians. That the score was not larger was due to the heavy defense which the Crescents had on the ice and which broke up repeated attacks that threatened a goal.

The Ottawa players showed their speed from the start, and the game was a revelation of the interest which the non-check rule has given to hockey. There was none of the slow play which has many times been the reward of the spectator, the contestants on both teams skating to the limit of their ability. The visitors, however, excelled in this particular, for their forward line was on the puck most of the time, and while there were repeated instances when the Crescents threatened to score the rubber was within the Ottawa danger zone for only short periods. Then the effective shooting of the Dominion players was in decided contrast to that of the men from the Brooklyn club. The Crescent goal tender, Smart, had to ward off repeated shots that were going true, but when there came an opportunity for the Crescent men to shoot the disk into the cage the tries mostly were weak, and several tallies were undoubtedly lost through the lack of snap in the shots. The Ottawa players caged two more goals than the score shows, but they were not allowed, as there had been offside play.

The line-up and summary:

Ottawa.	Position.	Crescent A. C.
Doran	Goal	Smart
Fournier	Point	Ballin
Heney	Cover point	Brown
Nagle	Rover	Crovat
Burnett	Centre	Shirreff
Behan	Left wing	Martin
Quain	Right wing	Hallock

Goals—First half: First, for Ottawa by Nagle in 9:34; second, for Ottawa by Behan in 9:45; third, for Ottawa by Quain in 10:20; fourth, for Ottawa by Nagle in 10:32; fifth, for Ottawa by Burnett in 13:46; sixth, for Crescent A. C. by Hallock in 14:42; seventh, for Crescent A. C. by Crovat in 18:31; eighth, for Crescent A. C. by Martin in 18:50. Second half: First, for Ottawa by Behan in 4:08; second for Ottowa by Nagle in 18:45. Final score—Ottawa, 7; Crescent A. C., 3. Substitute—Crescent A. C.: Smith for Shirreff. Referee—E. Garon, Hockey Club. Assistant referee—George Abrahams, Irish-American A. C. Goal Umpires—S. Paton, Hockey Club, and J. F. Higgin, Ottawa. Timers—W. J. Croker, Wanderers, and W. Dobby, Crescent A. C. Penalty timer—A. Condon, Wanderers. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

FEDS AFTER PECKINPAUGH.

Yankees' Shortstop Has Received Offers from Buffalo and Indianapolis

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Dec. 28.—It was learned tonight that the Federal League was after Roger Peckinpaugh, the New York Americans short fielder, who is a citizen of Cleveland. Two "outlaw" clubs are after him, Indianapolis and Buffalo. The most recent offer was from the Buffalo Feds, Larry Schlafly having come over to Cleveland to talk business with the shortstopper. A few days ago Bill Phillips of the Hoofeds made a similar journey.

Peckinpaugh has not signed with any club as yet. His 1915 contract with New York lacks a signature. Peckinpaugh professes to be favorably disposed toward the offer made him by Schlafly, but the terms are not known, except that the figure in the contract tops the Yankees figure by several large and useful "beans."

It is rumored that Peckinpaugh is dissatisfied with being a figurehead in the Yankee organization.

UNGER WINS CLOSE GAME.

Servatius Only Two Points Behind Victor in Class C Billiards.

Fred A. Unger defeated L. A. Servatius in the Class C billiard tournament at Doyle's Academy last night in one of the closest games played in the tournament, by the score of 200 to 198. Servatius, who played a close safety game throughout the sixty-two innings, seemed to have won the match in the last inning when the score was 198 to 186 in his favor, but he attempted a difficult massé shot and missed, leaving Unger an easy position. Unger made the fourteen points necessary to give him a score of 200, and won the match after defeat had seemed imminent. Unger had an average of 3 14-62, while the average of Servatius was 3 12-62.

After having made a run of eighteen in the first inning, Unger seemed to lose his form and missed many shots, while his opponent was playing a fairly good game. After the half-way mark had been passed Servatius seemed to lose some of his brilliancy and Unger forged to the front, leading at the fifty-fifth inning by a score of 179 to 162, but again he started to play off color and practically went to pieces, while Servatius played in better from and made many difficult shots which placed him in the lead.

Unger took heart after Servatius had missed the massé shot and left him an easy position, and he played a very careful game and made the points necessary to win.

In the afternoon game Edgar Appleby, the Columbia student, continued his consistent winning when he defeated George Spear in an uninteresting game by the score of 200 to 177. Appleby did not play up to his usual form, and his average was one of the lowest he has ever made in a tournament match. He counted in double figures nine times in the fifty-six innings, and his average was 3 32-56.

MISS DORFNER TO SWIM HERE

Philadelphia Girl to Compete in Sportsmen's Show Races.

One of the last entries received for the women's swimming events at Madison Square Garden during the Sportsmen's Show, starting next Saturday night, was that of Miss Olga Dorfner of Philadelphia. The Quaker City will have a strong contender in Miss Dorfner, who claims the world's record for an eighty-yard swim, and is also proficient at longer distances, finishing second to Bessie O'Neill in the 300-yard championship last year. Miss Dorfner has entered in all the sprint events, and will also start in the one-mile scratch against a big field.

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RULES FOR ATHLETES.

Research Society's Code a Radical Definition of an Amateur.

CHICAGO, Dec. 28.—An amateur athlete should pay no attention to applause from the grand stand, according to a code of ethical rules laid down here today by a special committee of the Athletic Research Society in annual session here. The rules say:

"Contestants will not attempt to play to the grand stand for publicity or applause. Appreciation from the spectators will be taken for granted and not acknowledged."

Further ideals of conduct were laid down as follows:

"Opponents will be treated as friends and honored guests, even if they do not reciprocate. No unfair advantage will ever be taken of them. Good plays will be suitably acknowledged.

"Officials will be considered as impartial and competent arbitrators. Decisions will be accepted without dispute, even when they apparently are unfair. Advantage will not be taken of lax rule enforcement. Ill-feeling of any kind will not be publicly manifested even when an official is palpably incompetent or dishonest.

"Athletic rules will be considered as mutual agreements between contestants for the purpose of providing a basis of honorable competition between gentlemen. The letter or spirit of the rules will no more be ignored or evaded than will a gentleman's word of honor.

"Every honest and earnest effort will be made to win a contest, but dishonesty will not be accepted.

"An amateur will always be loyal to his teammates in every conceivable endeavor, and will do his utmost to prove a worthy representative of his institution or club."

Concerning amateurism, the code stated:

"A true amateur athlete will never intentionally make any misrepresentation regarding his eligibility, ability, or intentions, nor will he continue competing as such after he has ceased to be in sympathy with the spirit of amateurism."

William Ball of New York City was Chairman of the Committee of Ethics which drafted the code. Other members were John Brown, Jr., of the International Committee of the Y. M. C. A.; Dr. R. T. McKenzie of the University of Pennsylvania; A. E. Metzdorf, Springfield, Mass.; Prof. G. W. Ehler of the University of Wisconsin; G. E. Johnson of the New York City School of Civics and Philanthropy, and Dr. H. T. Kollenberg of the Chicago Y. M. C. A. College.

COLLINS WANTED $80,000.

Named Record Price for Three Years' Contract with Feds.

A Federal Leage official stated yesterday that the reason that the new organization did not persist in its negotiations to sign Eddie Collins, formerly of the Athletics and now of the White Sox, was because his demands when the "Feds" first approached Collins with an offer, were so great that the independent league officials were dumbfounded.

Collins had been generally selected as the greatest player in the world, and he impressed this fact upon the mind of the Federal Leaguers when they asked him if he would jump. To their great astonishment, Collins stated that he demanded $80,000 for a three-year contract.

Not only that, but he wanted $20,000 in cash and demanded that the other $60,000 be deposited in the bank for him. This demand on the part of Collins, the Federal League official states, breaks all records for colossal nerve on the part of the present day players. Of course, the demand was refused.

It was beyond reason. It goes to show, however, just what a high regard Collins has for his services.

BRAVES' PARK TO BE BOWL.

Playing Field to be Sunk Fifteen Feet—Seats for 42,282.

BOSTON, Dec. 28.—The new grounds of the Boston National League Baseball Club in Allston will be the largest in the country in size and seating capacity and will cost more than any baseball plant constructed, President James E. Gaffney said, after a discussion of the plans by the Board of Directors today.

Forty thousand two hundred and eighty-two seats will be provided, he said. Of these 16,931 will be in the one-story grand stand, so constructed that a second deck may be added later; 18,015 will be built in bleachers back of first and third bases, admission to which will be 50 cents, and 5,336 seats will be provided to the right of centre field for the twenty-five-cent patrons.

Centre-field limits will be 400 feet from the home plate and 460 feet from the grand stand.

There will be virtualy no 'sun field." The grounds will be laid out to face the northeast, so that the sun glare will not be strong in any of the outfield positions.

The playing field is to be sunk fifteen feet below the street level, after the fashion of the Yale Bowl.

JUNIOR GAMES TONIGHT.

A. A. U. Championships at Stake in 13th Regiment Armory, Brooklyn.

From present indications the big crowd of spectators expected at the junior A. A. U. national indoor track and field championships at the Thirteenth Regiment Armory, Brooklyn, tonight, have in store for them the best meet of the present board floor season. Eleven events will be staged and in each will appear a quoto of young star athletes, who have already made names for themselves or are on the way to the athletic limelight.

No Date for Johnson-Willard Bout.

EL PASO, Texas, Dec. 28.—Jack Curley, promoter of the Jack Johnson-Jess Willard heavyweight boxing contest, today said the date and place for the bout had not yet been selected. He denied a report that the fight had been set for Juarez, Mexico, on March 17, although he said the Mexican border town might be selected. He thought the date probably would be March 6 or 8.

COLUMBIA'S CLEAN SWEEP AT CHESS

Yale Champions Defeated, 4 to 0, and Harvard Beats Princeton, 2½ to 1½.

Columbia University swept the boards at the expense of Yale in the opening round of the annual intercollegiate chess tournament with Harvard and Princeton played at the Murray Hill Hotel yesterday. It was a complete surprise, in view of the fact that Yale won the championship last year after defeating Columbia in an extra match, made necessary by a tie between the teams.

Harvard and Princeton had a hard-fought match, which ended in favor of Harvard by 2½ to 1½. A. S. Ellenburger and R. Johnson were the successful Crimson players who turned the tide for their side. The Princeton victory was gained in good style by J. R. Chamberlain, while the players at the top table, D. M. Beers of Harvard and E. S. Carter of Princeton, proved to be well matched, and drew a finely played game.

With the exception of Yale, all the players picked to play put in an appearance. T. A. Lightner of Yale did not arrive, and his place was assigned to H. C. Levinson, fourth man on the team. The vacancy thus made was filled by E. R. Bartlett, Yale, '17.

Korkus, formerly Captain of the champion team of the Boys' High School of Brooklyn, had the distinction of winning the first game for Columbia. Bartlett's two knights' defense tempted the Columbia man to sacrifice a knight and the latter followed up his attack with such vigor that he administered checkmate on the twenty-fourth move. Sachs of Columbia obtained an excellent development from a queen's gambit declined against Job, President of the Yale Chess Club. The latter had his queen's pawn isolated and experienced great trouble in defending it. Sachs obtained the upper hand in the middle game and scored after 40 moves. Mandell next scored for Columbia, defeating Levinson of Yale in a Petroff defense after forty-four moves. Leede and Quarles, the senior players in the Columbia-Yale match, had the most eventful game of the round. Leede attacked most vigorously on the king's side. He had promising chances when an ill-considered move cost him his advantage, but he succeeded in winning the adverse queen for two rooks. A hard end-game followed, which eventually resulted in favor of Leede after seventy-six moves.

In the Princeton-Harvard match a very hard-fought game was witnessed between Carter and Beers, a draw being registered in a French defense after forty-two moves. Ellenberger of Harvard succeded in capturing a piece in a French defense and won the game after forty-seven moves. J. R. Chamberlain equalized the score for Princeton by downing Bruce in a French defense which went to fifty-five moves. Starr of Princeton, after a good start, frittered away his prospects with Johnson, who, attacking in turn, won a bishop for a pawn, scoring after fifty moves.

The pairings, openings, and results follow:

COLUMBIA. Boards.		YALE.	
1—Leede	1	Quarles	0
2—Sachs	1	Job	0
3—Mandell	1	Levinson	0
4—Korkus	1	Bartlett	0
Total	4	Total	0

Yale played white on the odd-numbered boards. The openings: 1, Scotch opening; 2, Queen's gambit declined; 3, Petroff defense; 4, two knights' defense.

PRINCETON. Boards.		HARVARD.	
5—Carter	½	Beers	½
6—Chamberlain, W. B.	0	Ellenberger	1
7—Starr	0	Johnson	1
8—Chamberlain, J. R.	1	Bruce	0
Total	1½	Total	2½

Princeton played white on the odd-numbered boards. The openings: 5, French defense; 6, French defense; 7, Queen's pawn; 8, French defense.

In the second round, to be played today, Columbia will be pitted against Princeton and Harvard against Yale.

NOVEL ATHLETIC MEET.

College Men to Dine Together After Competing on March 6.

At an informal meeting of the Advisory Committee of the Intercollegiate Association of Amateur Athletics held at the Cornell Club last night, plans for the first indoor intercollegiate athletic carnival to be held at Madison Square Garden on Saturday, March 6, were discussed, and it is the intention of the committee in charge to depart from the usual practice in such contests, and instead of having a few athletes of sterling quality compete in the meet it is the intention to encourage the participation of a large number of undergraduates whose athletic ability is only of a medium quality.

Another innovation is the intention of the committee to have a dinner in the Concert Hall of the Garden after the meet, where the athletes can get together and fraternize with the intention of increasing good fellowship and friendly feeling.

Michigan, Cornell, Harvard, Yale, and Pennsylvania will probably send teams for each of the nine events, with many athletes competing from Columbia, Princeton, Williams, Amherst, Brown, and other colleges. There are to be no championships, and there will be five men from each institution permitted to represent their alma mater in each event, so that, although the stars may get the firsts in the meet, athletes of ordinary ability may score a point or two in the events and bring victory to their colleges. All events will be open to the members of the I. C. A. A. A. A., and the carnival will have the support of the college clubs and all the universities and colleges.

BIG BOUT AT THE GARDEN.

White and Shugrue Expected to Show Best Contest of Local Season.

What looks to be the best lightweight bout of the year will be staged tonight at Madison Square Garden when Joe Shugrue of Jersey City and Charley White of Chicago meet in a ten-round bout. The men have agreed to weigh in at 133 pounds at 6 o'clock P. M. Both boxers are at the weight and in condition to put up the battle of their lives. The principals are the two most logical contenders for the lightweight title and there is little doubt that the decisive winner, if there is one, will be the next man to meet Freddie Welsh in a decision contest.

White's record proves that he is a boxer of class and perhaps the hardest puncher since the days of Gans. He has won twenty-five bouts the last year, twelve of them with knockouts. Nine of these battles have been won within five rounds and all with a left hook—a punch White is noted for. The Chicago boxer defeated Wolgast, Ritchie, and Welsh in no-decision contests when they held the lightweight title.

Shugrue has built up a reputation that stamps him as the best lightweight developed in the East in years, and for endurance and aggressiveness he is without a peer. His recent victory over Freddie Welsh won Shugrue many admirers and not a few predict that he will take the measure of White. The latter has tipped off his friends that he will stop Shugrue, and if he does it will only be after a bitter contest. Shugrue has never been knocked out in the four years he has been in the ring.

Billy Roche will referee the contest and will have the boxers in the ring at 10 o'clock. The usual six and ten-round preliminaries will precede the main event.

Another Knockout for Gunboat.

"Gunboat" Smith added another "K. O." to his record last night when he scored a technical knockout over Chick Carse of Philadelphia, in the third round of their scheduled ten-round bout at the new Long Acre Athletic Club on Grand Street. Yankee Gilbert was scheduled to box Gunboat, but as the Philadelphia boxer had scored a knockout over Gilbert recently the management substituted Carse. The Gunner was after his opponent as soon as the bell sent the men on their way in the opening round, and while he landed several hard blows, he effectively blocked or ducked Carse's attempts to retaliate. In the second round Smith's superiority was clearly demonstrated, and it became apparent it was only a question of minutes when he would end the bout. Shortly after the third round had started Smith landed a hard right to Carse's stomach, and the latter began coughing. Then the referee stopped proceedings. A series of four-round bouts preceded the main event.

Beecher Knocks Out O'Neil.

Willie Beecher, the east side lightweight, made short work of Tim O'Neil, a Boston boxer, in their scheduled ten-round bout last night, which featured the bill at the Olympic Athletic Club in Harlem. O'Neil entered the ring with an advantage of four pounds in weight, but the east sider went right after his opponent, and after about one minute of boxing in the first round, landed a hard right to the Boston boxer's stomach, which sent him to the floor for the count of ten.

In the semi-final six-round bout the contestants were Frankie Maher, a local featherweight, and Kid Henry of Newark, and the latter was entitled to the decision on his cleverness.

McLEAN ADMITS HE'S A 'PRO.'

Champion Skater Says He Received $75 a Week for Exhibitions.

CHICAGO, Dec. 28.—Robert McLean, international ice skating champion, holder of all amateur records from 220 yards up to two miles, tonight announced that he no longer was an amateur. McLean admitted that he received $75 a week and other perquisites for exhibition skating on an artificial pond in a downtown café.

McLean's announcement preceded by one day a meeting of the Western Skating Association, which has investigated his standing as an amateur. The skater recently was pronounced a professional by the International Skating Union, which asked the association to suspend McLean.

The officers of the association held that McLean's professionalism had not been proved and declined to suspend him pending an investigation. A report of the investigation will be made tomorrow.

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NEW YORK, TUESDAY, DEC. 29, 1914.

THE POST OFFICE'S ACCOUNTS.

The Postmaster General's claim of profit for his department is followed by the customary requisition for further appropriations. Among the "supplementary estimates" this year is $27,774,450 for the Post Office. There is more than the usual reason for the request, for the Post Office is doing much more work of good and popular character. It handled 100,000,000 Christmas parcels, and the rate of expansion of this service is such that the department expects to carry a round billion parcels in the coming year. Naturally plant of all sorts is required for this work, and the means ought not to be denied. In this city, for example, there is need of more house room above that which was supplied in excess, as had been thought. There are similar conditions in 84 other cities, showing that there is nothing exceptional about the case of New York. The additional rent here alone is around $100,000, or the interest on $3,300,000 at 3 per cent. Taking the 85 cases together it is clear that the Post Office has promptly overcapitalized its profits.

Neither the money nor the facilities will be grudged. That is not the point. The Postmaster is asking for greater powers upon the strength of his demonstrated power to earn profits. It is no more than prudent to ask this servant of the people, under such conditions, how he reckons his profit. It is not forgotten how his predecessor reckoned profits for the railways on the Post Office business. He took the cost of doing the work, and added 6 per cent. Surely that was an ample profit and calculated strictly in the Post Office manner. The Post Office has never allowed anything for cost of capital, because it never has had to. It never has allowed anything for amortization of debt or for depreciation of plant, because it never has had to. All its needs are supplied by the easy and simple process of requisitioning them. It is so much accustomed to this manner of doing business that it adopted it in order to set up the parcel post. It simply requisitioned the railways' services, in the same manner that it requisitioned Uncle Sam's pocket book. There is nothing personal in these remarks. All Postmasters General have been accustomed to do the same thing, and the Postmaster of the present time is merely following precedent. The reason for challenging the custom is that it could not safely be followed in the administration of Government telegraphs and telephones.

The condition precedent to that serious step ought to be that the Post Office should be required to keep its accounts in the same manner as the Government requires other public utilities to keep theirs. The Government may be above the law which it imposes upon others, but it is not above the necessity of frank dealing with the people when it is asking enlargement of its functions upon something like false pretenses. Since the Post Office is asking a vote of confidence, it ought to provide the customary certification of its accounts. If any public accountant will certify that the Post Office has earned profit in the manner of other public utilities, it will have taken a long step toward justifying its position. Until the Post Office does that, its claim of profits ought to be challenged whenever made. No one who doubts the Post Office's profits can wish it to be intrusted with other duties requiring capital equal to the entire present national debt and current expenditures much greater than the Post Office's at present. Even Uncle Sam would have reason to fear a profit of that kind upon all wire communications.

DISCONTENT IN QUEENS.

The movement in outlying parts of the Borough of Queens for the formation of a new borough was doubtless inspired by well-meaning persons, but the reasons for it, though they may seem good enough when only the Jamaica or Rockaway side of the argument is heard, are surely not sufficient to warrant a change so radical. Jamaicans may fancy that their taxes are higher and their return for them smaller than they would be if they could get away from the influence of the rapidly growing districts nearer to the East River. But they can probably improve their condition by well-directed efforts while they remain in Queens Borough, and they would be very likely to make matters worse if they were allowed to form a new borough of their own. The new borough would certainly not escape taxation for the new subways which will in time be of large benefit to their part of the greater city.

Some Rockaway folks, however, want to get rid of these taxes by having a city of their own. The City of Rockaway, presumably, would include everything from the Point eastward to the further limit of Far Rockaway, and also Broad Channel, Goose Creek, and The Raunt. It would be a sizable place, and Arverne might contend with Far Rockaway for the distinction of being its centre. The plan is worthy of the alert brain of JOSEPH CASSIDY. We fancy that a good many property owners in the Rockaways will regard it as a very bad joke.

BIRTHDAY REFLECTIONS.

Many happy returns of the day to WOODROW WILSON, born Dec. 28, 1856. That they will be happy ones there is very little doubt, if we are to follow PATRICK HENRY's advice and judge the future by the past.

This is not to say that Mr. WILSON's years have been those of unblemished success. He has, like the rest of us, had his trials with the eleven obstinate jurors. In Princeton he could not make them see as he saw, but what happened there is best recorded in a saying ascribed to him, to the effect that when they kicked him upstairs they had no idea how far they were kicking him.

His path looked rugged when he became Governor of New Jersey, but the two birthdays he spent in that office saw him triumphant over the Smith-Nugent machine which he had challenged with apparent rashness, and the second showed him ending his Gubernatorial term as President-elect through a fortunate division in the Republican Party. That division had apparently come about under the influence of WILSON's lucky star. Two birthdays have come and gone in the White House, and each has seen a President with such an iron grip on Congress as hardly any of his predecessors ever had, with the confidence of the country and the frequently acknowledged respect of the outside world. When the next birthday comes, he will undoubtedly be recognized as the only candidate on the Democratic side for the Presidency. And the birthday after that? Only a soothsayer could answer; but if it is not in mortals to command success, WOODROW WILSON has done more—he has deserved it.

FRANK'S APPEAL GRANTED.

All the States of the Union have seals, most of them have mottoes. The motto of the State of Georgia is "Wisdom, Justice, Moderation." It is peculiarly fortunate that to a citizen of the State of Georgia, Justice LAMAR of the Supreme Court, there has come the opportunity to call to the attention of the people of Georgia the principles of conduct embodied in their State motto, as to which recent events have given rise to the fear that they had forgotten it. It is not the prevailing belief that the Georgians have been wise or just or moderate in their attitude toward LEO M. FRANK, who was condemned to death in their State capital and whose appeal for a hearing by the full bench of the United States Supreme Court has just been granted by Justice LAMAR.

The application to Justice LAMAR was in the form of an appeal from the Federal Court in Georgia, Justice NEWMAN having refused a writ of habeas corpus, and having refused also to certify an appeal to the Supreme Court. In the court proceedings hitherto technicalities have blocked the way of FRANK's counsel in their efforts to secure a hearing upon the questions that constitute the real merit of the case—not the question of guilt or innocence, but the equally grave question whether FRANK's trial was a fair one, whether conviction was secured by due process of law. Justice LAMAR finds three grounds for his decision that there is probable cause for granting an appeal. He says that the Supreme Court of the United States has never determined whether the due process clause of the Federal Constitution guarantees the defendant's right to be present when the verdict is rendered; it has never passed upon the effect of the refusal of a new trial where the defendant did not make the fact of his absence from the courtroom the ground of the motion; and it has not passed upon the effect of its own refusal to grant a writ of error in a case where it was set up that the denial of the writ was based on the point that the motion was filed too late or at a time not authorized by the practice of the State courts. Each one of these points is vital to the interests of the condemned man, and the whole country will approve Justice LAMAR's decision that they constitute cause for an appeal.

Owing to the great number of cases which crowd the calendar of the Supreme Court the decision may be long deferred, but when it is given it will determine whether in the judgment of that bench FRANK had a fair trial. If it be found that a right guaranteed by the Constitution was denied to him it is to be hoped that there will be a new trial, and it may safely be assumed that a second trial would be held under conditions very different from those which existed when the case was first tried. There was a mob surrounding the Court House then, court, counsel, and jury were influenced by the prevailing spirit of the community, for the danger of violence was so great that the militia was held in readiness for action, and it was felt that it would be unsafe to bring FRANK into the courtroom when the jury returned its verdict. Aside from the temper of the mob, it is not too much to say that the trial itself was a travesty of the forms of justice. The defense was inadequate, much evidence essential to a just conclusion was not presented, and FRANK did not have a fair chance to convince the jury of his innocence.

The whole country, outside of Georgia, has taken the view that it would be monstrous to send a man to execution after such a trial, and it has been the general feeling that in their own interest and for their own reputation the courts must find a way through the hedge of technicalities which barred the way to a new and just trial. Justice LAMAR's decision to grant his appeal is a complete vindication of the position taken by THE TIMES and generally by the press of the country that FRANK had never been fairly tried, that there were the gravest reasons for questioning the sufficiency of the evidence of his guilt, and that if Georgia would escape the indelible disgrace of sending a possibly or probably innocent man to his death, a new trial must be had.

THE PHILIPPINES UPRISING.

A belated dispatch from Governor General HARRISON of the Philippines has confirmed the earlier reports of an uprising in the island, but indicates that the rebellious movement is of no great significance and has already been suppressed by the arrest of twenty men and the seizure of a few guns. The confirmatory dispatch proves conclusively, therefore, that the early reports, though, as it seems, somewhat exaggerated, were not inventions of politicians designed to delay action on the pending Jones bill. As the dispatches received by THE TIMES were from trustworthy sources, we have never had any idea that the reports were set afoot for political purposes. But neither do we believe that the suppressed uprising tends to discredit the belief that the Filipinos may some day be capable of self-government. In fact, this new proof of the existence among our wards in the Pacific of malcontents who can easily be induced to make disturbance proves nothing at all. We have plenty of such malcontents at home, and we know what to do with them, although we sometimes go about that business too deliberately and clumsily.

The report of the Governor General will probably not influence Congressional action on the Jones bill in any way. The bill, however, demands very careful consideration. We have only one purpose to serve in the Philippines. All that we do in relation to the islands should be done only for the good of their people. No date can yet be safely fixed for the withdrawal from them of our authority and protection. The granting of new powers to the islanders should be done with great caution. They can be prepared for self-government only by slow and patient processes. The hope that they may in time fit themselves for independence is general and will not be discouraged by this news of an ineffective uprising.

NATIONAL GUARD REFORM.

The disbanding of the Twenty-second Regiment of our National Guard for the purpose of reorganizing it in the form of two battalions of engineers is in conformity with the rules of the United States Army. The War Department is merely carrying out the provisions of the militia reorganization law, and its action in this instance reflects in no way on the character and efficiency of the regiment under its former organization. It was an infantry regiment transformed quickly into a regiment of engineers and containing many men competent to serve as engineers, but the regular army includes only three battalions of engineers, and, obviously, since the transference of the control of the militia of the States to the War Department the maintenance of a regiment of engineers officered like a regiment of infantry could not properly be continued. Under the new laws, which have converted the National Guard into a branch of the Federal land defenses under continual army supervision, there has already been a great deal of reorganization, and more is expected.

If this can be taken as an earnest of the intention to effect as quickly as possible all the needed reforms in our army and its branches there can be no possible objection to it. Many of the officers in the Twenty-second, of course, will either lose their commissions or have to secure transfers to other regiments, but it is difficult to see why the social side of the reorganized regiment must be obliterated because its members, or most of them, are to be transformed into pioneers and bridge builders. Surely a part of their immense drill hall can still be kept for occasional use as a ballroom if the men are disposed to pay for the entertainments given in it. The increase of military efficiency in the Guard is most encouraging, but the social allurements of the militia, where they still exist, should be preserved as far as possible, as in the past they have stimulated enlistments. The routine of a militia man has been growing more strenuous year by year, but it would be an error to deprive his term of service of all its fun. There has never been too much of that, and, after all, the citizen soldier, no matter how efficient he is becoming, is not a regular army man.

CONGRATULATIONS.

So GENEVIEVE CLARK is to be married. It seems only yesterday that, in short skirts and braids, her little face and figure were among the expected sights at every adjournment of Congress and at every Democratic Convention. There she would sit on her brawny father's knee, watching the proceedings with a face all alight with interest, but serious as only a child's face can be, and totally unconscious of the fact that half the eyes in Congress or convention were bent admiringly on her.

But CHAMP CLARK's daughter did grow up; and it was a young woman of beauty who stood on the platform of the Baltimore Convention, her blue eyes flashing and a flag in her hand as she led the cheering for her father. JAMES M. THOMSON of New Orleans is a very lucky man. He will have the heartfelt congratulations of everybody who has ever seen a convention or an adjournment of Congress, and has come to think of CHAMP CLARK's daughter as being a fixture like the Speaker or the permanent Chairman, but a much more agreeable one.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

How Could a New Trial Be Refused?

That there should have been so much difficulty in getting a new trial for LEO M. FRANK is strange not merely because the state of public sentiment and its violent expression at the time of the first one made it obviously next to inevitable that the man would then be convicted, whether innocent or guilty. That in itself, of course, usually gives the accused another chance for his life. In this case, however, it is a most remarkable fact that not until after the trial was over did the penciled notes found beside the murdered girl's body receive the amount and kind of study which they obviously deserved.

Since the trial it has been discovered that the notes were written not on paper then in use in FRANK's office, but on some thrown away years before and to be found only among the rubbish in the cellar of the factory. That circumstance alone was enough to prove false the story that the notes were written in the upstairs office and at FRANK's dictation, as the negro CONLEY asserted in the last of his many narratives. The attempt in them, also, to throw suspicion on a negro physically unlike CONLEY was one which the latter would naturally make, while for FRANK to do it there is no conceivable motive.

Again, in the notes there is the phrase "down here," meaning in the cellar, yet CONLEY insisted that the girl was killed in the office, and surely FRANK was intelligent enough to realize, if he were guilty, the absurdity, and therefore the danger, of so wording the notes as to require the assumption, if MARY PHAGAN did write them, that she did it after she was dead, for dead she was, according to the theory accepted at the trial, before her removal to the cellar.

The truth, demonstrable beyond reasonable question, is that CONLEY wrote the notes not at dictation, but out of his own dull mind, and that in them, by implication in part and in part plainly, he disclosed just how and where and by whom the crime was committed.

Zeppelins Worked No Havoc.

Standing out prominently in every account of the Cuxhaven "raid" is the fact that the much-vaunted and not little feared Zeppelins took in the lively little battle a wholly ineffective part and soon found the fire to which they were promptly subjected so hot that they could escape destruction only by flight, fast and far, from the scene. The aeroplanes, on the contrary, again proved themselves valuable auxiliaries of the real fighting machines—armored ships riding the water in the old-fashioned way. The submarines, not being able on either side to play their favorite, and perhaps their one, game, which is that of striking an unexpected blow in the dark, were seemingly reduced to performing the curious and humble task of rescuing such occupants of aeroplanes as descended, voluntarily or involuntarily, to an uneasy resting place on the waves.

It is true, or at least probably true, that Zeppelins of the latest, largest, and best-armed type did not participate in this encounter. It still cannot be said with certainty, therefore, that none of the rigid dirigibles can do any more than have done those already brought into use. The difference, however, between the new Zeppelins of rather vague report and the old ones, the potentialities of which have been revealed by experience, is in essentials seemingly only that of size. If that be so, they will only work a little more destruction of life and property similar in kind to that effected by their predecessors.

In other words, they can only drop a few more and a few bigger bombs on cities and ships not prepared for defending themselves against aerial enemies of this sort. That may be magnificent, though one has more than doubts, but certainly it is not war or of any military consequence.

The Zeppelin as it sails through the air is unquestionably an impressive spectacle, its comparative stability and greater lifting power give it several theoretical superiorities to the aeroplane, and the prophecies as to its abilities have created a lot of justifiable anxiety in civilian minds. But the Zeppelin as an instrument of war has still to begin the demonstration of its practical worth.

New York in a Cold Wave.

For the boon of having in none of its Winters more than a few days of really severe cold New York pays the penalty, unknown in more northern cities, of having a large minority of its inhabitants always unprepared for meeting the low temperatures when they do come. The result is that when there arrives a cold wave worthy of the name, with the thermometer standing for several days not far from the point which we, clinging obstinately to FAHRENHEIT's mistake, still call "zero," the members of that minority are exposed to cruel suffering and the municipal refuges ordinarily sufficient prove pathetically inadequate for meeting these rare but terrible emergencies.

It is a poor best that the managers of the places provided can do, for entrance to them can be gained only after a prolonged wait in the street. The situation is one peculiarly hard to meet, as the "plant" required for doing it would be idle for all except a minute part of the year, and its cost would be appalling to the already overburdened taxpayers. Difficulty, however, does not make a problem insoluble, and the ingenuity of "social workers" and engineers in combination should be able to find something better than we have now.

"Relief," in this case, is not that hopeless "tiding over into next week's misery" which so much which passes under that name is now realized to be. Severe cold, unlike poverty and sickness, is a condition that passes away of itself, and protection from it can be given and accepted without any measurable effect in the way of pauperization.

Everywhere, But Long Overlooked.

Although the metal aluminium has been known for almost a hundred years, it was for the greater part of that time little more than a laboratory curiosity or museum specimen, and the world is really indebted for this substance of peculiar virtues and many utilities not to its discoverer, but to the man who first found out how to make it cheaply.

That more important achievement gave a permanent place in scientific annals to an American youth of 22, and he, the since famous—among metallurgists—Dr. CHARLES MARTIN HALL, is now dead at the early age of 51. Like most inventors, he had to devote much of his energy and attention to the defense of his rights in court, but unlike many of them, he was successful in repulsing the many attacks on his interests.

It is a curious fact that though aluminium was so late in coming into use, it is the most abundant and widely distributed of all metals.

HEBER NEWTON.

Dr. Rainsford's Tribute to an Able and Fearless Messenger.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A brave, a good, and an able man has gone to his rest, and, excited as we all are by the world-transforming events that are piling themselves before us, small notice has been taken of his death.

Yet was Heber Newton a man well worth remembering. The fight he fought against ignorance and bigotry was, so far as he was concerned, finished several years ago, his strength and his eyesight having both failed him. He well deserved his rest; and if it did not bring to him anything of public recognition from the people of the city he had served so well, Heber Newton was the last to complain. He knew the fate of men who were ahead of their time, and had always prepared himself to face it.

To the lasting disgrace of the Church of England, Bishop Colenso was driven forth and silenced. He only taught things which most educated men knew to be true then, and which respectable orthodoxy itself accepts as true now. Heber Newton was attacked and misrepresented by the same party, the churchly standpatters of the time—the men who would if they could drive from all Christian ministries all whose views on Bible or Prayer Book, creeds or sacraments, differ from their own.

Almost alone in the New York pulpit in those days, with fine courage, burning eloquence, and sound scholarship, Sunday by Sunday he made his appeal. That appeal was for a higher, broader, truer concept of the Church of Christ. It was for a church that should open her doors wide to all "men of good-will" who came together to pray and to work, who came together and stayed together, not because they believed the same thing and expressed their belief in the same words; but because they wished to follow one supreme Man and Master, and to do what in them lay, among men everywhere, to further the sort of work He had lived and died to illustrate and commend.

I do not exaggerate if I say that in the eighties Heber Newton was easily the foremost teacher and preacher in New York. He made enemies among those that did not know and did not want others to know, but rich and poor, learned and unlearned, heard him in crowds and heard him gladly, because they felt he had a message for them. Though his voice has long been silent, many readers of THE TIMES, I am very sure, would, gladly as I, seek to do him honor. He was an able man and a fearless. He saw clearly and spoke bravely. He believed he had a message to deliver, and so people came, often from far, to hear that message, and were the better for hearing it.

Heber Newton was a power for good in his day—for people are never so busy or so tired that they cannot make time to listen to a "King's messenger."

W. S. RAINSFORD.

Ridgefield, Conn., Dec. 26, 1914.

Jerome-Ogden Avenue Cars.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

My friends and I are users of the Jerome and Ogden Avenue lines going to and from the 155th Street Station. In all kinds of weather we are compelled to stand in crowds and enter cars when they stop at Eighth Avenue and take our turn entering the "pay-as-you enter" car. In stormy weather this is a great hardship and many a man and woman has caught a severe cold because of the exposure. Why at this one place where so many enter can passengers not be allowed to go through, take their seats, and have the conductor collect his fare after the car has started? That would obviate delay and the hardships to passengers complained of above.

Another complaint: The cars coming from the yards of the Ninth Avenue elevated and used for express service are not as a rule heated. After a cold trolley ride, to sit down on the ice cold cane seats is not conducive to a good frame of mind to start a day's business on, to say nothing of the exposure and risk to health. E. F. D.

New York, Dec. 21, 1914.

Late Suffrage Vote Explained.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

One feature of the late election is instructive. The equal suffrage constitutional amendments fared best in the States that had had the best chance to know how votes for women worked in practice.

Nevada was wholly surrounded by woman suffrage States. In Nevada the suffrage amendment carried. Montana was bounded on two sides by suffrage States of long standing. In Montana also suffrage won. Nebraska and the Dakotas, lying in the neighborhood of the old suffrage States, defeated the amendment by comparatively small majorities. Missouri, not near any old suffrage State, gave a much bigger adverse majority, while Ohio, still further removed, gave the largest adverse majority of all. It would seem that the more people know about equal suffrage the less afraid of it they are, and vice versa.

ALICE STONE BLACKWELL.

Dorchester, Mass., Dec. 26, 1914.

ANOTHER "HAPPY THOUGHT."

The world is so full
Of a number of Kings!—
That's probably what is the
Matter with things.

WINIFRED ARNOLD.

MILITARY TRAINING.

A Suggestion to Establish It in Schools and Colleges.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your editorial article, "A Citizenry Trained," is a valuable contribution to the present discussion of our national defense. In connection with the proposal of a citizenry trained I would like to offer a suggestion.

In our colleges and schools is a large number of growing young men whose desire for physical activity finds an outlet in our modern athletics. However, one of the most logical of the objections to our system of collegiate and scholastic athletics is that it develops a few highly specialized athletes, while the vast majority of students take too little exercise. In order to offset this condition most of the colleges and schools have courses of compulsory gymnasium work.

I would suggest that a course in military training in colleges and preparatory schools amounting to several hours per week be made compulsory or possibly optional through two or more years, the work thus done being given credit toward graduation. In this way we will accomplish two things; we will increase the number of individuals who have had sufficient military training to enable them to develop into trained soldiers with great rapidity and we will also provide a healthful means of exercise for the student body.

This scheme, coupled with a "mode of inducing or impelling volunteer training," would result in "a citizenry trained."

D. DE W. MILLER.

New York, Dec. 26, 1914.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

There are two apparent objections to the proposition that civil service employes, rather than others, should be relied upon as part of our military establishment. First, if a large portion of the civil service employes were suddenly called into the first line of defense in the event of an enemy making or threatening a landing, would not the ordinary business of the Government, which must go on in war as in peace, be seriously embarrassed, if it did not break down entirely?

Secondly, would not the fact that so large a part of the persons who have any military training are Government employes tend to give force to the prejudice held by many of our citizens against any sufficient standing army as a menace to free institutions? In a nation where all, or the major part, of the physically qualified men are trained in arms a standing army of a small percentage of their number cannot be a serious or permanent danger. But in such an event as, for instance, a repetition of the crisis happily averted in 1876, might not the control by the party in power of a military civil service prove a real peril to a settlement of the controversy by legitimate means?

EDWARD L. PATTERSON.

New York, Dec. 26, 1914.

WHO WANTED WAR?

A Different Opinion Expressed by Count Apponyi Not Many Years Ago

To the Editor of The New York Times:

This war has broken the foundations of the very deep if it be true that the Hungarian, Count Apponyi, has said: "England had in its hands the world's peace and cannot present a single motive for this war excepting jealousy of Germany's power and prosperity."

About seven years ago the present writer spent an hour with Count Apponyi in Budapest. The Count speaks and writes English well. Count Apponyi told me that he had not the slightest doubt but that Germany would attack England in the very near future.

"She considers," he continued, "that your day is over and that your trade and colonies ought to pass to her."

In 1907 Hungary had no fear of Russia. The Japanese war had exhausted her as they thought for a generation. It was their hope that when Germany and England were at war they would be able to attain to complete independence of Austria, as without Germany's assistance they knew they were more than a match for the 11,000,000 Austrians.

"We look," said Count Apponyi, "to England for comfort and aid. We do not forget that it was to your country that Kossuth fled and that politically your institutions are our inspiration and pattern."

How are the mighty fallen! Lo, England is still the same England she was in 1907; we have not changed. We neither sought nor desired Germany's discomfort. Our ports were as open to her ships as to our own. She has challenged us to mortal combat. We have raised the gage. Our champion is already at the lists. The manhood of the whole empire, some 30,000,000 men, will, if necessary, take up arms and carry to its sure conclusion the destruction of Prussian militarism rather than that the mighty mother of us all should go down before the envy, greed, and spite of an ungrateful and unscrupulous foe.

A. L. ARTUS.

New York, Dec. 27, 1914.

Fireproof Motion-Picture Slides.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Referring to the burning of Mr. Edison's plant and many studios where films and film chemicals are stored, may I be permitted to make a bald statement?

The machines now in use, together with the films, are no longer necessary devices in the art. It is well known by many mechanical engineers that animated photography may be produced on glass slides steadier and clearer in definition and with absolute safety to life and property.

It is also manifestly evident and demonstrable that glass is an unchanging base for emulsions and a permanent record for preserving these costly and short-lived negatives used in the production of positives as they appear on the screen. EXPERT.

New York, Dec. 24, 1914.

Music in Hospitals.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

One of the most unpleasant of experiences is to lie in a hospital bed after an operation, staring into blankness. It is undeniably of great therapeutic value to keep the patient's mind occupied. Then what can be better than to supply beautiful music to those patients who are too weak or disinclined to read or study?

Why not install soft, sweet music boxes or other suitable musical instruments in hospitals? Dr. Orpheus and Prof. Apollo, ye will open a new era in medical art.

Operaturi te salutamus. J. R.

New York, Dec. 25, 1914.

Unlighted Street Lamps.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

On the south side of Sixty-eighth Street, east of Columbus Avenue the gas lamp has not been burning for some weeks. Is it because of the hard times that the city cannot afford to burn all the street lamps within a certain distance from the corner?

H. P. KEMP.

New York, Dec. 28, 1914.

Times War News and Comment.

From The Burlington (Vt.) News.

THE NEW YORK TIMES has taken the lead of the newspapers of the world in its news, discussions of acts and policies during the war to this time. THE TIMES was the first and only newspaper that has given its readers the national "papers" of the belligerent nations free of cost. Its editorial columns have been entirely conservative, reasoned to the last item which has affected the whole world. THE TIMES has engaged great lawyers, writers, and teachers to place every fact, every theory, every falsehood in their places, so that the people who carefully read THE TIMES must know who is right and who is wrong in this awful war.

A DECEMBER OPTIMIST.

This year I haven't saved a cent,
So far;
I owe for clothing, food, and rent,
So far;
I've tried to do the best I could,
From selling stocks to sawing wood,
But I have failed in making good,
So far.

I realize that I have failed,
So far;
The dodging dollar I've not nailed,
So far:
But what of that? You may depend
That times will soon be on the mend;
This year has hardly reached its end,
So far!

W. J. LAMPTON.

"PHTHISIOPHOBIA."

A Caution Against Exaggerated Fear of the Tuberculous.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I read with no little interest the recent article in THE TIMES headed "Sees Law Helping Consumption Fight," with the sub-heading "Dr. J. W. Beveridge Shows Danger of a Person Living in Daily Contact with a Sufferer." In the reported interview Dr. Beveridge is commenting on the decision of Supreme Court Justice Blanchard in annulling the marriage between Sarah and Joseph Sobol because the latter was suffering from an "incurable attack of tuberculosis." I agree most emphatically with the wise decision of Justice Blanchard. If a man, knowing that he is tuberculous and in a stage when he can transmit the disease to his prospective bride, deceives her by pretending to be in normal health, he is committing a crime by entering into the marriage relation, and the annulment of such a marriage is absolutely justified.

If, on the other hand, one of the married couple, either husband or wife, develops the disease in the course of the married life, submits himself or herself to proper treatment and training in observing the precautions necessary to avoid transmitting the disease to others, and obeys the preventive measures conscientiously, it would be to my mind inhumane and incredibly cruel to encourage the lawful separation of such a couple.

The honest, conscientious consumptive is no more dangerous to associate with than any well person, and if it is true that Dr. Beveridge has said (as it is printed in the article) that "no person should live in daily contact with a consumptive," he is helping to spread an unnecessary and exaggerated fear of the presence of a consumptive, which we call phthisiophobia. I do not know what Dr. Beveridge's personal experience has been, but I have labored for a quarter of a century among consumptives as interne and attending physician in hospitals and sanatoria and have been and am in daily contact with this class of sufferers in consultation practice. The precautions taken in tuberculosis institutions to prevent contracting the disease are so simple and yet so effective that, when they are rigorously carried out, communicating the disease is virtually impossible. These precautions have, I believe, protected me up to this time in spite of my daily contact with consumptives. It is one of the rarest occurrences that physicians or nurses in tuberculosis hospitals and sanatoria, though in daily contact with the disease, become tuberculous. Thus, we justly say that the safest place not to contract tuberculosis is a well-equipped and well-managed institution for the treatment and care of consumptives (hospital or sanatorium.)

Many of our most distinguished physicians at the head of sanatoria have been or still are tuberculous, but are able to work and do an infinite amount of good through their personal knowledge of the disease and their devotion to the cause. Nearly all of them are married.

Dr. Beveridge says that "90 per cent. of all the indoor workers have tuberculosis." I do not know where he obtained the statistics, but this seems to me a high estimate. I do know, however, that we have in the United States at this time still from 150,000 to 200,000 deaths annually from tuberculosis, and careful statistics from various sections show that for every death from tuberculosis there are about eight living tuberculous individuals. There must be many who are married, and some of them to heartless men or heartless women who would welcome a separation from the unfortunate tuberculous partner if the decision of Justice Blanchard would be interpreted to apply to all cases of existing tuberculosis in husband or wife. It would indeed be most unfortunate if the latter were the case, but I hope and pray that no such interpretation of the wise Justice's decision can be given.

One more word concerning Dr. Beveridge's alleged statement that "a most interesting thing about tuberculosis is that if one parent is normal and the other is suffering from the trouble, the children are less likely to contract the disease than in cases where both parents are normal." I do not know how Dr. Beveridge has come to this conclusion, but by making it public he encourages the marriage of an actually ill tuberculous partner to a healthy one in order to have a non-tuberculous race. However, there is no evidence at all for the accuracy of this statement. It is true that direct hereditary tuberculosis is so extremely rare that we never take it into consideration. On the other hand, we know that a goodly number of tuberculous parents, particularly the mothers, transmit to their offspring a physiological poverty or predisposition to the disease, and if the child is then exposed to the disease by close contact with the mother or other tuberculous individuals, by reason of its predisposition it contracts tuberculosis more readily than in cases where both parents are "normal."

The reason why more people do not have tuberculosis in spite of the prevalence of the tuberculosis germ is because of an acquired immunity, not through heredity, but by living a natural, healthy life. We do not know whether or not an accidental inhalation or ingestion of a certain number of tubercle bacilli adds to this natural immunity in the healthy man. We are so uncertain about this that I would strongly caution against the taking in of living tubercle bacilli, no matter how few, in the hope of getting immune. We have not yet been able to produce a tuberculous immunity in animals, much less in man. Thus, all in all, I consider the statement supposed to have been made by Dr. Beveridge on the subject of marriage of the tuberculous, immunity against tuberculosis, and the danger supposed to exist to a person living in daily contact with a tuberculous sufferer not only unscientific but most unfortunate.

We know tuberculosis can be prevented, and when treated at the right time and in the right way can be cured in the majority of instances. We have been fairly successful in some States of the Union in the reduction of the number of deaths from this disease; much has been done, but there is more to do. Whatever we do, let us make war against consumption, but in the name of humanity, science, and common justice let this war not degenerate into a war against the consumptive.

S. ADOLPHUS KNOPF.

New York, Dec. 24, 1914.

BRYAN IS "NOT RESIGNING."

Secretary Regrets Waste of Time in Making Denials.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—Secretary of State Bryan said today, when his attention was called to a published report that he contemplated leaving the Cabinet when the Senate had acted on the pending treaties in which the Administration is interested: "Please make the customary denial."

"I am not resigning again, or yet," he added, explaining that he had become so accustomed to reports of his resignation that he paid little attention to them, but objected to the demands on his time in making denials.

BIGGER NAVY MEN READY FOR A FIGHT

Battle Will Open When Minority of House Committee Demands a Four-Ship Programme.

TO UPHOLD GENERAL BOARD

Daniels's Recommendations Likely to Go to House, but Fight Will Be Carried to the Floor.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—A confident minority in the House Naval Committee will open a fight for an enlarged shipbuilding programme for 1916 as soon as the appropriation bill is reported from the sub-committees for consideration in full committee. The programme recommended by Secretary Daniels and supported by the statements made to the committee by naval officials falls far short of that decided on by the General Board of the Navy and several members of the committee have taken issue with the Secretary and his department aids who stand with him.

Rear Admiral Bradley A. Fiske, aid for operations, a post that makes him ex-officio the premier of the Secretary's staff, told the committee that it would take five years to bring the navy up to a proper standard of efficiency. He unhesitatingly approved the recommendations of the General Board, of which he is a member. Capt. Winterhalter, aid for material, told the committee that not a single battleship in our fleet had the hull protection against torpedo attack from submarines that British and German dreadnoughts of the later types possessed.

When the Sub-Committee on Construction meets Thursday an effort will be made to obtain a report to the full committee for four battleships instead of two, as recommended by Secretary Daniels. Representative Stephens of California, who belongs to the big-navy minority, will move, when the full committee meets, that the appropriation bill carry provision for four battleships. Representative Roberts of Massachusetts will try hard to increase the number of auxiliaries in line with much of the testimony from naval officers who described the needs of the navy in the matter of submarine tenders, colliers, transports, ammunition ships, and similar vessels. Representative Butler of Pennsylvania has been organizing a movement for another hospital ship with some show of success.

There is manifestly a general disposition in the committee to increase the number of submarines, and the bill will carry ten at least. It is not likely that any of these matters will be decided on by the full committee this week and the bill will hardly be completed earlier than the latter part of next week. It is generally believed that the building programme recommended by Secretary Daniels will be reported to the House.

Authorization will be given for the use of the $5,000,000 of the amount received from the sale of the battleships Mississippi and Idaho to Greece for the construction of the new dreadnought California. Secretary Daniels also will be authorized to use $1,700,000, which he has accumulated during the last fiscal year by various economies, for aviation and other needs in equipment. The Sub-Committee on Equipment has already approved the idea of appropriating the greater part of this amount for aviation purposes. There is no doubt of the approval of the recommendation by the full committee.

Many amendments are expected to be offered to the bill when it is under consideration by the House. There are a score of members not on the Naval Committee who intend to demand concessions to the sentiment for military preparedness.

BIRTHDAY CABLES TO WILSON

King George and President Cabrera Send Congratulations.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—President Wilson is 58 years old today, and a good many people saw to it that he did not overlook the fact. Among them were King George of England and President M. Estrada Cabrera of Guatemala, who sent cable messages of congratulation and good will. Other telegrams from sovereigns and chiefs of State are expected, but only those mentioned had reached the White House up to this evening.

There was no special celebration of the President's birthday. He was reminded of it early this morning when telegrams began to be received at the White House from friends and admirers in this country and abroad. Only one formal engagement for the day had been made, and this was with Representative Oscar W. Underwood of Alabama, the leader of the House of Representatives. But Mr. Underwood's visit had no national or political importance. For nearly an hour the Alabama Representative explained to the President what is known as the Mussel Shoals project for the improvement of the Tennessee River in Alabama, a vast undertaking which has been approved by the army engineers and is expected to cost $18,000,000 if Congress authorizes it.

A good many people called at the Executive Offices to congratulate the President on his birthday, and most of them saw him. Among them was Senator Vardaman of Mississippi, who has shown a disposition occasionally to jump over the Administration breastworks, but remains on terms of friendship with Mr. Wilson.

At 6 o'clock this evening the members of the Cabinet called at the White House in a body and wished him many happy returns of the day. On his last birthday, the first since he entered the White House, President Wilson was taking a midwinter holiday at Pass Christian, Miss. The President looked well today and seemed to be in excellent spirits.

DEMANDS FILIPINO INQUIRY.

Senator Weeks Calls for One in Connection with the Jones Bill.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—Indications are increasing that an effort will be made in the Senate to insure a complete airing of the facts as to the insurrectionary movements in the Philippines. Today, Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska, Chairman of the Committee on the Philippines, which is now considering the Jones bill looking to the ultimate independence of the islands, received a telegram from Senator Weeks of Massachusetts, one of the prominent Republicans of the committee, asking that the subject be investigated. Mr. Hitchcock said later that nothing definite had been decided.

With the committee conducting hearings at which various officials are testifying, it appears almost certain, however, that the subject will be looked into with considerable care. The opponents of Philippine independence, who are to be counted on both sides of the aisle, will hold that anything tending to indicate a serious disturbance, is an argument against granting self-government to the natives.

In view of the publicity already given the Philippine disorders, it is not unlikely that a statement will be given out by the War Department, either to the committee or directly to the public.

Dean C. Worcester, former Secretary of the Interior for the islands, will appear before the Senate Philippines Committee on Wednesday when it resumes hearings on the Jones bill.

Ex-President Taft will testify on Jan. 2. The committee wants to hear his views as former Governor General of the islands.

MISS MARIE TAILER TO WED S. B. WING

Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Lee Tailer Is One of the Beauties of Fashionable Set.

IN SOCIETY THEATRICALS

Her Fiance, the Son of Mr. and Mrs. L. Stuart Wing, Is an Ardent Devotee of Outdoor Sports.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Lee Tailer of 16 East Seventy-second Street announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Marie Tailer, to S. Bryce Wing, son of Mr. and Mrs. L. Stuart Wing of New York.

Miss Tailer was introduce to society by her mother last Winter, and has been active in the doings of the younger set ever since, appearing in many society amateur theatricals for charity. She is considered one of the beauties of the fashionable set, and spent part of the Summer before her formal coming-out at Newport.

While her engagement to Mr. Wing is of wide interest to society, it is not entirely unexpected, as there have been frequent reports to this effect.

She belongs to one of the prominent New York families. Her mother was Miss Marie Stirling before her marriage to Mr. Tailer, who is the only son of Robert W. Tailer. Her grandfather has long been executor and trustee for a great number of large estates, and has long been interested in Richfield Springs, N. Y., the well-known Summer resort, where he has a large estate, Bella Vista. Among his benefactions at Richfield Springs are the rebuilding and endowment of the church, and the building of additional schools.

Her father is a member of the Union, Turf and Field, and Riding Clubs, and is a first cousin of T. Suffern Tailer. The Tailers have been conspicuous in the social world of New York for many years. She has a young brother, Robert W. Tailer, 2d, who is at school at Pomfret, Conn.

Mr. Wing's parents reside at 6 West Forty-eighth Street during the Winter, and their country home is Maple Shade, Millbrook, N. Y. His mother was Miss Bertha L. Hurlbut before her marriage. He is a grandson of the late John D. Wing and is a nephew of J. Morgan Wing of 58 West Forty-ninth Street and Mrs. Austin Flint, Jr. He has a younger brother, L. Stuart Wing, Jr.

Mr. Wing is a member of the Piping Rock and the New York Athletic Clubs and is an ardent devotee of athletics and outdoor sports, taking part with his father in the activities of the Piping Rock Club, at Locust Valley, L. I., and at the various horse shows in town and country.

No date has been set for the wedding.

MISS BRISTED INTRODUCED.

Mrs. Charles Astor Bristed Gives a Tea Dance for Her Daughter.

Mrs. Charles Astor Bristed of 165 East Seventy-first Street gave a tea dance in the small ballroom at Sherry's yesterday afternoon to introduce her young daughter, Miss Symphorosa Bristed. Mrs. Bristed, in gray satin veiled with silver embroidered tulle, and Miss Bristed, in a mustard-colored taffeta frock with touches of blue and a silver lace cap with blue flowers, received in the foyer. They had receiving with them the Misses Noemi Gibert Townsend, Anna R. Alexandre, Josephine de Gersdorff, Edith McKeever, and Almy Gilford. There were several hundred guests.

Miss Leary has invitations out for a dinner for Miss Bristed on Jan. 7.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Jay Bruen are being congratulated on the birth of a daughter at their home, 19 East Eighty-third Street. Mrs. Bruen was formerly Miss Constance L. Fiedler.

Mrs. James Henry Parker of 18 East Sixty-ninth Street will not receive on Fridays in January, owing to illness in the family.

The wedding of Miss Ethel M. Post, daughter of Mrs. Alfred Seton Post, and Charles S. Farnum of Philadelphia, will take place today at the home of the bride's sister, Mrs. George C. McMurtry, Jr., 22 East Seventieth Street.

President Arthur T. Hadley of Yale University and family are spending the holiday season at the Hotel Manhattan.

The second of the Two Dances, a series arranged by Mrs. Michael J. Mulqueen, was held last night at the Hotel Gotham.

Miss Lucy Lord's informal tea dance for the Misses Vera Cravath, Eunice Clapp, and Caryl Hackstaff, will be held tomorrow at the home of Miss Lord's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert G. Lord, 623 West 113th Street.

Today's entertainments will consist of Mrs. Richard Peabody's large dance at Sherry's for Miss Constance Peabody; Mrs. Duncan G. Harris's dance for her cousin, Miss Noemi G. Townsend, at the Ritz-Carlton; Mrs. Robert R. Sizer's tea dance at Sherry's for Miss Emmalena Sizer; Mrs. Cass Gilbert's luncheon for Miss Julia S. Gilbert, and Mrs. Eugene Fuller's tea dance for Miss Eugenia M. Fuller at the Gotham.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick P. Bellamy of 260 Henry Street, Brooklyn, entertained at dinner at their home last night in honor of Dr. Sidney E. Mezes, the new President of the College of the City of New York, and Mrs. Mezes, and Dean Chandler of the University of Cincinnati and Mrs. Chandler.

Alton Farrel's Bachelor Dinner.

Alton Farrel of Ansonia, Conn., who will marry Miss Hazel Edison of Larrimore, N. D., on Jan. 6, gave his farewell bachelor dinner last night at the Biltmore. Friends of Mr. Farrel, who were in charge of the decorations, embellished the table with ammunition belts and six-shooters, while an orchestra of negroes, dressed as cowboys, played. Among the guests were Charles F. Brooker, Lyttleton Fox, John McBowman, Frank E. Hoadley, William M. Clark, Thomas Wallace, 3d, Walter Perry, Charles Bliss, and Robert L. Munger.

Burr McIntosh on Honeymoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Burr McIntosh have left New York on a short honeymoon trip. Their marriage took place quietly on Christmas night in the Congregational Church, Broadway and Seventy-sixth Street, the Rev. Henry A. Stimson officiating.

The first intimation that Mr. McIntosh's friends had of his marriage was when they saw the announcement of it yesterday. His bride was formerly Mrs. Jean Snowden Luther, who has lived at the Plaza. Mr. McIntosh is widely known as an actor and a photographer and has lectured. They will reside at the Waldorf-Astoria.

DOREMUS—RITTER.

Mrs. Henry P. Doremus of Chester Hill, Mount Vernon, N. Y., announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Ethel Doremus, to Paschal Stone Ritter, son of E. P. V. Ritter of this city. No date has been set for the wedding.

EPPIG—GRAHAM.

The engagement of Miss Anna Veronica Eppig, daughter of the late Mrs. Joseph Eppig of Brooklyn, to Henry Thomas Graham of Wilmington, Del., has been announced.

Youth Dances at Colony Club.

The holiday meeting of the Colony Dances, whose members include 300 girls and boys not yet out, was held last night at the Colony Club and was preceded by several large dinners. Mrs. James Byrne gave a large dinner at the Club and Mrs. Rufus L. Patterson and Mrs. Walter Damrosch also entertained at dinner. The other patronesses who received or entertained before the dance were Mrs. Wintrop Burr, Mrs. H. Casimer de Rhah, Mrs. Robert P. Huntington, Mrs. Henry H. Landon, Mrs. Edward T. H. Talmage, and Mrs. Charles B. Alexander. The Assembly Room and gymnasium were used for the dancing, which began at 9 o'clock and ended at midnight, when a buffet supper was served.

DANCES FOR DEBUTANTES.

Misses Auchincloss, Gay, Erdmann, and Noyes Receive.

Mrs. Walter B. James was the hostess last night at a dance at the Ritz-Carlton for her niece, Miss Esther Jennings Auchincloss, the débutante daughter of Mrs. H. D. Auchincloss. Several dinners preceded the dance, including those at which Mrs. Thomas E. Satterthwaite, Mrs. Philip G. Bartlett, and Mrs. Oliver Gould Jennings were hostesses, Mrs. Jennings taking over the dinner that Mrs. Hoadley had arranged for her daughter, Miss Louise Russell Hoadley, and at which, owing to the death of a relative, she was unable to be the hostess. Mrs. Satterthwaite's dinner was for her débutante niece, Miss Isabella Banks Taylor, and afterward she took her party to the dance.

Mrs. Thomas Sears Young of 42 East Fifty-second Street entertained last night at the Cosmopolitan Club, which was gay with holiday decorations, with a dance for her great-niece, Miss Martha S. Gay, the débutante daughter of Mrs. Young's niece, Mrs. Martin Gay. Mrs. Young, in black velvet; Mrs. Gay, in satin and black embroidered chiffon and lace, and the débutante, in white satin and tulle embroidered in pink and blue crystals, received the guests, who numbered between 150 and 200, and a supper was served soon after 12 o'clock. Mrs. Young gave a small dinner for Miss Gay before the dance at her residence.

The guests at the dance included the Misses Adrienne Iselin, Josephine de Gersdorff, Theodora Dunham, Margery and Eugenie Rand, Gertrude Welling, Faith and Ruth Hayden, Frederika Petreson, Isabel Yeomans, Anne Brown, Helen H. Jenkins, Florence Lincoln, Margaret Montgomery, Helen Ridgely Morgan, Vera Cravath.

Also Lawrence Murray, Henry Holt, Jr., and Eliot Holt, Norvin H. Green, Arthur Du Bois, Robert Du Bois, Oliver C. Harriman, Edward Peale, Stewart Bowers, Gustave H. Kissel, W. T. Kissel, and Harold and Francis Henderson.

Mrs. John Frederick Erdmann of 60 West Fifty-second Street entertained last night with a coming-out dance at Sherry's for her débutante daughter, Miss Olivia Sturtevant Erdmann. The dance was in the large ballroom, gay with Christmas decorations, and a buffet supper was served in the adjoining suites. Mrs. Erdmann, in hyacinth blue faille with a tunic of silver lace, and Miss Erdmann, in coral-colored chiffon velvet trimmed with ermine and carrying coral roses and yellow orchids, received alone.

Mrs. Walter C. Noyes of 31 East Sixty-third Street gave a small dance for her daughter, Miss Marian C. Noyes, last night in the Ladies' Annex of the Metropolitan Club. There were between 75 and 100 guests, and Mrs. Noyes and the débutante, in white chiffon and satin, with irridescent embroidery, received. The dancing room was decorated in Christmas greens and red azaleas, and a seated supper was served in the suite of rooms over the ballroom after midnight.

Mrs. Henry Clay West was another dance hostess last evening at Sherry's, and entertained for her débutante niece, Miss Wealthy Albro Lewis, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Richard J. Lewis. The dance was in the small ballroom, and a buffet supper was served at midnight. Mrs. West, assisted by Mrs. Lewis and the débutante, received the guests, who numbered between 200 and 300.

Lillian Bradley to Give Musicale.

A musicale and dance is to be given at the Hotel Plaza on the evening of Jan. 7 by Miss Lillian Bradley, dramatic soloist. A number of musical people will appear, among them Charles Mooney, baritone; Bernard Glasser, violinist; Zitkin, 'cellist, and William Simon, who will play the accompaniments.

MARIE DRESSLER HERE IN 'A MIX-UP'

Her Exuberant Fun Is the Redeeming Feature of a Stale Farce.

PLAY OF MIXED IDENTITIES

Wherein an Expert Entertainer Is Asked to Work Miracles with Shopworn Situations.

A MIX-UP, a farce in three acts, by Parker A. Hord. With Marie Dressler. At the Thirty-ninth Street Theatre.

Gladys Lorraine	Miss Dressler
Tillie Schwartz	Nellie De Grasse
Robert Hickman	Bert Lytell
Angelica Hickman	Evelyn Vaughan
Mrs. Hamilton Ormsby	Helen Beaumont
Norah Maguire	Julia Blanc
Hiram Hickman	Albert Reed
Mrs. Hiram Hickman	Sarah McVicker
Eugene Ramsay	Robert Ober
Sam Landman	John P. Dougherty

In her own ample person, Marie Dressler is expertly and enormously amusing, and it is a pity to see such gifts for laughter bestowed on so stale and unprofitable a farce as the new one which took possession last evening of the stage of the Thirty-ninth Street Theatre. It is called "A Mix-Up," and is the work of Parker A. Hord. By her unfailing exuberance, she lifts some of its moments to the level of capital entertainment, but the task assigned her is rescue work of a peculiarly difficult nature.

The play itself is entirely innocent of an original idea. According to the programme, which somewhat cautiously describes it as "the latest farcical success" of Miss Dressler's career, "A Mix-Up" was constructed "for laughing purposes only." But to carry out these purposes it relies on situations that have lost their pristine freshness, on puns that are mere horseplays on words, and on such a banging of farce doors as has not been heard hereabout in many a long day.

The mix-up begins with a hapless intrusion into the wrong flat by a burlesque queen out for a social evening and most amazingly arrayed. She is affably explaining matters to the somewhat amused man of the house when in walks his rich, religious, and critical aunt from the country, come to town to meet her nephew's bride. He hastily introduces the annoyed intruder as his bride, and the rest may be guessed.

With such material as this, Miss Dressler works wonders. Just as she might be when playing all by herself in a vaudeville monologue, she is funny whenever she has the centre of the stage to herself, whether she is falling over the sofa in her embarrassment, writhing in the arm chair in her discomfiture, or, in her eventual alarm, trembling as much like an aspen as possible. There are some scattered occasions when she develops some uproarious fun, but she has to work against heavy odds and without much hearty support from the ranks.

After an exhausting act in which she had bounced about the stage in her best manner, Miss Dressler came to the footlights last evening and in a breathless curtain speech gratefully observed that she was afraid of no old ladies' home since, after a Summer devoted to thoughtful rest, she had felt she "could do it again." She was right. She can—again and again.

"EURYANTHE" SUNG AGAIN.

Second Performance of Weber's Opera at the Metropolitan.

Weber's opera of "Euryanthe" was given for the second time at the Metropolitan Opera House last evening. The revival which was so successfully launched at the Saturday matinée a week ago continued its success before the Monday-night audience, which was large and listened to the opera with many evidences of pleasure and uncommon interest. The performance was in the hands of the same artists as were heard the first time, and had most, if not all, of the excellences that then excited so much admiration. It is an extraordinarily fine performance in almost all respects; one that does infinite credit to the management of the Opera House and that wholly justifies the ambition prompting its undertaking.

It is no easy bid for popularity that is implied in this revival of "Euryanthe." The work is difficult for singers and for all who are concerned in it; in some respects exceedingly so. There is a combination needed here in certain of the parts of the styles generally known as dramatic and florid that few artists of the present day can command and that few ever have commanded. It cannot be said that there is absolute success in all respects, but there is so much success that it may well excite surprise and delight.

Even more important is the intense dramatic pulse communicated to the performance in Mr. Toscanini's reading of the score, which fills it with vitality and as well extracts from it all the rich and full-flavored musical quality, all the potency of musical characterization, that the composer put into it.

"Euryanthe" occupies a position in the history and development of opera that will not fail to be impressed upon the intelligent listeners to these remarkable performances. But audiences do nto go to the opera to study musical history, nor to reflect upon the subtle and potent influences that are embodied in such a score as "Euryanthe." The success of the opera at the present time will depend upon the appeal which its intrinsically musical and dramatic qualities make to audiences of the present day. To judge from the two performances already heard this appeal is very considerable.

The opera does not in all respects meet the tastes and demands of the modern listener, and Weber's music has not the taste of immortality that is afforded by a few operas of the same and even an earlier period. But it has a great vitality of its own, a great beauty that time has not staled, and that seem destined to keep it alive.

Mmes. Hempel and Ober, Messrs. Sembach, Weil, and Middleton were highly appreciated last evening in their impersonations of the leading parts. Chorus and orchestra earned great praise, and the performance under Mr. Toscanini's direction was of the same distinction as that which made the first one so notable.

THE WEEK IN THE THEATRES.

The following plays began new weeks of their runs at the theatres last night: "The Song of Songs," at the Eltinge Theatre; "Poor Little Thing," at the Bandbox Theatre; "Just Herself," at the Playhouse; "The Lie," at the Harris Theatre; "Tonight's The Night," at the Shubert Theatre; "Lady Luxury," at the Casino Theatre; "Hello Broadway," at the Astor Theatre; "Driven," at the Empire; "The Marriage of Kitty," with Marie Tempest, at the Comedy Theatre; "Watch Your Step," at the New Amsterdam; "The Debutante," with Hazel Dawn, at the Knickerbocker; "The Hawk," with William Faversham, at the Maxine Elliott Theatre; "The Only Girl," at the Lyric Theatre; "Outcast," with Elsie Ferguson, at the Lyceum Theatre; "Experience," at the Booth Theatre; "The Lilac Domino," at the Forty-fourth Street Theatre; "Kick In," at the Republic Theatre; "A Pair of Silk Stockings," at the Little Theatre; "Chin-Chin," at the Globe Theatre; "Life," at the Manhattan Opera House; "The Phantom Rival," at the Belasco Theatre; "Dancing Around," at the Winter Garden; "Daddy Long-Legs," at the Gaiety Theatre; "The Law of the Land," at the Forty-eighth Street Theatre; "On Trial," at the Candler; "It Pays to Advertise," at Cohan's; "Under Cover," at the Cort; "Twin Beds," at the Fulton; "Wars of the World," at the Hippodrome; four plays at the Princess Theatre, and "Polygamy," at the Park Theatre.

The New York Theatre, under the direction of William Morris, returned to its policy of vaudeville and motion pictures yesterday. The bill yesterday included, in addition to the motion picture presentation of Marie Dressler in "Tillie's Punctured Romance," Schreck and Percival, Polly Prim, Harry Lauder Singing and Talking Pictures, Hugh Emmet, Barnold's Dogs, Merlin and Tim Brymm's Band.

Nineteen acts are on the bill at Hammerstein's Victoria Theatre this week. Anna Held's daughter, Liane Carrera, assisted by Tyler Brooke and six pretty girls, in a pretentious offering, met with favor. Other acts include Maude Lambert and Ernest Ball, Bixley and Fink, Laddie Cliff, Charley Case, Helen Trix, Kajiama, the Japanese writing marvel; Clark and Verdi, Charles and Fannie Van, Burns and Fulton, Grace De Mar, Idania Troupe, Diamond and Beatrice, Elliott and West, and Lorretta and Francis.

At the Colonial Theatre this week Minnie Dupree has a one-act play by Edward Childs Carpenter, called "Bread Upon the Waters." Others are Ben Ryan and Harriette Lee, Alan Brooks in the playlet from his own pen, "Straightened Out"; William Burr and Daphne Hope in "A Lady, a Lover, and a Lamp"; "Ideal," in new and startling diving feats; Fred J. Ardath and company in "Hiram on the Farm," Henry Lewis in his original novelty, "A Vaudeville Cocktail"; The Cansinos, Hazell Cox, sister of Ray Cox, and Miller and Mack, dancers.

Bert Clark and Mabel Hamilton are headlining the programme at Keith's Alhambra Theatre this week, presenting "A Wayward Conceit," introducing a number of original songs with a special scenic set for each together with costume changes. Fannie Brice is another favorite on the bill, offering new songs, characterizations and clowning. Others here this week are Mme. Doree, who is offering the Imperial Opera Company; Haveman's animals, Marian Murray and company in "A Modern Prima Donna," by Edgar Allan Woolf; Moore and Yates in "Who's Who and Which," Walter Van Brunt, Crossman and Steward, dancers, and the Marvelous Gregory Troupe, hoop rollers and jugglers.

Irene Franklin, who has recently returned to Keith vaudeville after an absence of several years, is seen at Keith's Royal Theatre this week. She is singing new songs, together with a number of her favorites as an encore. Sam Chip and Mary Marble have discarded their former vehicle, "A Bit of Old Edam," for a new piece, by Herbert Hall Winslow, called "The Land of Dykes." The remainder of the programme includes Lyons and Yosco, a harpist and singer of quality; Harry Fern and company in "Veterans," Jarrow, the humorist trickster; McMahon, Diamond and Chaplow in "The Scare Crow," Ed Morton, "the singing comedian," and Roberto, the juggler.

Eva Tanguay is at the Palace this week, and others on the bill are Homer B. Mason and Marguerite Keeler, who present "Married," a one-act play, by Porter Emerson Browne; Harry Carroll, the composer, singing his new songs to his own accompaniment on the piano; Bob Matthews, Al Shayne and company in "In Dreamland;" Little Billy, vaudeville's tiniest headliner; Lipinski's forty-dog comedians; Adler and Arline, offering "A New Idea;" Lucy Gillett, the lady from Delf, and others.

"The Midnight Girl," a well-known and successful musical comedy which had a long run at the Forty-fourth Street Theatre last season, is at the Standard.

The Bronx Opera House has the Hungarian musical comedy "Sari" with Mizzi Hajos and the original company which appeared at the Liberty Theatre.

At the Grand Opera House is the musical comedy "Papa's Darling," fresh from its run at the New Amsterdam.

The Social Maids company of burlesquers in a two-act burlesque, "Busy Little Cupid," with many vaudeville acts are at the Columbia.

The Murray Hill Theatre has "The Passing Review of 1914," with a series of short travesties on current successes.

The Olympic Theatre has the Tango Girls in the burlesque, "The Girl From Jack's."

The unique motion pictures of wild animal life secured by Raymond L. Ditmars, curator of reptiles at the New York Zoological Park, have entered upon the second week of their run at Wallack's Theatre.

The Vitagraph Theatre programme this week includes "The Sins of the Mothers," a five-part drama, produced by Ralph W. Ince from Elaine Sterne's first prize winner in the Sun scenario contest, the manuscript for which she received $1,000. The cast includes: Anita Stewart, Earle Williams, Julia Swayne Gordon, Lucille Lee, Mary Maurice, and Paul Scardon. The curse of heredity was the theme selected by Miss Sterne as the basis of her story. A girl, cursed with the inherited taint for gambling, becomes so absorbed in playing the game of chance that she ignores warnings from mother, husband, and interested friends, until finally, caught in a web of her own weaving, she meets a tragic death by a bullet intended for her husband by the owner of a gambling resort, which, as District Attorney, he was raiding. A programme of shorter pictures includes "Forcing Dad's Consent" and "Auntie's Portrait," two single-reel comedies, and "In the Latin Quarter," a two-part drama.

The film offering this week at the Strand Theatre is "Cinderella." The production was made by the famous Players Film Company. With the feature is presented a new Keystone comedy, the latest lot of European war pictures, and some travel and scientific pictures.

BULLETIN No. 7

Battles in Tenement Homes

WHEN SICKNESS CAUSES POVERTY.

Sickness is a constant menace to the economic independence of the lower grade wage earners.

The most obvious way, of course, to stop the misery and destitution which it causes is to prevent the sickness.

But until large preventive measures are more universally brought to bear on the diseases that break down the working efficiency of so large a part of our population, there is need for us to follow the example of the Good Samaritan in relieving the suffering by binding up the wounds and supplying to those who lie bruised and broken by the wayside the means by which they shall be restored to efficiency and health.

We must, therefore, secure for the needy sick the best medical treatment either at home or in hospitals, relieve their physical needs, give appropriate "after care" and instruct in wise hygienic methods to prevent a recurrence of the illness.

"Will you call today on a family living at No. — East —— Street? The father is seriously ill and the family is in need of food."

This was one of the calls for help that came to us last January.

When the nurse first called the man was suffering from an illness that could not effectively be treated in the home.

He had worked steadily at his job until pain and weakness compelled him to stop.

He was persuaded to enter a hospital, where he remained for six weeks' treatment.

The mother, too, was dangerously near a complete physical breakdown through worry and overwork to provide for the family during her husband's illness.

She and the children were, therefore, sent away to the country for three weeks of rest and recuperation.

On their return a weekly sum was given to the family, and this was continued until the father was able, without danger, to return to his work.

During the past year the Bureau spent $30,782.58 in providing relief for 1,552 families where sickness had temporarily incapacitated the breadwinner.

This, however, does not represent the sum total of the Association's expense and effort in combatting disease and relieving the misery and destitution which follow in its wake.

In addition we gave assistance in 367 other homes where tuberculosis was the obvious cause of dependency.

Visitors and nurses must constantly go into these homes, directing suspected cases regularly to attend the city's tuberculosis clinics, arranging for the removal of incipient cases to sanatoria, and urging others in more advanced stages to go to the hospitals.

Often the afflicted one is the only or chief breadwinner of the family, and for a time, at least, the cost of relief will equal that required to restore widows' families.

During the past year the Bureau spent for relief of this group of 367 families $17,774.16, in addition to caring for families in our Home Hospital.

Will you help us with your contribution to restore the needy sick to health and self-support?

NEW YORK ASSOCIATION FOR IMPROVING THE CONDITION OF THE POOR

Cornelius N. Bliss, Jr., President. R. Fulton Cutting, Chairman Fin. Com. George Blagden, Treasurer.

Room 210, 105 EAST 22nd STREET

(This advertisement is paid for by a friend who wishes to spread the gospel of efficient charity. This series of bulletins in post card form will be supplied in quantities upon application.)

Watch for next week's bulletin—"OUR OWN NEEDY."

A TOY THEATRE JUST FOR CHILDREN

One for Fairy and Folk Lore Plays to be Built in 47th St., Near Fifth Av.

IT IS TO COST $200,000

Prominent New Yorkers Interested in New House to be of Tudor Architecture and Seat 500.

At an entertainment given yesterday afternoon for the benefit of the Committee of Mercy at the Plaza Hotel, Peter Newton, a well-known children's entertainer, interested a number of prominent people in a movement to build a theatre for children in New York and announced that a backer for the idea had been obtained, and that three lots in Forty-seventh Street, just west of Fifth Avenue, had been purchased as a site for the building, which is to be called the Toy Theatre.

A large sum of money was subscribed yesterday afternoon for the erection of the building, and Mr. Newton said that the work of construction would be started at once. The name of the principal backer Mr. Newton would not make public, but said he was "one of the wealthiest men in New York."

The plans for the Toy Theatre have already been drawn, and they will be filed with the Building Department within in few days. The building, which is to be in the Tudor style of architecture, will be devoted entirely to the theatre, which is to have a seating capacity of 500.

According to Mr. Newton, who gave thirteen entertainments for children at the Toy Theatre in Boston last season, the Toy Theatre here will be in no sense an educational institution. In the afternoon plays will be given for young children. Most of them will be fairy plays or plays of folk-lore or mythology. Mr. Newton, who is a magician, will introduce his style of entertainment into the dramas. Miss Grace Griswold, a well-known actress and settlement worker, has written several of the fairy plays which will be among the offerings.

In the evenings plays will be given suitable for older children. These will be regular dramas, the only object being to select plays which young people may see and which contain nothing objectionable.

The cost of the Toy Theatre is to be about $200,000, and the greater part of this sum has already been subscribed. A permanent stock company will be installed for the presentation of the plays.

At the Committee of Mercy benefit yesterday afternoon Mr. and Mrs. Newton presented an entertainment in legerdemain, Vaughan Trevor of the Princess Theatre company impersonated a jester, and there were many other features.

Among those who were interested in the entertainment and in Mr. Newton's plans for his Toy Theatre were Mrs. Vincent Astor, Mrs. Gertrude Atherton, Carl Beck, Mrs. August Belmont, Mrs. Robert Bacon, Louis Brandeis, W. Bourke Cockran, Frank Crowinschield, Mrs. Charles R. Crane, Mrs. William K. Draper, Dr. Harry A. Garfield, John Craig Hammond, Thomas D. Jones, Samuel Lewisohn, G. Lindenthal, Mrs. Walter Maynard, Mrs. Thomas R. Marshall, John Mitchell, John Moffatt, Samuel Mater, George von L. Meyer, Mrs. Gifford Pinchot, Prof. M. I. Pupin, Herbert C. Pell, Jr.; W. M. Rogovine, Mrs. Douglas Robinson, Leon Schinasi, Count A. Sierstorpff, Mrs. W. D. Sloane, Mrs. Melville E. Stone, Miss Ida M. Tarbell, Prince Paul Troubetzkoy, Mrs. Samuel Untermyer, and Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney.

"DIVORCONS" IN FRENCH.

Sardou's Comedy Provides Excellent Entertainment at Century Theatre.

"Divorçons," the three-act play by Victorien Sardou, is smoothly and entertainingly played by the French company at the Century Lyceum this week. The performance provides an amusing evening and demonstrates how remarkably durable is this bright comedy of the man who had married solely for the placidity and restfulness of a regular life and who finds that in order to preserve that placidity he must bestir himself to change places with the lover.

Mme. Yorska plays the part of Cyprienne. She is too competent an actress to let it escape her entirely, but she is far from at her best with such material, and her performance seems heavy to those who remember the sparkle and vivacity of Grace George's incomparable Cyprienne. M. Bénédict is much more happily cast as the husband, and M. Ruben does some really admirable work as the discomfited Adhemar, although he clowns it overmuch in the last act.

"La Dame aux Camellias" is next week's play, with Mme. Yorska as Marguerite and M. Ruben as Armand.

Kitty Cheatham Entertains.

Kitty Cheatham gave her annual Christmas matinée yesterday afternoon at the Lyceum Theatre before the usual audience of children and grown-ups which fills the theatre for these entertainments. Miss Cheatham had on her programme several new songs and series of songs by Alfred Szendrei, Mrs. H. H. A. Beach, Harold Vincent Milligan, and Louis Gottschalk, but these, while interesting in themselves, were perhaps less important than the fact that the artist again infused into the recital the unique atmosphere and the charm which have gained for her her following. Flora MacDonald at the piano contributed a value of her own to the programme.

Obituary Notes.

The Rev. Dr. LAWRENCE BUCKLEY THOMAS, a Maryland minister, died yesterday at the New York Hospital in his sixty-seventh year. He entered the hospital on Nov. 6. His relatives removed his body to Baltimore last night for interment.

MORITZ FREEDMAN, senior member of the firm of Freedman Brothers Company of 900 Broadway, manufacturers of women's cloaks and suits, died yesterday at his home, 135 West Eighty-sixth Street, in his sixtieth year. He was born in Austria, and came to this country when 21 years of age. Mr. Freedman had been connected with Freedman Brothers for thirty-nine years. He was a member of Adelphi Lodge of Masons, the Progress Club, the Hungarian Society, and the B'nai B'rith. He is survived by three sons and four daughters.

WILLIAM B. WARD, for many years identified with the banking business in Newark, died yesterday in his home at the Aldine Apartments, Broad and Lombardy Streets. He was 71 years old. He was born in Caldwell, N. J. Mr. Ward was with the Union National Bank as a bookkeeper for many years.

A. G. JENNINGS, who as contractor built many of the railroads in the Middle West during the last thirty years, died at his home in Joplin, Mo., yesterday, aged 50 years.

JOHN DELANEY, Indian fighter and scout from 1849 to 1854, and for many years in the Government service as an overland freighter, died at his home near Atchison, Kan., yestrday. He was 81 years old.

JOHN BAUER, Superintendent of the Westchester Branch Post Office at St. Raymond's Avenue and Williamsbridge Road, died yesterday at his desk in the office, from heart disease. He had been with the Post Office Department for many years. Mr. Bauer lived at 276 West 161st Street, and is survived by his wife.

EDWARD PAYSON POST, 78 years old, retired, died yesterday at his residence, 128 Hooper Street, Brooklyn. Mr. Post was born in Westbrook, Conn., and was for many years in the real estate business in this city. Prior to that he was a manufacturer of rope and twine and the business is now being carried on by his son, Daniel M. Post. His widow survives him.

Mrs. SARAH W. CONDIT, wife of Stephen G. Condit, a retired cigar manufacturer of this city, died yesterday at her residence, 582 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn, from pneumonia. Mrs. Condit was born seventy-four years ago in Red Bank, N. J., and was a member of the Morris family, which was prominent in the American Revolution. She had lived in Brooklyn since 1863.

Mrs. CATHERINE GIESELER, wife of William M. Gieseler, a well-known hardware merchant of Brooklyn, and an active member of the Ladies' Aid Society of the Bedford Presbyterian Church, died yesterday at her home, 784 Nostrand Avenue, Brooklyn. She was 35 years of age.

THOMAS W. DAVIS, Grand Recording Secretary of the Massachusetts Grand Lodge of Masons, died in Belmont, Mass., yesterday.

Swift & Company's sales of Beef in New York City for the week ending Saturday, Dec. 26th, averaged as follows: Domestic Beef, 11.60 cents. Imported Beef, 10.81 cents per lb. —Advt.

LEONARD E. WARE DIES.

New York Banker and a Former Tennis Champion Was 39.

Leonard Everett Ware of the banking firm of Mann, Bill & Ware of 38 Wall Street, and a former tennis champion, died yesterday at his home, 1,393 North Avenue, Elizabeth, N. J., in his fortieth year. Mr. Ware was of distinguished Colonial ancestry. He was graduated from Harvard University in 1899, and while at the university was a member of the fraternities of Alpha Delta Phi and Delta Kappa Epsilon, the Institute of 1770, and the Hasty Pudding Club.

As a tennis player during 1898-99 he was intercollegiate singles champion, and with George Sheldon held the national doubles championship in 1897-98. After leaving college Mr. Ware was with the National Bank of Redemption in Boston. Following this he joined the banking firm of Bond & Goodwin of Boston, and in 1903 came to this city to start the New York office of that firm. In 1907 the firm of Ware & Timlow, members of the New York Stock Exchange, was organized, and later in the same year consolidated with Mann, Bill & Ware.

Mr. Ware was a brother-in-law of President John Grier Hibben of Princeton University. His widow and three children survive him.

WM. J. UNDERWOOD DEAD.

Prominent Lawyer and ex-Member of Seventh Regiment Rifle Team.

William J. Underwood, lawyer, former counsel for the late Mayor Gaynor, and a former Captain of Company G of the Seventh Regiment, N. G. N. Y., died yesterday at his home, 268 West Seventy-third Street, in his fifty-ninth year. Mr. Underwood was a Director of the Royal Baking Powder Company, a Director of the American Maize Products Company, and President of Drevet Manufacturing Company. He was a member of the American International Rifle Team in 1881 and the Anglo-American Rifle Team in 1905 and 1906.

Mr. Underwood was a member of the Bar Association of the City of New York, the New York County Lawyers' Association, the New York State Bar Association, and the Delta Kappa Epsilon fraternity.

John Henry Mowen.

John Henry Mowen, President of the New York and Brooklyn Casket Company and prominent in banking circles in this city and Brooklyn, died on Saturday at his residence, 1 Arlington Place, Brooklyn, in his seventieth year. Mr. Mowen was born in Waynesboro, Penn. He was a Director of the North Side Bank, the Manhattan Bridge Three Cent Line, the Kings County Savings Institution, and a member of the Board of Directors of the Eastern District Y. M. C. A., and of the Board of Trustees of the Williamsburg Hospital. Mr. Mowen was a thirty-second degree Mason, a Past Master of Hyatt Lodge, No. 205, F. and A. M.; Past Commander of De Witt Clinton Commandery No. 28, Past Regent of De Long Council, No. 725, R. A., and Treasurer of Hanover Club. He is survived by his widow, a son, and daughter.

Rev. Richard K. Wakeham.

The Rev. Richard K. Wakeham, one of the best-known Catholic priests in this country and a member of the Faculty of St. Joseph's Seminary at Dunwoodie, N. Y., died yesterday at Loretta Rest, in Cold Spring, N. Y., in his sixty-ninth year. He was born in Columbia, Va., and for the last thirty-one years had been engaged in preparing novices for the priesthood. He had been connected with St. Joseph's, of which the Rev. John P. Chidwick, former chaplain of the U. S. S. Maine, is President, for the last sixteen years. Father Wakeham taught sacred eloquence, and was the head of the department of philosophy. His funeral will take place at St. Patrick's Cathedral, on Thursday morning at 10 o'clock.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Engaged.

POHANKA—RUFF.—Mr. and Mrs. Joseph F. Ruff of 120 Seventh Av., Whitestone, announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Charlotte M. Ruff, to Frank J. S. Pohanka of Flushing, L. I.

Married.

DE LAMATER — BAKER. — Marian Dunlap Baker to Harold Edward De Lamater, Dec. 28, 1914, by the Rev. Charles A. Ashmead, St. Mark's Rectory, Tarrytown, N. Y.

Died.

BERMES.—Town of Union, N. J., Dec. 27, 1914, Babetha Bermes, in her 58th year, daughter of the late Daniel and Dorothea Bermes. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services at her late residence, 117 Columbia St., on Wednesday evening, Dec. 30, 1914, at 8 P. M. Interment in Weehawken Cemetery on Thursday, at the convenience of the family.

CARTER.—On Monday, Dec. 28, at Kingston, N. Y., William Carter, son of Dr. Charles R. and Ellen Carter of Philadelphia, suddenly, of heart failure, in the sixty-first year of his age.

CONDIT.—Dec. 28, 1914, Sarah W. Condit, (nee Morris,) wife of Stephen G. Condit, at her home, 582 Bedford Av., Brooklyn, aged 74 years. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend funeral services at Grace Episcopal Church, Conselyea St., near Leonard, Thursday, Dec. 31, at 2 P. M.

CORNING.—On Monday, Dec. 28, 1914, at Bound Brook, N. J., Edward Corning, in the 76th year of his age. Funeral private. St. Paul (Minn.) papers please copy.

CRONIN.—Dec. 28, 1914, Charles Henry, second son of Annie Aird and the late Henry P. Cronin. Funeral service Tuesday, Dec. 29, at 8 o'clock P. M., at the residence of his mother, 219 West 106th St.

DAVENPORT.—Suddenly, at 527 West 162d St., Ed. Davenport, aged 49 years.

DODGE.—On Sunday morning, Dec. 27, 1914, after a short illness, Grace Hoadley Dodge, daughter of the late William Earle and Sarah Hoadley Dodge, in the 59th year of her age. In accordance with Miss Dodge's expressed desire the funeral will be private. Friends are requested not to send flowers.

DODGE.—Grace Hoadley. The Colonial Dames of the State of New York announce with regret the death, on Dec. 27, 1914, of Miss Grace Hoadley Dodge, a member of the society.
KATHARINE M. BEEKMAN, President.
THERESE W. THORNE, Secretary.

FIFE.—On Monday, Dec. 28, at his home, 620 West 116th St., John Hamilton Fife, aged 63 years. Funeral services at Greenwich Presbyterian Church, 13th St., between 6th and 7th Avs., Wednesday, 1 P. M. Interment private.

FREEDMAN.—Moritz, beloved husband of Hannah Freedman, father of Beatrice, Ruth, Michael, Louis, Benjamin Freedman, Mrs. S. Tynberg, Mrs. S. Nickelsburg, and brother of Charles I. Freedman, passed away Monday, Dec. 28, in his 60th year, after a brief illness; member of Adelphi Lodge, No. 23, F. and A. M., Ehrster Ungarisher K. u. U. Verein, Progress Club, and Temple Israel of Harlem. Funeral from late residence, 135 West 86th St. Wednesday, at 9:30.

FULLER.—At Greenwich, Conn., Dec. 27, Barry Cameron, youngest son of James F. and the late Isadora Cameron Fuller. Funeral services at Holy Trinity Church, 122d St. and Lenox Av., on Tuesday, at 1 P. M. Interment private.

GREGORY.—On Thursday, Dec. 24, 1914, at Southern Pines, N. C., the Rev. Henry Trowbridge Gregory, in his 81st year, son of the late William Marvin Gregory of Albany, N. Y. Interment at Greensboro, N. C. Albany (N. Y.) papers please copy.

GUITERMAN.—At her residence, 32 West 47th St., on Dec. 28, Rosalia, wife of the late Simon Guiterman. Funeral at the convenience of family.

HORNER.—Sunday, Dec. 27, 1914, Major James B. Horner, in his 76th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 407 West 21st St., Wednesday, Dec. 30, at 8 o'clock P. M.

HUGHES.—New York State Society of the Cincinnati, Secretary's office, General Order.—The President, with deep regret, announces to the society the death of Dixon Gedney Hughes, an hereditary member of this society, at his home, in Jersey City, N. J., on Dec. 15, 1914, in the 75th year of his age. Talbot Olyphant, President; Francis Burrall Hoffman, Secretary.

Dutton's
New Year's Cards
Calendars
681 FIFTH AVENUE

Died.

HUNTER.—Monday morning, Dec. 28, Frank D. Hunter, in the 65th year of his age. Funeral private.

HURLBUT.—At the Residence of his daughter, Mrs. T. H. Taylor, 109 Llewellyn Road, Montclair, N. J., Dec. 28, 1914, Henry M. Hurlbut, in his 87th year.

HYATT.—On Monday, Dec. 28, 1914, Eliza A., widow of James Stout Hyatt, in the 93d year of her age. Funeral services at her late residence, 11 West 121st St., on Wednesday evening, Dec. 30, 1914, at 8 o'clock.

KENNEDY.—Dec. 28, Eugene A. Kennedy, aged 53 years. Funeral from parlors of Stephen Merritt Burial and Cremation Co., 8th Av., 19th St., Wednesday, 1 o'clock.

KLEEKO.—Roman, aged 35. Services "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," 241 West 23d St., Tuesday, 11 o'clock. Auspices Actors' Fund.

MacARTHUR.—Sons of the Revolution in the State of New York. Office of the society, Fraunces Tavern, cor. Broad and Pearl Sts., New York, Dec. 28, 1914. With regret announcement is made of the death, Dec. 27, of Col. Arthur MacArthur, a member of this society.
ROBERT OLYPHANT, President.
HENRY RUSSELL DROWNE, Secretary.

McLOUGHLIN.—On Sunday, Dec. 27, 1914, Alice L. McLoughlin, beloved wife of Emmett McLoughlin. Funeral from her late residence, 510 West 149th St., at 9:15 A. M., thence to St. Catharine's Church, 153d St., near Amsterdam Av., where a requiem mass will be offered for the repose of her soul at 10 A. M. Interment St. Raymond's Cemetery. Kindly omit flowers.

MAYBURY.—At Tampa, Fla., Dec. 28, Charlotte E., wife of Henry Maybury and mother of Margaret C. and H. C. Maybury and Mrs. C. T. Dudley. Interment Detroit, Mich.

MILLER.—Of peritonitis, at Stamford, Conn., on Dec. 28, Charles Oscar Miller, 3d, son of Charles O. Miller, Jr., and M. Elizabeth White Miller, in the 6th year of his age. Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers.

PARSONS.—At Brooklyn, on Dec. 26, 1914, Elizabeth Henry, widow of Jacob Cox Parsons. Funeral private from her late residence, 321 State St., Brooklyn, N. Y., Tuesday, Dec. 29, at 2 P. M. Kindly omit flowers.

RENWICK.—Dec. 27, at her residence, 357 West 115th St., Christina McKenzie, widow of Herbert Renwick, M. D., of Orono, Canada. Interment Bowmanville, Canada.

ROWAN.—On Dec. 28, 1914, James Rowan, in his 83d year. Funeral service at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Calhoun, 565 West 170th St., on Wednesday evening at 8:30 o'clock. Interment at Woodlawn.

SANFORD.—Suddenly, on Dec. 28, 1914, at South Orange, N. J., Edwards Sewall Sanford, in his sixty-ninth year. Services at his late home, Wednesday, Dec. 30, on arrival of train leaving Hoboken, 1:51 P. M., D., L. & W. R. R., for Mountain Station. Kindly omit flowers. Montreal papers please copy.

SCHONEWEG.—On Dec. 27th, Elsie A., beloved daughter of Anna Schoneweg, nee Neuhaus. Relatives and friends are invited to attend funeral from her late residence, 702 East 133d St., Bronx, Wednesday, Dec. 30, at 2 P. M.

STOCKWELL.—On Monday, Dec. 28, 1914, at her residence, The Holland House, M. Louise Stockwell, widow of Charles B. Stockwell. Interment private.

THOMAS.—On Dec. 28, at New York Hospital, Dr. Lawrence Buckley Thomas, D. D. Interment in Baltimore. Philadelphia papers please copy.

TRAVIS.—Dec. 27, Hannah M., beloved wife of the Rev. Richard H. Travis, aged 71 years. Funeral services at her late residence, 70 Perry St., Wednesday morning at 11 o'clock.

TUFTS.—Suddenly, on Dec. 26, at the Presbyterian Hospital, Eugene L. Tufts, in his 63d year. Interment at Medford, Mass.

UNDERWOOD.—On Monday, Dec. 28, 1914, at his residence, 268 West 73d St., Major William J. Underwood, in his 59th year. Funeral services at St. Thomas's Church, 5th Av. and 53d St., on Wednesday, Dec. 30, at 11 A. M.

UNDERWOOD. — Company G, Seventh Infantry, N. G. N. Y. It is with profound sorrow that the death is announced of Brevet Major William J. Underwood, lately commanding officer of this company. Members and veterans of the company are requested to attend the funeral services at St. Thomas' Church, 53d St. and 5th Av., on Wednesday, Dec. 30, at 11 o'clock A. M.
MAXWELL B. NESBITT, Captain.

UTTER.—At Glen Ridge, N. J., Dec. 28, Maria C. Utter, in her 89th year. Funeral services at St. Ann's Church, Brooklyn, N. Y., on Wednesday at 11 o'clock.

WAKEHAM.—Richard K. A member of the Faculty of St. Joseph's Seminary, Dunwoodie, N. Y., Dec. 28. Body will lie in state in the Seminary Chapel. Divine office in Seminary Chapel Wednesday, 3:30 P. M. Mass Thursday at St. Patrick's Cathedral at 10 A. M. Boston, Baltimore, and Richmond papers please copy.

WARE.—At Elizabeth, N. J., Monday, Dec. 28, 1914, Leonard E. Ware, in the 39th year of his age. Funeral services at his late residence, 1,393 North Ave., Elizabeth, N. J., Tuesday, Dec. 29, at 3:15 P. M. Kindly omit flowers.

ZUMBUEHL.—On Dec. 27, Charles H., beloved husband of Minnie Zumbuehl. Funeral services at residence, 1,041 Clay Av., Tuesday evening, 8 o'clock. Funeral private.

AHEARN.—William, 2,544 8th Av., Dec. 27. Funeral today, 10 A. M.
BALLAGH.—Robert S., 564 Riverside Drive, Dec. 26, aged 6 months.
BLAKE.—Anna, Dec. 26. Funeral 525 Hudson St., today, 10 A. M.
CRESSON.—Laura J., Dec. 27. Funeral 241 West 23d St., today, 9:30 A. M.
DE LACY.—Jerome, 119 East 89th St., Dec. 26, aged 24. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
DIX.—Peter J., Bellevue Hospital, Dec. 26, aged 61.
DOWD.—James, 401 West 54th St., Dec. 26. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.
DURICH.—Mary, 225 East 95th St., Dec. 27. Funeral today, 11 A. M.
ELLER.—Pauline E., 4,028 Pratt Av., Dec. 26, aged 16.
FLYNN.—Thomas, 218 East 5th St., Dec. 26. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
GARVEY.—Michael, Dec. 26. Funeral Lexington Av. and 65th St.
GORDON.—Margaret, 261 East 141st St., Dec. 26. Funeral today, 9 A. M.
HIRSCHBERG.—Rudolph, 308 West 93d St., Dec. 27. Funeral notice later.
HOERTH.—Frederick, 330 East 90th St., Dec. 26. Funeral today, 1 P. M.
HUGHES.—John C., 464 West 153d St., Dec. 26. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.
McKNIGHT.—Elizabeth, Dec. 27, aged 66. Funeral 2,343 8th Av.
O'REILLY.—Joseph A., 242 East 35th St., Dec. 27. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.
POWERS.—William H., Sailors' Snug Harbor, S. I., Dec. 26. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
SCHUBARTH.—Catherine, Sea View Hospital, S. I., Dec. 26.
SUGIMOTO.—Emma L., 3,047 Hull Av., Bronx, Dec. 27. Funeral tomorrow.
TAMES.—Joseph, 570 West 182d St., Dec. 27. Funeral tomorrow.

Brooklyn.

AHLERS.—Johanna, 200 Linden Av., Dec. 27. Funeral private.
BERTREM.—Margaret, 445 Shepherd Av., Dec. 26. Funeral tomorrow.
BETSCH.—Christopher, 237 Nassau Av., Dec. 26, aged 78.
BIEMERT.—Marie M., German Hospital, Dec. 26, aged 56. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
BREEN.—Margaret, 815 Albany Av., Dec. 27. Funeral today.
CONROY.—Annie, 272 Van Brunt St., Dec. 26. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
DELANEY.—John A., 263A Bainbridge St., Dec. 26. Funeral Jan. 1.
DORAN.—Rose, 83 Douglas St., Dec. 27, aged 54. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
DREYER.—Anna M., 221 Reid Av., Dec. 27, aged 53. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.
EDWARDS.—Josephine, 623 Jefferson Av., Dec. 27. Funeral notice later.
FERNS.—James H., 281 Hooper St., Dec. 26, aged 40. Funeral today, 10 A. M.
FORD.—William J., 120 Myrtle Av., Dec. 27, aged 42.
GALLAGHER.—Daniel, 194 St. Nicholas Av., Dec. 27.
GIESLER.—Katherine, 784 Nostrand Av., Dec. 28, aged 35. Funeral service tomorrow.
GILDEA.—John, 69 Lexington Av., Dec. 27, aged 43. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
GORDON.—Daniel F., 1,361 51st St., Dec. 27. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.
GRAHAM.—Lemuel L., 3 Miller Av., Dec. 27. Funeral service today.
HACKETT.—M. Knox, 1,517 Pacific St., Dec. 26, aged 51.
HOOD.—Katie, 263 Stockholm St., Dec. 26. Funeral tomorrow, 9 A. M.
HOOP.—Christopher, 249 De Kalb Av., Dec. 27, aged 62. Funeral today.
HUTTER.—Florence, 318 48th St., Dec. 26. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
JENKINS.—James A., 1,903 50th St., Dec. 27. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
KANE.—James, Jr., 51 Poplar St., Dec. 26.
LINDSLY.—Albert B., Dec. 26, aged 85. Funeral 489 Washington Av.
McDONOUGH.—Ellen, 1,737 West 8th St., Dec. 27. Funeral tomorrow, 1:30 P. M.
MANNING.—Wallace W., 63 87th St., Dec. 27. Funeral service tomorrow.
MEYER.—Henriette D., 219 Park Place, Dec. 26, aged 65. Funeral private.

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VELOGEN does not grow hair—it does make smooth skins.

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Died.

MULLER.—John P., 1,431 Greene Av., Dec. 27, aged 43. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.
O'BRIEN.—Mary, 98 Ocean Parkway, Dec. 27, aged 81. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
O'FLAHERTY.—Delia A., 113 Rapelye St., Dec. 27. Funeral today, 10 A. M.
PFEIFF.—Magdalena, 32 Belvidere St., Dec. 27, aged 59. Funeral tomorrow.
POST.—Edward P., 128 Hooper St., Dec. 28. Funeral service tomorrow.
PULLIS.—Randolph, 332 Hancock St., Dec. 26, aged 69.
READON.—George, 38 Scholes St., Dec. 27.
ROBERTS.—Anna M., Kings County Hospital, Dec. 28. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.
SCHUMACHER.—Edward, 232 Utica Av., Dec. 27, aged 43. Funeral today, 10:30 A. M.
THOMPSON.—Richmond R., 142 Ralph Av., Dec. 27. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
VAN BRUNT.—Winent E., 83d St. and 13th Av., Dec. 26, aged 10. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
WALSH.—Michael, 377 5th St., Dec. 27, aged 85. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.
WARD.—Theresa, 828 Fulton St., Dec. 26. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
WHITMORE.—Anna, Dec. 28. Funeral 197 Flatbush Av.
ZEILER.—Eleanor, Brooklyn Hospital, Dec. 27. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.
ZIRKEL.—Michael, 1,150 Bushwick Av., Dec. 28, aged 53. Funeral private.

Jersey City and Newark.

ANDERSON. — Christina, 27 Monitor St., Jersey City, Dec. 27.
BERRY. — Martin, 142 Grant Av., Jersey City, Dec. 27. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.
BLEWITT.—Edward A., 39 Magazine St., Newark, Dec. 27, aged 23. Funeral tomorrow, 8:30 A. M.
BUFFUM.—Edgar, 291 Belleville Av., Newark, Dec. 27. Funeral service tomorrow.
COLBY.—Hannah A., 139 4th Av., Newark, Dec. 28, aged 90.
EDWARDS.—Eliza A., 222 Plane St., Newark, Dec. 27, aged 72. Funeral service today.
GLEIM.—Eliza, 19 Hague St., Jersey City, Dec. 26, aged 71. Funeral private.
HARTIGAN.—Honora, 83 Railroad Av., Jersey City, Dec. 28.
HOPLER.—Joseph M., 179 South 11th St., Newark, Dec. 27. Funeral tomorrow, 8:15 A. M.
KENNEY.—Francis J., 50 11th Av., Newark, Dec. 27, aged 2.
LEVANT.—Jennie, Newark, Dec. 26, aged 36. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
LINDSLEY.—John P., 124 Bigelow St., Newark, Dec. 27. Funeral private.
MAGNER.—Thomas, 177 Pavonia Av., Jersey City, Dec. 28.
O'TOOLE.—Catherine, 316 New St., Newark, Dec. 27. Funeral today, 8:30 A. M.
REHBEIN.—Martin H., 92 Newark Av., Jersey City, Dec. 28.
ROTTNER.—George, 456 South 17th St., Newark, Dec. 28. Funeral tomorrow, 3 P. M.
SEYFORTH.—Augusta E., 137 Spruce St., Newark, Dec. 27, aged 71. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.
SWEENEY.—Phebe, Newark, Dec. 26. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
TAAFFE.—Robert A., 180 Broad St., Newark, Dec. 27. Funeral today, 10 A. M.
WARD.—William B., Newark, Dec. 28. Funeral Dec. 31, 2 P. M.
WORL.—Mary C., Newark, Dec. 28. Funeral notice later.

Long Island.

ECCLESTON.—Edwin J., Springfield, Dec. 27, aged 55. Funeral service today.
HUEBNER.—Caroline M. S., Woodhaven, Dec. 27. Funeral tomorrow.
MEYER.—Caroline, Astoria, Dec. 27, aged 67. Funeral today, 2 P. M.
MEYER.—Emeline C., Woodhaven, Dec. 27, aged 66. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.
MOORE.—Harold T., Richmond Hill, Dec. 26, aged 24. Funeral service today.
OBMANN.—Anna M., Astoria, Dec. 26, aged 76. Funeral private.
OBMANN.—Mathias, Astoria, Dec. 26, aged 78. Funeral private.

Westchester County.

STEURNAGEL.—Elizabeth, Scarsdale, Dec. 27. Funeral notice later.

In Memoriam.

BYRNES.—Michael J., mass, St. Bridget's Church, Jersey City, today, 8 A. M.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Advance Sharply—The Status of Minimum Prices—Exchange Lower.

Saturday's session, which made a new record in dullness, proved a turning point in the market. The increase in activity yesterday was not very great, but it was sufficient to furnish the background for a sharp rise in a number of issues, with an average net gain in fifty stocks of something over three-quarters of a point. The rise which occurred in the second hour of Saturday's trading was predicated very largely on technical considerations. There was found to be no selling pressure, and shorts began to cover. No doubt a continuance of this same sort of buying gave further impetus to prices yesterday, but the forward movement was too general and too well sustained to preclude entirely the assumption that in addition to short covering there was buying of a more substantial kind.

If the recent course of events has shown anything clearly it is the absence of heavy selling pressure from abroad which was so much feared in some quarters when the Stock Exchange resumed public trading. Another thing that has been demonstrated in the past week is that our ability to absorb any stocks which may be sold from abroad has been steadily increasing. The outward sign of that is the decline which has taken place in sterling exchange rates. They fell further yesterday, going down to 4.85 for demand sterling, the lowest rate reached since the week of Dec. 27, 1913. It is becoming steadily more probable that we shall be in a position to command the return of part of the gold which we sent out last Fall if its reimportation is made as easy by England as the original export was made by us. Whether that will be done or not remains to be seen, but even in the absence of direct fruit in the shape of gold imports the decline in exchange is a movement of much favorable significance for us.

The rise in stocks away from the minimum prices established by the Exchange may lessen the discussion of the advisability of lowering or removing these minimum prices, but that point of view on the part of a large number of the Wall Street community should not preclude discussion of the desirability of lowering the minimum prices or doing away with them entirely at some time when the market is well above them. It would be then that they could be removed with the best results. Nothing has developed to suggest liquidation from abroad assuming troublesome proportions, and if the protection of minimum prices is now needed it would seem to be needed against the possibility of traders' efforts to depress prices rather than against ordinary liquidation for either home or foreign accounts.

There should be other ways than by the maintenance of minimum prices to deal with any excess of zeal on the part of bear traders. The London Stock Exchange, in anticipation of its reopening on Jan. 4, has adopted precautions against that sort of attack on values, and even in ordinary times precautions against bear selling have been taken by the Paris Bourse. No doubt it would be difficult to regulate short selling, but if that is the evil to be feared, it would be wiser if possible to direct measures specifically against that rather than to adhere indefinitely to expedients, such as the maintenance of minimum prices, which interfere more extensively with the freedom of the market.

A noteworthy incident of the day was the advance in December cotton to a slightly higher price than the best figure quoted on Nov. 16, when the Cotton Exchange resumed trading. The reopening was followed by a sharp drop in the price of cotton options, which in turn gave way to recovery, which has now re-established the level at which trading was resumed.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

RESERVE BANKS DISCOUNT RATES.

	30 or Less.	Days. 30 to 60.	60 to 90.
Boston	5	5½	6
New York	4½	5	5
Philadelphia	4½	5	5
Cleveland	5	5½	6
Richmond	4½	5	5
Atlanta	4½	5	5
Chicago	5	5½	6
St. Louis	5	5½	6
Minneapolis	5½	6	6
Kansas City	5	5½	6
Dallas	5	5½	6
San Francisco	5	5½	6

BANK ACCEPTANCES.

Four to six months..........3½@3¾

COLLATERAL LOANS.

Continued call loans which represent the bulk of the money now loaned nominally on call, but actually not subject to immediate call, 3½@4 per cent. Actual call loans, payable upon demand, 2¾@3 per cent., with the last loan at 3 per cent.

	60 Days.	90 Days.	4 to 6 Mos.
On time	3½@3¾	3¾@4	3¾@4

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Four to six months, best names........4@4½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES.

Cable and Sight Rates.

	High.	Low.	Last.
Demand sterling	$4.85⅝	$4.85	$4.85
Cables	4.86⅛	4.85¾	4.85¾

Closing Rates.

	Demand (or check.)	Cable.
London	$4.85	$4.85¾
Paris	5.16¾	5.16¼
Berlin	.88½	.88¼
Switzerland	5.24½	5.23½
Holland	.40 7-16	.40⅝
Italy	5.32	5.31½

New York Clearing House exchanges, $178,915,414; balance, $9,974,376; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $966,573. The local banks lost $4,024,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday. Exchanges at New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 5c. discount; San Francisco, 30c. premium; Minneapolis, 45c. premium; Cincinnati, par; Montreal, $6.87½ premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver in London, 22 11-16d., unchanged; in New York, 48¾c., unchanged.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Saturday. Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-American	15⅛	15½	14¾	15¼
Atlantic Refining	585	595	580	590
Borne-Scrymser	260	280	260	280
Buckeye Pipe L.	112	115	112	115
Chesebrough Mfg.	660	680	660	690
Colonial Oil	100	110	100	110
Continental Oil	220	225	220	225
Crescent Pipe Line	38	41	38	41
Cumberland P. L.	50	55	50	55
Eureka Pipe Line	230	240	230	240
Galena S. Oil pf.	140	145	140	145
Galena S. Oil com.	166	170	165	170
Indiana Pipe Line	96	100	96	100
National Transit	36½	37½	36½	37½
N. Y. Transit	220	230	220	230
Northern Pipe Line	92	95	92	95
Ohio Oil	188	190	186	188
Pierce Oil	15¼	15¾	15½	16
Prairie O. & G.	463	467	460	465
Solar Refining	250	260	250	260
Southern P. Line	203	207	203	207
South Penn. Oil	259	264	256	260
So. W. Penn. P. L.	122	125	122	125
Stand. Oil of Cal.	312	315	308	310
Stand. Oil of Ind.	465	470	465	470
Stand. Oil of Kan.	350	360	350	360
Stand. Oil of Ky.	247	252	246	251
Stand. Oil of Neb.	330	345	330	345
Stand. Oil of N. J.	400	402	400	402
Stand. Oil of N. Y.	203	205	200	202
Stand. Oil of Ohio	430	440	430	440
Swan & Finch	165	175	165	175
Union Tank	82	84	82	84
Vacuum Oil	200	202	198	201
Washington Oil	37	40	37	40
Illinois P. L. (w.i.)	140	145	140	145

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

MONDAY, DEC. 28, 1914.

	Stocks, (Shares.)
Total sales	131,042
Same day last year	351,872
Total year to date	47,712,128
Same period last year	82,751,829
Average price and change 50 stocks	60.24 + .79
Same day last year	68.06 — .24

	High.	Low.
This year's range	73.30 Jan. 31	57.41 July 30
Range year 1913	79.10 Jan. 9	63.09 June 10

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
27⅛	27¼	9,010	Alaska Gold Mines	25	27⅛	25	27⅛	+2⅝
52	52¼	14,500	Amalgamated Cop.	50¼	52¼	50¼	52¼	+2
89½	91½	100	Am. Agricul. Chem.	90¼	90¼	90¼	90¼	−1¾
33⅜	33⅝	4,300	Am. Beet Sugar	32¼	33½	32¼	33½	+1½
77½	78½	50	Am. Beet Sugar pf.	80	80	80	80	...
25⅝	26	1,200	Am. Can	26	26	25	26	+1½
110	116	100	Am. Car & Fdry pf.	113	113	113	113	−1
21	21½	200	Am. Ice Securities	21⅛	21½	21⅛	21½	+1¼
23	25	400	Am. Locomotive	23¼	23¼	23¼	23¼	+¾
56¼	56½	600	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	56	56⅜	56	56¼	+1¼
98¾	100	500	Am. Smelt. & R. pf.	99¾	99¾	99¼	99¼	−½
112	113	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf.	113	113	113	113	−⅞
117¾	118	400	Am. Teleph. & Tel.	117½	117¾	117½	117¾	+¾
103	104	200	Am. Tob. pf., new	103½	103½	103½	103½	+½
76	77	200	Am. Woolen pf.	77	77	77	77	...
25⅝	25⅞	700	Anaconda Cop. Co.	25	25½	24⅞	25½	+½
92	92½	600	Atch., Top. & S. F.	91⅞	92	91¼	92	+2¼
69	69¼	800	Baltimore & Ohio	68¾	69⅛	68¾	69	+1
69	69¼	700	Baltimore & O. pf.	69	69⅞	69	69⅛	+⅛
..	..	5	Bank of Commerce	166½	166½	166½	166½	...
45	45¼	2,800	Bethlehem Steel	43⅞	45⅞	43⅞	45	+1¼
88	89½	200	Bethlehem Steel pf.	89	89	89	89	+½
84⅜	84¾	838	Bklyn Rapid Tran.	84½	85	84⅜	84½	−¼
15⅞	16¼	900	California Petrol.	16	16¼	15¾	16	+¼
154¾	155¾	1,500	Canadian Pacific	154½	155½	154½	155	+1⅜
37⅛	37¼	1,400	Central Leather Co.	37	37⅜	37	37¼	+½
100	100¾	70	Cent. Leath. Co. pf.	100	100	100	100	...
40¼	40¾	1,100	Chesapeake & Ohio	40½	41	40	40	−½
10⅛	10½	100	Chi. Gt. Western	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	−⅛
88¼	88⅝	900	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	87¼	87⅞	87¼	87¾	+2¾
122	124	795	Chi. & Northwest.	122⅝	122⅝	122	122	−½
33¼	33¾	2,275	Chino Copper	32⅛	33½	32⅛	33½	+1½
20⅜	..	100	Colorado Southern	20½	20½	20½	20½	+⅝
113½	113⅞	850	Consolidated Gas	113	113½	113	113½	+½
..	..	7,686	Consol. Gas rights	2¼	2⅜	2¼	2⅜	+3-16
87	91	100	Continental Can pf.	88	88	88	88	...
8	8½	200	Corn Products Ref.	8¼	8¼	8⅛	8⅛	+⅛
11	11⅞	300	Distillers' Secur.	11	11¾	11	11¾	−⅛
22⅛	22¼	1,800	Erie	21⅜	22¼	21⅜	22¼	+⅞
34⅛	34¾	800	Erie 1st pf.	34	34½	34	34½	+2
167½	169	20	General Chemical	169	169	169	169	...
138	139	100	General Electric	138½	138½	138½	138½	+⅜
23½	24¾	200	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	24¼	24¼	24¼	24¼	+¼
113½	115	560	Great Northern pf.	113½	113½	113⅜	113½	+1½
44	45	100	Guggenheim Explor.	44½	44½	44½	44½	+¾
16¼	16½	900	Inspiration Copper	16¼	16½	16	16⅜	+⅜
11⅞	12⅜	114	Inter.-Met. v. tr. cfs.	12	12	12	12	...
50¾	51	300	Inter.-Met. pf.	50	50⅝	50	50⅜	+⅝
7¼	7¾	100	Int. Paper	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	...
130¾	131	2,200	Lehigh Valley	130½	130⅞	129½	130⅞	+2⅛
204	210	100	Liggett & Myers	207½	207½	207½	207½	−2½
14½	14¾	100	Maxwell Motors	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	+⅛
¾	1⅛	200	Mer. Marine	¾	¾	⅝	⅝	−¼
2⅞	6	100	Mer. Marine pf.	3	3	3	3	...
52	53	100	Mexican Petroleum	52	52	52	52	...
17	17¼	550	Miami Copper	17	17½	17	17	+⅛
105	108	100	M., St. P. & S.S. M.	105	105	105	105	...
8	8¼	2,100	Mo., Kan. & Texas	9½	9½	8⅛	8⅛	−1½
9¾	10¼	500	Missouri Pacific	9¼	10	9¼	10	+½
120	121	100	Nat. Bis. Co. x d.	120	120	120	120	+1¼
43½	44	100	Nat. Lead Co.	43¼	43¼	43¼	43¼	−¼
4⅝	7	100	N. Rys. of M. 2d pf.	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼	+¼
11¾	12	500	Nevada Con. Cop.	12	12	11⅞	11⅞	+⅜
83½	84	2,600	N. Y. Central	82¾	84⅜	82¾	83¾	+1
54	55¼	1,500	N. Y., N. H. & H.	55⅛	55½	54⅞	55¼	+1½
21¼	21¾	100	N. Y., Ont. & West.	22	22	22	22	+1⅝
98	100	300	Norfolk & Western	99	99	99	99	+⅝
99½	100	1,913	Northern Pacific	99½	99¾	99	99½	+¼
104¾	105	2,625	Penn. R. R.	104	104¾	104	104¾	+1¼
15⅝	16	400	Pittsburgh Coal	15	15¼	15	15¼	+¼
80⅞	82	125	Pitts. Coal pf.	80⅞	80⅞	80⅞	80⅞	+⅞
34	34½	400	Pressed Steel Car	34	34½	34	34½	+¾
150½	152	110	Pullman Co.	150½	150½	150½	150½	+½
23	23¼	100	Railway Steel Sp.	23	23	23	23	−¼
15¼	15⅝	3,300	Ray Con. Copper	15	15½	15	15⅝	+⅜
143¾	143⅞	24,600	Reading	142¼	144	142¼	143⅞	+2¼
..	83	200	Reading 2d pf.	80	80	80	80	...
18	19	200	Rep. Iron & Steel	18¼	18½	18¼	18½	+½
75	75½	210	Rep. Iron & S. pf.	75⅛	75⅞	75⅛	75⅛	...
½	¾	550	Rock Island Co.	⅞	⅞	¾	¾	−⅛
1⅛	1⅜	100	Rock Island Co. pf.	1½	1½	1½	1½	+⅜
4	4¾	100	Rumely, (M.,) Co.	5	5	5	5	+1
11	12	700	Seaboard Air Line	11	11¼	11	11	+¾
82½	83	2,090	Southern Pacific	81½	83	81½	82¾	+1¼
..	..	32	So. Pacific t. r.	93⅞	93⅞	93⅞	93⅞	...
..	14	500	So. Railway ext.	14	14	14	14	...
..	58	100	So. Railway pf. ext.	58	58	58	58	...
33	33½	200	Studebaker Co.	33⅛	33¼	33⅛	33¼	+1¾
87½	91	100	Studebaker Co. pf.	88	88	88	88	+1⅞
31⅞	32	600	Tennessee Copper	31½	32	31½	31½	+1
35½	36½	800	Third Avenue	35¾	36	35¼	35½	+¼
6	8	100	Tol., St. L. & W. pf.	6	6	6	6	−¼
4⅞	5⅛	100	Union B. & P. Co.	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾	+⅝
116¼	116¾	6,810	Union Pacific	115	116¾	114¾	116¾	+2
27½	28	200	Union Pacific war.	27¼	27¼	27¼	27¼	...
78⅞	80	100	Union Pacific pf.	79⅝	79⅝	79⅝	79⅝	+⅝
7	8	200	Un. Rys. Invest.	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾	−¾
23¾	24	300	Un. Rys. Invest. pf.	24	24	23¾	23¾	−¾
52	54	100	U. S. Rubber	53½	53½	53½	53½	+1⅝
100¼	100¾	210	U. S. Rub. 1st pf.	101	101	100¾	100¾	−¾
49⅜	49½	15,910	U. S. Steel	48	49½	48	49⅜	+1⅜
104¼	104½	550	U. S. Steel pf.	104	104¼	104	104¼	+¼
48⅜	48⅞	1,325	Utah Copper	48¾	48⅞	48⅜	48⅝	+2⅛
¾	1	100	Wabash	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞	+⅛
57½	58⅛	100	Western Union Tel.	58⅛	58⅛	58⅛	58⅛	...
68	68½	200	Westingh. E. & M.	68	68	67½	67½	+¾

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	96	..
2s, c, 1930	96	..
3s, r, 1918	100	..
3s, c, 1918	100	..
4s, r, 1925	108½	..
4s, c, 1925	109⅛	..
Pan 2s, r, 1936	95¾	..
Pan 2s, r, 1938	95½	..
Pan 3s, r, 1961	98½	..
Pan 3s, c, 1961	99	..

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Ex.	..	88
Allis-Ch.	8½	9
Do pf.	34½	37
Am Ag C.	..	48
A B S & F	90	97
Do pf.	..	140⅛
Am C pf.	88	89
A C & F.	43½	45
Am C Pr.	82	83
Do pf.	104	105
Am Cot O.	39	40
Do pf.	91	97½
Am Exp.	..	97
A H & L.	4⅝	4¾
Do pf.	18½	20
Am Lin.	7¼	8½
Do pf.	23	25
A Loc pf.	..	96½
Am Malt.	4	6
Do pf.	..	32
A S pf, B.	..	79½
Am Snuff.	..	155
Am St Fd.	26	32
Am S Ref.	101¾	103½
A T & C.	58	..
Am Tob.	217½	220¾
Am Wool.	14	20
Am Wr Pa pf.	..	11
Ann Arbor	..	30
Do pf.	..	70
Assets R.	5	12
A, T & S F pf.	98	100
Atl C Line, ex div.	..	102
Bald Loc.	..	40
Do pf.	102¾	105
Batop M.	½	1
Br Sh pf.	..	85
Bruns Ter.	..	7½
B. R & P.	85	90
But'k Co.	..	28
Calif P pf.	..	52
Canada So.	57½	..
Case (J I) pf.	..	85
C R R of N J.	..	310
C & S A Tel.	106¼	118
Chi & Alt.	..	9½
Do pf.	..	13½
Chi Gt Wn pf.	27	28
C, M & St Paul pf.	..	129
Chi, St P, M & Om.	..	132
Do pf.	..	150
C, C, C & St L.	21	40
Do pf.	40	..
Cluett-P.	..	67
Do pf.	97	100
Col F & I.	..	23
Col & So 1st pf.	37½	42
Do 2d pf.	29½	..
Cont Can.	..	42½
Corn P R pf.	62¾	66
Crex Carp.	..	75
Cub-Am S.	..	48
Do pf.	90¼	91
D & Co pf.	..	90
Del & Hud.	139¾	142
D, L & W.	350	400
D & R G.	5½	6½
Do pf.	8½	9
Det Ed.	..	113
Det & M.	80	..
Do pf.	80	..
Det U Ry.	..	68½
D, S S & A.	3	5
Do pf.	6	11
Erie 2d pf.	26	30
F M & S.	..	10
Do pf.	28½	35
Gen C pf.	108	113½
Gen Mot.	79	81
Do pf.	89	90
G'drich (B F) Co pf.	93½	95½
Gt N O cts	24½	27½
Hav E Ry, L & P.	..	79
Do pf.	..	91½
Helme (G W) Co.	152	175
Do pf.	..	113
Homest'ke.	110¾	117½
Ill Cent.	107	109
Inger-R.	105	..
Do pf.	92	..
Int Agric.	..	12
Do pf.	..	20
Int Harv.	88	95
Do pf.	..	116⅛
Int H Cor.	..	78
Do pf.	..	115
Int P pf.	32	33
Int St P.	..	3
Do pf.	5	..
Iowa Cent.	..	7
Do pf.	..	13
K C, Ft S & M pf.	..	70
Kan C So.	21¼	22
Do pf.	53	58
Kayser (J) & Co.	..	84
Do 1st pf.	103	..
K & D M.	3	10
Do pf.	36	..
Kresge (SS) Co pf.	100½	..
Lack Steel.	25⅛	36
Lacl Gas.	85	90
L E & W.	..	5
L & M pf.	..	115
L-W Bis.	26	30
Do 1st pf.	100	103
Do 2d pf.	..	94¾
Lorill Co.	156	170
Do pf.	..	111
Louis & N.	..	115
M'kay Cos.	70	..
Do pf.	67	68
Max Mot's 1st pf.	41½	42¼
Do 2d pf.	16½	17½
Man Elev.	..	128
M Dep Sts.	..	56
Do pf.	..	96½
M & St L.	..	11
Do pf.	..	27
M, St P & S S M pf.	..	128
Do l l.	73	82
M, K & T pf.	..	26¾
Mon Power.	..	41
Do pf.	..	100
Mor & Es.	156	167
N, C & St L.	..	135
Nat B pf.	120	123
Nat Enam.	10	11
Do pf.	76	90
Nat L pf.	104	107
Nat Rys of M 1st pf.	..	26
N Y A Br.	..	60
N Y, L & West.	111	..
Norf So.	..	26½
N & W pf.	83⅜	87
North Am.	67½	68¾
Ont Min.	2	3
Pabst B pf.	90	115
Pac Mail.	18½	21
P T & T.	25	27
Do pf.	87	89¾
Peo G, C.	116	117
Pett-Mull.	12	27
Do 1st pf.	70	90
P, C, C & St L.	67	89
Do pf.	..	100
P, Ft W & C.	151	..
Pitts S pf.	..	92
Pr St Car pf.	..	101
Q'ksilver.	1⅛	2
Do pf.	1	2
Ry St Spr pf.	..	88
Rdg 1st pf.	..	86½
Rumely (M) Co pf.	..	21
St L & S Fran.	2	2½
Do 1st pf.	10	12
Do 2d pf.	2¾	4
St L S W.	..	20
Do pf.	..	36
Seab Air L pf.	..	40
Sears-R.	176	..
Do pf.	120⅛	121¼
S-S S & I.	23	24
So P R S pf.	..	100
St'd Mill.	43	45
Do pf.	67½	68½
Texas Co.	131	134½
Tex Pac.	11½	13
T P L Tr.	96	..
T, St L & West.	1½	3½
T C R T.	95½	96¾
Und Type.	..	70
Do pf.	..	102
Un B & P pf.	20	30
Un Cig M.	40½	42¼
Do pf.	..	103½
Un Dry G pf.	85½	52½
U S C I P.	7½	9
U S Exp.	..	75
U S Ind A.	..	20
Do pf.	..	75
U S R & Imp.	..	51
Va-Car C.	..	17
Do pf.	..	85⅛
Va R & P.	..	48
Do pf.	..	96¾
Wab pf.	1⅝	2¼
W F Exp.	79	81
West Md.	14¾	15½
W E & M 1st pf.	116	118
Weym-B.	..	280
Do pf.	..	115
W & L E.	2	3
Do 1st pf.	8	15
Do 2d pf.	3	4
Wis Cent.	30½	39
W'w'th (F W).	90¼	..
Do pf.	113	115

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

The average quotations of twenty-five leading railroad and twenty-five industrial issues yesterday and of these two groups of stocks combined with comparisons:

	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Railroads	68.34	67.29	68.17	+ .93
Industrials	52.42	51.97	52.31	+ .65

COMBINED AVERAGE.

Dec. 22	61.09	60.62	60.81	— .06
Dec. 23	60.64	59.52	59.55	—1.26
Dec. 24	59.61	58.97	59.17	— .38
Dec. 25	Holiday.			
Dec. 26	59.51	59.29	59.45	+ .28
Dec. 28	60.38	59.63	60.24	+ .79

Range of Fifty Stocks.

	High.		Low.		Last.
Dec., 1913	68.69	Dec. 26	65.10	Dec. 15	68.06
Dec., 1912	82.54	Dec. 2	72.23	Dec. 16	78.20
Dec., 1911	78.40	Dec. 20	75.06	Dec. 8	77.60
Yr. to date	73.30	Jan. 31	57.41	July 30	60.24
Year, 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10	59.55
Year, 1912	85.52	Sep. 30	75.24	Feb. 1	78.30
Year, 1911	84.41	Jan. 26	69.57	Sep. 25	77.60

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
Tin	33.50	34.25	33.25	34.00
Lead	3.75	3.85	3.75	3.85
Iron, No. 2 X f'dry	14.00	14.50	14.00	14.50
Spelter	5.55	5.65	5.55	5.65
Antimony	15.00	15.50	15.00	15.50

Price for iron is dollars per ton, other commodities cents per pound.

London market quotations were:

	Yesterday. £.	s.	d.	Thursday. £.	s.	d.
Copper, spot	56	12	6	56	15	0
Copper, futures	57	0	0	57	0	0
Tin, spot	148	10	0	148	0	0
Tin, futures	145	15	0	145	0	0
Lead	19	0	0	19	2	6
Spelter	26	12	6	26	17	6

WHAT DO YOU WANT TO KNOW?

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MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.05	Justice	.04
Andes	.02	Kentucky Con.	.02
Belcher	.05	Mexican	.45
Bullion	.01	Occidental Con.	.85
Caledonia	.35	Ophir	.09
Challenge Con.	.02	Overman	.12
Confidence	.19	Savage	.05
Con. Cal. & Va.	.13	Seg. Belcher	.05
Gould & Curry	.02	Sierra Nevada	.07
Hale & Norcross	.04	Union Con.	.10
Julia	.01	Utah Con.	.02

TONOPAH.

Belmont	4.40	D'field Daisy	.10
McNamara	.01	D'field B. B.	.06
Midway	.07	Florence	.69
Mizpah Exten.	.34	G'field C. M.	1.55
Montana	.35	G'field Merger	.40
North Star	.16	Jumbo Exten.	2.77½
Rescue Eula	.06	Lone Star	.13
Tonopah Merger	.35	Silver Pick	.13
West End	.57	Vernal	.05
GOLDFIELD.		Nevada Hills	.30
Atlanta	.53	Round Mountain	.44
Booth	.18	MANHATTAN.	
C. O. D.	.09	Manhattan Con.	.02
Comb. Fract.	.09	Man. Big Four.	.08

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. J'pot.	11	11¼	Jackpot	7	8
Elkton	45	48½	McKinney	41	43
El Paso	159	185	Old Gold	1	1½
Findlay	2	2¼	Portland	115	116
Gold Dol.	4¾	5½	Vindicator	118	123
Isabella	13⅞	14	R. B. H.	3½	4

FINANCIAL NOTES.

H. M. Byllesby & Co. and William P. Bonbright & Co. are offering to investors $588,500 three-year 6 per cent. coupon notes of the Western States Gas and Electric Company at 97¼, making a return of 7 per cent. on the purchase price.

The Stock Exchange firm of Eastman, Dillon & Co., 71 Broadway, dissolved partnership yesterday. A new firm with the same name has been formed by Thomas C. Eastman and Herbert Lowell Dillon. Robert C. Mayer, the retiring member of the original firm, will engage in the bond business with offices at 7 Wall Street.

In the list of outside security prices printed in these columns on Monday American Bank Note preferred should have read 47 bid, 49 asked, instead of 36 bid, 38 asked.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Greater Activity on the Curb—Several of the Oil Stocks Show Good Gains.

Transactions in the outside security market yesterday amounted to 169,391 shares of stock and $87,300 of bonds. The sales of stocks were divided as follows: Industrials, 16,495; oils, 866, and mining, 152,030. In addition there were sales of 800 rights. The range of prices in all issues in which transactions were recorded was:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
35	Kelly Sp. Tire	67	67½	67	67½
5	Nat. Cl. & S.	45	45	45	45
880	Nat. Cloak & Suit pf.	94⅞	95	94½	95
1,800	Corporation of R. & H.	7½	7¾	7½	7¾
50	R. & H., new	7	7	7	7
1,500	Sterling Gum	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
25	Stew't Warn.	51½	51½	51½	51½
3,500	United Cigar Stores, new	9⅛	9⅜	9⅛	9⅜
8,400	United Profit Shar. Corp.	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞
4,000	United Profit Shares, new	4⅜	4½	4⅜	4⅜
1,800	†World Film	5⅝	5⅝	5½	5½

MISCELLANEOUS RIGHTS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
800	Det. Ed., rts.	1 1-16	1⅜	1 1-16	1⅜

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
1	Atlantic Ref.	580	580	580	−2
15	Ill. P. L., w.i.	145	140	140	−2
13	Ind. Pipe L.	100	98	100	+1
5	Nat. Transit	37	37	37	...
240	Ohio Oil	190	188	189	+3
250	P'ce Oil, new	15½	15½	15½	...
75	Pr. Oil & G.	469	460	468	+9
5	Solar Ref.	263	263	263	−2
25	So. Penn. Oil	263	260	263	+7
75	St. Oil (Cal.)	315	310	314	+9
19	St. Oil (Ind.)	468	465	467	+2
29	St. Oil (N. J.)	403	400	401	...
110	St. Oil (N.Y.)	205	203	204	+4
4	Vacuum Oil	200	200	200	+2

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
42,000	*†Atlanta	53	54	52	53
2,500	†Blue Bell	6	6	6	6
300	*Caribou Cob.	63	63	63	63
500	Comb. Frac.	11	11	10	10
800	Canada Cop.	1⅛	1⅛	1	1⅛
3,000	*C. O. D. Con.	10	10	9	10
1,000	Crown Res.	11-16	¾	11-16	¾
7,000	*Dia. Blk. B.	6½	7½	6½	7
400	*Florence	64	65	63	64
400	Gold Hill	¼	¼	¼	¼
1,000	Goldf. Con.	1½	1 9-16	1½	1½
13,700	Gold. Merger	41	41	40	40
3,500	*Great Bend.	10	11	10	11
9,000	Jumbo Ext.	2 13-16	2 15-16	2¾	2 13-16
100	Kerr Lake	4½	4½	4½	4½
3,700	†Kewanas	30	31	30	30
1,130	La Rose Con.	13-16	⅞	¾	¾
7,500	Lone Star	14	15	14	15
300	*McK.-Dar.	58	58	57	57
100	Mines of Am.	2½	2½	2½	2½
800	*Nev. Hills	28	30	28	30
2,000	*North Star	16	16	16	16
29,000	*†Oro	16	16	13	14
3,000	*Sand. Kend.	16½	17½	16½	17
3,500	*Silver Pick	15	15½	14	14
1,200	Stan. Sil. L.	1¼	1⅜	1¼	1⅜
3,300	Stewart	1½	1½	1 7-16	1 7-16
100	Ton. Belmont	4 7-16	4 7-16	4⅜	4⅜
200	*Ton. Jim B.	78	78	76	76
2,000	*Ton. Midway	9	9	8	8
400	*Ton. Mizpah	30	35	30	35
2,500	*Ton. Merger	35	36	35	36
3,000	*Ton. Res. E.	6	6	6	6
2,000	W. E. Con.	58	58	56	57
1,000	*W. E. Ext.	3	3	3	3
100	Yukon G. M.	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼

BONDS.

$87,000	C. & N.W. 5s	106⅝	106¾	106½	106½
300	C. C. Cor. 6s	47	47	47	47

*Sell cents per share. †Unlisted.

***

Bid and asked quotations of issues not traded in compared with those of Saturday:

INDUSTRIALS.

	Dec. 28. Bid.	Asked.	Dec. 26. Bid.	Asked.
Brit.-Am. Tob. Co. ordinary	16½	17	16⅝	17
Brit.-Am. Tob. Co. ordinary bearer	17	17½	17	17½
Electric Boat	20	26	20	26
Electric Boat pf.	38	45	38	45
Houston Oil	10	10½	10	10½
Int. Rub. tr. ctfs.	5½	6½	5½	6½
Kel. Sp'f'd Tire new 1st pf.	75	79	75	79
Kel. Sp'f'd Tire new 2d pf.	93	97	93	97
Leh. Val. C. S. Co.	160	170	160	170
Manhattan Transit	½	¾	½	¾
Marconi of Am.	2⅛	2⅜	2⅛	2⅜
Nat. Cloak & Suit	43	45½	43	45
Savoy Oil	6	7	7	8
Tobacco Prod. pf.	83	87	84½	86
U. C. S. Co. of Am.	90	92	90	92
Wayland Oil & Gas	3⅜	3⅝	3¼	3½
Willys Overland	83	85	84	85½
Willys Overland pf.	92	94	92	94

MISCELLANEOUS RIGHTS.

R. J. Reynolds	2½	2¾	2½	2¾

MINING STOCKS.

Beaver Consol.	21	23	21	23
Braden Copper	6	6¼	6	6⅛
Con. Ari. Smelting	⅜	½	⅜	½
Con. Nevada-Utah	¼	⅜	¼	⅜
Canada Copper	1¼	1⅜	1¼	1⅜
Crown Reserve	⅝	¾	⅝	¾
El Paso Con.	1¾	2¼	1¾	2¼
Greene-Cananea	24	26	24	26
Greenwater	4	5	4	5
Halifax Tonopah	28	35	30	35
Nevada Hills	30	32	28	32
Nipissing Mines Co.	5¾	6	5⅞	6⅛
North Butte Dev.	1-16	3-16	1-16	3-16
Pacific Smelters	1-16	⅛	1-16	⅛
Tonopah Extension	2¾	2⅞	2¾	2⅞
Tonopah Merger	35	37	35	37
Tonopah Mining	7⅜	7⅝	7½	7¾
Tularosa	¼	⅜	¼	⅜
Tuolumne Copper	20	25	20	30
Wettlaufer S. M.	5	7	5	7

BONDS.

Chi. Elevated 5s	94	98	94	98
N. Y. C. 4¼s, 1960	98	98⅛	98	98⅛
N. Y. C. 4¼s, 1962	98	98⅛	98	98⅛
N. Y. C. 4¼s, 1964	98	98⅛	98	98⅛

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Business on the Consolidated Stock Exchange was on a good scale of activity, with commission houses handling a large total of odd lot orders. Prices for stocks reflected strength practically throughout the list. All the leading stocks recorded substantial improvements. One of the factors in the later trading was a reiterated rumor that a peace movement of some sort had been inaugurated in Austrian quarters. The same rumor had an effect of a bearing character upon wheat prices. Dealings in wheat in the grain department were on a very large scale.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
50	Alaska Gold	26⅝	26⅝	26⅝	26⅝
1,680	Amal. Copper	50¾	52⅜	50¾	52⅜
450	Am. Beet Sug.	32¾	33⅜	32¾	33⅜
80	Am. Can	26⅛	26⅛	25	25½
20	Am. Ice Secur.	20¾	20¾	20¾	20¾
10	Anaconda Cop.	25¾	25¾	25¾	25¾
60	Balt. & Ohio	69⅛	69¼	69⅛	69¼
60	Beth. Steel	44¾	45¾	44¾	45¾
170	B'klyn Rap. Tr.	84¾	85	84⅝	84⅝
370	Cent. Leather	37⅛	37⅝	37⅛	37⅝
170	Ches. & Ohio	40⅝	40¾	40	40⅛
20	Chic. Gt. West.	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾
50	Ch., M. & St.P.	87½	87½	87½	87½
20	Con. Gas	113	113	113	113
120	Corn Products	8⅛	8⅛	8	8⅛
510	Erie	21¾	22⅜	21¾	22⅜
40	Erie 1st pf.	34⅛	34⅝	34⅛	34⅝
10	Gt. North. pf.	113½	113½	113½	113½
20	GuggenheimEx.	43¼	43¼	43¼	43¼
240	Inter.-Met. pf.	50⅛	50½	50⅛	50½
120	Lehigh Valley	130	130¼	130	130¼
50	Mo., K. & T.	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼
120	Mo. Pacific	9½	9⅝	9½	9⅝
90	N.Y.,N.H.& H.	55	55¼	55	55¼
270	Northern Pac.	99¼	99⅜	99	99
120	Pennsylvania	104⅜	104⅞	104¼	104⅞
50	Ry. Steel Spgs.	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞
70	Ray Copper	15	15⅛	15	15⅜
2,780	Reading	142⅛	144⅛	142⅛	143⅞
80	Rock Island	¾	¾	¾	¾
50	Rock I'd pf.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
20	Seab'd Air L.	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛
10	Southern Pac.	82¾	82¾	82¾	82¾
10	Southern Ry.	14	14	14	14
30	Tenn. Copper	31¾	32	31¾	32
20	Third Av.	36	36	35⅞	35⅞
1,440	Union Pacific	115	116¾	115	116⅝
10	Union Pac. war.	27	27	27	27
890	U. S. Steel	48¼	49½	48¼	49⅜
70	Utah Copper	48¾	49½	48¼	49⅜
20	W. Union Tel.	58	58	58	58
40	Westingh. Elec.	67⅞	67⅞	67⅞	67⅞
10,510					

MINING STOCKS.

2,400	Atlanta	.53	.53	.52	.52½
500	Blue Bell	.06	.06	.06	.06
200	Crown Point	.32	.32	.32	.32
800	Dmndfld. B. B.	.07	.07	.07	.07
200	Elkton	.47	.47	.47	.47
300	Florence	.65	.65	.65	.65
100	Goldfield Con.	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50
500	Goldf'd Merger	.40	.40	.40	.40
750	Jumbo Ext	2.90	2.90	2.80	2.80
700	Lone Star	.14	.14	.14	.14
450	Mexican	.36	.37	.36	.37
200	Nev. Hills	.30	.30	.30	.30
200	Yellow Jacket	.40	.40	.40	.40
500	Yellow Tiger	.07	.07	.07	.07
7,800					

TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—Receipts and expenditures for Dec. 24:

	Dec. 24.	Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs	$534,512	$12,317,118	$105,159,069
Ordinary	910,656	27,218,999	159,381,772
Corp. & in. tax	20,301	305,131	9,037,419
Miscellaneous	100,137	8,376,066	35,246,850
Total receipts	1,565,628	43,167,315	308,825,112
Expenditures	1,338,807	46,878,946	369,709,966
Surplus	226,820	......	......
Deficit	......	3,711,630	60,884,854

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Total sales Dec. 28, 1914	$1,316,500
Same day last year	2,164,000
From Jan. 1, 1914	457,875,000
Same period last year	497,157,420
Average price and change 40 bonds	81.81 + .19
Same day last year	86.30 — .01

	High.	Low.
This year's range to date	89.42 Feb. 4	81.42 Dec. 2
Range year 1913	92.31 Jan. 10	85.45 Dec. 18

N Y State 4s, 1961
1,000 99¾
N Y City 4s, 1959
1,000 95¾
4½s, 1960, reg
4,000 98⅝
4½s, May, 1957
2,000 104⅛
Nov, 1957
1,000 104⅛
4½s, 1963
28,000 104
Adams Expr 4s
1,000 70
Alb & Susq 3½s
6,000 83¾
Am Ice Secur 6s
2,000 80
Am Sm Secur 6s
1,000 102½
Am T & T col 4s
4,000 87¼
conv 4½s
20,000 95⅝
500 95¾
8,000 95⅞
500 95½
12,000 96
Armour & Co 4½s
4,000 90¾
A, T & S F gen 4s
5,000 91⅛
500 91⅛
adj 4s, stpd
1,000 82½
conv 4s, 1955
6,000 91¼
conv 4s, 1960
23,000 91½
5,000 91¼
7,000 91⅜
2,000 91½
Atl Coast L, Lou & N col 4s
1,000 85
B & O gold 4s
5,000 89
7,000 88¾
1,000 89
S W Div 3½s
7,000 87¼
conv 4½s
20,000 84¼
1,000 84⅜
Beth S 1st & ref 5s
5,000 85
3,000 85¼
3,000 85
B R T 5s, 1918
13,000 98⅞
Bush Terminal 5s
2,000 87½
Bklyn U El 1st 5s
2,000 99
Cal G & Elec 5s
1,000 91⅝
Cent Leather 5s
10,000 97⅛
2,000 97
7,000 96⅞
Cent Pac gtd 4s
13,000 86¼
16,000 86
C & O conv 4½s
1,000 71¼
C, B & Q joint 4s
1,000 94⅞
1,000 95
Ill Div 4s
1,000 93⅞
Chi, Mil & St P 4s, 1934
2,000 88⅝
conv 4½s
5,000 96⅞
8,000 97
3,000 97¼
3,000 97¼
gen 4½s
3,000 99⅝
C, M & P Sd 4s
5,000 88
C & N W gen 4s
5,000 89½
stamped
3,000 89
St L, P & N W 5s
5,000 102½
C, R I & P gen 4s
1,000 81⅜
1,000 81¼
Chi, Rock Isl & P Ry ref 4s
3,000 67¼
2,000 67½
3,000 68
deb 5s
1,000 58
1,000 57⅞
24,000 57½
1,000 57¼
C, R I & P R R 4s
1,000 24¾
6,000 25
11,000 25⅜
2,000 25
10,000 25⅛
10,000 25
Cent Trust ctf
11,000 25
C, St P, M & O 6s
1,000 114½
Clev Sh Line 4½s
2,000 92
Con Gas cv 6s, w i
500 109
5,000 109¼
5,000 109½
5,000 109⅝
6,000 109¾
5,000 109⅞
10,000 109¾
5,000 110
5,000 110⅛
30,000 110¼
10,000 110⅛
5,000 110¼
31,000 110⅛
17,000 110
2,000 109⅞
500 110⅛
30,000 110
33,000 109⅞
3,000 109¾
27,000 109⅞
Cumberld Tel 5s
6,000 95
500 94½
D & H deb 4s, 1916
11,000 99
1st & ref 4s
7,000 91¼
Det City Gas 5s
1,000 98½
Det U Ry con 4½s
2,000 66½
Du P de N P 4½s
1,000 83¾
1,000 84½
Erie cv 4s, Ser A
3,000 62½
cv 4s, Ser B
5,000 64
5,000 64½
1,000 64⅝
2,000 64
Ft W & D C 1st 6s
1,000 100
Gen Motors 6s
5,000 100¾
H & M adj inc 5s
10,000 26
Indiana Steel 5s
1,000 99⅝
1,000 99¼
Insp Con Cop cv 6s, 1919
2,000 94½
conv 6s, 1922
5,000 96¼
Inter-Met 4½s
19,000 74
I R T 1st & ref 5s
31,000 96¾
Inter Paper 6s
10,000 100⅝
Kan City So 3s
5,000 69½
Lack Steel 5s, 1915
5,000 99
Ligg & Myers 5s
12,000 100
L & N unifd 4s
4,000 91½
S & N Ala 5s, 1963
2,000 99⅝
Mer Mar col tr 4½s
3,000 53¼
Minn & St L 1st & ref 4s
1,000 40½
Mo, K & T 2d 4s
2,000 58
Mo P 1st con 6s
3,000 100⅝
National Tube 5s
3,000 97
N Y Cent, Lake Shore col 3½s
1,000 73½
N Y, Chi & St L 1st 4s
1,000 92¾
N Y Rys ref 4s
1,000 71⅝
adj 5s
1,000 51
4,000 51¼
8,000 51⅜
N & W conv 4½s
1,000 101
Poc C & C 4s
1,000 89
Nor Pacific 4s
3,000 89
2,000 89¼
3,000 89⅛
gen 3s
8,000 62⅝
Oreg & Cal 1st 5s
2,000 100
Penn R R 1st real estate 4s
1,000 98
Penn conv 3½s
37,000 99¼
4,500 99⅛
4s, 1948
1,000 98
Pub Serv C s f 5s
1,000 87⅛
10,000 87
Reading gen 4s
18,000 93⅛
6,000 93
2,000 93⅛
Reading, J Cent col 4s
1,000 91
St L & San Fran R R ref 4s
2,000 61
So Pac conv 4s
1,000 80¼
5,000 80⅝
conv 5s
2,000 95½
3,000 95⅝
500 95½
6,000 95¾
2,000 95⅞
3,000 96
15,000 95⅞
2,000 95¾
500 95⅝
5,000 95¾
500 95⅝
8,000 95¾
3,000 95⅞
5,000 95⅝
18,000 96
1st ref 4s
1,000 84
4,000 83⅞
1,000 84
San F Term 4s
2,000 81½
Southn Ry 1st 5s
7,000 98½
gen 4s
24,000 64½
Third Av ref 4s
8,000 79⅜
Tol, St L & W 4s
5,000 40
Ulster & Del 5s
1,000 100
Un Pac 1st 4s
5,000 94⅞
Un Pac cv 4s
1,000 88¼
1,000 88½
1,000 88⅜
Un Pac 1st & ref 4s
4,000 89¼
U S Rubber 6s
1,000 101⅛
2,000 101⅛
U S Steel Corp s fund 5s
4,000 100
6,000 100⅛
6,000 100
500 100⅛
2,000 99⅞
Va-Car Ch 1st 5s
4,000 92¾
Va Ry 1st 5s
15,000 95½
Wabash 2d 5s
1,000 88
Wabash R R ref & ext 4s
9,000 33
1,000 33⅜
21,000 33½
Equit Tr Co ctfs of depos stamped
1,000 28
1,000 28¾
20,000 29
West Elec 5s
10,000 101
West Md 4s
6,000 58
5,000 57½
West Shore 4s
1,000 89
Westingh E & M 1st cv s f 5s
10,000 90½
5,000 90¼
20,000 90

OUT-OF-TOWN MARKETS.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
443	Un. Rys. & E.	25	25	25	25

BONDS.

$1,000	Ch. Rys. 1st 5s	95⅞	95⅞	95⅞	95⅞
800	City Balt. 4s, '54, Annex	94½	94½	94½	94½
300	City Balt. 4s, '61, S. L.	94½	94½	94½	94½
1,000	United Rys. & El. fdg 5s	85¼	85¼	85¼	85¼
1,700	Un. Rys. & E. fdg. 5s, small	87	87	86¾	87
5,000	Un. Rys. & El. inc. 4s	60½	60½	60½	60½
1,000	Va. Midland 5th 5s	101½	101½	101½	101½

CHICAGO.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
85	Booth Fisheries	35	35	35	35
21	Booth Fish. pf.	75	75	75	75
10	Chi. Pneu. Tool	50	50½	50	50½
210	Chi. Ry. Ser. 1	88	88	88	88
250	Chi. Ry. Ser. 2	28	28	27½	27⅝
53	Chi. Title & Tr.	204	204	204	204
6	Com. Edison	136	137	136	136
102	Dia. Match	91	91½	91	91
25	Ill. Brick	64½	64½	64	64
100	K. C. Ry. & L. ctfs.	25	25	25	25
10	Nat. Bis. pf.	120	120	120	120
25	Pub. Service	77	77	77	77
10	People's Gas	117	117	117	117
112	Swift	104½	104¾	104½	104¾
80	Union Carbide	143	143	143	143

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
5	Am. G. of N. J.	100	100	100	100
5	Bald. Loco. pf.	103½	103½	103½	103½
300	Cambria Steel	42⅞	42⅞	42⅞	42⅞
6	Cam. S. scrip	97¼	97¼	97¼	97¼
165	Elec. Stor. B.	47	48	47	47⅛
100	General Asp.	32	32	32	32
355	Keystone Tel.	13¼	13½	13¼	13½
5	Lehigh Nav.	77½	77½	77½	77½
97	Leh. Nav. t. c.	77½	77½	77½	77½
10	Lehigh Valley	65¼	65¼	65¼	65¼
20	Mo., K. & T.	8⅜	8⅜	8⅜	8⅜
2	Norristown	137	137	137	137
142	Penn. R. R.	52¼	52⅜	52¼	52¼
11	P. Salt Mfg.	95	95	95	95
75	Phila. Electric	23⅞	24	23¾	23¾
3	Phila. Co. 6% cum. pf.	40	40	40	40
50	P. Rap. T. ctfs.	12	12	12	12
10	Phila. Traction	80	80	80	80
40	Reading	71⅛	71⅞	71⅛	71⅞
175	Ton. Belmont	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜
20	Ton. Mining	7 1-16	7 1-16	7 1-16	7 1-16
35	U. G. Imp.	82½	82⅝	82½	82⅝
980	U. S. Steel	48⅜	49¼	48⅜	49¼
10	York Rys. pf.	31	31	31	31

BONDS.

$100	Am. G. & E. 5s	85¾	85¾	85¾	85¾
5,000	Am. G. & E. 5s	85½	85½	85½	85½
1,000	Bald. L. 1st 5s	102	102	102	102
1,000	E. & P. 4s ctfs.	78½	78½	78½	78½
2,000	Inter. Rys. 4s	57	57	57	57
5,000	Leh. Val. gen. con. 4½s	97	97	97	97
5,000	Phila. Co. 5s	97	97	97	97
1,000	P., B. & Wash. 1st 4s	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞
1,000	Phila. Elec. 4s	78	78	78	78
6,000	S.-Am. Iron 6s	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
30	Col. Gas & E.	8⅜	8⅜	8⅜	8⅜
130	Crucible Steel	12	12½	12	12½
25	Crucible S. pf.	77	77	77	77
40	Caney River	24	24	24	24
75	Ind. Brew. pf.	21½	21½	21½	21½
125	Mfrs. L. & H.	50	50	50	50
15	Ohio Fuel S.	41	41	41	41
10	Oklahoma Gas	58	58	58	58
80	Pitts. Brew'g	6⅜	6⅜	6¼	6¼
20	Union Gas	133	133	133	133
10	Union S. & S.	100½	100½	100½	100½
195	West. Electric	33¾	34	33⅝	34

BOND.

$1,000	Ind. Brew. 6s	61	61	61	61

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
100	Adventure	1⅜	1⅜	1¼	1¼
1	Ahmeek	255	255	255	255
5,080	Alaska	25	27	25	27
50	Allouez	35	35	35	35
411	Amal. Cop.	51	52	50⅞	51⅝
840	Am. Zinc	16	17¼	16	16¾
10	Ariz. Com'l	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¾
1,052	Butte & S.	35	35⅝	35	35½
14	Cal. & Ariz.	54½	56	54½	55½
16	Cal. & Hecla	353	358	350	350
10	Centennial	15	15	15	15
120	Chino	32	33½	32	33½
10	Copper Range	31½	31½	31½	31½
58	Daly-West	2¼	2½	2¼	2½
435	East Butte	8¾	9¼	8¾	9
5	Franklin	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝
90	Granby	60	60	60	60
383	Gr.-Cananea	24¼	24¼	24	24
70	Isle Royale	17½	17½	17½	17½
145	Lake	5½	5⅞	5¼	5⅞
95	La Salle	3⅜	3¼	3⅛	3¼
15	Mayflower	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾
70	Mohawk	46⅞	47	46⅞	47
70	Nevada Con.	11¾	12¼	11½	12¼
1,015	New Arcad'n	6	6⅛	6	6¼
45	Nipissing	6⅛	6⅛	6	6
1,227	North Butte	23	24	23	23⅜
75	North Lake	1½	1½	1½	1½
100	Old Domin.	44	44	44	44
740	Pond Creek	13	13¼	13	13¼
5	Quincy	53	53	53	53
260	Ray Con.	15	15¼	15	15¼
80	Shannon	5	5	5	5
150	Superior & B.	1½	1½	1½	1½
100	Sup. Copper	23	23	23	23
267	Tamarack	25	26	25	25¼
200	Tuolumne	23c	23c	23c	23c
387	U. S. Smelt.	25	25¾	25	25¾
81	U. S. Sm. pf.	43¾	44	43¾	44
75	Utah Apex	2 1-16	2 1-16	2	2
100	Utah Con.	10	10	9¾	9¾
200	Utah Cop.	47½	49⅛	47½	48¾
25	Winona	2	2	2	2
10	Wolverine	32¾	32¾	32¾	32¾

RAILROADS.

2	Bos. & Alb.	182	182	182	182
8	Boston Elev.	95	95	95	95
10	Mass. Elec.	9	9	9	9
195	N.Y.,N.H.&H.	55½	55½	54⅝	55
20	Union Pac.	115½	116¼	115½	116¼
205	W. E. St. Ry.	66¾	66¾	66¾	66¾

MISCELLANEOUS.

10	Am. Ag. Ch.	48	48	48	48
72	Am. A. C. pf.	90	90	90	90
10	Am. Pneu. S.	2½	2½	2½	2½
10	Am. P. S. pf.	17½	17½	17½	17½
6	Am. Sugar	103½	103½	103½	103½
29	Am. Sug. pf.	113¼	113¾	113	113
515	Am. T. & T.	117½	118	117¼	117¾
136	Am. Wool. pf.	75⅝	76¾	75⅝	76¾
4	Edison	248	248	248	248
265	Mass. Gas	84¼	84½	84	84
20	Mass. Gas pf.	86½	86½	86½	86½
1	Mergenthaler	200	200	200	200
8	N. E. Tel.	128¼	128¼	128¼	128¼
122	Pullman	150	150½	150	150½
91	Swift	104⅝	104⅝	104½	104½
265	United Fruit	114	114⅞	113½	114⅞
125	Un. Shoe M.	54	54	54	54
418	U. S. Steel	48	49	48	48½
15	U. S. Steel pf.	104¾	104¾	104¾	104¾
5	West. Union	58 1-8	58¼	58¼	58¼

BONDS.

$7,000	Am. T.&T. 4s	87¼	87¼	87⅛	87⅛
1,000	Am. T. & T. cv. 4½s	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝
500	Atch. 4s	91⅜	91⅜	91¼	91¼
1,500	West. T. 5s	95½	96	95½	96

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Alvarado	.60	.90	La Rose	.77	.80
Bay S G	.13	.14	Majestic	.17	.20
Begole	1¼	1½	McK-Dar	.55	.60
Bohemia	1⅛	1½	Mex Met	.16	.17
Bost Ely	.21	.24	M of Am	2¼	2⅝
Butte & L.	.22	.24	New Balt.	1¾	2
Calaveras	.93	.95	Nev-Doug.	.60	.65
Chief C.	.70	.80	Ohio Cop.	.10	.14
Cons Cop.	1⅛	1⅜	Oneco	.80	.90
Cortez	.15	.30	Riker-H	7⅝	7¾
Cr Res've	.75	.80	S W M	..	1
Davis-D	.65	.75	Stew't M.	1 7-16	1 9-16
Eagle and Bluebell	.90	1.00	So Lake	4½	4¾
First Nat.	1¼	1 5-16	Un Verde	1⅞	2
G'f'd Con.	1½	1 9-16	U C S, n.	9¼	9⅝
Houghton	1½	2¼	Do, old	17¼	17½
Iron Blos.	1⅛	1 3-16	Utah M, n	.90	.95
			Yukon	2	2¼

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Light & Traction	317	322
Am. Light & Traction pf.	108	110
Adirondack Electric Power	13	16
Adirondack Electric Power pf.	41	45
*Am. Gas & Electric	88	†91
*Am. Gas & Electric pf.	46	48
American Power & Light	62	65
American Power & Light pf.	81	†83
Am. Public Utilities	35	45
American Public Utilities pf.	63	66
Am. Waterworks & Electric	5	6
Am. W. W. & E. participating pf.	17	20
American W. W. & E. 1st pf.	56	59
Cities Service	45	48
Cities Service pf.	51	54
Colorado Power	13½	15
Colorado Power pf.	80	85
Commonwealth P. R. & L.	54	56
Commonwealth P. R. & L. pf.	78½	80
Denver Gas & Electric Gen. 5s	89	91
Electric Bond Deposit pf.	40	60
Empire District Electric 5s	..	71
Empire District Electric pf.	..	70
Federal Light & Traction	10	16
Federal Light & Traction pf.	47	53
Gas & Electric Securities	..	75
Gas & Electric Securities pf.	..	80
Lincoln Gas & Electric	15	25
Northern Ontario Light & Power	11	15
Northern Ontario L. & P. pf.	53	57
Northern States Power	20½	22
Northern States Power pf.	80	82
Ozark Power & Water	..	20
Pacific Gas & Electric	42	44
Pacific Gas & Electric pf.	79½	81
Republic Ry. & Light Co.	18	21
Republic Ry. & Light Co. pf.	67	70
Southern California Edison	76	80
Southern California Edison pf.	90	92
*Standard Gas & Electric	5½	7
*Standard Gas & Electric pf.	17½	19
Tennessee Ry., Light & Power	..	8
Tennessee Ry., Light & Power pf.	..	38
United Light & Rys.	43	46
United Light & Rys. 1st pf.	68	72
United Light & Rys. 2d pf.	65	68
Utah Securities	14	16
Western Power	13	15
Western Power pf.	56	59

*Par value $50. †Ex dividend.

INVESTMENTS.

The Annalist, every Monday, deals with the world's finances, authoritatively and independently. By mail 10 cents; $4 a year. The Annalist, Times Square, New York.—Advt.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS AND NOTES.

	Monday. Bid.	Asked.	Saturday. Bid.	Asked.
6s ..Sept., 1915	101¼	101½	101¼	101½
6s ..Sept., 1916	102¾	103	102¾	103
6s ..Sept., 1917	104¼	104½	104¼	104½
4½s..March, 1963	103⅞	104⅛	104	104¼
4½s..May, 1957	104	104¼	104	104¼
4½s..Nov., 1957	104	104¼	104	104¼
4½s..May, 1917	100⅝	100¾	100⅝	100¾
4½s..Nov., 1917	100⅝	100¾	100⅝	100¾
4¼s..March, 1964	98	98¼	98	98¼
4¼s..March, 1962	98	98¼	98	98¼
4¼s..Sept., 1960	98	98¼	98	98¼
4¼s..March, 1930-60	98¾	99	98⅝	98⅞
4s ..May, 1959	95⅝	95¾	95¼	95¾
4s ..Nov., 1958	95⅝	95¾	95¼	95¾
4s ..May, 1957	95⅝	95¾	95¼	95¾
4s ..Nov., 1956	94	95½	94	95½
4s ..Nov., 1955	94	95½	94	95½
4s ..Nov., 1936	95	96	95	96
4s ..1918-1919	98½	..	98½	..
3½s..Nov., 1954-5	84⅝	85	84½	85
3½s..May, 1954	84⅝	85	84½	85
3½s..1950-1954	83¾	84½	83¾	84½

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Atl. Coast Line	1914-'21	4 @4½	4.92	4.80
Balt. & Ohio	1914-'23	4½	4.95	4.75
Buff., Roch. & P.	1914-'30	4½@5	4.90	4.70
Canadian Pacific	1915-'28	4½	5.05	5.00
Ches. & Ohio	1914-'17	4½	5.10	4.85
Chicago & N. W.	1914-'23	4½	4.88	4.70
C., Ind. & Louis.	1914-'23	4½	5.60	5.10
C., Peo. & St. L.	1915-'23	6	6.75	6.00
C., St. L. & N. O.	1915-'24	5	5.05	4.90
Delaware & Hud.	1922	4½	4.90	4.60
Erie Railroad	1914-'23	4½@5	5.30	5.10
Hocking Valley	1914-'23	4 @5	5.10	4.85
Illinois Central	1914-'23	4½@5	4.95	4.75
Louis. & Nash.	1914-'23	5	4.90	4.70
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1914-'23	5	6.25	5.75
Mo. Pacific	1914-'22	5	6.75	6.25
N. Y. Cent. L.	1915-'28	4½@5	5.25	5.15
Norfolk & West.	1915-'24	4½	4.75	4.55
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1915-'28	6	5.65	5.30
Penn. G. Freight	1914-'23	4 @4½	4.75	4.50
St. L., I. Mt. & S.	1914-'24	5	5.85	5.25
Seaboard Air L.	1914-'23	5	5.30	5.10
Southern Railway	1914-'24	4½@5	5.20	4.90
Southern Pacific	1914-'23	4½	5.00	4.85
Virginia Railway	1914-'19	5	5.40	5.00

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THE COTTON MARKET ACTIVE AND STEADY

Firmness Puzzled Many Traders, Who Expected a Reaction on "Christmas" Sales.

DELUGE FAILED TO DEVELOP

Bullish View May Have Been Taken of Grade Differences Applied to Government Contract.

Contrary to expectation there was a fairly active and very steady market in cotton yesterday. Liverpool was closed and the only contract markets which were open were New York and New Orleans. A good undertone was apparent from the start, with buying orders also from New Orleans. The firmness persisted throughout the whole session and the close was at a moderate recession from the top at a net gain of 10 to 14 points for the day.

The steadiness was puzzling to many traders who have been expecting a reaction all along, in consequence of the expected deluge of so-called "Christmas cotton." This, however, has failed to develop.

It is not at all unlikely that a bullish view has been taken of the action of the Revision Committee in its establishment of the grade differences to be applied to the new Government contract. Although the Committee last Thursday reduced the discount on low grades and increased the premium on high grades, thus ostensibly making it easier to deliver cotton on contract, those who might place a bearish construction on this action would leave out of consideration the improved character of the new contract. The bearish effect of the revision, therefore, does not fully offset the bullish character of the new contract. Inasmuch as there will be another revision next month, it seems probable that if any mistake was made last month it will be corrected at the next meeting of the committee.

A surprisingly small amount of hedge sales is now being made by the South. Cotton is moving into sight at a very

A surprisingly smal amount of hedge sales is now being made by the South. Cotton is moving into sight at a very rapid rate, approximately 600,000 bales a week, but there is very little pressure of selling by way of contracts. In the opinion of many this indicates either that cotton merchants believe spots are so low that hedge sales are not necessary or that the cotton now moving has already been sold to the trade.

It is believed, moreover, that Germany owns a good many hundreds of thousands of bales in the South and that British spinners also have been making enormous purchases in the last few months and that the into-sight figures represent largely transactions which have been made in the past.

A meeting of the members of the Cotton Exchange who are interested in the clearing house was held yesterday afternoon, and the plan received practically unanimous endorsement. About thirty-five firms were represented, and it is believed that at least sixty out of the eighty Cotton Exchange firms will join the association.

Business was moderately active in the late trading, but it seemed easier to sell than to buy. The advance has carried prices up nearly $4 a bale above the recent low level. Southern spot markets were unchanged to ⅛ higher.

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, 15 points advance with 7.80 for middling upland; sales 3,000 bales.

The range of contract prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Thursday's Close.
December	7.49	7.35	7.42@7.43	7.32@7.34
January	7.69	7.55	7.64@7.65	7.51@7.53
March	7.89	7.77	7.82@7.83	7.69@7.70
May	8.06	7.89	8.01@8.02	7.87@7.88
July	8.24	8.09	8.20 Flat.	8.06@8.07
October	8.47	8.32	8.43@8.44	8.29@8.30

RECEIPTS AT LEADING PORTS.

	Yesterday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Galveston	23,702	26,481	21,488
New Orleans	13,576	14,028	19,194
Mobile	832	1,064	8,745
Savannah	9,758	14,860	6,282
Charleston	5,403	3,925	294
Wilmington	3,218	2,560	1,200
Norfolk	3,172	8,133	4,022

Total receipts, 59,942, against 72,252 same day last year.

RECEIPTS AT PRINCIPAL INTERIOR POINTS.

	Yesterday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Augusta	2,606	2,301	1,755
Memphis	5,729	9,235	8,223
St. Louis	6,497	2,412	7,468
Houston	25,138	31,285	16,377

ESTIMATED RECEIPTS.

	Today.	Last Week.	Last Year.
Galveston	37,000 to 39,000	51,732	27,500
New Orleans	16,500 to 18,000	15,176	17,198

Total exports yesterday, 21,813; so far this season 2,329,625, against 5,223,868 for same period last year.

SPOT MARKETS.

Sales.		Price. Midd'g.	Stocks. 1914.	Stocks. 1913.
3,075	New Orleans	7⅜	339,272	308,001
225	Mobile	7¼	50,665	68,932
3,205	Savannah	7⅜	283,577	161,678
2,170	Galveston	7⅜	432,777	246,241
——	Wilmington	7¼	44,377	34,219
576	Norfolk	7⅜	69,289	64,408
——	Augusta	7½	157,972	95,008
3,144	Memphis	7⅛	273,230	265,280
76	St. Louis	7¼	32,404	27,971
3,115	Houston	7 7-16	181,884	182,569

The Liverpool market was closed yesterday.

COTTON POOL STILL SHORT.

Has $96,593,600 of $100,000,000 Pledged—Two Loan Applications.

The Cotton Loan Committee received yesterday formal subscriptions for the full amount of San Francisco's quota of the $100,000,000 pool, amounting to $360,000, and the bulk of Richmond's, $1,113,600. This brought the total in hand up to $96,593,600. Advices came from Pittsburgh and Louisville that their allotments, $2,000,000 and $1,000,000, respectively, would be forwarded today.

It will take the subscriptions of Minneapolis, to which was allotted $1,000,000, to complete the pool and put the committee in position to act on applications for loans. The committee was advised last week that the Minneapolis subscriptions would be forwarded in a day or two, and the assumption is that they are on the way, although the committee has not been advised to that effect.

The second application for a loan was received yesterday. Like the first, it came from Alabama.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Amal. Cop.	5	Mar.15,'15	100⅛	100⅜	3.50
Am. Loco.	5	July, 1915	100	100½	4.00
Am. T. & T. sub.	5	Apr., 1916	100	100⅛	4.90
Am. Tob., sc.	6	Sep., 1915	100¾	101¼	4.35
Balt. & Ohio.	4½	June, 1915	100	100¼	4.20
Beth. Steel.	5	June 11,'15	100	100¼	4.47
Bklyn. R. T.	5	July, 1918	98⅝	98⅞	5.40
Can. Pacific.	6	Mar. 2,'24	100⅞	101⅜	5.75
Ches. & Ohio.	5	June, 1919	90	90¾	7.65
C. & W. Ind.	5	Sep., 1915	99¼	99⅝	5.50
Chi. El. Rys.	5	July, 1916	93½	97¼	6.65
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1915	99¼	99½	6.75
Erie R. R.	5	Oct., 1915	97¾	98½	6.90
Erie R. R.	5½	Apr., 1917	95	96	7.30
Gen. Motor.	6	Oct., 1915	100½	101	4.00
Gen. Rubber.	4½	July, 1915	99½	99¾	5.00
H. R. & P.	5	May, 1915	95	97	14.00
Hock. Valley.	6	Nov., 1915	99⅞	100¼	5.85
Int. Harv.	5	Feb. 15,'15	100	100¼	3.45
Lack. Steel.	5	Mar., 1915	98⅞	99½	8.00
L. S. & M. So.	5	Sep., 1915	99⅞	100	5.00
L. S. & M. So.	5	Dec., 1915	99⅞	100	5.00
Mich. Central.	4½	Mar. 2,'15	100	100¼	3.55
M. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1915	99	100	6.00
N. Eng. Nav.	6	May, 1917	90¼	91¼	10.05
N. Y. Cent.	5	Apr., 1915	99¼	99⅞	5.45
N. Y. Cent.	4½	May, 1915	99⅝	99¾	5.25
N. Y. Cent.	5	Sep. 15,'15	98¾	99¾	5.35
N. Y. Cent.	5	Oct., 1915	98¼	99¼	5.95
N.Y.,N.H.&H.	5	May, 1915	96¼	97⅛	12.50
Pac. G. & E.	5	Mar.25,'15	100	100¼	4.50
P. R. R. cv.	3½	Oct., 1915	99¼	99½	4.15
P. S. Corp. of New Jersey.	5	Mar., 1916	98¼	98¾	6.10
Seab. A. L.	5	Mar., 1916	97	98½	6.00
Southern Ry.	5	Feb., 1916	98¼	99¼	5.70
Southern Ry.	5	Mar., 1917	97½	98¼	5.75
Sulz. & Sons.	6	June, 1916	98½	99½	6.35
U. S. Smelt.	5	June, 1918	94	95½	6.50
Union Type.	5	Jan. 15,'16	97⅛	98¼	6.35
United Fruit.	6	May, 1917	100	100¾	5.65
United Fruit.	5	May, 1918	96⅜	97½	5.82
Utah Co.	6	Apr., 1917	97½	99	6.50
Con. Power.	6	1917	96½	97¾	6.62
Minn. G. El.	6	1917	99¼	99¾	6.10
Louis. G. & E.	6	1918	96	97¾	6.75
West. Power.	6	1915	99½	100	6.00

PLAN $13,000,000 MORTGAGE

Directors of New Jersey Railroad Propose New Financing.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 28.—The Directors of the West Jersey & Seashore Railroad Company today voted that a meeting of the stockholders should be held in thirty days, to consider the authorization of an increase in the capital stock to the extent of $3,000,000 and the creation of a thirteen-million-dollar general and refunding mortgage upon the company's property.

The stock will be offered to the shareholders at par, and $2,000,000 of the allotment will be used to retire certificates of indebtedness held by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. The additional $1,000,000 will not be issued in the immediate future.

Of the proposed new mortgage, $6,500,000 will be reserved to provide for the present first consolidated mortgage bonds at maturity, and the remainder will be used for improvements.

President Alexander at His Desk.

James S. Alexander, President of the National Bank of Commerce, was at his desk yesterday for the first time after an illness of five weeks.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

The railroads reporting so far for the third week of December show these aggregated changes in gross earnings, those showing advances and those showing declines being stated separately:

Three roads	$1,196,746	+$130,649
Twelve roads	6,341,317	—2,317,533
Total (15 roads)	7,538,063	—2,186,884

ATCHISON for November—

	1914.	1913.	1912.
Mileage	11,136	10,874	10,734
Gross	$10,102,017	$9,784,520	$10,828,886
Net af. tax.	3,262,358	3,090,268	3,729,439
Gr., 5 mos.	51,399,418	48,768,783	50,808,117
Net af. tax.	16,821,430	14,700,668	15,977,418

CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN for November—

	1914.	1913.	1912.
Mileage	8,107	8,091	7,970
Gross	6,202,041	7,095,034	7,173,901
Net aft. taxes.	1,227,507	1,829,865	2,099,686
Other income.	134,099	96,047	161,202
Total income.	1,361,606	1,925,912	2,260,888
Sur. aft. chgs.	356,166	949,052	1,372,186
Gross, 5 mos.	37,024,940	38,767,092	37,105,873
Net aft. taxes.	9,639,799	10,562,573	10,983,935
Other income.	1,034,507	1,255,151	1,364,195
Total income.	10,674,306	11,817,724	12,348,130
Sur. aft. chgs.	5,971,406	7,211,570	8,055,581

CHICAGO, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS & OMAHA for November—

	1914.	1913.	1912.
Gross	1,478,487	1,681,576	1,582,038
Net aft. taxes.	413,671	528,155	472,397
Other income.	14,574	20,270	7,710
Total income.	428,245	548,425	480,108
Sur. aft. chgs.	180,435	308,280	284,381
Gross, 5 mos.	8,122,283	8,232,669	7,751,172
Net aft. taxes.	2,339,571	2,158,124	2,181,562
Other income.	132,847	152,180	80,697
Total income.	2,472,418	2,310,304	2,262,264
Sur. aft. chgs.	1,284,649	1,163,642	1,299,355

COLORADO & SOUTHERN for November—

	1914.	1913.	1912.
Mileage	1,831	1,867	1,813
Gross	1,442,772	1,174,888	1,514,630
Net after tax.	507,594	291,215	550,712
5 mos. gross.	6,339,643	6,358,911	6,611,067
Net after tax.	1,800,165	1,555,653	2,092,072

CLEVELAND, SOUTHWESTERN & COLUMBUS for November—

	1914	1913.	Increase.
Gross	100,183	98,489	1,693
Net after tax.	39,117	29,782	9,335
Surp. aft. chgs	6,959	†2,276	9,235
11 mos. gross.	1,158,383	1,149,871	8,512
Net after tax.	463,838	453,291	10,541
Surp. aft. chgs	107,899	104,448	3,541

†Deficit.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY for November—

	1914.	1913.	1912.
Mileage	7,036	7,037	7,036
Gross	5,046,463	6,312,772	6,044,147
Net after tax.	1,173,164	1,797,132	1,691,709
5 mos. gross.	27,481,328	30,378,847	29,026,633
Net after tax.	5,685,777	8,100,056	8,411,997

TWIN CITY RAPID TRANSIT for November—

	1914.	1913.	Increase.
Gross	752,502	751,112	1,390
Net	355,828	376,166	*20,338
Surp. aft. tax., chgs., pf. div. and deprec.	126,904	141,187	*14,283
11 mos. gross.	8,499,228	8,085,035	414,198
Net	4,106,951	3,998,714	108,237
Surp. aft. tax., chgs., pf. div. and deprec.	1,599,518	1,414,204	185,314

*Decrease.

TOBACCO STOCKS.

	Monday. Bid.	Monday. Asked.	Saturday. Bid.	Saturday. Asked.
American Cigar	105	115	105	115
American Cigar pf.	93	98	93	98
Am. Mach. & F'dry.	65	75	65	75
British-Am. Tobacco.	17	17½	17	17½
Conley Foil Co.	275	300	275	300
Johnston T. F. & M.	130	150	130	150
J. S. Young	125	135	125	135
MacAndrews & F.	165	175	160	180
P. R.-Am. Tobacco.	235	250	235	250
P. R.-Am. Tob. scrip.	125	130	120	130
R. J. Reynolds Tob.	275	285	275	285
R. J. Reynolds rights	2½	3	2⅝	2⅞
Riker & Heg., old	137	143	137	143
Riker & Hegeman pf.	92	96	92	96
Sterling Gum	3¾	3⅞	3¾	3⅞
Tobacco Prod. Corp.	84	87	83	87
United Cigar Stores.	92	93	90	95
United Cigar St. pf.	108	115	108	115
United Profit Sharing	17⅛	17½	17⅛	17¼

BOSTON BANK STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Dec. 28.—Statement of the Boston National Clearing House for the week ended Dec. 26:

	Dec. 26.	Dec. from Prev. Week.
Circulation	$15,196,000	$1,870,000
Loans	238,489,000	405,000
Ind. dep. inc., U. S.	175,912,000	2,259,000
Due to banks	73,536,000	1,410,000
Time deposits	3,951,000	*451,000
Exchange clearings	9,884,000	1,714,000
Due from banks	23,923,000	1,457,000
Cash reserve	21,452,000	1,847,000
Res. in Fed. Res. Bk.	6,648,000	*243,000
Reserve with others	21,911,000	*420,000
Cash excess	9,002,000	1,798,000
Excess in New York	9,461,000	*469,000
Excess, Fed. Res. Bk.	423,000	*267,000
Total excess	18,886,000	1,062,000

*Increase.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE CO.

Voting Trust Dissolution.

NOTICE AND CALL.

Holders of stock trust certificates of the Voting Trustees under the Voting Trust Agreement dated October 28, 1902, by and between International Navigation Company, Ltd., and J. Pierpont Morgan and others, as Voting Trustees, which said Agreement was extended so as to expire October 1, 1917, are hereby notified that in the exercise of the discretionary powers vested in them by said Voting Trust Agreement, the Voting Trustees have resolved and determined that the said Voting Trust shall terminate February 23, 1915, and that on and after said date certificates for preferred stock and for common stock of International Mercantile Marine Company, shall and may be delivered upon surrender of and in exchange for corresponding stock trust certificates of the Voting Trustees.

All holders of stock trust certificates issued under said Agreement are hereby called upon to exchange the same for corresponding certificates of capital stock of International Mercantile Marine Company on or after February 23, 1915.

Exchanges will be made at the agency of the Voting Trustees, 51 Newark Street, Hoboken, New Jersey.

No stock trust certificates will be received except upon payment of the amount of the Federal stock transfer stamp tax of two cents per share.

Dated, Hoboken, New Jersey, December 23, 1914.

J. BRUCE ISMAY,
PIRRIE,
P. A. B. WIDENER,
CHARLES STEELE,
Surviving Voting Trustees.
December 23, 1914.

To the holders of Stock Trust Certificates for Preferred and Common Stock of International Mercantile Marine Company:

Pursuant to the above notice and call, the Voting Trustees will be prepared, on and after February 23, 1915, to begin delivery of certificates of stock in exchange for stock trust certificates, at the **Agency of the Voting Trustees of the International Mercantile Marine Company, No. 51 Newark Street, Hoboken, New Jersey.**

One hundred schedules per diem will be received.

For all stock trust certificates surrendered for exchange, together with the amount of the Federal stock transfer stamp tax, there will be delivered vouchers entitling the holder to receive stock certificates as soon as prepared for delivery.

Holders transmitting stock trust certificates by mail will please indicate whether they wish the new securities to be sent by registered mail or by express at their expense.

J. P. MORGAN & CO.,
Agents for Voting Trustees.

THE BOONVILLE RAILROAD BRIDGE COMPANY.

First Mortgage 4% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds, dated November 1, 1901.

Notice is hereby given that eleven (11) of the above-described bonds were this day drawn for redemption in accordance with the requirements of Article II. of the Trust Mortgage, numbered as follows:

134, 315, 441, 756, 757, 805, 821, 822, 829, 862, 901.

All future interest of any of the bonds so designated ceases January 1st, 1915, in accordance with the terms of the mortgage.

CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee.
By E. F. HYDE, Vice President.

In accordance with the foregoing certificate, said mentioned bonds will be paid on and after the 1st day of January, 1915, at par and accrued interest at the office of the Central Trust Company of New York, 54 Wall Street, New York.

New York, November 2, 1914.

United Profit Sharing
United Cigar Stores, Ltd.
United Cigar Stores
Sterling Gum
Riker-Hegeman
World Film

The truly tremendous profit-making possibilities of the above issues are comprehensively set forth in Circular No. 29.

HARVEY A. WILLIS & CO.
(Established 1901.)
32 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

Perpall, Shaskan & Droge
50 Broad Street, N. Y. Telephone 1630 Broad
STOCKS—BONDS —WHEAT—

Our books are audited by Messrs. Loomis, Suffern & Fernald, certified public accountants, for the protection and information of our clients.

Cons. Gas Rights
Bought, Sold and Quoted
CORRESPONDENCE INVITED.

All WALL STREET reads
DOW, JONES BULLETINS & TICKERS
Investors read
THE WALL STREET JOURNAL

Interest Credited Monthly
paid on accounts subject to Check. Special rates on time certificates of deposit.
United States Mortgage and Trust Company
B'way at 73d St. 55 Cedar St. 125th St. at 8th Av.

SAVINGS BANKS.

INCORPORATED 1827

THE BROOKLYN SAVINGS BANK
PIERREPONT and CLINTON STS.,
New Entrance—300 Fulton St.
INTEREST AT THE RATE OF
4 Per Cent. Per Annum

will be credited to depositors January 1, 1915, (payable on and after January 20th,) on all sums entitled thereto. Deposits made on or before January 9th will draw interest from January 1st.

CROWELL HADDEN, President.
LAURUS E. SUTTON, Comptroller.
ARTHUR C. HARE, Cashier.
CHAS. C. PUTNAM, Asst. Comptroller.

The Bowery Savings Bank
128 AND 130 BOWERY.
NEW YORK, Dec. 14, 1914.

A semi-annual dividend at the rate of THREE and ONE-HALF Per Cent. per annum has been declared and will be credited to depositors on all sums of $5.00 and upward and not exceeding $3,000 which shall have been deposited at least three months on the first day of January next, and will be payable on and after Monday, January 18, 1915.

Money deposited before Jan'y 10 will draw interest from Jan'y 1, 1915.

HENRY A. SCHENCK, President.
WILLIAM E. KNOX, Comptroller.
JOSEPH G. LIDDLE, Secretary.

The Williamsburgh Savings Bank
Broadway and Driggs Ave., Brooklyn.

Notice is hereby given that on and after the 20th day of January, 1915, Interest at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT.

per annum will be paid to all depositors in this bank who on the first day of January, 1915, may be entitled thereto.

Money deposited before January 10th, 1915, will draw interest from January 1st.

ANDREW D. BAIRD, President.
CHARLES J. PASFIELD, Cashier.
BANK OPEN MONDAY EVE'G, 4 TO 7.
Blanks for opening Accounts by Mail sent upon request.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK
40th Street and 6th Avenue

An Interest Dividend (111th Consecutive) has been declared at the rate of **Three and One-Half Per Cent.** per annum. Credited January 1, 1915, and payable on and after Thursday, January 21st, 1915, on all sums entitled thereto under the By-Laws.

Money deposited on or before January 11th, draws interest from January 1, 1915.

Alex. P. W. Kinnan, President.
Francis M. Leake, Treasurer.
William G. Ross, Secretary.

THE MANHATTAN SAVINGS INSTITUTION
644-646 Broadway, Cor. Bleecker St., N.Y.
127th Semi-Annual Dividend
December 8th, 1914.

The Trustees of this institution have declared interest (by the rules entitled thereto) at the rate of THREE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. per annum on all sums not exceeding $3,000 remaining on deposit during the three or six months ending on the 31st inst., payable on or after Jan. 18th, 1915.

Deposits made on or before Jan. 9th, 1915, will draw interest from Jan. 1, 1915.

JOSEPH BIRD, President.
CONSTANT M. BIRD, Sec'y.
ARTHUR STILES, Asst. Sec'y.

NEW YORK SAVINGS BANK
N. W. Cor. 14th St. and 8th Avenue
Jan. 1, 1915, dividend at the rate of
FOUR PER CENT
per annum on all sums from $5 to $3,000 entitled thereto under the by-laws.
DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE JAN. 9 WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM JAN. 1.

WILLIAM FELSINGER, President.
JAMES L. WANDLING, Treasurer.
WALTER R. BRINCKERHOFF, Secty.

THE BANK FOR SAVINGS IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
280 Fourth Avenue, Dec. 9th, 1914.
191ST SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND.

The Board of Trustees has declared an interest dividend for the Six Months ending December 31st, 1914, at the rate of THREE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. per annum on all sums of $5.00 and upward entitled thereto, and payable on and after January 20th, 1915. The dividend will be credited to depositors as principal January 1st, 1915. Deposits made on or before January 9th, 1915, will draw interest from January 1st, 1915.

WALTER TRIMBLE, President.
LEWIS B. GAWTRY, Secretary.
JAMES KNOWLES, Comptroller.

January Investments

At this season of the year you are probably contemplating the investment of surplus funds derived from interest or dividend payments, which you will receive during the first month of the New Year. In anticipation of this, we have prepared, and shall be glad to send upon request, a circular containing a diversified list of investment offerings which we can recommend as a desirable purchase at this time.

We shall also be glad to submit upon request, special lists of offerings adapted to individual requirements.

Guaranty Trust Company of New York
140 Broadway
Fifth Avenue Branch, 5th Ave. & 43d St.
London Office, 33 Lombard St., E. C.
Capital and Surplus, - - $30,000,000

Executor Trustee
Chartered 1822
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue
New York.
LONDON, 15 Cockspur St., S. W.; 26 Old Broad Street, E. C.
PARIS, 41 Boulevard Haussmann BERLIN, 56 Unter den Linden, N. W. 7
Travelers' Letters of Credit. Foreign Exchange.
Administrator Guardian

COMMERCIAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY.
Opposite Penna. R. R. Ferry and Exchange Place Station,
Hudson Tunnels, Jersey City.
Capital, Surplus and Profits over - $3,500,000.00

Residents of New York may open bank accounts in two names.
Either or the survivor may withdraw funds.
No Inheritance Tax on such funds.

JOHN W. HARDENBERGH, President.
ROB'T S. ROSS, Vice-President.
WM. J. FIELD, Secretary and Treasurer.
JAY S. PERKINS, Assistant Treasurer.
J. RICHARD TENNANT, Assistant Secretary.

HUDSON COMPANIES

December 26th, 1914.

To the Preferred Stockholders of Hudson Companies:

The undersigned have consented to act as a Committee to represent the preferred stock of Hudson Companies at the annual meeting to be held on January 12, 1915, and otherwise, as may become desirable.

The Committee has issued a circular, a copy of which will be mailed to any stockholder upon application to the Secretary of the Committee. Stockholders are requested to communicate with the Committee before giving proxies to any other persons to vote at the annual meeting.

Charles P. Cooley,
Charles P. Curtis,
Allan Forbes,
Arthur B. Silsbee,
Charles W. Taintor,
COMMITTEE.

FRANK R. LAWRENCE, Counsel.
JOHN F. FARRELL, Secretary,
55 Liberty Street, New York.

SAVINGS BANKS.

SEAMEN'S BANK FOR SAVINGS
74 and 76 Wall Street.

THE TRUSTEES HAVE ORDERED THAT INTEREST be paid to depositors, entitled thereto for the six months ending Dec. 31, 1914.

On accounts not exceeding three thousand dollars at the rate of FOUR PER CENT. per annum.

Payable on and after Monday, Jan. 18, 1915.

DANIEL BARNES, President.
GEORGE M. HALSEY, Cashier.
WILLISTON H. BENEDICT, Secretary.
New York, December 10th, 1914.

—NOTICE—

Deposits to draw interest from Jan. 1st or April 1st or July 1st or October 1st, must be made on or before the last day of the previous month.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE CHATHAM AND PHENIX NATIONAL BANK OF NEW YORK

The annual meeting of the shareholders of this Bank, for the election of Directors, and such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at the Banking House, No. 192 Broadway, New York, on January 12, 1915. Polls open from 12 Noon to 1 P. M.

B. L. HASKINS, Cashier,
NEW YORK, DECEMBER 10, 1914.

FIDELITY BANK.
New York, December 29th, 1914.

The Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of this Bank for the election of Directors and Inspectors of Election and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before such meeting, will be held at the Banking House, southwest corner Madison Avenue and 75th Street, on Tuesday, January 12th, 1915, at three-thirty o'clock P. M. At said meeting a resolution to reduce the number of Directors from eleven, the present number, to nine, will be voted on. Polls will remain open from three-thirty to four-thirty o'clock P. M. Transfer books will be closed from January 2d to 12th, inclusive.

EUGENE W. DUTTON, Cashier.

THE GREENWICH BANK of The City of New York.

The annual meeting of the shareholders of this Bank, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of any other business that may properly come before it, will be held at the banking rooms, 874 Broadway, Tuesday, January 12, 1915, from 3 P. M. to 4 P. M.

FRANK HAMMOND, Cashier.

UNITED STATES TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
45 Wall Street, December 22, 1914.

AN ELECTION for Trustees to supply the places of those whose terms of office expire, and for Inspectors of the next election ensuing thereafter, will be held at the office of the Company on the fifth day of Jan. next (the first Tuesday) between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M. Wilfred J. Worcester, Sec.

THE HANOVER NATIONAL BANK of the City of New York.
New York, December 12, 1914.

The Annual Election for Directors of this Bank will be held at the banking house, Nassau and Pine Streets, Tuesday, January 12th, 1915, between the hours of 12 o'clock M. and 1 o'clock P. M.

ELMER E. WHITTAKER, Cashier.

New York, Dec. 5th, 1914.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION of Directors of THE MERCHANTS NATIONAL BANK of the City of New York will be held at its banking house, No. 42 Wall Street, New York, on Tuesday, January 12th, 1915, from 12 noon to 1 o'clock P. M.

By order of the Board of Directors.
JOSEPH BYRNE, Cashier.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

HUDSON COMPANIES.
NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of HUDSON COMPANIES will be held at the office of the company at 111 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Tuesday, the 12th day of January, 1915, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the election of Directors, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting. The transfer books of the company will be closed at the close of business on the 22nd day of December, 1914, and remain closed until the 13th day of January, 1915.

WILLIAM EVERDELL, JR., Secretary.
New York, December 18, 1914.

LINCOLN TRUST COMPANY.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Lincoln Trust Company will be held at the office of the company, 204 Fifth Avenue, New York, on Wednesday, January 13th, 1915, at 11 o'clock A. M., for the election of Directors and Inspectors of Election and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Polls will remain open from 11 o'clock A. M. to 12 o'clock noon.

The Transfer Books will be closed at 3 P. M. on December 31st, 1914, and will reopen at 10 A. M. on January 14th, 1915.

FREDERIC P. DAVIS, Secretary.

IRVING NATIONAL BANK, NEW YORK
New York, December 1, 1914.

The annual meeting of the Shareholders of this Bank for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before it will be held in the Banking Rooms, No. 233 Broadway, Tuesday, January 12th, 1915, at 12 o'clock noon, the polls to be open from 12 o'clock noon to 1 o'clock P. M.

The transfer books will be closed from 12 o'clock noon, January 9th, 1915, until 10 o'clock A. M., January 13th, 1915.

J. F. BOUKER, Cashier.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE IN NEW YORK.
New York, December 10, 1914.

The annual meeting of the shareholders of the National Bank of Commerce in New York for the election of directors will be held at its banking house, 31 Nassau Street, New York City, on Tuesday, January 12, 1915, at 12 o'clock noon. The polls will be open from 12 o'clock to 1 P. M.

STEVENSON E. WARD, Cashier.

The Chemical National Bank of New York,
December 12th, 1914.

The Annual Election for Directors of this bank will be held at the banking house, No. 270 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, on Tuesday, the 12th day of January, 1915, between the hours of one and two o'clock P. M.

FRANCIS HALPIN, Cashier.

East River National Bank.
New York, December 12, 1914.

An election for Directors of this bank will be held at the banking house, No. 680 Broadway, New York, on Tuesday, January 12, 1915.

Polls open from 2 to 3 o'clock P. M.

GEO. E. HOYER, Cashier.

AN ELECTION OF TWENTY MANAGERS of the NEW YORK INSTITUTE FOR THE EDUCATION OF THE BLIND and of three Inspectors of Election will be held at the Institute, 9th Ave. and 34th St., at 4 o'clock in the afternoon of Wednesday, Jan. 6, 1915.

LINZEE BLAGDEN, Sec'y.

Guaranty Safe Deposit Company,
5th Avenue and Forty-third Street.
December 26, 1914.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company for the election of Directors will be held at the office of the Company Tuesday, January 12, 1915, at 9 A. M.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the S. S. HEPWORTH COMPANY will be held at the office of the company, 92 William Street, New York City, on Tuesday, January 12th, 1915, at 12:00 o'clock noon.

B. VAN NAME, Secretary.

Leonard Sales Co., Inc.

The annual stockholders' meeting will be held at the office of the Company, Church and Leonard Sts., at 2 P. M. on Jan. 11th, 1915.

ALFRED L. WISE, Secretary.

Municipal Bonds
for
January Investments

State of Utah	4s	Jan. 1, 1934	to yield	4.30%
City of Oakland, Cal.	4½s	Aug. 1, 1918-39	"	4.50%
City of Berkeley, Cal.	5s	Jan. 1, 1916-54	"	4.65%
City of Canton, Ohio,	5s	Sept. 1, 1953	"	4.45%
City of Charleston, W. Va.	5s	July 1, 1921-23	"	4.60%
City of Maisonneuve, P. Q.	5s	May 1, 1954	"	5.19%
Clatsop Co., Oregon,	5s	Apr. 1, 1934	"	4.75%
Village of Highland Park, Mich.	5s	July 1, 1928	"	4.40%
Los Angeles Co. (Cal.) San Fernando, S. D.	5s	Nov. 1, 1925-53	"	5.00%

Descriptive circulars on request.

E. H. ROLLINS & SONS
43 EXCHANGE PLACE NEW YORK CITY
BOSTON CHICAGO DENVER SAN FRANCISCO

AUTHORIZED BY RAILROAD COMMISSION OF CALIFORNIA
Denomination $100, $500, $1,000 To Yield Investors 7%

$588,500
Three-Year 6% Coupon Notes
WESTERN STATES GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY
OF CALIFORNIA

COMPANY SERVES without competition three important productive and growing districts of California centering at and including Stockton, Eureka and Richmond. The Stockton and Eureka divisions are served with electricity and gas; Richmond with electricity. Total population served approximately 78,750.

THESE NOTES ARE DIRECT OBLIGATIONS issued with the approval of the Railroad Commission of California and under the provisions of a Trust Agreement (Guaranty Trust Company, New York, Trustee.)

NET EARNINGS are more than twice the interest on outstanding bonds. Balance after payment of bond interest is more than seven times annual interest charges on this note issue. Gross earnings for year ended November 30, 1914, $1,112,065. Preferred stock of company has received 7% annual dividends since 1910.

PROCEEDS FROM NOTE ISSUE will retire floating debt incurred by extensions and improvements and will provide funds for additional extensions to serve increasing business.

GROWTH OF BUSINESS is shown by increases of 46% in electric connected load and 28% in the number of gas and electric customers during the two years ended September 30, 1914.

TWO EFFICIENT WATER POWERS located on the American and Trinity Rivers are owned and operated by the company.

PUBLIC RELATIONS, franchises, etc., are satisfactory. The properties are well maintained and render excellent service at low rates.

MANAGEMENT—Engineering and commercial—is under the direction of H. M. Byllesby & Company.

DESCRIPTIVE CIRCULAR with earnings report and full information upon request.

Price 97¼ and Interest

WILLIAM P. BONBRIGHT & CO.
Incorporated
14 Wall Street, New York
Philadelphia—Boston—Detroit
London—William P. Bonbright & Co.

H. M. BYLLESBY & CO.
Trinity Building, New York
Continental and Commercial Bank Building, Chicago

Tax Exempt Stock
Guaranteed Dividends for 999 Years by Pennsylvania R. R.
To Yield 4.76%

Unbroken dividend record since 1880; free of personal tax in New York, New Jersey, Connecticut, Pennsylvania, and Maryland; also Federal normal income tax.

Send for circular.

ALEXANDRE & BURNET
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
7 Wall Street New York City
Dealers in Guaranteed Stocks
Phone Rector 8720.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

The German Exchange Bank
New York, December 28, 1914.

The annual meeting of the shareholders of this Bank, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before it, will be held at its Banking House, No. 330 Bowery, on Tuesday, January 12th, 1915, at 12 o'clock noon. The polls will be open from 12 o'clock noon to 1 P. M.

GEORGE KERN, Cashier.

THE MARKET AND FULTON NATIONAL BANK
New York, December 28, 1914.

The Annual Election for Directors of this Bank will be held at the banking house on Tuesday, January 12th, 1915, from 12 o'clock M. to 1 o'clock P. M.

JOHN H. CARR, Cashier.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual meeting of stockholders of BELLE TERRE ESTATES, INCORPORATED, will be held at the office of the company in the City of New York, at 531 Nostrand Avenue, Borough of Brooklyn, on January 12, 1915, at twelve o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing Directors and of transacting such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

December 23, 1914.
EDMUND LYON, President.
WELLINGTON E. BULL, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the Corn Exchange Safe Deposit Company, New York City, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly be brought before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, 13 William Street, New York City, Borough of Manhattan, Tuesday, January 12th, 1915. The polls will be open from 10:30 o'clock A. M. to 11:00 o'clock A. M.

WARD C. PITKIN, Secretary.

New York Produce Exchange Bank.
10 Broadway, New York City.

The Annual Meeting of Stockholders of this Bank for the election of Directors and Inspectors of Election, and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting, including a change in the number of Directors if considered advisable, will be held in the Banking Room at 10 Broadway on Tuesday, Jan. 12, 1915, at one o'clock P. M.

JOHN R. WOOD, Cashier.

THE BANK OF AMERICA.
New York, December 28th, 1914.

The Annual Election of Directors and Inspectors of Election of this Bank will be held at the banking house, Nos. 44 and 46 Wall Street, on Tuesday, January 12th, 1915. The polls will be opened at 1 o'clock P. M., and will be closed at 2 o'clock P. M. The transfer books will be closed from January 9th to January 13th.

W. M. BENNET, Cashier.

DIVIDENDS.

KELLY-SPRINGFIELD TIRE CO.

A dividend of 1½% on the Common Stock of this Company has been declared, payable February 1, 1915, to the stockholders of record at the close of business January 15, 1915.

F. A. SEAMAN, Secretary.
New York, December 9, 1914.

THE HANOVER NATIONAL BANK of the City of New York.
New York, December 22d, 1914.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of FIVE PER CENT., payable on and after Jan. 2d, 1915. The transfer books will remain closed until that date. ELMER E. WHITTAKER, Cashier.

The Gotham National Bank of New York.
December 15, 1914.

The Board of Directors has this day declared the regular quarterly dividend of two per cent. (2%) payable January 2, 1915, to stockholders of record December 31, 1914.

THOMAS C. FRY, Cashier.

New York, December 28, 1914.
CENTRAL UNION GAS COMPANY.

THE COUPONS OF THE FIRST MORTGAGE 5% Bonds of this Company, due January 1st, 1915, will be paid at the National City Bank, 55 Wall Street, New York City, on and after January 2d, 1915.

PHILIP J. SCHNEIDER, Treasurer.

What Will Happen to the Railroads in 1915?

The Annual Financial number of The New York Times, to be published **next Sunday,** will contain the opinions of those best qualified to speak regarding what may be expected of the railroad, banking, agriculture, industrial and other divisions of our commercial and industrial life during the coming year.

It will also be a complete review of business during 1914.

Among the many articles of importance will be a description of the methods by which the New York Stock Exchange prevented a war panic in Wall Street; an explanation of why the Exchange is able to open weeks before any other international exchange; and a statement of the benefits already realized from the Federal Reserve Act.

Order The New York Times for next Sunday today from your dealer.

REPORTS OF STATE BANKS.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE MUTUAL BANK

at the close of business on the 24th day of December, 1914:

RESOURCES.		
Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities, (book value, $212,812.51,) market value		$212,098.75
Private securities, (book value, $280,943.51,) market value		283,052.50
Real estate owned		507,827.85
Mortgages owned		650.00
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed, or other real estate collateral		312,445.17
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		1,516,265.25
Loans, discounts, and bills purchased not secured by collateral		3,206,740.49
Overdrafts		6,130.03
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets	$530,671.93	
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers not included in preceding items	46,329.54	577,001.47
Specie		595,615.76
United States legal tender notes and notes of national banks		219,766.00
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$110,499.20	
Other cash items	18,813.65	129,312.85
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	$2,202.64	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date, estimated	19,000.00	21,202.64
Total		$7,588,108.76
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$200,000.00
Surplus on market values:		
Surplus fund	$200,000.00	
Undivided profits	278,547.36	478,547.36
Surplus on book values, $476,652.13.		
Deposits:		
Preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State savings banks	$219,178.70	
Due New York State savings and loan Associations and credit unions	509.74	
Deposits by the State of New York	20,000.00	
Deposits by the Superintendent of Banks of State of New York	1,121.87	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	24,750.00	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	5,944,698.09	
Time deposits, certificates, and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	271,647.19	
Demand certificates of deposit	81,000.00	
Other certificates of deposit	66,210.00	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	5,778.30	
Certified checks	41,683.66	
Unpaid dividends	60.00	
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers	82,067.19	6,658,704.24
Income tax withheld		5.91
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Mortgages on real estate owned	$190,000.00	
Reserves for taxes, expenses, etc	8,810.75	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	2,180.50	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date, estimated	27,000.00	
Estimated unearned discounts	22,860.00	250,851.25
Total		$7,588,108.76

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

GERMAN EXCHANGE BANK

at the close of business on the 24th day of December, 1914:

RESOURCES.		
Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities, (book value, $409,000.00,) market value		$408,200.00
Private securities, (book value, $426,619.23,) market value		424,511.81
Real estate owned		211,500.00
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed, or other real estate collateral		87,378.60
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		268,259.21
Loans, discounts, and bills purchased not secured by collateral		2,027,144.69
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets	$1,842,473.36	
Due from trust companies, banks and bankers not included in preceding item	40,210.92	1,882,684.28
Specie		635,595.76
United States legal-tender notes and notes of national banks		185,951.00
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$126,391.91	
Other cash items	51,194.57	177,586.48
Other assets, viz.:		
Gold Fund Committee		14,794.50
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date		7,250.00
Total		$5,880,851.88
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$200,000.00
Surplus on market values:		
Surplus fund	$700,000.00	
Undivided profits	120,690.06	820,690.06
Surplus on book values $827,972.48.		
Deposits:		
Preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State savings and loan associations and credit unions	$324.26	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	4,654,135.04	
Demand certificates of deposit	1,818.68	
Cashier's checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	10,291.00	
Certified checks	53,967.29	4,720,536.27
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Mortgages on real estate owned	$78,000.00	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	4,875.00	
Estimated unearned discounts	6,750.00	89,625.00
Total		$5,880,851.88

DIVIDENDS.

262nd Consecutive Semi-Annual Dividend

ESTABLISHED 1784.

The Bank of New York

National Banking Association

New York, December 15th, 1914.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of Eight (8%) per cent., payable on and after Jan. 2d, 1915.

The transfer books will remain closed from Dec. 23d, 1914, to Jan. 4th, 1915.

JOSEPH ANDREWS, Cashier.

UNITED TRACTION AND ELECTRIC COMPANY.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., December 3, 1914.

A Dividend of ONE AND ONE-QUARTER PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of this Company will be paid January 2, 1915, to the registered holders of December 8, 1914. Transfer books will be closed on the 8th inst., and will be reopened December 14, 1914.

C. S. SWEETLAND, Treasurer.

THE ALLIANCE REALTY COMPANY.

New York, December 28th, 1914.

The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend of 1½% on the outstanding Capital Stock of the Company, payable January 15th, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business January 9th, 1915.

HOWARD W. SMITH, Secretary.

Houston Gas & Fuel Company

Houston, Texas.

The Board of Directors have declared a regular quarterly dividend of 1¾% on the Preferred Stock of this Company, payable January 1st, 1915, to stockholders of record December 15th, 1914. Checks will be mailed.

HENRY MORGAN, Treasurer.

SOUTH PLATTE CANAL & RESERVOIR COMPANY.

Coupons due January 1st, 1915, from above bonds will be paid by The Mechanics & Metals National Bank, 50 Wall Street, New York.

REPORTS OF STATE BANKS.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

BANK OF EUROPE

at the close of business on the 24th day of December, 1914:

RESOURCES.		
Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities, (book value, $184,253.13), market value		$183,246.25
Private securities, (book value, $480,894.87), market value		480,225.00
Mortgages owned		278,578.00
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed, or other real estate collateral		34,428.20
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		96,533.27
Loans, discounts, and bills purchased not secured by collateral		783,698.22
Overdrafts		144.99
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets	$133,705.67	
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers not included in preceding item	19,079.53	152,785.20
Specie		190,454.85
United States legal-tender notes and notes of national banks		48,400.00
Cash items, viz.:		136.60
Other assets, viz.:		
Furniture and fixtures	$3,734.60	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	13,816.46	17,551.06
Total		$2,266,181.64
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$150,000.00
Surplus on market values—Undivided profits		56,375.34
Deposits:		
Preferred, as follows:		
Other deposits due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee or depositary	$706.50	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	265,419.34	
Time deposits, certificates and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	1,500.00	
Deposits withdrawable only on presentation of passbooks	1,749,859.20	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	1,508.94	
Certified checks	9,816.04	
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers	3,669.43	
Extend total deposits		2,032,479.45
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Reserves for taxes, expenses, etc	$2,175.74	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	20,000.00	
Estimated unearned discounts	5,151.11	27,326.85
Total		$2,266,181.64

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

MANHATTAN COMPANY

at the close of business on the 24th day of December, 1914:

RESOURCES.		
Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities, (book value, $2,957,944.80;) market value		$2,995,444.80
Private securities, (book value, $3,877,254;) market value		3,846,107.50
Real estate owned		900,000.00
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		17,159,965.48
Loans, discounts, and bills purchased, not secured by collateral		11,516,347.35
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers		2,926,270.08
Specie		14,316,603.21
United States legal-tender notes and notes of national banks		3,723,000.00
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$7,893,747.76	
Other cash items	383,606.10	8,277,353.86
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date		152,365.00
Total		$65,813,457.28
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$2,050,000.00
Surplus on market values:		
Surplus fund	$4,100,000.00	
Undivided profits	767,602.31	4,867,602.31
Surplus on book values, $4,863,238.81.		
Deposits:		
Preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State savings banks	$4,300,831.37	
Deposits by the State of New York	425,015.00	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	24,132,174.07	
Demand certificates of deposit	761,600.00	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	932,717.29	
Certified checks	5,988,086.62	
Unpaid dividends	7,863.27	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	22,099,628.50	58,647,916.12
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Reserves for taxes	$47,456.52	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	46,127.33	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	76,780.00	
Estimated unearned discounts	77,625.00	247,938.85
Total		$65,813,457.28

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE BANK OF AMERICA

at the close of business on the 24th day of December, 1914:

RESOURCES.		
Stock and bond investments, viz:		
Public securities, (book value, $93,462.71,) market value		$104,545.00
Private securities, (book value, $2,947,432.20,) market value		2,818,129.04
Real estate owned		900,000.00
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage deed or other real estate collateral		5,000.00
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		12,375,903.70
Loans, discounts, and bills purchased not secured by collateral		11,465,873.21
Overdrafts		2,485.70
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets	$46,513.04	
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers not included in preceding item	545,431.34	591,944.38
Specie		4,830,470.32
United States legal tender notes and notes of national banks		1,984,808.00
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$8,214,730.59	
Other cash items	72,508.20	8,287,238.79
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date		104,400.00
Total		$43,470,798.14
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$1,500,000.00
Surplus on market values:		
Surplus fund	$6,000,000.00	
Undivided profits	828,820.73	6,828,820.73
Surplus on book values, $6,380,841.60		
Deposits:		
Due New York State savings banks	$4,947,093.05	
Deposits subject to check	14,655,815.06	
Demand certificates of deposit	646.58	
Cashiers' checks outstanding	332,951.48	
Certified checks	4,461,069.80	
Unpaid dividends	275.00	
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers	11,182,196.89	
Total deposits		35,579,547.86
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Reserves for taxes	$24,229.55	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	38,200.00	62,429.55
Total		$43,470,798.14

DIVIDENDS.

THE BANK OF AMERICA.

New York, December 18th, 1914.

The Board of Directors have today declared a semi-annual dividend of fourteen (14) per cent., free of tax, payable January 2nd, 1915, to stockholders of record of this date. The transfer books will remain closed until January 4th, 1915.

W. M. BENNET, Cashier.

REPORTS OF TRUST COMPANIES.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

BROADWAY TRUST COMPANY

at the close of business on the 24th day of December, 1914:

RESOURCES.		
Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities, (book value, $864,968.21;) market value		$864,968.21
Private securities, (book value, $1,197,698.22;) market value		1,197,698.22
Real estate owned		145,376.67
Mortgages owned		819,380.00
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed, or other real estate collateral		168,100.00
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		2,586,817.90
Loans, discounts, and bills purchased not secured by collateral		7,564,945.28
Overdrafts		2,085.69
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets	$1,909,625.94	
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers, not included in preceding item	792,872.26	2,702,498.20
Specie		1,615,745.76
United States legal-tender notes and notes of national banks		513,995.00
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$462,410.70	
Other cash items	11,830.58	474,241.28
Customers' liability on acceptances, (see liabilities, per contra)		181,321.11
Other assets, viz.:		
Furniture and fixtures	$10,000.00	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	44,509.41	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	18,005.86	72,515.27
Total		$18,909,688.59
LIABILITIES.		
Capital stock		$1,500,000.00
Surplus on market values:		
Surplus fund	$750,000.00	
Undivided profits	125,206.94	875,206.94
Surplus on book values	$125,062.35	
Deposits:		
Preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State savings banks	$936,587.48	
Due New York State savings and loan associations and credit unions	6,458.27	
Other deposits due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee, or depositary	59,424.46	
Deposits by the State of New York	42,000.00	
Deposits by the Superintendent of Banks of State of New York	30,000.00	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	341,749.39	
Deposits otherwise preferred, if any	767.51	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	13,309,030.22	
Time deposits, certificates, and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	38,387.94	
Demand certificates of deposit	296,010.36	
Other certificates of deposit	43,938.48	
Deposits withdrawable only on presentation of passbooks	347,817.56	
Cashier's checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	285,678.77	
Certified checks	98,360.65	
Unpaid dividends	32.00	
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers	422,236.60	16,258,479.69
Acceptances of drafts payable at a future date or authorized by commercial letters of credit		181,321.11
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Reserves for taxes, &c.	$12,066.49	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	64,753.09	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	17,861.27	94,680.85
Estimated unearned discounts	$20,000.00	
Total		$18,909,688.59

DIVIDENDS.

FOUNDED 1803

223rd Consecutive Semi-Annual Dividend

THE MERCHANTS NATIONAL BANK

of the City of New York
42 Wall Street,

December 17th, 1914.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a dividend of four per cent. (4%), free of tax, payable January 2d, 1915, to stockholders of record at the close of business December 24th, 1914.

JOSEPH BYRNE, Cashier.

CUMBERLAND TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY
(Incorporated)

Interest on First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds secured by Sinking Fund, due January 1, 1918, of this Company will be paid on or after January 1, 1915, upon presentation of coupon No. 34 to the Columbia Trust Company, No. 60 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

J. M. B. HOXSEY, Treasurer.

CUMBERLAND TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY
(Incorporated)

Interest on First and General Mortgage Five Per Cent. Bonds of this Company, due 1937, will be paid on or after January 1, 1915, upon presentation of coupon No. 6 to the Columbia Trust Company, No. 60 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

J. M. B. HOXSEY, Treasurer.

217TH DIVIDEND

Chartered 1799.

Bank of the Manhattan Company.

New York, December 21, 1914.

The President and Directors of the Manhattan Company have this day declared a dividend of 7% out of the earnings of the past six months, and an extra dividend of 1% for the year ending December 31st, 1914, free from tax, payable January 2nd, 1915, to Stockholders of record at the close of business December 26th, 1914. Transfer books to remain closed until January 2nd, 1915.

D. H. PIERSON, Cashier.

The Market and Fulton National Bank

New York, Dec. 22, 1914.

A QUARTERLY dividend of Three per cent. upon the capital stock of this Bank has been declared, payable, free of tax, on and after January 1st, 1915. The transfer books will be closed until that date.

JOHN H. CARR, Cashier.

SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY

Interest on Thirty-Year First Mortgage Sinking Fund Gold Bonds of this Company, due 1941, will be paid on and after January 1, 1915, upon presentation of coupon No. 8 to the Bankers Trust Company, No. 16 Wall Street, New York, N. Y. J. M. B. HOXSEY, Treasurer.

VIRGINIA RAILWAY AND POWER CO.

No. 149 Broadway, New York, Dec. 18, 1914.

The Board of Directors of the Virginia Railway & Power Company has this day declared a dividend of 3%, equal to $3.00 per share, on the preferred stock of said Company, payable on January 20, 1915, to the preferred stockholders of record on December 31, 1914. The transfer books will not be closed. Dividend cheques will be mailed.

G. B. WILLIAMS, Treasurer.

BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

45 Cents per agate line each insertion. Count six words agate to a line.

PHILADELPHIA DRESS manufacturer, with New York showroom, wants salesman to take charge of showroom and New York City trade; straight commission basis; no advances. X 290 Times Annex.

WANTED, LIVE CONTRACTORS, with snappy, advanced styles of wash dresses, prices from $2 to $3.75 each, for an out-of-town concern. B. R. Stein, 112 Greene St., between 2 and 4.

ORIGINAL SAMPLE CLOAK AND SUIT Co. of Cincinnati will look at Spring suits for catalogue Tuesday, Dec. 29, at 1,182 Broadway, Room 801.

To furriers and others: Well dried moleskins for sale. State prices, &c., to F. H., Pencae Marcoss, Llantwit Major, Glamorgan, Wales.

Reliable skirt contractor, large factory, desires connection with suit and skirt concerns. Low Prices, B 123 Times Downtown.

OUT-OF-TOWN DRESS JOBBERS looking at samples silk and cotton dresses entire week. Hamburger, 22 West 27th St.

JOBBER looking at popular-priced serge and silk dresses. Raymond Manufacturing Co., 13 and 15 West 24th St.

HARRY FRANK, 153 West 27th St., exclusive jobber cloaks and suits, looking at samples, whole week.

Manufacturer open to purchase for cash 54-inch French serge at a price. Address A 254 Times Downtown.

CHILDREN'S SERGE AND CORDUROY dresses to close out big value. 20 West 20th St., 6th floor.

WANTED, CONTRACTORS on serge dresses, with samples. Room 804, 35 West 21st St.

JOBBER LOOKING AT snappy Spring coats and suits. 11 West 25th St., third floor.

Help and Situations Wanted.

SALESMAN traveling Middle West would like to make change for coming year with a popular-priced cloak house; can show good results. T 93 Times.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday..4@4½ per ct. for the best names.
Thursday...4@4½ " " " " "
The quotation is for six months' paper.

⁂

New Commercial Agent.

Stanley H. Rose of Baltimore has been appointed a commercial agent in the Department of Commerce to assist E. C. Porter, chief of the local branch of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce. Mr. Rose has had a general business training. He formerly acted as export manager and confidential secretary for the customs brokerage firm of M. J. Corbett & Co. of this city and was more recently private secretary to the executive of Henry Sonneborn & Co. of Baltimore. Mr. Rose has traveled extensively in Europe and in the British colonial possessions.

⁂

Should Not Lower Quality.

The practice of foisting goods of inferior quality on the foreign Governments in this market for army supplies does not meet with approbation. In the piece goods market the agents have been repeatedly informed, though not in so many words, that they did not really need such fine goods for the soldiers of their country. A sample would be taken and then imitated in everything but real quality. A much lower price even than the Government could have the fabric made up for at home would be named. In many instances these tactics have been successful in obtaining an order. The tendency, now that the foreign inspectors are here, is toward paying more for the cloths to be used and demanding that better standards of making be observed.

⁂

High-Priced Neckwear in Demand.

The tendency in the neckwear trade seems to be toward higher-priced merchandise for the Spring. This is true even in wash goods, such as crêpes. There is some evidence of crochets returning to favor, principally in the better grades. Manufacturers base their statement that stocks in the retailers' hands are low on the fact that numerous orders were received yesterday for goods which will be offered at sale prices. If the retailers had any surplus of holiday goods these purchases would not be necessary. Reports from men on the road who are showing Spring lines are encouraging to date, although it is a little early to estimate what business will result. The outlook, however, is generally regarded as bright.

⁂

Sheetings Firming Up, Too.

The upward tendency of cotton and the stronger tone to printcloth prices have resulted in a firmer attitude on the part of sellers of sheetings in the gray. Yesterday one of the prominent commission houses refused a bid of 8 cents for 150,000 yards of 36-inch, 5.50-yard goods, asserting that 3⅛ cents was the lowest figure at which the merchandise could now be had. Thirty-six-inch 56-60, four-yard sheetings are also firmer than they have been. It was said yesterday that they cannot now be had within an eighth of a cent of the low price touched in this market about ten days ago. From all accounts, the firmer price tendency on these two constructions is reflected by other goods of this kind.

⁂

Expect Prosperous New Year.

A prosperous new year is looked for by optimistic merchants in the local dry goods district. While several of them seem a bit unwilling to expect much of their figures for the year now ending, they seem determined, in the belief that better things are coming, to "grin and bear it," and go at it hard after the turn of the year. Merchants who have seen many years of service in the district commented yesterday on the improved outlook, and it was argued by one who is especially well posted that if the price of cotton continues to advance for the next week or two the depression in the cotton goods trade will become a thing of the past. Buyers of gray goods will then be forced to act in self-defense, in this merchant's opinion, and the predicted active trading in gray goods is expected to be reflected in other parts of the trade.

⁂

Dyestuffs Are Still Needed.

According to a man in the dry goods trade who returned yesterday from a short trip to Lowell, Mass., the shortage of dyestuffs is so acute in that city that no less than five agents for prominent mills have gone to Germany personally in order to see what can be done in the way of getting shipments of this merchandise to the United States. While only one of the agents is now in Germany, the local man could not tell how the four who had returned made out, being unable to see them while in Lowell. He asserts, however, that things must be in pretty bad shape when men of the calibre he mentioned would themselves suffer the trouble and inconvenience of a trip to Germany in an endeavor to get dyestuffs out. Several of the Southern mills making colored goods are also suffering, the lack of indigo being especially pronounced. For this reason many of the mills making denims and other goods requiring the use of this coloring are not anxious to book much business ahead.

⁂

Gray Goods Business Small.

The gray goods market was slow to recover from the effects of the holiday yesterday, and the business done was far from heavy. This, however, was not surprising at this time of the year, which is considered a bad time for either sellers or buyers to tie themselves up with contracts. There was some small business done in a quiet way for nearby shipment, but none of the sales was large enough to be worthy of comment. A substantial bid of 3 11-16 cents for 38½-inch 64-60s for February and March shipment was turned down, 3¾ cents being asked for the goods. Bids of 4⅜ cents for several thousand pieces of 39-inch 68-72s were also refused for delivery during the Spring months, the mills asking 4½ cents. The day's prices follow:

	Spot.	Spring.	Future.
39-inch, 80-80s	5⅝c.	5⅝c.	5⅝c.
39-inch, 72-76s	5c.	5⅛c.	5⅛c.
39-inch, 68-72s	4⅜c.	4½c.	4½c.
38½-inch, 64-64s	3 15-16c.	3⅞c.	3 15-16c.
38½-inch, 64-60s	3⅝c.	3¾c.	3⅞c.
38½-inch, 64-56s	3 7-16c.	3 9-16c.	3⅝c.
38½-inch, 60-52s	3¼c.	3¼c.	3⅜c.
38½-inch, 60-48s	3⅛c.	3⅛c.	3¼c.
27-inch, 64-60s	2⅝c.	2 11-16c.	2¾c.
27-inch, 56-52s	2c.	2 1-16c.	2⅛c.

⁂

Wrappers or Fillers?

Judge Brown of the Board of General Appraisers and Charles D. Lawrence of Assistant Attorney General Hanson's office, have returned after hearing importers' protest appeals in the West and Pacific Coast points. Among the cities visited were Buffalo, Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Portland, Seattle, San Francisco, and Los Angeles. Decisions in most of the cases will be announced later from the board's offices in this city. At Los Angeles Judge Brown conducted a series of hearings in the case of Ben S. Jarrett, a well-known cigar manufacturer of that city. The customs officials at Los Angeles claim that the manufacturer has been entering wrapper tobacco as filler. At the hearing, Mr. Jarrett testified that his annual output is 2,500,000 cigars. He claimed that most of the tobacco in controversy is filler, dutiable at only 35 cents a pound, whereas the customs men asserted that a substantial part of it was wrapper taxable at $1.85 per pound.

BUSINESS NOTES.

A meeting of the Directors of the Dry Goods Union, 55 White Street, will be held today at the Hotel Astor. It will convene at 10 o'clock, and will be followed by a luncheon.

What was probably the first shipment of trunks from this country bearing a "Made in U. S. A." label was made recently by the Rauchbach-Goldsmith Company of Newark. The trunks in question were consigned to Manila.

The sale of men's, boys', and youths' clothing conducted yesterday by Van Praag & Co., at 15 Greene Street, was fairly well attended, mostly by local buyers. The stock of merchandise, inventoried at $5,000, brought about 60 cents on the dollar.

The fact that this is the after-season period made bidding rather listless at two assignee sales held yesterday by D. Greenwald & Co. The goods disposed of consisted of women's coat linings and piece goods, and sweaters and bathing suits. The demand for these goods has been dull for some time.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

ALBANY—W. M. Whitney & Co.; A. J. Palmer, carpets; H. L. Bartlett, silks; P. J. McManus, cloaks, suits; Miss M. Dwyer, waists; 41 Union Square.
ALLENTOWN, Penn.—C. Kline; F. Kline, dry goods; Continental.
ALTOONA, Penn.—William F. Gable Co.; J. M. Fay, linens; A. C. Carmany, dry goods; I. Trudean, dress goods; 2 Walker.
ALTOONA—Boston Store; S. Nathan, ready-to-wear; 15 E. 26th.
AMSTERDAM, N. Y.—Holzheimer & Shaul; P. D. Shaul, millinery, muslin underwear; 6th floor, 60 W. 33d.
BALTIMORE—F. Bergner & Co.; John W. Waltz, fancy goods; F. Bergner, satins, sateens; 714 Broadway.
BALTIMORE—Southern Overall Co.; J. B. Colvin, piece goods; Breslin.
BALTIMORE—H. Sonneborn & Co.; S. B. Sonneborn, clothing; 2 E. 23d.
BALTIMORE—Joel, Gutman & Co.; Miss E. Rice, jewelry, leather goods; Miss M. Landauer, hosiery, underwear; 200 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—Liberty Mfg. Co.; E. A. Davis, woolens; Latham.
BALTIMORE—I. Levin, furnishing goods; Broadway Central.
BALTIMORE—Goldenberg Brothers; J. Wolf, cloaks, suits; 33 West 34th.
BALTIMORE—Joel Gutman & Co.; L. K. Gutman, dress goods, silks; 200 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; Miss F. Allen, notions, jewelry, leather goods; 214 Church.
BALTIMORE—A. A. Brager; A. Rosenbaum, millinery; 116 West 32d.
BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; Miss A. Brauer, millinery; 214 Church.
BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; J. F. Rummell, men's, boys' clothing, furnishing goods; 214 Church.
BALTIMORE—L. Cohen, woolens; Broadway Central.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; H. S. Messersmith, piece goods; 354 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—Bernheimer Bros.; J. E. Berk, waists, muslin underwear, corsets; 470 4th Av.
BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Pisitz Carpet Co.; A. Weinstein, carpets; I. Pisitz, carpets; York.
BOSTON—W. & A. Bacon; Miss A. Golding, waists, muslin underwear, house dresses, sweaters; 31 Union Square.
BOSTON—A. S. Boardman, furnishing goods; Hoffman House.
BOSTON—M. Goldberg & Co.; M. Goldberg, waists; Broadway Central.
BOSTON—Superior Millinery Co.; P. M. Ginsberg, millinery; Breslin.
BOSTON—A. Ziegler & Sons Co.; C. Vonderpyl, trimmings, upholstery goods; Murray Hill.
BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; W. Jardine, director; 55 White.
BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; Mrs. W. H. Francis, infants' wear; 55 White.
BOSTON—Conrad & Co.; Miss S. Adelson, ready-to-wear; 15 East 26th.
BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; Mr. Biederman, ladies' suits; Mr. Lyford, furs; Mr. Sheffield, misses', children's coats; Miss Lyons, handkerchiefs; Mr. King, machine-made dresses; Miss Horan, petticoats; Miss Jansen, perfumery, toilet articles; Miss Reddington, misses' waists, sweaters; Miss Griffin, ladies' waists and sweaters. Basement: Mr. Bradley, men's, boys' furnishings, women's, children's knit underwear, hosiery, gloves; Mrs. Kasanof, ladies' neckwear; Mr. Koenigstahl, men's, boys' clothing; Mr. Schroeder, muslin underwear, kimonos, dressing sacques; Mr. Ring, furs, dresses; Mr. Hahn, jewelry, leather goods; 116 W. 32d.
BRIDGEPORT—Smith, Murray Co.; John Brady, men's, women's hosiery, underwear; 55 White.
BROCKTON, Mass.—Scudder-Kee Co.; J. P. Scudder, gloves, notions; C. H. Scudder, cloaks; Broztell.
BROCKTON—Fraser D. G. Co.; T. Davock, dress goods, suits; T. Townsend, wash goods; Latham.
BUFFALO—Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co.; W. T. Henderson, laces, embroideries, hdkfs.; Mr. Gibson, dry goods; 2 Walker.
BUFFALO—William Hengerer Co.; E. L. Hengerer, dry goods; 214 Church.
BUFFALO—H. A. Meldrum Co.; J. J. Cronin, silks, velvets; E. Shanks, notions, fancy goods, leather, toilet goods; F. Hochreiter, clothing; 116 W. 32d.
CEDAR RAPIDS, Iowa—Killian Co.; A. L. Killian, cloaks, suits, waists, millinery; 41 Union Square.
CHICAGO—Boston Store; W. J. McEdwards, silks; 44 E. 23d.
CHICAGO—Associated Clothing Stores; W. T. McDowell, clothing; Breslin.
CHICAGO—A. Goodman, clothing; Longacre.
CHICAGO—Mayer Bros.; J. J. Mayer, boys' clothing; 79 5th Av.
CHICAGO—D. M. Pfaelzer & Co.; D. Pfaelzer, piece goods; Ansonia.
CHICAGO—Bloch Bros.; H. Bloch, clothing, furn. goods; Algonquin.
CHICAGO—Importers and Manufacturers' Co.; L. Hilpp, untrimmed hats; 621 B'way.
CHICAGO—J. P. O'Brien, furn. goods; Park Av.
CHICAGO—Theodore Baer; L. Afremow, ladies', children's, infants' Spring coats; 1,133 Broadway, room 1,123.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; W. A. Lee, men's neckwear; 104 Worth.
CHICAGO—Importers and Manufacturers' Co.; C. Goldman, Spring coats, suits, dresses, skirts; 43 West 27th.
CHICAGO—"Hillman's"; F. J. Kicker, furn. goods, gloves, hosiery, underwear; 116 W. 32d.
CLEVELAND, Ohio—Higbee Co.; G. J. Baum, dress goods, silks; C. N. Rexford, laces, ribbons, trimmings; 214 Church.
CLEVELAND—Scott, Griggs, Co.; P. J. Dolt, notions, laces; Miss K. Murray, gloves; Miss Tenhopen, laces; 4 W. 22d.
CINCINNATI—Queen Manufacturing Co.; Mr. Ungar, skirts and dresses; 1,133 B'way, Room 1,126.
CINCINNATI, Ohio—Queen Manufacturing Co.; Ennis Unger, ladies' apparel; 1,133 Broadway.
CINCINNATI—Original Sample Cloak & Suit Co.; E. W. Wise, ready to wear; 43 W. 27th.
CLEVELAND—Lindner Co.; L. P. Dutch, cloaks, suits; Latham.
CLEVELAND—May Co.; E. J. Hirsch, trunks, bags; 37 W. 26th.
CLEVELAND—May Co.; H. M. Marose, silks, dress goods; 37 W. 26th.
CLEVELAND—Higbee Co.; Miss C. B. Murray, wash goods; 214 Church.
COLUMBIA, S. C.—James L. Tapp Co.; James L. Tapp, notions, furn. goods; Navarre.
DALLAS—Brin Bros.; S. T. Brin, laces, embroideries; Wallick's.
DAYTON—Elder & Johnston Co.; D. V. Davis, domestics, linens; 2 Walker.
DETROIT—I. Ettlinger, ready-to-wear; Breslin.
DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; Hampton Rich, furn goods; 50 Union Square.
DETROIT—Elliontt-Taylor-Woolfenden Co.; T. H. Whan, domestics; 220 5th Av.; Wallick's.
ELMIRA—Sheehan, Dean & Co.; T. B. Mathews, notions, buttons, trimmings, ribbons; 320 Church.
FALL RIVER—R. A. McWhirr Co.; J. Menard, black dress goods, silks; 75 Spring; Latham.
FINLAY, Ohio—C. D. Levy, ready-to-wear; 15 E. 26th.
FORT WAYNE, Ind.—Wolf & Dessauer; H. H. Grottendink, cloaks, suits; 315 4th Av.
GRAND RAPIDS—C. Trankla & Co.; C. Trankla, director; 55 White.
HARRISBURG—United Manufacturers' Co.; M. Brommer, jobs cloth, plush coats, suits, skirts; 30 W. 32d, 3d floor.
HARTFORD—C. S. Hills & Co.; H. F. Savage, domestics; Murray Hill.
HAVERHILL—Higgins-Fraze Co.; L. J. Rioux, dress goods, silks; Latham.
HERKIMER, N. Y.—H. G. Munger & Co.; H. G. Munger, general mdse.; 320 Church.
JACKSON, Mich.—R. G. Valentine & Co.; R. G. Valentine, muslin underwear; Sherman Square.
JACKSONVILLE—Cohen Bros.; Miss M. L. Cabannis, cloaks, suits, waists; 225 5th Av.
JOHNSTOWN, Penn.—G. K. Kline, ready-to-wear; 6th floor, 60 W. 33d.
KANSAS CITY—G. Bernheimer Brothers & Co.; L. J. Schiff, ladies' Spring coats, suits; 7 West 22d.
KEOKUK, Iowa—M. Lovitz & Son; Mr. Lovitz, fur trimmed, plush coats; 1,265 B'wy.
KNOXVILLE—M. M. Newcomber Co.; M. M. Newcomber, dry goods; 45 W. 34th; Wallick's.
KNOXVILLE—Anderson-Dulin-Varnell Co.; F. G. Ramsey, ready to wear; 39 W. 32d.
LANCASTER—Watt & Shand; P. Watt, linens; 55 White.
LANCASTER, Penn.—Donovan Co.; H. Cohen, Miss Hirsch, ready to wear; 470 4th Av.
LINCOLN—Famous Merc. Co.; P. Byron, millinery, furn. goods; 212 5th Av.; Wallick's.
LOWELL—Bon Marche D. G. Co.; F. A. Dubois, dress goods, silks; Latham.
LYNCHBURG, Va.—Charles M. Guggenheimer; E. H. Crutchfield, dress goods, silks; 353 4th Av.; Wallick's.
NASHVILLE—Eskind & Greenspan; J. Eskind, notions, ladies' furn. goods; E. Eskind, furn. goods; Breslin.
NEW HAVEN—Mendel & Freedman; I. Freedman, cloaks, suits, corsets, waists; 815 4th Av.
NEW HAVEN—E. Malley Co.; A. T. Hotchkiss, furniture; 320 Church.
NEWPORT—King-McLeod Co.; D. W. Smith, dress goods, silks; 116 W. 32d.
NORFOLK—Norfolk Pants Co.; M. Stern, pants; York.
NORRISTOWN, Penn.—H. C. Warner, dry goods; York.
NORWICH—Reid & Hughes Co.; J. W. Bussey, wash goods; 75 Spring; Continental.
NORWICH—Porteous & Mitchell Co.; A. Mitchell, J. Porteous, directors; 55 White.
OGDENSBURG—R. W. Dobosky, dry goods; Park Av.
PAWTUCKET—David Harley Co.; L. M. Rousseau, dress goods, silks; Latham.
PAWTUCKET—Shortenberg & Robinson Co.; C. H. Clark, cloaks, suits, waists; 75 Spring.
PHILADELPHIA—Berg Bros.; Miss Parness, cheap coats; D. Berg, ready-to-wear; 71 West 23d.
PHILADELPHIA—R. Levy & Son; D. W. Abrams, carpets; Grand.
PHILADELPHIA—S. Cohn, cloaks, suits; Strand.
PHILADELPHIA—Style Wear Cloak and Suit Co.; S. Large, cloaks, suits; Hoffman House.
PHILADELPHIA—Bronner Mfg. Co.; L. J. Bronner, waists, dresses; 30 W. 32d.
PHILADELPHIA—Blauner's; H. Blauner, jobs coats, suits, dresses; 15 East 26th.
PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Brothers; B. F. Montague, gloves; Broadway and 32d.
PHILADELPHIA—M. Silverman & Son; S. B. Koeffler, laces; W. Silverman, cotton, woolen goods; 7 West 22d.
PHILADELPHIA—Berg Bros.; Miss M. Jacobs, ready to wear; Miss F. Burt, infants' wear; 71 W. 23d.
PHILADELPHIA—Berg & Berg; Miss Dorfman, ready-to-wear; Miss H. Gaventer, waists, skirts, petticoats; 200 5th Av.
PHILADELPHIA—R. Levy & Son; D. W. Abrams, carpets; Grand.
PHILADELPHIA—The Blum Store; R. Blum, ready to wear; Union Square.
PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Bros.; Miss L. Avery, ribbons; Miss B. E. Ramsey, infants' wear; E. Bohn, leather goods; J. Scammell, books; Miss A. Guggenheim, umbrellas; C. M. Whiteley, linings; E. Goldman, merchandise manager; Mrs. L. B. Walter, jewelry, silverware, clocks; G. R. Dunn, art needlework, artists' materials; B'way and 32d St.
PITTSBURGH—M. H. Bash & Sons; H. Bash, jobs coats, suits, furs; 200 5th Av.
PITTSBURGH—Boggs & Buhl; L. N. Shuman, dress, wash goods; W. Gold, domestics; 37 W. 26th.
PITTSBURGH—A. L. Klopfer Co.; H. Davis, clothing, furn. goods; Albert.
PITTSBURGH—J. E. Normecutt & Co.; E. D. Smith, furn. goods; St. Denis.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann & Baer Co.; N. Kaufmann, muslin underwear, petticoats, negligees; 95 Madison Av.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann Dept. Store; L. Powers, furn. goods; Miss Frevert, furs; Miss Goodman, jobs coats, skirts; Miss M. Gibian, waists; A. B. Kuehn, coats, suits, furs; 200 5th Av.
PITTSFIELD, Mass.—R. Nolan, ready to wear; 40 E. 22d.
PITTSFIELD—England Bros.; B. England, dry goods; 320 Church.
QUINCY, Ill.—Crooks & Cox, Millinery Co.; R. E. Crooks, silks, laces, millinery, Herald Square.
RICHMOND—Miller & Rhoads; Wm. Diddenhover, ladies', misses', children's ready to wear; 53 White.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Garson, Meyer & Co.; J. Frank, clothing; 200 5th Av.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Duffy-Powers Co.; J. Fitzgerald, carpets; 19 East 22d.
ROCHESTER—Stein-Bloch Co.; H. T. Stott, trimmings; 200 5th Av.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.—Duffy-Powers Co.; J. S. Banford, domestics, dress goods, silks; 15 E. 22d; Sherman Square.
SALEM, Mass.—W. G. Webber Co.; W. B. Mansfield, general mdrs.; 75 Spring.
SELMA, Ala.—Tepper Bros.; M. Hagerdorn, general mdse.; Albert.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Forbes & Wallace; A. Alexander, domestics; D. P. Birkett, prints, ginghams; 2 Walker.
SPRINGFIELD, Ohio—E. Wren Co.; Mr. McGinnis, upholstery goods; 320 Church.
SPRINGFIELD, Ohio—Edward Wren Co.; E. F. Meyers, clothing; 60 W. 33d.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Smith & Murray; P. Murray, director; 55 White.
SPRINGFIELD, Ohio—E. Wren Co.; J. Burns, hosiery, furn. goods; 320 Church.
ST. LOUIS—Freiich Suit and Skirt Co.; S. Freiich, woolens; 1,133 B'way, Room 1,126.
ST. LOUIS—Sonnenfeld's; A. Dieckhaus, jobs high-class evening gowns; 7 West 22d.
ST. LOUIS—Pollak, Struck & Co.; E. Pollak, jewelry; Flanders.
ST. LOUIS—A. Manheimer Co.; A. Manheimer, leather; 621 Broadway; York.
ST. LOUIS—Blumberg-Klyman Importing Co.; M. Blumberg, laces; York.
ST. LOUIS—J. Silverman, misses', junior coats, suits; 109 W. 28th.
ST. PAUL—Mannheimer Brothers; H. L. Goodkind, merchandise manager; 60 West 33d.
ST. PAUL, Minn.—J. C. Greenberg; ladies', misses' Spring coats; 32 W. 18th.
ST. PAUL, Minn.—Novelty Cloak and Suit Co.; I. Cohen, jobs, plush coats; 1,161 Bwy., R. 509.
TERRE HAUTE—A. Herz; J. M. Keller, waists, house dresses; 116 W. 32d.
TERRE HAUTE, Ind.—S. Strauss Co.; G. Seidman, jobs, cloth dresses, skirts; 1,161 Bwy., R. 509.
TOLEDO—W. L. Milner & Co.; F. A. Gerdes, domestics, flannels, blankets, linens; 20 West 22d.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—M. Goldenberg; H. Grunebaum, dress goods, silks; 15 West 26th.
WASHINGTON—S. Kann, Sons & Co.; J. H. Boyce, domestics, wash goods; D. Ross, dress goods, linings; J. D. Furlong, silks, velvets; 215 4th Av.
WILKES-BARRE—Duncan-Homer Co.; J. R. Homer, cloaks, suits, waists; M. Wasserman, domestics; 212 5th Av.
WILLIMANTIC, Conn.—H. C. Murray Co.; H. C. Murray; ready-to-wear, millinery, infants' wear; Murray Hill.
WORCESTER—C. T. Sherer Co.; A. J. Vian, dress goods, hosiery, boys' clothing; Hermitage.
WORCESTER, Mass.; Green & Green Co.; H. S. Green, muslin underwear; 200 5th Av.
WORCESTER—Denholm & McKay Co.; C. R. March, ready-to-wear; 2 Walker.
WORCESTER—John C. MacInnes Co.; A. A. Spaulding, cloaks, suits; 55 White.
YOUNGSTOWN—G. M. McKelvey & Co.; H. M. Green, notions, leather goods; 320 Church.
YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio—Strouss-Hirshberg Co.; B. Hirshberg, furs; 815 4th Av.
ZANESVILLE—H. H. Sturtevant Co.; P. D. Wortz, domestics, linens, flannels, blankets; 320 Church.

5-10-25c Goods
EXHIBITION
The Five and Ten Cent Exchange,
10-16 West 20th Street, New York

DIVIDENDS.

GARFIELD NATIONAL BANK,
Fifth Avenue & Twenty-third St.,

New York, Dec. 23, 1914.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, a Quarterly Dividend of THREE PER CENT. upon the Capital Stock of this bank was declared, payable, free of tax, on and after Dec. 31, 1914.

The Transfer Books will be closed until Saturday, Jan. 2, 1915.

A. W. SNOW, Cashier.

BRYANT PARK BANK.

December 12, 1914.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this bank for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before it will be held at the banking house, 122 West 42d Street, on Tuesday, January 12, 1915. Polls will be open from 1 o'clock to 2 o'clock P. M.

E. F. GIESE, Cashier.

BUSINESS LOCATIONS.

LOOK AT

these exceptionally desirable and reasonable properties before signing a lease.

108 E. 16TH LOFT, 33x103.
Between Union Sq. and Irving Place. Exceptionally light. Reasonable rent.

28-30 W. 25TH LOFTS, 50x100
Exceptionally fine loft building, near Broadway; 3 elevators, automatic sprinklers.

37-45 W. 20th BASE. & LOFTS, 100x100.
Exceptional light; excellent service. Modern building of the highest type.

6-8 W. 18TH STORE, BASE. & LOFT, 50x100.
Steam heat. Modern building; very attractive. Also part of loft

130-134 W. 17TH LOFTS 50x100.
Well located for mfg. and salesrooms. Light on 4 sides; elevator, steam.

Send for our complete list.

SPEAR & CO., 840 B'way
(cor. 13th St.) Phone Stuyvesant 627.

BASIS FOR RATE ADVANCE.

Trunk Line Committee Files Schedules with Commerce Commission.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—Scales of rates to be used in making the general increase of 5 per cent. in class rates recently granted to the Eastern railroads by the Interstate Commerce Commission have been submitted to the commission by C. C. McCain, Chairman of the Trunk Line Association Committee.

To points intermediate between New York and Chicago taking 71 per cent. and higher of the New York-Chicago class rates the new tariffs will become effective Jan. 15, and to points taking a lower percentage of the rates they will become effective Feb. 1. The first-class rate between New York and Chicago will be 78.8 cents a hundred pounds and the other five classes will be graded proportionately lower.

From New York to points taking 60 per cent. of the rates the charges on the various classes per hundred pounds will be as follows: First class, 47.3 cents; second, 41; third, 31.5; fourth, 22.1; fifth, 18.9, and sixth, 15.8. To the same destinations the rates from Philadelphia will be 6 cents a hundred pounds lower on first-class traffic and about the same amount lower on other classes, and from Baltimore about 2 cents lower than the Philadelphia rates. From Boston the rates will be 5 cents a hundred higher than from New York, while from Albany, N. Y., they will be the same as from Philadelphia. From Syracuse and Rochester, N. Y., they will be 3.5 cents below the Philadelphia and Albany rates.

To Canadian destinations the first-class rate from New York will range from 59.9 cents to 78.8 cents a hundred pounds, and it will be the same from Philadelphia and Baltimore. From Albany to Canadian points the first-class rate will range from 44.1 cents to 63 cents, and from Syracuse and Rochester from 41.9 to 55.2 cents. The tariffs provide that from New York to all Canadian points via People's Line steamers and rail via Rouses Point, N. Y., not less than standard all-rail rates shall apply.

To points taking higher than 78 per cent. of the class rates on traffic moving by way of Long Island Sound, New London, Conn., or Boston, Mass., or Portland, Me., a differential 8 cents a hundred pounds lower than the standard all-rail rate is established, with proportionately lower differentials on other classes.

Millinery Firm in Bankruptcy.

An involuntary petition in bankruptcy was filed in Brooklyn yesterday against Solomon Milkman, a milliner after he had made an assignment for creditors. The assests were estimated at $25,000, while the liabilities were not mentioned. Mr. Milkman has millinery houses at 442 and 444 Fulton Street, and 1,141 Broadway, Brooklyn; and 32 West Fourteenth Street, Manhattan. The petitioning creditors were Max I. Aronson, the Sanes Hat Company and Libby & Ryker, all of Manhattan, with total claims of $6,221.63.

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OFFERS UNUSUAL VALUE
WE RETAIL AT WHOLESALE PRICES

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WEEKLY CALENDAR PAD FOR 1915 **5c**

Contains 52 sheets (one for each week.) Just the thing for your daily notes. The week's jottings visibly reviewed. The price for the above pad at other stationers is from 10c. to 15c.

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Experienced, aggressive and capable merchant will consider a proposition to invest any part of $50,000 with active services in a **successful** business. Splendid opportunity to obtain services of exceptional caliber to expand a going business and to place same on solid financial footing. All communications will be considered **strictly confidential.**

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At Exceptionally Moderate Prices

Printing of the highest quality executed at short notice. Inexpensive yet effective Booklets and circulars prepared. Valuable suggestions for developing business given free when requested. Attractive but dignified Letterheads, etc., prepared. Rush orders a specialty. *Send for Representative.* Prices Always Moderate.

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TRADE-MARK MERCHANDISE

ARTICLE.	TRADE MARK.	SOLD BY
A Wide Variety of Fabrics for Manufacturers and Jobbers.	Hydegrade WEAVES	A. G. Hyde & Sons NEW YORK & CHICAGO
ENGLISH PURE WOOL UNDERWEAR	Guaranteed Unshrinkable. Cartwright & Warners Best in the World.	A. Kuehnert & Co. Wholesale Distributors. 315 4 Av., N.Y.C.
House Dresses, Kimonos, Bath Robes	H. B. BRAND LABEL REGISTERED	Hamburger Bros., 134-36-38-40 W. 26 St. New York City.
GOWNS DRESSES	The Magnet Brand	M. I. Nathan, Inc. MAKERS 105 Madison Ave., N. Y.
Lingerie	Amifrench	French Lingerie Co. 320 Fifth Ave. at 32d St.
BRUSHES	See the "V" that "Zel" locks the bristles.	Holton & Adams DISTRIBUTORS, 29-31 East 22d St. NEW YORK.

Don't miss my line
300 Models-Dress Values
$7.50 to $35.00
PHIL GILL
DRESS VALUE CREATOR
39 W 32nd St. In the Heart of the Trade.

Crochet, Beading, Tinsel, Silk and Cotton Work of All Kinds.
HAND EMBROIDERIES
AMERICAN ART EMBROIDERY CO.,
M. MARKEL. 25 E. 20th St., New York.
EMBROIDERY ON DRESSES, CLOAKS, and WAISTS for the Trade.

AUCTION SALES

MERCHANDISE.

Peremptory Auction Sale of the Highest Grade Stock of Manufactured

FURS
SKINS & TRIMMINGS

ALSO FINE STOCK OF
AUTOMOBILE COATS & CAPS
Being the Entire Stock Formerly of
Edward Martin, 8 & 10 W. 38th St., N.Y.C.,
Known as the Tiffany of the Fur Trade.
INVENTORIED AT OVER $40,000
Consisting of Russian Sable, Persian Lamb, Imported Hudson Seal, Caracul, Marmot, Pony, Mole, and Squirrel

COATS

Ranging in price as high as $8,000 a garment. Also a stock of Russian Sable, Hudson Bay, Mink, Skunk, Fitch, Lynx, Black, Blue, White, Pointed, Sitka, Taupe, Kid, Red and Gray Fox; Broadtail, Raccoon, Civet Cat, Beaver, Chinchilla, Caracul Australian Opossum and Ermine

SCARFS, MUFFS & SETS
Ranging in price as high as $600 a set.
Also Very Large Assortment of
SKINS, PLATES & STRIPS
Consisting of Silver Fox, Mink, Squirrel, Raccoon, Skunk, Hudson Bay and Russian Sable, Sitka, Canary, Black, White, and Taupe Foxes, Natural Fisher, Bell Marten, Nutria, Broad Tail, Persian Lamb, Civet Cat, Chinchilla, Leopard, Hamster & Natural Red

SKINS

Also a Stock of CLOTHS
For Manufacturing Shells, Tails and Hats.
All Kinds of FUR SUPPLIES,
SILK LININGS, TRIMMINGS, Etc.
This Entire Offering Will Be Sold
Tomorrow, Wednesday, Dec. 30th,
Commencing at 10:30 A. M., at Salesrooms,
8 Greene St., Near Canal St., N. Y. C.,
By D. HARTMANN, Auct'r.
For Further Information Telephone 4299 Spring.

David W. Biow Co.,
520-522 Broadway.
(Tel. 6680-6681 Spring.) Near Spring St.
Today, Tuesday, Dec. 29, 10:30 A. M.,
Special Peremptory Auction Sale
WITHOUT LIMIT OR RESERVE
RETAIL STOCK
Men's FURNISHINGS,
Consisting of Overalls, Jumpers, Gloves, Caps, Shirts, Handkerchiefs, Suspenders, Hosiery, Underwear, Neckwear.
Also Over 1,000 Trade Lots
DRY GOODS,
Ladies', Misses' and Children's
Wearing Apparel,
Laces, Embroideries, Dress Goods, Woolens,
SWEATERS,
FUR SETS,
FUR AND FUR-LINED COATS.
Will Also Sell at About 12 o'Clock
200 CASES MEN'S AND LADIES'
RUBBERS.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN
Charles Shongood, Auctioneer,
Sells Thursday, Dec. 31st, 1914,
AT 10:30 A. M.,
At 539 Broadway, N. Y. C.,
TWO CASES VELVETS,
93 pieces, quality "O 94," 17½-inch Black Silk Velvet, erect pile; also 248 pieces Black Velvet, erect pile, quality "O 93," as Etruria, for account of I. Phillips, to the highest bidder without reserve.
DEALERS INVITED.

Valuation $12,500. Gilt-edge Stock Clean as a Whistle, High-grade, Up-to-the-Minute
Ladies' TOGGERY
and Gents' HABERDASHERY
Will Be Sold Thursday, Dec. 31st,
By J. M. ROSENTHAL, Auctioneer.
Further particulars day of sale.
Telephone Orchard 8023.

MERCHANDISE.

$100,000 worth men's and boys' clothing; lots to suit purchaser, below cost of production. A. Schaap & Son, Auct'rs, 394 Broadway.

MISCELLANEOUS.

JEWELERS, ATTENTION!
Large, High-Grade, Standard Stock of Rundback Bros. (Going Out of Business.)
DIAMONDS,
Gold Jewelry and Watches,
Most Elaborate Fixtures—Jeweler's Safe.
VAN PRAAG & CO., Auctioneers, Will Sell
Today, Tuesday, Dec. 29th,
At 10:30 A. M., on Premises,
204 West 125th Street, Near Seventh Ave.,
New York City,
Diamonds, Diamond Rings, Bar Pins, Lavallieres, Bracelets, Scarf Pins, Links, in the finest quality. Gold, Gold-filled and Silver Watches with Waltham and Elgin movements. Gold Jewelry of every description, mostly 14kt. 1-10 Gold-filled Jewelry, Sterling Silverware, Clocks, etc.
BEAUTIFUL FIXTURES
The most elaborate fitted up Jewelry Store in New York City; 5 Jeweler's Plate Glass Silent Salesmen Cases, 4 Crystal Ceiling Chandeliers, large Jeweler's Safe, most elaborate Plate Glass Wall Cases, Jeweler's Watch Display and Window Fixtures, National Cash Register costing $300.00, Work Bench, large Plate Glass Mirrors, etc. Auctioneer's Office, 15-17 Greene St., N. Y. C. Tel. 1056 Spring.

IMMENSE ESTABLISHMENT
Wholesale Embroidery House
FIXTURES
Electric Display Tables, Wall Cases
VAN PRAAG & CO., Auctioneers, Will Sell
Tomorrow, Wednesday, Dec. 30th, 1914,
at 10:30 A. M., on premises,
122-124 FIFTH AVE, N. Y. C., near 18th St.,
consisting of
100 ft. Portable Oak Wall Cases
with glass sliding doors,
150 oak stock tables, equipped with electric lights; 500 ft. portable shelving with rolling ladders, 300 ft. oak office partition, 10 sample trunks, 300 stock boxes, bookkeepers and roll top desks, display tables with glass tops and show cases combined, 100 telescope sample cases.
MULTIPLEX DISPLAY RACK
for displaying curtains and fancy linens,
Chairs, Stock Tables, Chandeliers, Electric Fixtures,
brass and iron railings, etc.
Auctioneer's Office, 15-17 Greene St. N.Y.C.
Tel. 1056 Spring.

HARRY M. MOSES, Auctioneer
Office 189 Broadway.
RECEIVER'S SALE
TODAY, TUESDAY
December 29th, 1914, at 10:30 A. M.,
Office Furniture
MERCHANTS BOX & PAPER CO.,
47 West 34th St., Manhattan, New York City.
Room 1015 Marbridge Building.
Sanitary Oak Roll Top, Flat Top and Typewriter Desks, Filing Cabinets, Index Boxes, Typewriter Chairs, Tables, Wall Cases, &c., &c. Also the good will and name of the business. Terms cash.
JAMES A. FARRELL, Receiver.
JOHN H. JACKSON, Attorney for Receiver, 55 Liberty St., Manhattan, New York City.

Entire Elaborate SHOWROOM **FIXTURES**
of one of the most prominent importers of this city, consisting of 10 Wall Cases, (made of solid oak, sliding doors and French bevel mirrors, cost about $250 each.) Also 5 Sets of Tables, Chairs, and Settees to match; 2 Roll Top Desks, 1 Large Green Carpet, Electric Fans; Screens, etc.,
Will Be Sold Today, Tuesday, Dec. 29,
On Premises, 112 Madison Ave.,
Cor. 30th St., N. Y. C., Strictly Without Reserve.
By D. Hartmann, Auctioneer
NOTICE.—This is an exceptional opportunity for any retailer or department store or manufacturer, and it will be to their advantage to attend this sale. For further information Telephone Spring 4299.

NEW MERCHANDISE.

The Business Page of The New York Times is consulted for latest news in fashions and manufactures. Best means of reaching host of buyers.—Advt.

DECREE SIGNED IN CLAFLIN CASE

Terms Under Which the Property of the Various Corporations Is to be Sold.

JANUARY 14 DAY OF SALE

Separate Sale Is to be Had in the Future of Certain Real Estate and Leaseholds.

Jan. 14 was the day set for the sale of the assets of the H. B. Claflin Company in a decree signed yesterday by Judge Learned Hand in the United States District Court. The sale will be under the direction of ex-Judge George C. Holt, as Special Master, and will be held in Room 235 of the Federal Court House at noon. Prospective bidders will have to deposit a certified check for $100,000, made out to the receivers, and, under the decree, bids may be made for all or any part of the assets. It is expected that the H. B. Claflin Corporation will bid for the wholesale end of the business and that the Mercantile Stores Corporation will bid for the retail end.

The assets outlined in the decree, which was consented to by about 98 per cent. of the creditors, include all the right, title and interest of the defendant, the H. B. Claflin Company, as well as those of the primary and ancillary receivers, in and to all cash, merchandise, stocks, securities, bills and accounts receivable, rights, claims, demands, chooses in action, good will, trade marks, trade names and other personal property, both tangible and intangible, as of the time of such sale. This will include, if permitted by the courts, personal property in jurisdiction in which ancillary receivers have been appointed or the net proceeds of any sale of such property that has been or may be made, subject to changes occasioned by the conduct of business by the receivers up to the time of transfer of possession to the purchaser under the direction of the court.

The property to be offered for sale under the decree includes the interest of the H. B. Claflin Company and the receivers in all property other than the interest in real estate and in lands and leaseholds in this country and Scotland, formerly possessed by John Claflin and transferred by him to the receivers for the benefit of the creditors or any other purpose, that will be sold separately under a decree to be hereafter entered.

The decree specifies that bids for the property offered for sale may contain any terms and conditions that the bidder may wish to propose in relation to the payment of the purchase price or the amount thereof, as well as the manner, terms, and time of payment. Bids may be made for a stated sum or sums payable in cash, or for a sum to be paid partly in cash and partly on credit. The bids may also provide for the payment of both a stated sum or sums of money and such stated percentage or percentages and may contain any other terms and conditions not inconsistent with the decree. In this the decree is so drawn as to embrace the plan of reorganization presented in the interest of the Mercantile Stores Corporation, under which the creditors are to receive 15 per cent. cash and 85 per cent. in notes and stock of the reorganized company, which notes are to be guaranteed by the Mercantile Stores Corporation.

The decree allows any bidder to make one or more bids in the alternative or otherwise, but the court reserves the right to permit any bidder to amend, modify, or supplement his bid or to make a new bid prior to the acceptance of any bid by the court. The property and the reports of the accountants may be examined by prospective bidders at reasonable hours.

The Special Master is directed by the decree to report all bids to the court with his recommendations in respect to them. A hearing will be given on this report on five days' notice by the receivers to the attorneys of the parties interested. At this hearing the court will accept bids or reject them, as well as make such decrees and orders as may be necessary. The right to resell or order the resale of any property listed in the decree is reserved by the court in case payment on the purchase price is not made within the time set by the court.

No bidder will be allowed to withdraw his bid pending the decree of the court upon the report of the Special Master transmitting the bids, and in case the successful bidder refuses to complete the purchase and carry out the terms of the decrees of the court in connection with it, he will be liable to the receivers for all loss and expense arising from his refusal, and the receivers are empowered to hold the deposit as security for payment of the loss thus occasioned.

In arguing against the signing of the decree in its present form and at this time before Judge Hand yesterday morning, Selden Bacon, as counsel for Saul S. Myers, who is attorney for the Creditors' Audit and Adjustment Association, interposed several objections, practically all of which were overruled by the court. One of these concerned the fact that the property to be sold was not lotted. This point was discounted by the other attorneys on the ground that the sale would be made as of a going concern. Mr. Bacon also asserted that he did not think the decree should be signed before an investigation had been made to see if there have been any preferential payments, but the court declined to defer the entrance of the decree for this reason. James N. Rosenberg and J. D. White, the attorneys representing the General and Noteholders' Committees, respectively, stated that in their opinion the interests of the creditors demanded an immediate entry of the decree, and this was concurred in by the other attorneys interested.

With the presentation of the decree, the General Creditors' Committee filed a blanket proof of claim, to which were attached schedules covering the claims of all the creditors of the H. B. Claflin Company that were represented by that committee. It showed claims amounting to about $5,450,000, of which about $2,000,000 was made up of cash deposit claims and the remainder merchandise claims against the Claflin Company. An extension to and including Jan. 11 was granted by the court for the further receipt of claims against the Claflin Company by the General Creditors' Committee. It was said yesterday that claims held by the United Dry Goods Company against the H. B. Claflin Company, amounting to about $2,600,000, were likely to be filed any day. A series of schedules showing the noteholders' claims against the defendant company was also filed, the total amount thus represented being in the neighborhood of $30,500,000.

Book of Insurance Valuations.

The book of valuations to be issued by the National Convention of Insurance Commissioners for the use of insurance companies in valuing securities in their statements for the year ended Dec. 31, 1914, will be ready for distribution on Jan. 12, 1915. Companies desiring to have their securities valued earlier can obtain the quotations at the New York City office of the State Insurance Department, 165 Broadway, on or after the following dates: Municipal bonds, Jan. 2, 1915; foreign Governments and railroad bonds, Jan. 6, 1915; miscellaneous bonds, Jan. 7, 1915; all other securities, Jan. 8, 1915.

Atlantic Coast Minimum Cut Again.

The minimum price of Atlantic Coast Line was reduced by the Stock Exchange yesterday from 102 to 99. This was the third reduction for this stock since trading was renewed on the board. The minimum of Reading second preferred was lowered from 80 to 78.

Bank of France Dividend.

PARIS, Dec. 28.—The Bank of France declared a dividend today for the second semester of the fiscal year, of 90 francs ($18) net a share.

During the preceding fiscal year dividends amounting to 208 francs 83 centimes were paid.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Appraisers Decide a Protest May Include Many Entries.

The Rice-Stix Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, lost yesterday before the Board of General Appraisers in a protest against the action of the Collector in reliquidating an entry after decision by the board. The board held flax pillow tubing to be dutiable at 35 per cent. ad valorem under the act of 1909, as plain woven fabrics weighing less than 4½ ounces per square yard and containing over 100 threads per inch. The importer claimed that the fabrics contained less than 100 threads per square inch and are dutiable at 30 per cent. under the same paragraph. The Collector, not receiving any notice from the importer of the latter's intention to ask for a re-trial or notification of an appeal to the Customs Court, reliquidated the entries on the basis of the board's finding. The firm then filed a protest with the board against the Collector's action. The customs tribunal holds that an importer under these circumstances has no standing and dismisses the protest.

R. F. Downing & Co. were sustained in protests under the act of 1913 as to various flax fabrics, which were returned at 35 per cent. ad valorem as manufactures of flax. The claim was for a reduction of the tax by 5 per cent. as plain woven fabrics.

J. Sachs & Co. won in a contention regarding the thread count in colored cotton cloth imported under the old tariff. The fabrics were returned by the Appraiser as exceeding 100 and not exceeding 150 threads to the square inch, duty being taken at 35 per cent. ad valorem. The Appraiser reported to the board that an error had been made in the return of the goods which do not exceed 100 threads per square inch. He also reported that the fabrics are mercerized and contain additional threads. The goods are accordingly admitted at 30 per cent. ad valorem and 3 cents per square yard additional.

G. Aree & Co., San Juan, Porto Rico, failed in a protest dealing with the duty rate of merchandise returned as porcelain buttons. They were taxed 40 per cent. ad valorem under the present law, as buttons not specially provided for. The contention was for a rate of 15 per cent. as agate buttons.

G. W. Sheldon & Co., Chicago, were overruled in protests claiming merchandise invoiced as potato flour to be dutiable at 15 per cent. under the present act as an unenumerated manufactured article. The Collector assessed at 1 cent a pound as "starch made from potato," his return being affirmed by the board.

The board reversed the action of the Collector at Chicago in refusing to permit importers to file with him a blanket protest covering more than one entry, and in requiring the importers to file a separate protest for each entry and to deposit a fee of $1 for each protest so filed. In other words, a deposit of $1 for each entry enumerated in the protests. The board rules that the protest may include any number of entries, the fee specified being applicable only to each protest. The protestants in the case were G. W. Sheldon & Co. and the Burley & Tyrrell Co.

BROKERS TO FETE CHILDREN

Produce Exchange Members Will Give Annual Circus Thursday.

The Produce Exchange has completed plans for its annual entertainment of children living below Canal Street, which will be given on the Exchange floor Thursday afternoon. Following the custom for seven years a circus performance will be presented in a giant ring on the board and afterward baskets of candies and fruits will be distributed, together with presents for each of the small guests.

It is expected that 2,000 children will attend, including many from the Crippled Children's School who will be brought to the Produce Exchange in automobiles. Tickets have been distributed by the local Charity Organization, All Saints' Church, St. Andrew's Church, St. Paul's Church, Salvation Army, Volunteers of America, Trinity Church, St. Peter's Roman Catholic Church, John Street Methodist Church, St. Joseph's Church, First and Second Precinct police, Little Mothers' Aid Association, New York Dispensary, Chinatown, and Bowery Settlements.

The Executive Committee of the Exchange in charge of the entertainment consists of Walter Moore, Chairman; E. R. Carhart, William H. Douglas, Welding Ring, John Aspegren, E. G. Broenniman, James F. Parker and Ely Bernays.

Paris Trading Quiet.

PARIS, Dec. 28.—Trading was quiet on the Bourse today. Three per cent rentes, 71 francs 75 centimes for cash; exchange on London, 25 francs 12½ centimes.

TO INVESTIGATE HUDSON CO.

Holders of Preferred Stock Dissatisfied with Present Arrangement.

Holders of preferred stock of the Hudson Companies, an organization formed originally to finance the construction of the Hudson & Manhattan Railroad Company, have formed a protective committee consisting of Charles P. Curtis, Allan Forbes, Arthur B. Silsbee, and Charles W. Taintor of Boston and Charles P. Cooley of Hartford. The committee has issued a circular calling for proxies to vote at the annual meeting in January for the purpose of making changes in the management.

"The manner in which the company's affairs have been dealt with," it says, "seem to evidence the need for a thorough examination of the methods whereby the cash paid in by the preferred stockholders, amounting to nearly $16,000,000, has dwindled to a quoted value of little more than one-twentieth of that amount, and it seems evident that if such examination is to be properly or seriously made, the management of the company's affairs should be taken from the hands of the interests which have hitherto controlled it."

The company owns $25,000,000 of the $40,000,000 common stock of the Hudson & Manhattan Railroad Company, $2,300,000 of its preferred shares, and a block of the tunnel concern's bonds. The Hudson Companies also hold $2,450,000 5 per cent. bonds of the Greeley Square Realty Company.

METROPOLITAN MUTUALIZED

65,000 Policy Holders Voted for It and Only 1,600 Against.

Policy holders of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company yesterday voted to mutualize the concern by a vote of 65,000 to 1,600. As the stockholders had previously sanctioned the step, the only procedure necessary to transfer the management of the company to the policy owners is the consent of the State Insurance Department.

The policy holders will then elect Directors. The new management will come into control of assets aggregating more than $500,000,000 and a surplus which will approach $40,000,000 by the end of the year, according to preliminary estimates. All policies heretofore written on a non-participating basis will become participating policies without any increase of the premium.

WESTINGHOUSE TRANSFER.

Stockholders in Machine Co. May Exchange for Electric Shares.

Stockholders of the Westinghouse Machine Company have been notified that until Jan. 26, 1915, they may exchange their shares for stock of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company on the basis of three of the former for one of the latter. The Machine Company has outstanding $7,500,000 stock.

Initiative in the proposed exchange was taken by Charles A. Terry, Walter D. Uptegraff, and H. Herman Westinghouse, executors of the estate of the late George Westinghouse. They have sent a circular to shareholders stating that they favor the exchange and have entered into a contract with the larger Westinghouse company to turn in their stock with the understanding that other stockholders would have the same privilege.

KRIT MOTOR CAR CO. FAILS.

War Responsible for Bankruptcy of Detroit Concern.

DETROIT, Mich., Dec. 28.—Petitions in bankruptcy were filed today by the Krit Motor Car Company and the Krit Sales Company, both of this city. The liabilities of the motor car company are said to be $881,233, with assets amounting to $622,533. The sales company's liabilities are, according to the petition, $234,305, and the assets $256,814. The latter concern was formed to render financial assistance to the motor company about a year ago.

Lack of business, due to the European war, is given as the cause of the failure.

WHEAT PRICES STILL SOAR.

Portland's Previous Record Broken When Sale Is Made at $1.32.

PORTLAND, Ore., Dec. 28.—Today saw the previous record prices which have prevailed on the Portland Wheat Exchange in the last few weeks, surpassed when 5,000 bushels of bluestem wheat for February delivery sold at $1.32 a bushel, 3 cents above the last previous sales. Bids for other grades of futures were from ½ cent to 1 cent higher than Saturday.

Exportation of wheat and flour to Europe continues on a large scale.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

WHEAT.

The American wheat market felt the competition of increased offerings from Argentina yesterday, and after making new high records for the movement early in the session prices broke rapidly and closed at the low point of the day, with net losses of 1⅛ to 1⅞c. Wheat continues to move out of the country in large volume, and the visible supply of domestic wheat showed a decrease of 1,361,000 bushels for the week, compared with an increase of 1,104,000 last year. In the local cash market No. 2 red Winter wheat was quoted at $1.34; No. 2 hard at $1.34½, all rail, cost, insurance, and freight, track; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.28¾, and No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.30½, cost, insurance, and freight, Buffalo.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	..	..	1.34⅝	..	96¾
July	..	..	1.36⅝	1.37½	97⅝

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	1.40½	1.37⅛	1.37⅛	1.39⅝	..

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	1.28⅜	1.26¼	1.26½	1.27⅝	88⅛
May	1.31½	1.28⅝	1.28⅝	1.30⅝	90⅝
July	1.22	1.19⅝	1.19⅝	1.21¼	87

CORN.

The corn market was under pressure during the greater part of the day, and at the close showed net losses of 1⅝c. The visible supply showed an increase of 2,538,000 bushels, compared with an increase of 3,101,000 bushels last week, and an increase of 3,067,000 bushels last year. In the local cash market No. 2 yellow corn was quoted at 77½c, cost, insurance, and freight, to arrive, and prime Argentine, 73c, nominal, delivered.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	67⅛	66⅝	66⅝	68	70¼
May	74⅝	73	73	74⅜	68¾
July	75⅜	74	74	75⅝	68¼

OATS.

The oats market felt the influence of the weakness in wheat and corn, and at the close was ¼c to ⅝c net lower, although the undertone was fairly steady on a little improvement in the domestic cash demand. The visible supply showed an increase of 1,166,000 bushels, against a decrease of 501,000 bushels last week, and an increase of 272,000 bushels last year. The local cash market was steady. Standard white quoted at 55@55½c; No. 2 white, 55½@56c; No. 3 white, 54½@55c; No. 4 white, 53½@54½c; fancy clipped white, 57@57½c; ordinary clipped white, 55½@56c; all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
December	50	49½	49½	49⅝	38⅝
May	54¼	53½	53½	54⅛	41

PROVISIONS.

The provision market showed decided firmness during the early operations, owing to lighter receipts of live hogs than expected, and on higher prices at the yards, which encouraged a better speculative demand, but when grain prices broke in the afternoon an easier tone developed, with more or less liquidation. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 34,000; estimated for Tuesday, 27,000; Kansas City received 4,000 and Omaha 5,000.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
January	10.50	10.42	10.42	10.42	10.65
May	10.75	10.65	10.65	10.67	11.00
Ribs—					
January	10.30	10.22	10.22	10.25	10.70
May	10.67	10.57	10.60	10.60	11.02
Pork—					
January	18.77	18.62	18.62	18.62	20.25
May	19.45	19.20	19.20	19.22	20.67

COTTONSEED OIL.

The cottonseed oil market was firm owing to an improved demand for the near positions, especially January, and on rumors that leading refiners were buying January and would take the delivery and carry the oil until next May owing to the unusually high premiums at which that position is selling. Final quotations were net unchanged to 4 points higher.

The range of prices was as follows:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	....	....	5.75@5.95	5.70
December	....	....	5.75@6.00	5.75
January	5.83	5.80	5.75@5.78	5.75
February	....	....	5.93@6.00	5.90
March	6.10	6.10	6.08@6.11	6.04
April	....	....	6.20@6.25	6.10
May	6.45	6.37	6.36@6.38	6.33
June	....	....	6.45@6.50	6.45
July	6.63	6.60	6.59@6.61	6.56

COFFEE.

The coffee market was a narrow affair at best, but the buying seemed to be a little better than the selling, and as a result prices were firmer, closing 10 to 14 points above the final of Thursday. In the local spot market trading was quiet and prices were unchanged, with Rio 7s quoted at 7⅝c.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	..	..	6.09@6.10	5.98
January	6.01	6.01	6.09@6.10	5.98
February	..	..	6.19@6.20	6.05
March	6.29	6.21	6.29@6.30	6.15
April	..	..	6.38@6.40	6.24
May	6.48	6.40	6.47@6.48	6.33
June	..	..	6.36@6.38	6.22
July	7.26	7.25	7.25@7.26	7.15
August	..	..	7.33@7.34	7.21
September	7.42	7.38	7.41@7.42	7.28
October	..	..	7.47@7.48	7.35
November	..	..	7.53@7.54	7.41

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts for three days, 11,618 packages. Higher prices on the best grades of both fresh and held creamery, with a moderate demand. The quality is still averaging low, so that the very small proportion of the stock commands the top rates. The bulk of the fresh creamery is selling in range of 31@35c, and only a little of the held creamery has exceeded 33c thus far. Renovated firmer. Fair trading in ladles and packing stock. Creamery, extras, 35½c; higher scoring, 36@36½c; firsts, 31@34½c; seconds, 28@30c; thirds, 25½@27c; creamery, held, extra, 32½@33c; higher scoring, 33¼@33½c; firsts, 30@32c; seconds, 27@29c; State dairy, finest, 33@34c; good to prime, 29@32c; common to fair, 24@28c; renovated, extras, 26@26½c; firsts, 24½@25c; lower grades, 22½@24c; imitation creamery, firsts, 25@25½c; ladles, current make, firsts, 23½@24c; seconds, 23c; lower grades, 20@22c; packing stock, held, fine, 22@22½c; current make, No. 2, 21½@22c; lower grades, 19@21c.

EGGS.—Receipts for three days, 13,510 cases. Market continues firm. Offerings of fresh gathered eggs are light, and unfavorable conditions in the interior indicate continued light supplies. Trading is not active, but there is sufficient demand to absorb the higher qualities promptly at firm prices. There is a good deal of frosted stock, which is of very irregular value, and many of the receipts are still more or less badly mixed with stale eggs, these being very slow unless offered at comparatively easy figures. Storage eggs are in good demand and held with increasing confidence, with sales generally showing slight advance, especially of the good to fancy qualities. Nearby eggs about steady. Fresh gathered, extra fine, per dozen 39@40c; extra firsts, 38c; firsts, 37c; seconds, 33@36c; thirds and poorer, 25@32c; Fall refrigerator, poor to good, 19@27c; early packed, special marks, fancy, charges paid, 26¼c; firsts, 25@26c; seconds, 23@24½c; undergrades, 15@22½c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, hennery whites, fine to fancy, 47@49c; defective, 40@45c; gathered whites, as to size and quality, 35@47c; hennery browns, 41@42c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 37@40c.

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(<) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Augustus N. Hand, J.—Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M.—Jury calendar.

Fountain El Floor Box<Yale & Towne.
Hearn<NY,NH&HRR.
Howland<Roscom Rty.
Pettijohn<Emery.
Am Pipe Con<Co of Westchester.

Cases to be sent to Room 407 as required.

DISTRICT COURT—Mayer, J.—Woolworth Building, at 10:30 A. M.—Equity calendar.

John Wieben Co<Johnson.
Baldwin<Abercrombie & Fitch.
Finch<Moore.
Finch<Richardson.
Hohlfeld<N Y C Bed.
Toch<Zibell D R Paint.
Nicholas Power<Baird Co, (2 acts.)
Jackson<Bradley Con.
Lambert Pharmacal<Bolton Chem.
Regina Co<West Elec.
Univ Button F & B Co<Bremer.
F I A T<Isotta F Motors.
Innovation Trunk<Goldsmith.
Same<Keller.
Same<Doyle.
Same<Greenhut-S C.
Greenwald Bros<Corn.
Solderall Co<Gray.
Brunswick-B-Col<Man Rubber Mfg.
Chappell & Co, Ltd<Fields.
Robbins C Belt<Link Belt.
Maurel<Smith.
Kennedy<United Cork.
Blaisdell-Canady<Eng Co.
Waite<Wappler Elec.
Gen Elec<Sundh Elec.
Fuchs<Auslander.
Warren Featherbone<Schloss.
Greenwald Bros<Saks & Co.
Gross<Rochlitz.
Stephano<Stamatopoulos.
Smyrna Fig P<Day.
Perlman<St'd Weld'g.
Bird-Archer<Ryder.
Watson-Stillman Co<Hyd Press M.
Walker<Harriman.
North Am Lace Co<Mandel.
Aeolian Co<Autopiano Co.
Societe Anonyme, &c<Garguilo & Co.
Hiram Walker & Sons<Luria.
Same<Grubman.
Hollander<Frank.
Am Graphophone<Am Parlograph.
Demayo Coaling<Michener Stowage.
Thowless<Waterman Co.
Hamer<N Y Rys.
Haynes & Co<Druggist Circular.

DISTRICT COURT—Mayer, J.—Woolworth Building at 10:30 A. M. Calendar of equity causes growing out of bankruptcy.

Edington<Masson.
Gridel<Radgik.
Waldheimer<14 St B'k.
Bloch<Academy Ball Room.
Coulter<Bonis.
Levis<Lang.
Webb<Samuels.
Walkof<Esterson.
Brookheim<Rosner.
Winslow<Staab.
Same<same.
Bryant<Fish.
McKey<Buck.
Aronin<Security B'k.
Porter<Shulof.
Porter<Shulof.
Rosenthal<Bronx N B.
Graham<Ramsdell.
Graham<Ramsdell.
Dolan<Roth.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J. Common law. At 10:30 A. M. Lukassunas<Lehigh V Coal Co. (Case on.) No other case will be called today.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION.—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM.—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Goff, J.—Litigated motions.

Union News<CNY.
Re N & W J Peck, &c.
Assets Realiz<Howard.
Same<Hauch.
Same<Roth.
Same<Kam.
Milliken<McGarrah.
Bolinger<Cowan.
Rollnick<Rollnick.
Strauss<Wiler & W.
Assets Realiz<Groker.
Same<Shire.
Blanchard<Blanchard.
Coleman<Moss.
Mott<James.
Burbank<Emp Hotel Supply.
Zographos<Zographos.
Foley<Thomson.
Re Kupferschmidt, &c.
Rucco<J Gallick Con.
Matyas<Rosedale M Rty.
Assets Realiz<Wendt.
Same<Kessel.
McAdams<Int R T.
Coyne<Coyne.
Bronson<Am Chem Ed.
Devine<Melton.
Franklin Office Furn<Knick Land.
Flynn<Flynn.
Beck<Chicago G Oper.
Lanzilotti<same.
Hollander<Katz.
Leary<Leary.
Lyster<Penn Steel.
Assets Realiz<Dilcher.
Palazzolo<NE Nav.
Stiner<NY,NH & HRR.
Greber<Emmet.
Reilly<Reilly.
Plunkett<Plunkett.
Parker Co<JacksonRty.
Flynn<Flynn.
Haber<Rosenthal.
Peacock<McGovern Co.
Lowe<Leary.
Am Nat Bk of Nashville<Griffenhagen.
Re De Luca.
Nelson<Lord Elec.
Solling<Pieper, (2 acs.)
Kreiser<Geizler.
Foley<Thompson.
Weissman<Browning.
Kantrowitz<Stevens Con.
Re Cook.
Mott<James.
Canavan Bros<Elkan Rty.
US Print & L<Syndicate Pub.
Fay<Pell.
Re Mitchell, &c.
CNY<Zuckerman & L.
Re J S Marcus & Sons.
NY Dairy Dem<Fairfield Dairy.
Re Amenna, (Paulding Av.)
Re same, (E 227 St.)
Ruszits Co<Weller.
Kushner<Tino.
Desimone<Siris.
Singer<Singer.
US Trust<Aberman.
Riehl<Abelson.
Re Produce Ex Bldg L Assn.
McEnroe<McEnroe.
Re Barnewall.
Re Honigstock.
Richards<Richards, (2 acts.)
Strysower<Reiss.
Re Barkin Con Co.
Levy<Wolf.
Cohen<Asper Co.
Casper<Kutner.
Diehl<Krulewitch.
Roth<Armorite Cond.
Re Nementh.
Nichols<Prendergast.
Re Houliston.
Flynn<Flynn.
Re Varden Plas of Am.
Welz & Zerwick<Schaffler.
Underhill<Volk.
Kreisberg<Kreisberg.
Platt<Platt.
Smith<McGovern Con.
Shainwald<Frank.
Pomeran<Berardini.
Hochberg<9 St Garage.
Re Neuman, (Chadwick.)
Re same, (O'Neill.)
Murray<244-46 Vandewater St.
Levy<Wolfe.
Trustees of Col Univ<Rathbone.
Conoscenti<Holbrook, C & R.
Koohick<Cruse.
Helen Rty<Falk.
Porter<Porter.
Aspegren<Segerman Bros.
Sands<Lese.
Sprague<Webb.
Sherard<A Bevins Co.
CNY<Helmus.
Am Ry Prod Mach<Lightfoot, S & Co.
Nisbett<Walsh.
Mann Ry<Wien.
Baron de Hirsh Fund<Cohalan.
Re Weed.
Deiches<McBride.
Strogahtz<Strogahtz.
Riverside Con<CNY.
Boger<Boger.
Adams<Swift.
Townshend<Wuerfel.
Re Seaich, (Yellow T.)
Brown<Mayhew.
Quimby<Cahn.
Cosmopolitan F Fim<Leemund Film.
Crittenden<Crittenden.
Bellin<Collins.
Epple<Reinhardt.

PART II.—Hendrick, J.—Ex parte business.

PART III.—Whitaker, J. Recess.

PARTS IV., V., VI., VII., and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

TRIAL TERM—Parts II., III., XIV.—Recess.

PARTS IV., V., VI., VII., VIII., IX., X., XI., XII., XIII., XV., XVI., XVII., and XVIII.—Adjourned for the term.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—Motion calendar.

S. F. Gordiana,
John J. Capria,
Samuel Weidhorn,
Pinckney Marks,
Henry Beldon,
John Fox,
Hannah M. Hynes,
Kuhn infants,
Occhiogross infants,
Mary C. Kohn,
Frances D. Paquin,
S. Lemberger,
Sarah R. Wolbarst,
Daly infants,
Noel B. Sanborn,
Bridget Tracy,
William Scott,
Harry Goldman,
G. Lazzarra, &c.,
Hiram H. Lamport,
Abraham Malet,
John Early,
Frank Kirby,
Honora Kirby,
T. F. Bennett,
Mary Hayes,
Sallie Colgate,
Elizabeth Nell,
James Kennedy,
George Staib,
Madeline Kutschora,
Betsey Collins,
Matthew Thompson,
Charles Staib, Jr.,
Marie Hill,
Catharine H. Van Riper,
Hudson Hoagland,
Afanaco Gereluk,
Ernest C. Korner,
Anna M. Browning,
Juliette C. Henderson,
Thomas H. Bardon,
Bridget Tracy,
Wilhelm Klumpf,
David Nugent,
H. Gabrilowitz,
S. McPartland,
Evelyn M. Dalley,
Joseph Liebmann,
George Levy,
Dora Miller,
Kate Slattery,
Augusta Hyatt,
A. Streicher, &c.,
Henry Reuss,
Gussie Weis, &c.,
Bartolomeo Tenoro,
Eliza McKibbin,
H. C. Eilshomius,
John J. Pollok,
Samuel Sachs,
Joseph Beckel,
Thomas Rutter,
Frank Crawford,
Lavinia Knox,
Rose Gannon,
Simon Ungar,
Louisa Varot,
Mary A. Verkes.
L. J. Gallagher,
Bergh infants,
Filomena Vitillo, &c.,
Minnie R. Solomon,
Adam Radlein,
L. M. Thorn, Jr.,
Theresa Weinstock,
Jane Walsh,
Octave C. Blache,
Samuel J. Huggins,
R. R. Stuyvesant,
J. O. Von Schmid,
Joseph Pfeiffer,
Eleanor Hart,
A. O'Donnell, &c.,
Mary Saxon, &c.,
W. H. Tillinghast,
John Boyd,
Benjamin Altman,
Annie T. Thorne,
Luigi Baldassarre,
John Wolfe,
B. Nussbaum,
Samuel Wertheim,
William H. Bennett,
Marianne O'Gorman,
Adele D. Miller,
J. H. S. Carlson,
D. L. Robinson,
R. S. Rosenthal,
Edward Pierce,
C. F. Gualano,
E. B. McKeever,
Elizabeth C. Fields,
Louis Mahler,
Bridget Clayton,
John Clark,
Maria C. M. Wetmore,
Elias Joseph,
Dwight C. Smith,
Bridget Bulman,
Ida Goldstein,
Moses Bruhl,
Mary S. Stockwell,
Samion Davis,
Peter F. Dailey,
Mary P. Kingsford,
Joseph Naylor,
Annie Piper,
E. B. McKeever,
H. W. Boettger,
Frances L. Byrne,
Thomas J. Dunn,
Thomas J. Dunn,
Virginia F. Hawley,
William E. Hackett,
Patrick Sheehy.
Wills for probate:
Sallie Colgate,
Anna George,
W. Fitzpatrick,
John L. Kerr,
T. Hargrove,
Annie S. Burnet,
Louis Bieler,
Martha T. Lowerre,
Augusta S. Schmidt,
O. J. Kahnweiler,
Charles Kantler.

TRIAL TERM—Cohalan, S.—No day calendar.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Ransom, J. Litigated motions:

Feller<Byers.
Katz<Zeinethaum.
Kass<Cohen.
Same<same.
Blum<Roche.
Muller & Co<Robertson.
Same<same.
Smolka Plumt Sup<Wolff.
Leveene Co<Guntzer.
McClelland<Sykes.
Robrek<B H R R.
Karasick<same.
Bame<Quicksilver M.
Wile<Leverlight.
Audsley<Summerscales.
Mattawan Tile<Mathewson.
Best<Cohen.
Gedney<Plantan.
Emmerman & Baumoehl<Billig & K.
Litsch<Am B & B C.
Bannerman<Yellow Taxi.
Roberts<same.
Maier<Newman.
McMarrow<Silberberg.
Bichofsky<Munter.
Kaufman<Amend.
Brachfield & Cherhoff<Berglass.
Weiss<Stein.
Back<Lipman.
Finkenberg<Tauber.
Greenstein<Bashkowitz.
Wolk<Sorg.
Saritino<Barrett.
Bade<Ferncliff Cem.
Steam Co<Dalberg.
Berks Knitting Mills<Crown Hosiery.
Freund<Kaidy.
Poffas<N Y Rys.
Will<Linerlight.
Fuerst<Rosenberg.
Liquid Copper<Corn Exchange Bank.

PART II.—McAvoy, J.—Ex parte business. Trial term. Adjourned for the term.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Hendrick, J. People ex rel Emmet<Empire State Surety Co—Patrick J. Walsh.

SUPREME COURT—Hendrick, J. Openheym<Orenstein—James F. Curnen. Thomas<Thomas—Hon. Henry A. Gildersleeve.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Hendrick, J. Altavista Holding Co.<25th St. Cons. Co.—James P. Carey. Moses Anges<Villa Site Realty Co.—John Brown.

SUPREME COURT—Goff, J. Robert S. Clark<Isabella L. Ryttenberg—Louis G. Friess.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Brady, J.—At 10 A. M.—Motion calendar.

Strenglein<Strenglein.
Boldt<Auchmuty.
Wood & Selick<Ripka.
Re Larty.
Hagen<McLaury Marble.
Weingarten<NesterCon.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Brady, J.—No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Brady, J.—No day calendar.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S. No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

CHAMBERS—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM—Gibbs, S.—No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Brady, J. Jacob Marx<Ver Planck Estate, (2 cases)—Walter L. McLaughlin.

COUNTY COURT—Gibbs, J. College Point Savings Bank<Frederic Bierhoff, (5 cases)—Samuel Cowen.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION.—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Clark, J. Motions at 10 A. M.

Lenard<Schroder.
N Y Market Gardeners' Assn<CNY.
Re Sullivan St, (Roth)
B, Q Co & S R R<CNY.
Crimmins<Carey.
O'Donnell<O'Donnell.
Brown<Benjamin, (45 cases.)
Brown<Alger, (44 cases.)
Gorman<Le Roy.
Same<same.
Kiernan<Kiernan.
Shifrin<Caputo.
Kaufman<Kaufman.
Leahy<McNulty.
Wardell<Wardell.
Pines<Novick.
Fuller<CNY.
Dunaif<Baum.
Elkan<Gillespie and another.
Re Am Surety Co, (Burtis.)
Same.
Same.
Risolino<Auditore & Co.
Edmonds<Shepherd et al.
Haney<Haney.
Sullivan<S & L Coal.
Robinson<Calhoun.
Re 81st St, (Freygang.)
Duck et al<McGrath et al.
Baldwin<Am F & S et al.
Levey<Levey.
Same<same.
Barret Mfg<Leopold et al.
Alper<Sokol.
Re Church Av, (Marcisno.)
Same, (Goldschmidt.)
Heyl<Baird.
Perillo<Ficarizzo.
Graham<Ill Surety.
Barry<Gulden.
Riccolino<Auditore & Co.
Ivers<Croisis R'lty.
Re Tiebout.
Day<Helms.
Thomsen<O'Brien Bros et al.
Bashist<Bashist.
Duck<McGrath.
Re Crescent St.
Re Hershausen, (Mary St.)
Re 82 St, (Fitzgerald)
Schorr<Briskman.
Nocerino<S De Succuso, &c.
Cane<Orsgood.
Same<same.
Scheidel<Frances.
Firestier<Gordon.

PART II.—Aspinall, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

PART III.—Trials—No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—No day calendar.

County Court.

CIVIL—No day calendar.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—At 10 A. M.

Wills of:
Mathilde C Westaway,
John Convine,
Charles App,
Adelhew Markel,
Margaret Donohue,
George Gibbons,
Louis Vetter,
Anna Farley,
Maria Cogswell,
Mary C Sheridan.
Acct's in estates of:
Louise Adams,
Hugo Schumann,
Anton Spencer,
William Broistedt,
Eugene F Mounfa,
Isidor Sipkofski,
Mary F Farnham,
Hutchinson, infants.
Edward P Orell,
Margaret Donoghue,
Thomas E Lynch, (notice of leave.)
Estates of:
Tredyell infants,
Ester von Glahn,
Abram Samter,
Hart infants,
Henry Halbert,
Dennis Killerlan.

EDUCATION NOTES.

The Committee on Special Schools has authorized the establishment of supervising positions in the Bureau of Attendance, viz.: Two division supervising attendance officers, with additional compensation of $400 each, and twenty district supervising attendance officers, with additional compensation of $200 each.

The Board of Superintendents has recommended that part of the building being constructed by the Church of Our Saviour, Washington Avenue and 183d Street, be leased and made an annex of P. S. 45, the Bronx.

The building being constructed by Trinity Congregational Church, Washington Avenue and 176th Street will be leased and made an annex of P. S. 4, the Bronx.

A lunch counter will be established in P. S. 69, Manhattan.

C. Ward Crampton has been nominated to succeed himself as Director of Physical Training for a term of six years, beginning Feb. 1, 1915.

City Supt. Maxwell has submitted to the Board of Education abstracts of reports of Principals for November.

Vocational shop equipment is to be installed in the Brooklyn Vocational School.

The Board of Superintendents has recommended that Lillian Teece be assigned to serve in the evening session of the Manhattan Trade Schools for Girls.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The receipt of applications for Superintendent, employment agency, male and female, will be closed at 4 P. M. tomorrow. The minimum age is twenty-one years. There is one vacancy at a salary of $3,500 a year.

United States.

The commission announces for Jan. 19 a competitive examination for expert wetting and sizing machine operator, for men only, to fill a vacancy at $4 a day in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, Treasury Dept., Washinton, D. C. Competitors will not be assembled for examination, but will be rated on physical ability and training and experience. Age, 20 years or over on the date of the examination. Further information may be obtained from the commission, Washington, D. C.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Dec. 28.—Incorporated today:

Pathe Exchange, cinematograph films, cameras, projection machines, exhibitors, $1,000,000; H. M. Smith, F. Gabet, C. Pathe, 30 Boulevard des Italiens, Paris, France; Charles A. Coulon, 2 Rector St.

Charles M. Betts & Co., Buffalo, lumber, sawmills, by-products, $300,000; W. B. Franklin, C. W. Betts.

Wilson-Maeulen Co., electric, pyrometric, scientific apparatus, refractories apparatus, $60,000; Cothbert J. Brown, C. H. and C. E. Wilson, 65 S. 2 Av., Mt. Vernon.

National Envelope Co., stationery, publisher, $25,000; W. D. Farrington, F. J. Potter, J. L. St. John, 298 De Kalb Av., B'klyn.

See-El-Bee Films, $5,000; W. R. Altman, A. and C. L. Brookheim, Hastings-on-Hudson.

H. R. Chemical Products Co., $5,000; T. B. Hoy, Sturgeon McD. Colfax, G. E. Toulopoulos, 143 E. 30 St.

Mills & Manufacturers' Ass'n, commission and selling agents, textiles, leather goods, $10,000; C. Ripley, F. A. McGurk, F. C. Scofield, 15 Wall St.

Amalgamated Mills, textiles, wearing apparel, leather goods, $10,000; same Directors.

Wm. H. Leonori & Co., iron, steel, coke, copper, lumber, $20,000; J. L. Nichols, W. H. and E. R. Leonori, 30 Howard St.

J. T. Murray & Co., laces, trimmings, neckwear, embroideries, $25,000; D. Franck, J. Rosenberg, J. T. Murray, 43 W. 32 St.

Weiss Millinery, $20,000; C. and S. Kempner, S. Weiss, 104 W. 96 St.

Dubois Jewelry Co., $10,000; V., N., and J. B. H. Ash, 1,098 Prospect Pl., B'klyn.

A. J. Stewart, Tailoring Co., Buffalo, $10,000; A. J. Stewart, C. H. Rice, H. B. Harrison.

H. & R. Novelty Co., artificial flowers, millinery, $5,000; L. and C. J. Fox, W. Rosenburgh, 670 Snedeker Av., B'klyn.

The Miller Children's Footwear Co., $5,000; B. Krantz, M. and I. Miller, 765 Trinity Av.

Melvah Realty Co., $5,000; J. A. Flaum, J. J. and Fred'k Lese, 133 E. 80 St.

Zenith Amusement Co., $5,000; D. W. Gluck, L. Vergesslich, H. Schiffman, 7 W. 111 St.

Paul Roth Co., Queens, cornices, skylights, ironworkers, ventilating, $10,000; S. Greene, B. and M. J. Roth, 31 Jackson Av., Corona, L. I.

General City Amusement Co., Syracuse, $10,000; M., J., and M. Fitzer.

Builders' Hardware Supply Co., Jamestown, $10,000; M. M. Cozado, L. H. and G. O. Chase.

Metropolis Film Mfg. Co., motion pictures, $20,000; G. H. Faye, H. Delaney, J. Kilnay, 524 W. 145 St.

Capital increases: The S. C. Beckwith Special Agency, N. Y., $25,000 to $60,000; Jewelers' Co-operative Syndicate, N. Y., $20,000 to $100,000; German Publication Society, N. Y., $300,000 to $500,000; Philip Brons Co., N. Y., $25,000 to $35,00; National Carbonic Gas Co., Buffalo, $75,000 to $100,000; Kinney Bros., Binghamton, $50,000 to $75,000.

Voluntary dissolutions: Goldman Jewelry Mfg. Co., N. Y.; Young American Music Salesmen, N. Y.; Yarns, N. Y.; Downtown Building Co., N. Y.; Greenfield Automatic Fastener Co., N. Y.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

Sun rises..7:23|Sun sets..4:39|Moon sets..5:08

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	5:12	5:52	11:47	11:38
Governors Island	5:41	6:15	12:38	12:00
Hell Gate	7:31	8:05	2:13	1:40

Arrived—Monday, Dec. 28.

SS Finland, Genoa, Dec. 18.
SS Carolina, San Juan, Dec. 23.
SS Guyane, Marseilles, Dec. 5.
SS Karonga, Calcutta, Nov. 1.
SS Grayson, San Juan, Dec. 22.
SS Tivives, Santiago, Dec. 23.
SS Munwood, Cardenas, Dec. 17.
SS Minnesota, Baracoa, Dec. 22.
SS Adolph, Barry, Dec. 1.
SS El Alba, Galveston, Dec. 22.
SS Brabant, Tampico, Dec. 16.
SS Pastores, Colon, Dec. 21.
SS Denis, Barbados, Dec. 21.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.

Cameronia	Liverpool	Dec. 19
Minneapolis	London	Dec. 14
Kentra	Rio Janeiro	Nov. 28
Laura	Rotterdam	Dec. 7
Zaandyk	Rotterdam	Dec. 10
Soestdyk	Rotterdam	Dec. 11
Manin	Naples	Dec. 9
Veenbergen	Rotterdam	Dec. 9
Iroquois	San Domingo	Dec. 20
Astraea	Palamos	Dec. 9
Sibek	Fayal	Dec. 16
Proteus	New Orleans	Dec. 23
Carpathia	Genoa	Dec. 13
Pannonia	Glasgow	Dec. 16
Havana	Havana	Dec. 26
Duca d'Aosta	Naples	Dec. 16
Lampasas	Mobile	Dec. 22
City of Montgomery	Savannah	Dec. 26
Colorado	Galveston	Dec. 19
DUE TOMORROW.		
Sant' Anna	Palermo	Dec. 18
Skinfaxe	Shields	Dec. 15
Mohawk	Jacksonville	Dec. 27
El Siglo	Galveston	Dec. 24
DUE THURSDAY.		
Manitou	London	Dec. 19
Zacapa	Santa Marta	Dec. 22
Nevadan	Cristobal	Dec. 24
Creole	New Orleans	Dec. 26
Arapahoe	Jacksonville	Dec. 28
DUE FRIDAY.		
Zyldyk	Rotterdam	Dec. 18
Monterey	Havana	Dec. 29
Oceana	Bermuda	Dec. 30
Zulia	Maracaibo	Dec. 23
Allianca	Cristobal	Dec. 25
El Norte	Galveston	Dec. 26
City of Columbus	Savannah	Dec. 29
San Jacinto	Galveston	Dec. 26
DUE SATURDAY.		
St. Paul	Liverpool	Dec. 25
Arabic	Liverpool	Dec. 23
Minnehaha	London	Dec. 24
Perugia	Palermo	Dec. 18
Eastern Prince	Bahia	Dec. 10
Apache	Jacksonville	Dec. 30

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TODAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Chicago, Havre	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Ryndam, Rotterdam	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Algonquin, San Domingo	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
El Cid, Galveston	—	12:00 M.
Lenape, Jacksonville	—	1:00 P.M.
City of Savannah, Savannah		3:00 P.M.
SAIL TOMORROW.		
Lusitania, Liverpool	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Stampalia, Naples	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Adriatic, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Caracas, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Santa Marta, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
El Occidente, New Orleans	—	12:00 M.
Munwood, Cardenas	—	12:00 M.
Comal, Galveston	—	12:00 M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville	—	1:00 P.M.
SAIL THURSDAY.		
Stephano, St. John's	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Yumuri, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Tivives, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Guiana, St. Thomas	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Panama, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Bayamo, Santiago	—	12:00 M.
Santa Theresa, Havana	—	12:00 M.
City of Montgomery, Savannah	—	3:00 P.M.
El Alba, Galveston	—	12:00 M.
SAIL FRIDAY.		
Mohawk, Jacksonville	—	3:00 P.M.
SAIL SATURDAY.		
Cameronia, Glasgow	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
United States, Christiansand	10:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Havana, Havana	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Oceana, Bermuda	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Carolina, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Pastores, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Frutera, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Prins der Nederlanden, Haiti	2:30 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Highland Heather, Rio Janeiro	5:30 A.M.	9:30 A.M.
Minneapolis, London	—	10:00 A.M.
Bergensfjord, Bergen	—	2:00 P.M.
Grayson, San Juan	—	12:00 M.
Colorado, Galveston	—	1:00 P.M.
Lampasas, Tampa	—	1:00 P.M.
City of Columbus, Savannah	—	3:00 P.M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville	—	1:00 P.M.
Proteus, New Orleans	—	12:00 M.
El Sol, Galveston	—	12:00 M.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close at 6:30 P. M.

Guam, (via San Francisco)—U. S. Transport	Dec. 31
Japan, Corea, and China (via Seattle)—Seattle Maru	Dec. 31
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Lurline	Dec. 31
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except West,) (via San Francisco)—Moana	Jan. 1
Hawaii, Japan, Corea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Mongolia	Jan. 4
Japan, Corea, and China (via Seattle)—Yokohama Maru	Jan. 7
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Wilhelmina	Jan. 8
Hawaii, Japan, Corea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Shinyo Maru	Jan. 11
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, Australia (except West) and New Zealand (specially addressed) (via San Francisco)—Ventura	Jan. 14

ESTATES APPRAISED.

ALLEN, Mrs. GRACE LAFLIN, (April 2;) net estate, $40,109; deposits, $428; mortgages, $22,600; stocks, $17,955.

BISCHOFF, Mrs. SARAH, (April 17;) net estate, $17,843; equity, $6,500, in 103 W. 114 St.; equity, $6,500, in 105 W. 114 St.; deposits, $5,393.

BUCKLEY, MARY, (April 25, 1910;) deposits, $12,387; net estate, $10,786.

CAHILL, MARGARET, (Nov. 15, 1911;) net estate, $3,329; equity, $2,000, in 156 E. 111 St.; deposits, $1,801.

CANTLON, EMMA, (July 27, 1913;) deposits and personalty, $5,722; net estate, $4,585.

COLAIZZI, DOMINICK, (April 1;) net estate, $58,461; deposits, $13,862; furniture, wines and liquors, $3,475; 473 shares Colaizzi; Realty Co., Inc., $37,840; restaurant business at 37-39 W. 24 St., $20,772.

EGAN, MALACHI, (March 29, 1910;) deposits, $4,065; net estate, $492.

FLYNN, BRIDGET or DELIA, (Dec. 15, 1912;) deposits and personalty, $2,506; net estate, $1,434.

HAAN, NELLIE J., (May 18, 1913;) estate insolvent.

HORNBLOWER, WILLIAM B., (June 16;) net estate, $962,949. The bond holdings include $10,000 par value, Atlantic & Birmingham R. R.; $10,000 Carolina, Clinchfield & Ohio R. R.; $10,000 Central Pac. R. R.; $30,000 Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul R. R.; $10,000 L. I. R. R.; $10,000 Midland Railway of New Jersey; $10,000 Miss., Kan. & Tex. R. R.; $20,000 New Orleans Ry. & Light Co.; $20,000 N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R.; $80,000 A., T. & Santa Fe R. R.; $30,000 B. & O. R. R.; $60,000 Chicago & Northwestern R. R., and $30,000 Southern R. R. The larger stock holdings include 200 shares pf. and 150 com. Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul R. R.; 125 N. Y. C. & H. R. R. R.; 200 Atch., Top. & Santa Fe pf.; 60 N. Y. Trust Co.; 305 Penn. R. R.; 600 Reading Co.; 100 South. Pac. R. R.; 110 N. Y. Agricultural Terra Cotta Co.; 200 Gray National Telautograph Co., and 82 American Cities Co. pf. Realty includes 5 E. 89 St., $149,653; 61 E. 90 St., $21,311; $4,000 equity in 125 W. 117 St., appraised at $17,000; $4,000 equity in 127 W. 117 St., appraised at $17,000; premises on Main Street, Southampton, L. I., $30,230. Insurance, $40,212; contents of residence, 5 E. 89 St., $33,953.

JOHNSON, GEORGE F., (June 1, 1910;) estate taxable in N. Y.; equity $1,730 in 2,788 B'way; deposits, $18,031; net estate, $1,648.

KAUFMANN, LILLIE, (April 1;) net estate, $18,942; deposits, $9,864; personalty, $1,928; stocks and bonds, $11,232.

MINNOCK, MARGARET, (July 20, 1913;) deposits, $4,223; net estate, $3,195.

TIERNEY, EDWARD F., (Nov. 9, 1913;) net estate, $34,834; equity $15,815 in 227 E. 50 St.; accounts due, $200; deposits, $21,029.

WILHELM, GOTTHILF FRIEDRICH, (Jan. 22;) net estate, $63,285; equity $3,500 in 53 Adrian Av.; deposit, $32; ins., $3,000; bond, $100; fur business 18 University Pl., $59,040.

WILSON, CHARLES H., (July 9, 1913;) estate taxable in New York: ½ interest in equity in 108 Charles St., $5,970; ½ interest in 25 Jones St., $10,125; ½ interest in the equity in 27 Jones St., $6,091; ½ interest in 115 Sullivan St., $8,100; net estate, $29,474.

INFORMATION TO DATE.

Every occurrence in the world's history chronicled in the newspapers found in The New York Times Index. Found easily. Bound in cloth, price $2 a volume, by mail.—Advt.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Kursk, at Archangel, Dec. 12.
SS Murjek, at Stockholm, Dec. 14.
SS Crios, at Piraeus, Dec. 12.
SS Dordrecht, at Isle of Wight, Dec. 28.
SS Petroleine, at Cette, Dec. 20.
SS Mississippi, at Havre, Dec. 21.
SS Pinar del Rio, at Havre, Dec. 21.
SS Champlain, at Bordeaux, Dec. 23.
SS Luigi Ciampa, at Genoa, Dec. 23.
SS Horace, at Manchester, Dec. 25.
SS Miriam, at Leith, Dec. 24.
SS Tula, at Leith, Dec. 24.
SS Bermudian, at Bermuda, Dec. 28.
SS Rochambeau, at Havre, Dec. 22.
SS Antonio Lopez, at Cadiz, Dec. 22.
SS Europa, at Genoa, Dec. 23.
SS America, at Genoa, Dec. 24.
SS Chisen, at Amsterdam, Dec. 25.
SS New Sweden, at Shields, Dec. 23.
SS Korona, at St. Thomas, Dec. 23.
SS Romedal, at Leith, Dec. 24.
SS Agamemnon, at Maasluis, Dec. 25.

Sailed.

SS Niagara, from Havre, Dec. 26.
SS Matanzas, from Rotterdam, Dec. 24.
SS Vestfos, from Manchester, Dec. 12.
SS Maria C., from Naples, Dec. 20.
SS C. E. de Perez, from Seville, Dec. 19.
SS Hudson, from Bordeaux, Dec. 25.
SS Progress III., from Shields, Dec. 25.

Passed.

SS Transylvania, New York to Liverpool, passed Kinsale.
SS Ocean, New York to Rotterdam, passed Prawle Point.
SS American Transport, New York to Havre, passed the Lizard.
SS Bjornsfjord, from New York, passed Gibraltar.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., DEC. 28.

SS Duca d'Aosta, Naples to New York, signaled; distance not given. Italian Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Proteus, New Orleans to New York, was 250 miles S. at noon.
SS City of Montgomery, Savannah to New York, was 50 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS Lampasas, Mobile to New York, was 330 miles S. of Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS San Jacinto, Galveston to New York, was 828 miles W. of Key West at noon.
SS Frieda, Sabine to New York, was 7 miles E. of Sabine Bar at noon.
SS Bantu, Buenos Aires to New York, passed Diamond Shoals at 5:30 P. M.
SS Creole, New Orleans to New York, was 118 miles S. of Jupiter at noon.
SS Alabama, Port Arthur to New York, was 34 miles N. of Jupiter at noon.
SS El Norte, Galveston to New York, was 72 miles W. of Tortugas at 6 P. M.
SS Zacapa, Colon to New York, was 860 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS John A. Hooper, San Francisco to New York, was 196 miles from Colon at 8 P. M.
SS Zulia, Mayaguez to New York, was 887 miles S. at noon.
SS Cherokee, Georgetown to New York, was 135 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Arapahoe, Jacksonville to New York, was 25 miles N. of St. John's Bar at 7 P. M.
SS Colorado, Galveston to New York, was 800 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS El Siglo, Galveston to New York, was 234 miles S. W. of Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS Havana, Havana to New York, was 19[illegible] miles S. W. of Hatteras at noon.
SS Mohawk, Jacksonville to New York, was 486 miles S. at 7 P. M.

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 5 P. M. Dec. 29, SS Lusitania and SS Adriatic, and at 5 P. M. Jan. 1, SS Cameronia.
Germany—Close at 5 P. M. Dec. 28, SS Ryndam.
France—Close at 11 A. M. Dec. 29, SS Chicago, and at 11 A. M. Jan. 9, SS Niagara.
Austria—Close at 5 P. M. Dec. 28, SS Ryndam.
Belgium—Service suspended.
Greece—Close at 5 P. M. Jan. 4, SS Carpathia.
Hungary—Close at 5 P. M. Dec. 28, SS Ryndam.
Liberia—Close at 12 M. Jan. 11, SS Memmon.
Netherlands—Close at 5 P. M. Dec. 28, SS Ryndam.
Sweden and Denmark—Close at 9:30 A. M. Jan. 2, SS United States.
Norway—Close at 9:30 A. M. Jan. 2, SS Bergensfjord.
Italy—Close at 5 P. M. Dec. 29, SS Stampalia, and at 5 P. M. Jan. 4, SS Duca d'Aosta.

American Line
Under the American Flag
New York—Liverpool. Pier 62, N. R.
St. Paul, Jan. 9, noon | Philadelphia, Jan. 16, noon

Atlantic Transport Line
New York—London. Pier 58, N. R.
Minneapolis, Jan. 2, 10 AM | Minnehaha....Jan. 9

White Star Line
New York—Liverpool. Pier 60, N. R.
MAMMOTH STEAMER
ADRIATIC,
DECEMBER 30, NOON
Arabic, Jan. 6, noon | Megantic, Jan. 13, noon
N. Y.—Azores—Gibraltar—Naples—Genoa
Under the American Flag
FINLAND, JAN. 12, NOON
*N. Y. via Boston—Italy—Patras—Greece, Calling at Azores & Gibraltar.
*CANOPIC, JANUARY 26, 10 A. M.
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WEDNESDAY, DEC. 30, 10 A. M.
FRANCONIA......Sat., Jan. 9, 10 A. M.
ORDUNA..........Sat., Jan. 16, 10 A. M.
New Triple-Screw Turbine, 15,500 Tons.
TRANSYLVANIA..Sat., Jan. 23, 10 A. M.
New Twin-Screw Geared Turbine, 15,000 Tons.
LUSITANIA.......Sat., Jan. 30, 10 A. M.
MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE
Azores, Gibraltar, Genoa, Naples, Piraeus
CARPATHIA..........Tues., Jan. 5, noon
Company's Office 21-24 STATE ST., N. Y.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
POSTAL SERVICE
Sailings for HAVRE
CHICAGO . . . Dec. 31, 3 P. M.
NIAGARA . . . Jan. 9, 3 P. M.
ROCHAMBEAU . Jan. 16, 3 P. M.
LA TOURAINE . Jan. 23, 3 P. M.
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Bridgeport Line. Lv. Pier 28, E. R., week days only, 11 A. M.

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†STAMPALIA..........DEC. 30, NOON
*Duca D'Aosta. Jan. 5, n'n | ‖Ancona...Jan. 20, noon
*Verona..Jan. 16, noon | *D.D.Abruzzi. Jan. 30, noon
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N. Amsterdam. Jan. 16, noon | Rotterdam.......Jan. 23

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BUSINESS TROUBLES

In Town.

HYMAN GARFINKEL.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Hyman Garfinkel, dealer in dry goods, &c., at 162 West 125th Street and 642 Second Avenue, Manhattan, also at 193 Grand Street and 839 Broadway, Brooklyn, and 137 Newark Avenue, Jersey City, by these creditors: Lewis H. Saper, as assignee, $499; Dishey Brothers, $168, and the Victoria Garment Company, $51. He also made an assignment to Louis H. Strouse.

SAMUEL JACOBS, manufacturer of furs at 40 and 42 West Twenty-second Street has made an assignment to Alner S. Werblin. Two petitions in bankruptcy also were filed against him, one by F. D. Ast on an assigned claim of $8,200 and the other by these creditors: J. Strauss & Co., $64; H. R. Goodman, $106; H. H. Oshin, $170, and Wright Fur Company, $400. Liabilities are said to be $15,000 and assets $5,000.

BARNEY TAYLOR, merchant tailor and clothing dealer at 114 Nassau Street and 786 Broad Street, Newark, has made an assignment to Edward J. Ryan. Mr. Taylor resides in Newark and opened business in New York about a month ago. He used the style of Taylor Company. A petition in bankruptcy was filed against him here by these creditors: Joseph Rosenberg, $523; Jacob Liberman, $56, and Alfred A. Wood, $200.

SALL ROSENSTEIN, dealer in dry and furnishing goods at 2,069 Third Avenue, has made an assignment to Nathan M. Abramson. A petition in bankruptcy was filed against him by these creditors: Frank E. Abramsom, $252; Melville G. Newmark, $157, and Jerome Daub, $150. Liabilities are $5,000 and assets $2,000.

THEODORE MEYER.—A petition has been filed against Theodore Meyer, dealer in dry goods at 753 Fifth Street, by these creditors: J. H. Semel & Co., $452; Frank J. McMann, $88, and Jerome Antler, $111.

HELLER & HELLER.—A petition has been filed against Max and Isidore Heller, composing the firm of Heller & Heller, restaurant and lunchroom, at 161 West Forty-fourth Street and 1,380 Broadway, by these creditors: I. Gluck, $300; Morris Fink, $210, and Isaac Ammont, $484.

MAX BERMAN.—A petition has been filed against Max Berman, dealer in jewelry, at 737 Tremont Avenue, by these creditors: Max Laubbeim, $1,030; J. R. Wood & Sons, $881, and Abraham Seledin, $650. Assets are $1,000.

THOMAS HENEGAN.—A petition has been filed against Thomas Henegan, dealer in dry goods, at 4,724 Park Avenue, the Bronx, by these creditors: Melville G. Newmark, $112; Alfred A. Wood, $299, and Samuel Goldberg, $88. It was alleged that he made an assignment to Nathan M. Abramson.

SILVERMAN & SIEGEL.—Judge Hough has appointed Harry Osterman receiver for Silverman & Siegel, dealers in women's apparel, at 1,499 Third Avenue, Manhattan, and 717 Broadway, Brooklyn, with authority to carry on business for ten days. Assets are $2,500.

FREEDMAN & COHEN, INC., jobbers in millinery, at 6 Bond Street, have filed schedules in bankruptcy showing liabilities of $4,109 and assets not stated.

S. H. P. PELL & CO.—Judge Hough has granted a motion authorizing Lazard Freres to sell at public auction 1,800 shares of International Nickel Company common stock voting trust certificates pledged with them by S. H. Pell & Co. for a loan of $100,000.

TRAVIS & LIFFLANDER.—Samuel Travis and James Lifflander, formerly dealers in cloaks and suits at 357 West 125th Street and 2,530 Eighth Avenue, have made an assignment to George H. Rosenstein.

BECKER & RUSSAK, dealers in clothing at 1,994 Third Avenue, have made an assignment to Abraham Brill. The partners are Samuel Becker and Simon Russak. The deed was signed by one partner only, Mr. Becker.

CHARLES STERNSTEIN, dealer in jewelry at 187 Avenue A, made an assignment to Marcus Helfand.

SAMUEL GELLER, dealer in dry goods at 2,008 Amsterdam Avenue, has made an assignment to Raymond F. Conahan.

LENA PESKY, dealer in jewelry at 783 Eighth Avenue, has made an assignment to Moris Kraut.

JOSEPH AND MORENO CHICUREL, dealers in postcard novelties at 636 Sixth Avenue and 255 West 125th Street, have made an assignment to Moses Cohen.

Out of Town.

Special Dispatches to The Times.

CHICAGO.—Louis Sugerman, a merchant; voluntary petition; liabilities, $14,512; assets, $10,385.

Reinhart L. Brown, a druggist; voluntary petition; liabilities, $50,673; assets, $12,016.

Chicago Belt & Novelty Company; involuntary petitions filed in behalf of Joseph Ribenstein et al.; liabilities and assets not given.

Atlas Cloak & Fur Company of Chicago; involuntary petition; liabilities and assets not estimated.

Max Goldstein, a merchant; involuntary petition filed by the Reskie & Kirshbaum Company; liabilities and assets not given.

MILWAUKEE, Wis.—The creditors of the Max Meyers Company, clothing dealers, were offered 40 cents on the dollar by the company, which was forced into bankruptcy by the petition of New York merchants. The liabilities are listed at $71,743, the assets at $65,057.

Discharges from Bankruptcy.

Judge Hough granted discharges yesterday to these bankrupts:

CHARLES APPEL, doors, sashes, &c., at 41 East 135th Street; liabilities, $6,062.
FRANCIS BOXER, New Rochelle, liabilities, $1,726.
BENJAMIN BURKAN, drug clerk, 353 East 117th Street; liabilities, $2,049.
DAVID LEVIN, woodenware, 80 Forsyth Street; liabilities, $5,130.
RACHEL B. LEWINSON, 49 West Forty-fourth Street; liabilities, $4,783.
JOHN MONAGHAN, clerk, 1,042 Morris Avenue; liabilities, $10,040.
JOHN A. POLHEMUS, insurance broker, 230 West 107th Street; liabilities, $30,994.
JOSEPH SIRAGUSA, 339 East 112th Street, formerly meat; liabilities, $1,454.
WILLIAM D. KORTLANG, cafe, 415 Lexington Avenue; liabilities, $26,973.

JUDGMENTS.

These judgments were filed yesterday in New York County, the first name being that of the debtor:

Albert, Isaac, and Abraham Goldberg—J. Wender et al., $179.
American West Indies Trading Co.—J. Rosenstadt, $5,571.
Braunstein, Jacob—J. D. Bergen Co., $125.
Bolte, Frederick—A. Ulrich, $307.
Breitman, Samuel—H. Koehler & Co., $542.
Blaustein, Rosie, and Lena Kamen—People, &c., $500.
Bath, William, and Alfred Rocco—W. McCallum, $345.
Bailey, Horace G.—N. Sumergrade, $220.
Cohen, Myer—R. Cohen, $242.
Condict, Silas A.—A. M. Smith, $501.
Corey, Geo. H., ex'r, and Charles R. Sickles—R. C. Turnbull, $966.
Carroll, Ralph W. and Wm. G.—V. T. Carroll, $3,695.
Carroll, Pierre J.—J. J. Cuddy, $206.
Cash, Wm. C. and Christopher W.—W. Rich, $162.
City of N. Y.—P. Kean, $860.
David, Wm. G.—O. Schmeid et al., $3,081.
Echauri, Vincent, adm.—T. F. Quinlan, $126.
Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank—J. S. Mang, ex'r, $77,491.
Fleischmann, Gustav J.—Underpinning and Foundation Co., $2,606.
Fisher, Robert L.—F. E. Fisher, costs, $115.
Federal Mail and General Express Co.—I. Goldstein, $4,131.
Feinberg, Benjamin—Sidney B. Bowman Automobile Co., $183.
Fleischer, Standislaus F.—J. W. Hamblet, $135.
Frenz, George—Lang & Co., $321.
Fuehrmann, Henry T. J.—J. R. Clarke et al., $965.
Flushing Poultry Co.—L. J. Schwab, $324.
Garofalo, Vincent—N. Levine, $73.
Greenberg, Minnie—Title Guarantee and Trust Co., $174.
Gardner Crusher Co.—W. Seafert, $149.
George Sykes, Inc.—Weisz & Co., Inc., $139.
Greenbaum, Arthur S.—B. Altman & Co., $102.
Gluck, Ada—B. Racine, $102.
Geiger, Nathan—A. J. Bates & Co., $2,519.
Holt, Leonard—I. Weibader, $103.
Herrmann, John—H. E. Van Horne, $489.
Hood, Archer L., and Caroline Lindner—T. S. Evans et al., $112.
Himmel, Jacob—Chelsea Distributing Co., Inc., $140.
Hensel, George L.—M. Pocrass, $150.
Hyatt, Mary—C. Ewald et al., $139.
James F. McElvaney Contracting Co.—Broadway Trust Co., $113.
Hurwitz, Samuel A.—Public Bank of New York, $214.
Jay, Jong Man—Childs Co., $2,033.
Jacobs, Harold—P. Meyer, $321.
Kaplan, Joseph—M. Mittenthal et al., $187.
Kennedy, Mary—G. Foley, $376.
Kluga, Felix—Levine Brothers, $112.
Leckenbusch, Otto—Meyer & Nelson, $119.
Lowerre, Seaman—D. W. O'Connor, $362.
Londino, William & Saverio Gallo—Broadway Trust Co., $6,346.
Lowenthal, Adele R.—Oppenheim, Collins & Co., $184.
Lippe, Vincent & Jerome Court, Inc.—Title Guarantee and Trust Co., $248.
Loeser, Charles P.—W. Zeegeler et al., $7,854.
Motokart Co.—M. Teitelbaum, $541.
Masson, Thomas—E. V. Harman, $236.
McDonough, Joseph—Central Brewing Co. of New York, $208.
Myers, Jerome A.—L. Stadecker, $270.
McMullen, Snare & Triest, Inc.—W. Slaviz, $2,937.
Mosher, George A. and Bertha A.—Burns Brothers, $106.
Nassau Electric R. R. Co.—C. Futoransky, $2,636.
Panama R. R. Co.—R. Tuttle, $100.
Progressive Circuit, Inc.—W. Maxey, $555.
Parisi, Giovanni and Josephine—New York Trust Co., $8,522.
Pollack, David and Henry—B. Shifrin, $241.
Rinhard, Arthur F.—Peter H. Reilly & Bro. Co., $406.
Ruttenberg, Clarkson R.—E. W. Browning, $112.
Raskin, Rudolph, and Abraham Gatti—McQuade Co., $837.
Rimouski Fire Ins. Co.—R. Nathan, $1,447.
Schwartz, Morris—J. N. Kark et al., $165.
Samuel Mindheim Co.—B. P. Ducas Co., $156.
Smith, Elliott C.—A. P. Lathrop, costs, $108.
Swanson, Alfred—J. J. Bonneua Co., $4,885.
Schiller, Andrew—F. W. Wurster & Co., costs, $106.
Schwartz, Julius J.—I. Feinberg et al., $148.
Same—L. Levin et al., $173.
Solomon, Emil and Morris—C. E. Heyman, $270.
Saladino, John, and Giuseppe Cacioppe—Mayer Ice Machine and Engineering Co., $344.
Schramm, Herman—J. Schramm, $460.
Thomoschefsky, Boris, Jacob P. Adler, and Joseph Edelstein—Warheit Pub. Co., $470.
Trotek, Mary, and Bertrand Soubia O.—People, &c., $500.
Werba, Louis F.—J. Hart, $1,000.
Whish, Ralph B.—United Distillers Co., $180.
Walmsley, Elizabeth R.—E. R. Van Sickles et al., $415.
Zonis, Morris—J. Baron et al., $111.

Bronx County.

Brener, Samuel—General Oven Co., $985.
Braunstein, Jacob—J. D. Bergen Co., $125.
Dasheff, Morris—H. Roman et al., $100.
Miller, Sophie—C. Westerfield, $765.
Quinlan, Ellen Mary—C. A. O'Shea, $1,188.

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor and date when judgment was filed:

Collman, Gerhardt—B. K. Bloch, May 24, 1907, $382.
Daly, Arnold—G. W. Lawrence et al., Dec. 14, 1914, $183.
Same—E. Wrzniewski, Dec. 14, 1914, $281.
Guggolz, William, William Guggolz Construction Co.—C. O. Harms, May 18, 1913, $283.
Protzman, Albert H. W.—I. A. Bingham, Oct. 28, 1913, $151.
Rosenwasser, Harry, and Joachim S. Van Wezel—A. E. Freise, May 28, 1914, $4,198.
Macdonald, Charles—Frank Lennon Co., Dec. 26, 1914, (vacated,) $740.
Guggolz, William, William Guggolz Construction Co., Sophia Halpin, and Charles Guggolz—J. Wieser et al., Dec. 8, 1913, $1,270.
McCoy, Roger S., and George Conboy—N. Marks, June 28, 1901, $164.
Third Avenue Railroad Co.—A. A. Knight, Nov. 30, 1914, $2,646.
Same—S. A. Knight, Nov. 30, 1914.
Witkin, Harris—T. Nesteruk, June 16, 1914, $2,818.
Same—Same, Dec. 22, 1914, $117.
Richardson, Press—J. B. Vandergrift, April 28, 1914, (reversed,) $129.

In Bronx County.

Brinckmann, Annette and Henry—L. M. Tiemann, Feb. 17, 1914, $267.

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SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—SOLOMON SCHINASI, Plaintiff, against SARAH F. SULLIVAN, Lawrence Mulligan, Harriet Mulligan, Margaret Hickey, Irene Summers, Charles S. Summers, Timothy Summers, Olive Ryan; Patrick H. Sullivan, and Lawrence Mulligan, as Executors of the estate of Timothy D. Sullivan, deceased; Patrick H. Sullivan and Samuel Kraus, doing business as Sullivan & Kraus; Jacob Wiener, William Fox, Abraham L. Erlanger, The Title Guaranty and Surety Company, National Surety Company, Aetna Indemnity Company, Maurice Deiches, as Receiver of the Aetna Indemnity Company; William T. Emmet and Peter J. Collins, as Receivers of Peoples Surety Company; United Surety Company, Edwin W. Poe, Stuart S. Janney, Ernest J. Clark, and J. Kemp Bartlett, as Receivers of the United Surety Company; National District Telegraph Company, The City of New York, Young Brothers & Boss, David J. Heffner, John J. Pillion, Charles Halper, The National Printing and Engraving Company, Julius W. Stolts, as President of J. & J. W. Stolts; Herman L. Reis, United States Lithograph Company, Robert F. Rasmussen, The Century Bank of The City of New York, The Locomobile Company of America, Armour & Company, Joseph Seeman, Sigel W. Seeman, Sylvan L. Stix, and Carl Seeman, The J. & M. Haffen Brewing Company, Josiah B. Tisdale, The Eastern Brewing Company, James R. English, as Trustee of the Eastern Brewing Company, bankrupt; The Gillin Printing Company, Timothy J. Hayes, as Trustee of the Gillin Printing Company, bankrupt; Carey Show Print Co., Blanc Realty Company, Mabel Hazelton, Jack Pritchard, Samuel Jacobs, Louis Stern, Morris Drieblatt, Morris Mann and Daniel Wolkowsky, The Courier Company of Buffalo, James F. Hannigan, Allen Advertising Agency, Robert M. Boggs, Kahn Stern Company, Max Simowich, Townsend Morgan, as administrator of the estate of Bankson T. Morgan, deceased; Joseph Mack, Darcey & Wolford, The Northern Bank of New York, James Jordan, Richard E. Moriarty and Mary A. Moriarty, trading under the firm name and style of Jordan, Moriarty & Co., William B. Richards, William Roberts, Max Mandel, William R. Adams, John Glover, New York Telephone Company, Rose Kraus, Jennie Feinstein, Masse Lasky, H. Linsley Johnson, as Trustee in Bankruptcy of the estate of Oscar M. Lipton, deceased; H. G. Vogel Company, David Kraus and Fanny Kraus, as executor and executrix of the estate of George J. Kraus, deceased; John Z. Lowe, as Temporary Receiver of the co-partnership of Sullivan & Kraus; William B. Ellison, as Receiver of the estate of Timothy D. Sullivan, deceased, Defendants.—Amended Summons.

To the above-named defendants, and each of them:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorneys within twenty (20) days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated New York, September 3, 1914.
HORWITZ & ROSENSTEIN, Plaintiff's Attorneys. Office and Post Office Address, 346 Broadway, Manhattan, N. Y. City.

To Sarah F. Sullivan, Harriet Mulligan, Margaret Hickey, Irene Summers, Charles S. Summers, and Timothy Summers:—

The foregoing amended summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, New York County, signed by Hon. Joseph E. Newburger, a justice of the said court, dated the 16th day of December, 1914, and filed on that day with the complaint, amended complaint and the second amended complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, the complaint having been filed in said office on September 3d, 1914, the amended complaint having been filed in said office on September 23, 1914, and the second amended complaint having been filed in said office on the 9th day of December, 1914.

Dated New York, December 17th, 1914.
HORWITZ & ROSENSTEIN,
Plaintiff's Attorneys,
Office and P. O. address, No. 346 Broadway,
Manhattan Borough, N. Y.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

WENDEL, JOHN G.—SURROGATE'S Court, Westchester County.—In the matter of the application for letters of administration upon the estate of JOHN G. WENDEL, deceased.

To the creditors of the estate of John G. Wendel, deceased:

Please take notice that Ella V. von E. Wendel and Rebecca A. D. Wendel Swope, the petitioners herein, intend to apply to the Surrogate's Court of the County of Westchester for letters of administration upon the goods, chattels, and credits of John G. Wendel, deceased, with a limited and modified bond, pursuant to the provisions of Section 2,591 of the Code of Civil Procedure of the State of New York; and you and each of you are hereby notified and required by virtue of the aforesaid provisions of Section 2,591 of the said Code, and in pursuance of the order made for that purpose by the Hon. William A. Sawyer, Surrogate, dated December 18th, 1914, to present any and all claims that you may have against John G. Wendel, late of the County of Westchester, deceased, to the Surrogate's Court of the County of Westchester, in the County Court House in the Village of White Plains, Westchester County, New York, on or before January 25th, 1915, at or after which time the penalty of the bond to be given by the petitioners to whom letters of administration herein shall be granted is to be fixed by the said Surrogate.

Dated New York, December 19th, 1914.
BURLOCK E. RABELL,
Attorney for Petitioners.
Office and Post Office address, No. 38 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Bronx Apartment House Sold to an Investor for Cash—Deal in the Times Square Section—Tenement Property in Demand—New Apartment Houses Planned.

Apartment house investments, which have been a prominent feature in the Bronx realty market during the last few weeks, furnished another good deal yesterday, which is interesting at this time from the fact that it was an all-cash transaction. The property sold was the new five-story house at 895 Beck Street, covering a plot 75 by 100 and irregular, between Tiffany Street and Intervale Avenue.

It was sold by Alexander Selkin for the Absar Realty Company, of which Abraham Weissman is President, to a client for investment. The sellers recently completed a row of four apartment houses in that locality, of which the structure just sold was one, and all have now been purchased by investors, three of them being clients of Mr. Selkin.

Park Avenue Apartment Sale.

The twelve-story apartment house at 929 and 931 Park Avenue, 51.1 feet south of Eighty-first Street, on the east side, was sold in the Vesey Street room at foreclosure by D. P. Ingraham & Co. It was bought in for $294,720 by John C. O'Neill, Walter S. Thomson, and Jacob Powel, parties in interest.

The incumbrances, including a mortgage of $265,000, amounted to about $347,000. The action was brought by Pollack & O'Neill against the 929 Park Avenue Company.

Increase Times Square Holdings.

James P. and John L. Knight have increased their holdings in the Times Square section by the purchase of the three-story stable building, occupying a lot 25 by 100, at 136 West Fiftieth Street. W. B. Dismore is the owner of record. J. B. English was the broker in the transaction.

Deal on West 28th Street.

The Duross Company has sold the four-story brownstone house 335 West Twenty-eighth Street for Aaron Brown to a client, who will occupy it.

The property is a perpetual leasehold, the ground rent being based on a new appraisal made every twenty-one years.

Tenement Property in Demand.

Abraham Siegel has purchased for investment from Barnet & Nathan, 419 and 421 East Twenty-second Street, two four-story tenements on a plot 62.6 by 98.9. Brooklyn property was given in part payment by the buyer.

Herman Rehr sold to Annis & Sinnot, operators, the five-story tenement, occupying a plot 36.5 by 100, on the southeast corner of St. Nicholas Avenue and 178th Street. M. I. Strunsky & Co. negotiated the sale.

An investor has purchased from Esther M. Dryfoos 218 and 220 East Eightieth Street, two five-story flats, on plot 50 by 102.2, between Second and Third Avenues.

Brooklyn.

George R. Meeker has sold to a client of the Bulkley & Horton Company, for occupancy, 183 Hancock Street, a three-story and basement brownstone dwelling.

Long Island.

Joseph F. Negreen of Manhattan has purchased from the Pennsylvania Railroad (Stuyvesant Realty Company) a plot 36 by 92, corner Hulst and Skillman Avenues, Long Island City. The same buyer also purchased at the partition held by William Karle, referee, two lots on Lenox Avenue, near Roosevelt Avenue, (elevated railroad,) Winfield.

$48,000 Queens Loan Placed.

James B. Thomas has procured for a client a building and permanent loan of $48,000 on two five-story brick apartment dwellings to be erected on the west side of Third Avenue, 250 feet north of Jamaica Avenue. Each house will have a frontage of 38 feet and will contain 25 apartments of three rooms and bath each.

New Buildings Planned.

Plans have been completed by L. F. J. Weiher for an eight-story, 25 by 100-foot annex to the Ritz Realty Company's new building at 12 and 14 West Forty-sixth Street. The same architect is also preparing plans for a five-story flat-house to be built by Jacob Bluestein on a plot 87.6 by 100 on the north side of Kelly Street, 125 feet north of 163d Street, to cost $100,000.

Plans have been filed in the Department of Buildings by C. P. H. Gilbert, architect, for extensive alterations to the residence of H. T. Parson, 1071 Fifth Avenue. The building will have a new front facade of limestone. The interior of the house will be rearranged and in the rear will be built an extension and a conservatory.

Plans have been completed by Gronenberg and Leuchtag for a six-story apartment-house to be erected by the Williams Building Corporation on a plot 50 by 100.11, on the south side of 118th Street, 100 feet west of Seventh Avenue. The structure is estimated to cost $65,000.

Shampan & Shampan have completed plans for a high-class apartment-house to be erected on the site known as North Side of Lafayette Avenue, 150 feet east of Throop Avenue. A. N. Bernstein is owner.

Commercial Leases.

L. J. Phillips & Co. leased for a long term of years to the Naegeli Furniture Company for Charles C. Marshall a proposed building, two stories and basement, to be erected shortly, on plot 40 by 100 feet, at 623 and 625 West 181st Street, near St. Nicholas Avenue.

George R. Read & Co. leased the five-story and basement building at 225 and 227 East Thirty-sixth Street, between Second and Third Avenues, for Elsa A. Beckel of Brooklyn, to the Paper Novelty Manufacturing Company, which recently lost its plant on East Forty-eighth Street by fire. The building contains 40,000 square feet and was rented for ten years, from Feb. 1, 1915, at an aggregate rental of $72,000. A sprinkler system will be installed and the structure generally altered to meet the tenants' requirements.

Daniel Birdsall & Co., Inc., have leased the store, basement, sub-basement, and first loft, 50 by 90 feet, 56 and 58 Murray Street, for the Murray Realty Company, for a term of years to the Sickels-Loder Company for the hardware business.

Frederick Winant has leased the stable at 335-41 West Sixteenth Street, a five-story building, on lot 100 by 92, for Edward H. Landon to the Seventh Avenue Contracting Company, Inc., a newly incorporated company having contracts in connection with the building o fthe Seventh Avenue Subway.

Realty Notes.

Plans have been filed for installing a gallery in the Winter Garden, at Broadway, northeast corner of Fiftieth Street. The cost is placed at $30,000 by the architect, William A. Swasey.

The nineteenth annual dinner of the Real Estate Board of New York will be held at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel on Saturday evening, Feb. 6.

At the annual meeting of the Bronx Chamber of Commerce, held on Dec. 26, the following officers were elected for 1915: Albert E. Davis, President; John C. Walworth, First Vice President; H. Gerald Chapin, Second Vice President; Charles Ullman, Third Vice President; Joseph M. Taylor, Secretray; Joseph E. Dobbs, Treasurer, and Louis F. Stumpf, Counsellor.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.
By D. P. Ingraham & Co.

Park Av, 929 and 931, e s, 51.1 ft s of 81st St, 53.3x100, twelve-story apartment house; Pollack & O'Neill against 929 Park Avenue Co. et al.; F. A. O'Neill, attorney; Phoenix Ingraham, referee; due, $75,848.06; taxes, &c., $5,948.90; subject to a mortgage of $265,000; to John C. O'Neill, Walter S. Thomson, and Jacob Pawel, parties in interest, for $294,720.

By Joseph P. Day.

St. Nicholas Av, s w corner of 177th St, 99.11 x100, vacant; adjourned to Jan. 27.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

EDWD. CORNING PRES. CHAS. F. BERGER C.E. V. PRES.
EDWARD CORNING CO.
BUILDERS
100 WM. ST. NEW YORK

TODAY'S AUCTION SALES.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.
By Joseph P. Day.

83d St, 4 West, s s, 100 ft w of Central Park West, 18x102.2, three-story dwelling; M. J. McCoy against Yosta Rosenberg et al.; H. M. Bellinger, Jr., attorney; J. F. McLoughlin, referee; due, $15,913.54; taxes, &c., $790.

10th Av, s e corner of 211th St, 99.11x100, vacant; J. M. Rice against Apthorpe Co.; C. B. Augustine, attorney; R. A. Seligmann, referee; due, $19,106.75; taxes, &c., $475.

By Herbert A. Sherman.

Lexington Av, 196, s w corner of 32d St, 23.8x80, four-story tenement and stores; W. L. Condit against Louis Levine et al.; Elkus, G. & P., attorneys; Albert Ritchie, referee; due, $41,755.09; taxes, &c., $806.70.

By Henry Brady.

East Broadway, 234, n s, 164.10 ft e of Clinton St, 23.10x107.8 to Division St, (22,) x 23.10x107.8, two three-story tenements and stores; American Savings Bank against Bertha Kremer et al.; Irwin & O., attorneys; R. L. Stanton, referee; due, $35,196.41; taxes, &c., $2,605.47.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

Forsyth St, 39 and 39½, w s, 92.8 ft n of Canal St, 32.9x100, five-story stable; Samuel Wacht against Dora Frankenstein et al.; Arnstein & L., attorneys; Albt Ritchie, referee; due, $8,346.48; taxes, &c., $91.60.

By Samuel Goldsticker.

11th St, 329 and 331 East, n s, 225.4 ft w of 1st Av, 50x107.4x irregular, tenement and stores; Anna Rosenblum against Abraham Rosenblum et al.; F. B. Chedsey, attorney; W. C. Arnold, referee; due, $5,997.60; taxes, &c., $44.70; subject to prior mortgage of $49,000.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.
By Henry Brady.

187th St, 764 East, s s, 26 ft e of Prospect Av, 34.2x70, four-story tenement; M. A. Bucking against Mary Peterson et al.; E. P. Orrell, Jr., attorney; H. N. French, referee; due, $16,034.86; taxes, &c., $582.

Unionport Road, w s, 71 ft n of Meade St, 52.1x114.4x irregular; Bronx Borough Bank against Rosa Maurer et al., Action 2; B. F. Gerding, attorney; E. A. McShane, referee; due, $4,864.26; taxes, &c., $1,336.79; subject to two prior mortgages of $15,000.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

Hughes Av, 2,017, w s, 41.11 ft n of 179th St, 32.10x85.8, four-story tenement; Charles P. Buckley et al., trustees, against M. E. John et al.; W. W. Buckley, attorney; J. C. Brady, referee; due, $17,275.79; taxes, &c., $737.20.

By James L. Wells Company.

Olinville Av, e s, 200 ft s of 213th St, 50x 95.10; Alice McGreevy against J. G. Kennedy et al.; Williamson & B., attorneys; C. E. Moore, referee; due, $809.47; taxes, &c., $964.82.

By Joseph P. Day.

Interior lot, 100 ft w of Dawson St and about 235 ft n of 156th St, —x—, vacant; William Mehlich against G. F. Johnson et al.; A. & H. Bloch, attorneys; B. J. Isecke, referee; due, $478.56; taxes, &c., $54.30.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

50th St, n s, between Broadway and 7th Av, to a one-story theatre; Winter Garden Co., 1,640 Broadway, owner; W. A. Swasey, 47 West 34th St, architect; cost, $30,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

MONDAY, DEC. 28.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

CLAREMONT AV, w s, 900 ft n of 122d St, 25x100; Grace T. Van Norden to Edith T. Bates, 71 West 11th St, Nov. 23; attorney, James Talcott, 225 4th Av..........$1

FORT WASHINGTON AV, w s, 100 ft s of 170th St, runs w 98.5x s 106.7x s e 113.11 to av x n w 13.3x n on curve 95.10 to beginning, except part for 169th St; 114th Street Construction Co. to Isidor Reis, 608 Lenox Av, (mtg $178,000,) all liens, Dec. 24; attorney, Samuel I. Goldberg, 37 Liberty St......$100

LEXINGTON AV, 1,626 and 1,628, w s, 100.11 ft n of 102d St, 44.11x100, (foreclosure Dec. 11;) Frank Cochrane, referee, to Lexington Av. and 142d St. Co., 331 Madison Av, (mtg $30,000,) Dec. 28..........$650

LUDLOW ST, 40, e s, 125.6 ft n of Hester St, 25.3x87.6; Abram C. Weingarten to Jacob H. Hirschkowitz, 140 Rivington St, (mtg $28,000,) Dec. 7..........$100

MAIDEN LANE, 131, n s, 20.9 ft w of Water St, 19.7x55.4x20.10x55; No. 4 West 57th Street Co. to Rexton Realty Co., 37 Liberty St, (mtg $15,000,) C. A. G., all liens, Dec. 28; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..........$100

8TH AV, 464, e s, 49.4 ft n of 33d St, 24.8x 100; Macdonald De Witt, referee, to Emma H. Ellsworth, 81 West Hazelton Av, Rahway, N. J., Dec. 23; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway..........$25

SAME PROPERTY; Emma H. Ellsworth to Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway, (mtg $45,000,) Dec. 23; attorney, same..........$1

8TH AV, 30-32, e s, 81.7 ft s of Jane St, 39.9x irregular; Rice McDonald to Claude N. Comstock, at Albany, Mo., 1-24 part, Aug. 12..........$700

17TH ST, 110 West, s s, 175 ft w of 6th Av, 25x92; Jeannette K. Harris to No. 4 West 57th Street Co., 30 Pine St, (mtg $45,000,) C. A. G., all liens, Dec. 28; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..........$100

47TH ST, 407 West, n s, 105 ft w of 9th Av, 20x100.5; Isabella L. Beekman et al. to Philip Levey, 258 West 34th St, Nov. 27; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway..........$100

SAME PROPERTY; Joseph Bayley to same, all title, Nov. 27; same attorney..........$100

SAME PROPERTY; Philip Levey to Ellen S. Hoetzer, 2,397 8th Av, Dec. 26; same attorney..........$1

50TH ST, 533 West, n s, 425 ft w of 10th Av, 25x100.5; Frederick Krey to August H. Eicke, Town of Union, Hudson Co., N. J., (mtg $13,000,) Nov. 3; attorney, C. B. Herman, 650 Bergenline Av, West New York, N. J..........$1

87TH ST, s s, 130 ft w of Central Park West, 20x100.8; Arthur V. Gwynne and another, as guardians of Anna R. Gwynne, to Cettie G. Shepherd, 16 East 69th St, guardian of Abram E., Josephine C., Beatrice A., and A. and Henry C. Gwynne, all title, B. and S., Dec. 24; attorney, A. P. Bachman, 52 Wall St..........$6,000

97TH ST, s s, 182 ft e of Columbus Av, 19x 100.11; Mary C. Hendrick to Jerry D. Toomey, 130 Claremont Av, Mount Vernon, N. Y., (mtg $16,000,) Nov. 6; attorney, Albert F. Gescheidt, 65 4th Av, Mount Vernon, N. Y..........$1

122D ST, 102 East, s s, 90 ft e of Park Av, 22.6x100.4, (foreclosure Dec. 4;) Frederick C. Hunter, referee, to Knollwood Park Co., 22 East 42d St, Dec. 28; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..........$3,500

134TH ST, 206 West, s s, 118 ft w of 7th Av, 17x99.11; Simon J. Harding to Joseph L. Goodman, 1,359 Lyman Place, Dec. 23; attorney, M. L. Shaine, 350 Broadway...$1

Bronx.

BAINBRIDGE AV, s e s, 47 ft n e of 184th St, 25x127; Elizabeth Geisendorfer and another, by guardian, to Wilker Realty Co., Inc., 1,281 Franklin Av, Dec. 24; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$920

SAME PROPERTY; Charles J. Geisendorfer to same, Dec. 26; attorney, same..........$1

SAME PROPERTY; Mary J. Sellach et al to same, Dec. 24; attorney, same..........$1

BOSTON ROAD, 1,038, e s, 70x112.5; Gramont Construction Co., Inc., to Philip K. Sweet, Westwood, N. J., (mtg $55,000,) Dec. 21; attorneys, Campbell & B., 51 Chambers St..........$1

CLINTON PLACE, s s, 50 ft w of Grand Av, 25x100; Anna H. Leonhardt and another to Charles F. G. Leonhardt, 114 West 190th St, et al, Dec. 21; attorney, Louis Wendel, 277 Broadway..........$100

HEATH AV, n e corner of 230th St, 75x104.2; Harry Cahn et al. to Frank Willetts, 1,887 Vyse Av, (mtg $5,500,) Dec. 22; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$100

LOT 72, map of Thompson-Rose estate; Domenico Paladino to William J. Thompson, 1,701 Bassing Av, Dec. 28; attorney, George McCauslan, 41 Park Row..........$250

LOT 132, map of Pearsall estate; Harry Sado to Solomon Sado, 776 Prospect Av, (mtg $507.50,) Dec. 26; attorney, Solomon Sado, 776 Prospect Av..........$100

LOT 6, Block 3,119, tax map; Joseph R. Truesdale (referee) to Wertheim Realty Co., 149 Broadway, Dec. 21; attorneys, Stern & R., 149 Broadway..........$350

LOTS 713, 739, 740, 741, and 742, map of Gleason property; Michael Scholtz et al. to Daniel J. Kelly, Daytona, Fla., (mtg $1,150,) Dec. 8; attorneys, Scholtz & A., 390 Smith St, Brooklyn..........$1

LOTS 6, 34, 7, 33, 8, and 32, Parcel 28, map of William B. Ogden; Vincent C. Pepe to Michael E. Pepe, 38 King St, ½ part, April 27; attorneys, Pepe Brothers, 40 South Washington Square..........$1

LOTS 11 and 12, Block 26, map of Pelham Park; Edward I. McDermott to Martha Ferguson, Waterbury, Conn., Nov. 15; attorney, A. K. Mulligan, 461 East Tremont Av.$1

SAME PROPERTY; Caroline Bosholz to same, Nov. 16; same attorney..........$100

MAPES AV, s e s, 851.1 ft n e of Tremont Av, 66.1x150.2; Gertrude F. Glennon to Sarah Langan, 2,064 Mapes Av, (mtg $16,000,) Dec. 21; attorney, James Langan, 397 Fulton St, Brooklyn..........$1

MOHEGAN AV, n w s, being Lot 226, map of East Tremont, also Crotona Parkway, s e s, being part of Lot 188, same map, 25x0.5, also Crotona Av, e s, 84.11 ft n of 180th St, 0.6x75.1; Edith A. Reiffert to Irwin Untermeyer, 6 West 70th St, ¼ part, Dec. 21; attorneys, Stern & R., 149 Broadway....$1

MONTEREY AV, s w corner of 178th St, 100x 20; Maria A. Bergensten to Lena Cohen, 4,242 3d Av, (mtg $7,500,) Dec. 28; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$100

OGDEN AV, w s, 275 ft s of 167th St, 25x 163; Sadie K. Schmidt to Vincent Canovito, Lakewood, N. J., (mtg $1,500,) Dec. 19; attorney, Thomas Hooker, 309 Broadway...$50

VALENTINE AV, n w corner of 184th St, 81.4x190.2; Petit Building Co., Inc., to Andrew Beehmann, 660 East 170th St, Dec. 22; attorney, Guarantee and Title Co., 176 Broadway..........$1

SAME PROPERTY; Ida A. Lemon, individually and executrix, to same, correction deed, Dec. 23; same attorney..........$1

135TH ST, s s, 134.6 ft e of St. Ann's Av, 18x100; Charles F. Kehoe to Evelyn K. Kehoe, 565 Park Av, 1-6 part, Dec. 22; attorney, Henry Kuntz, 61 Park Row.....$100

138TH ST, 615 and 617 East, n s, 37.6x100; Charles A. Rosen to Bertha Michaels, 1,076 Teller Av, (mtg $50,000,) May 7; attorney, Herman Knepper, 4,054 3d Av..........$100

149TH ST, s s, 154.7 ft w of 3d Av, 50x106.6; Henry L. Morris et al. to George F. Moody, 631 West 148th St, (mtg $50,000,) Dec. 21; attorney, J. C. Davies, 149th St and 3d Av. $100

170TH ST, 602 West, s s, 18.11x124; Anna H. Leonhardt and another to Charles F. G. Leonhardt, 114 West 190th St, et al., Dec. 2; attorney, Louis Wendel, 277 Broadway....$1

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

AVENUE B, e s, 68.11 ft n of 11th St, 17.2x 71; Rose B. Greenberg to Sarah Davidoff, 10 East 110th St, Dec. 23, prior mtg $8,500, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, M. Davidoff, 10 East 110th St..........$600

FORT WASHINGTON AV, w s, 100 ft s of 170th St, 95.10x—; Isidor Reis to 114th Street & 7th Avenue Construction Co., 1,884 7th Av, prior mtg $166,000, installments, 6 p. c., Dec. 24; attorneys, Kantrowitz & E., 320 Broadway..........$12,000

7TH AV, 2,140, n w corner of 127th St, 29.11x84.11; Frank Windholz to Hy. Wollmann, 1 West 70th St, Dec. 26, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway..........$24,000

7TH AV, n e corner of 31st St, 33.9x60; Catherine Getzger to Katherine L. Menser, 182 Prospect Place, Brooklyn, due as per bond, Dec. 28; attorney, Thomas J. Farrell, 20 Vesey St..........$10,000

17TH ST, s s, 165 ft w of 6th Av, 25x92; Jeannette K. Harris to Samuel Kempner and another, 88 East 75th St, Dec. 28, due Jan. 1, 1918; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway..........$45,000

47TH ST, n s, 155 ft w of 9th Av, 20x100.5; Ellen S. Hoetzer to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, due as per bond, Dec. 26..........$5,000

105TH ST, s s, 139.7 ft e of Manhattan Av, 17x100.11; Thomas J. Clark to James A. Clynes, Jersey City, N. J., Dec. 26, prior mtg $8,000, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Knox & D., 27 Cedar St..........$2,000

122D ST, s s, 90 ft e of Park Av, 22.6x100.11; Knollwood Park Co. to Peter S. Bogart and another, trustees, 2d Av and 74th St, Brooklyn, 3 years, 5½ p. c., Dec. 28; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway....$3,500

Bronx.

HEATH AV, n e corner of 230th St, 75x 104.2; Frank Willetts to Harry Cahn, 2,540 Grand Av, et al., Dec. 28, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$1,350

MONTEREY AV, s w corner of 178th St, 100 x20; Lena Cohn to Maria A. Bergensten, 522 East 149th St, prior mtg $7,500, Dec. 28, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..........$6,000

VALENTINE AV, n w corner of 184th St, 81.4x190.2; Andrew Bechmann to Jacob Wicks, Jr., 701 Madison Av, Dec. 24, due July 1, 1915, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway..$65,000

RECORDED LEASES.

Manhattan.

With name and address of lessee.

AVENUE A, 1,679, s store, floor, and cellar; John Reinhardt to Hy Fleck, 1,679 Avenue A, 5 years from March 1, 1915; attorney, Hy G. Leist, 204 East 86th St..........$384

PIER, NEW, 22 North River, with bulkhead; City of New York to Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Co., 2 Wall St., 10 years from Jan. 1, 1914; attorney, Corporation Counsel..........$63,472

WILLIAM ST, 198, stand in front; William L. Kurtze to Athanassios Maniotis, 198 William St, 4 years from July 1, 1915; attorney, John D. Stephanidis, 27 William St. $1,350

23D ST, East River to Greenpoint Av, Brooklyn, franchise to operate ferry; City of New York to Interborough-23d Street Ferry Co., foot of Greenpoint, Brooklyn, 10 years, from May 1, 1915; attorney, Corporation Counsel..........$7,500

39TH ST, North River, 300 ft of n s of pier, foot of 39th St, 150x—; City of New York to Butchers' Dressed Meat Co., 495 11th Av, 9 3-12 years from Jan. 1, 1915; attorney, Corporation Counsel..........$3,712

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

BOWERY, 93; Oriental Fire Proof Sash and Door Co. against Mary R. Goelet and George G. De Witt, executors, owners; H. Engelberg, contractor..........$25

WILLETT ST, 20 and 22, and Broome St, 114; Nathan Rosenbaum against Life Estate of Solomon Kutner, Benjamin, Mor, Jacob, and Harry Kutner, and Hannah Solomon and Ruth Chambers, owners; Solomon Kutner, contractor..........$127

3D AV, 1,892 and 1,894; H. A. Bergers Metal Ceiling and Fireproofing Co., Inc., against John Beckerman and John Israel, owners; King & Salkin, contractors..........$215

46TH ST, 216 West; William H. Kroefke against Annie Moore, owner and contractor. $1,342

85TH ST, 138 West; Harry H. Meeks against Adeline Widmeir, owner and contractor..$48

Bronx.

GRAND BOULEVARD AND CONCOURSE, 2,169; Joseph and Martha Mussgnug against Katharina Fendrich, owner; Bailey Contracting Co., contractors..........$69

HONEYWELL AV, 2,111; Henry G. Silleck, Jr., against Philip De Blasi, owner and contractor..........$170

WHITE PLAINS AV, 4,438; Cipolla Contracting Co. against Annie Prochaska, owner; Elvira and Alfonso Sellitto, contractors..........$170

199TH ST, n s, 70 ft e of Valentine Av, 30x 62.6; Julius C. Koechig against Grace Evan. Lutheran Church of Bedford Park, owner; August Hillers, contractor..........$252

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, 195; Grant Pulley & Hardware Co. against Western Union Telegraph Co. et al, Dec. 21, 1914, by bond..........$1,290

PARK AV, 555; Davis, Lahaney & Co., Inc., against Edinburgh Realty Corp. et al., Nov. 12, 1914..........$173

Bronx.

3D AV, 3,882; Angelo Restivo et al against Poseidon Realty Co., Inc., et al, Aug. 20, 1914, canceled..........$4,500

3D AV, 3,882; Angelo Restivo against Poseidon Realty Co., Inc., et al, Aug. 20, 1914, canceled..........$165

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

CHRISTOPHER ST, n s, between Weehawken and Washington Sts, Lot 33; Timothy Sexton against John M. Williams et al., (foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, L. F. Moynahan.

2D ST, 79 and 81 East; William Korn against Phillips Weeks Estate et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, A. M. Levy.

2D AV, 2,026; Moses Aufses against Villa Site Realty Co. et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, S. B. Lilienthal.

3D ST, n s, 201.4 ft w of Lewis St, 28x102x irregular; German Savings Bank in the City of N. Y. against Susanna Holzepfel et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, M. Auerbach.

3D ST, 329; German Savings Bank in the City of N. Y. against Philip Wendel et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, M. Auerbach.

16TH ST, 329 East; Rose Silva against Joseph Liebling et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Feiner & Maass.

28TH ST, 141 and 143 West; Altavista Holding Co. against Twenty-fifth Construction Co., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Simmons, Harris & Rofrano.

118TH ST, 68 and 70 East; Baron De Hirsch Fund against Fredericka Badt et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, M. S. & I. S. Issacs.

118TH ST, n s, 140 ft w of Park Av, 50x 100.11; Baron De Hirsch Fund against Myer Cohen et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, M. S. & I. S. Isaacs.

Bronx County.

EIGHTH ST, s s, 230 ft w of Avenue C, 25x 100; Louis Diebold, as executor, against Bridget A. Decker et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, C. C. Roberts.

FOREST AV, 736; William Sussdorf against Adolph Levy et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, C. J. Lane.

WINIFRED AV, n s, 100 ft w of Bronx River Road, 67.7x100; Gennaro Colonna et al. against Vito Remini et al., (action to compel specific performance of contract;) attorney, A. J. Romagna.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—In the matter of the General Assignment for the benefit of creditors of SAMUEL EVANS, ISRAEL EVANS & ABRAHAM ROSENGARTEN, trading as EVANS, ROSENGARTEN & CO. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned Assignee will sell at public auction, through Charles Shongood, Auctioneer, on Friday, the 8th day of Jan., 1915, at 10:30 A. M., at 101 Crosby St., Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, property and assets of the above estate, consisting of boys' suits, cotton and woolen piece goods, trimmings, linings, fixtures, Etc.

CHARLES E. SIGLER, Assignee.
LOWTHER, SMITH & RUSSELL, Attorneys for Assignee, 43 Cedar St., New York.

THE WAR AS IT PROCEEDS.

What led to the war, its progress, the opinions of the world's leading men on its developments and results, in The New York Times Current History of the War. Twice a month, 25c. a number. The New York Times History of the War, Times Square, New York City.—Advt.

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An Ideal All-Year Home—Near the Water
PLOT 100 FEET BY 171 FEET.
READY TO LIVE IN NOW—$6,000; VERY EASY TERMS.
Highest, Healthiest Climate Within Commuting Distance of New York
CONVENIENT TO EXPRESS STATION. 44 MIN. ON LACKAWANNA R. R.
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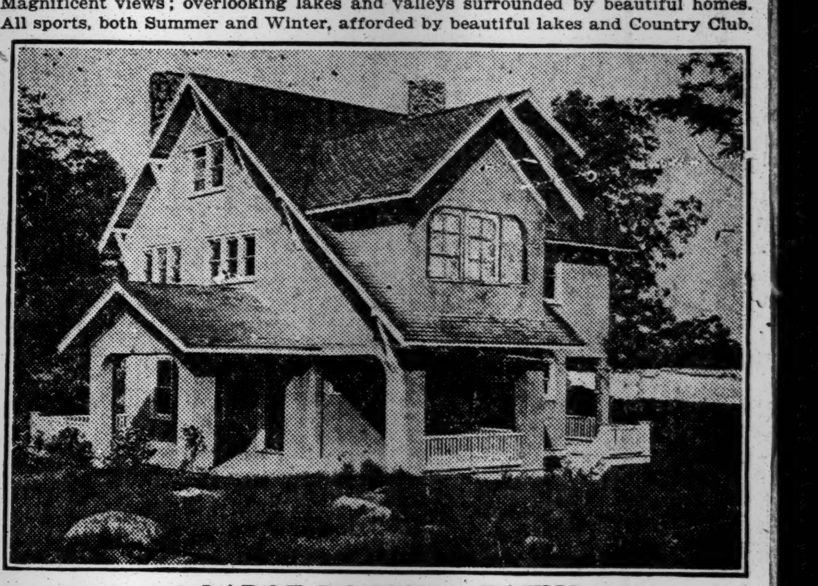

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Large living room, with open fireplace; dining-room; butler's pantry, kitchen; back and front stairway. Six large bedrooms and storage room. Huge veranda, open terraces, and sleeping porch; extra toilet, laundry, perfect heating plant in basement, all conveniences, including absolutely pure water. Parquet floors, electric light, beamed ceilings; walls beautifully panelled in hardwoods. For further particulars address—
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Inspection at any time. Caretaker on premises. Immediate possession.

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FIRST LOFT TO LET,
Size 26x75; freight elevator; possession at once; low rent.
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BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN District of New York—JOHN C. STEINMETZ, Bankrupt

Notice is hereby given that John C. Steinmetz bankrupt has filed his petition, dated December 14th, 1914, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, February 1st, 1915, at 10.30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, Dec. 28, 1914

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN District of New York—SAMUEL KOPELMAN, Bankrupt

Notice is hereby given that Samuel Kopelman bankrupt has filed his petition, dated December 19th, 1914, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, February 1st, 1915, at 10.30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, Dec. 28, 1914

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Southern District of New York.—CHARLES A. SHEIDY, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Charles A. Sheidy, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated December 17th, 1914, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, February 1st, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, Dec. 28, 1914.

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A CHARMING HOME.
Grand Central 35 minutes; dwelling 11 rooms, 3 baths, all modern improvements; garage; large grounds; trolley 2 blocks; station 10 minutes' walk; price $13,000. Fox Realty Company, 22 East 42nd St.

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West End Ave., Cor. 88th St.
SOUTHEAST CORNER
Absolutely Fireproof.
Attractive rental will be made to those leasing now.
6, 7 & 8 Rooms, 2 & 3 Baths.
Every Modern Appointment.
Apply Supt. on Premises.
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The OAKDALE
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36-38 W. 35th St.
NEAR 5TH AVE.
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318-328 WEST 51ST STREET.
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Very Attractive Elevator Apartments.
RENTS VERY REASONABLE.
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BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Southern District of New York.—ISIDOR ARONOW, ISRAEL ARONOW, and MAX ARONOW, individually and as co-partners, doing business under the firm name and style of I. Aronow & Sons, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Isidor Aronow, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated December 3rd, 1914, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, February 1st, 1915, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, Dec. 28, 1914.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOSEPH LIEBLING, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Tuesday, Dec. 29th, 1914, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 135 West 26th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of furs, manufactured and unmanufactured, skins, safe, office furniture, machines, tables, &c.

CHARLES S. PORTER, Receiver.
ROSENTHAL & HEERMANCE, Attorneys for Receiver, 2 Rector, New York.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—In the matter of the General Assignment for the benefit of creditors of B. BRUNET.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned Assignee will sell at public auction, through Charles Shongood, Auctioneer, on this day, Tuesday, the 29th day of December, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 B'way, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, property and assets of the above estate, consisting of millinery, hats, feathers, silks, velvet, &c.

MARCUS HELFAND, Assignee,
320 Broadway, N. Y. C.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—The temperature has moderated decidedly over the great central valleys and practically all districts to the eastward, but colder weather has again appeared over the Western Canadian Provinces.

An extensive area of low barometric pressure covers the plains States, and it has been attended by a general increase in cloudiness in interior districts and rains in the South Atlantic and Gulf States and local snows in the Northwest.

Indications are that the western disturbance will advance eastward and be attended by rains Tuesday throughout the East Gulf States, the lower Mississippi and Ohio Valleys and the South Atlantic States, and local rains and snows in the upper Mississippi Valley and the region of the Great Lakes. Rains will continue Wednesday in the South Atlantic States, while in the Mississippi Valley the weather will become fair on Wednesday. In the Middle Atlantic States and New England the weather will be threatening, with probably rain or snow Tuesday and Wednesday. Over the plains States and the Rocky Mountain and plateau regions the weather will be generally fair Tuesday and Wednesday, except that local snows are probable in the north Rocky Mountain region. The temperature will rise Tuesday throughout the Atlantic States, and it will fall Tuesday and Wednesday in the plains States and Wednesday in the Mississippi and Ohio Valleys and the lake region.

Winds along the North Atlantic Coast will be moderate to fresh variable Tuesday and Wednesday; Middle Atlantic Coast, fresh east; South Atlantic Coast, fresh east and southeast.

FORECASTS: TODAY AND WEDNESDAY.

Eastern New York—Threatening Tuesday; Wednesday, rain.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Probably rain Tuesday and Wednesday.

New England—Cloudy, warmer Tuesday; Wednesday, rain or snow.

Western New York—Fair, rain Tuesday; Wednesday, snow or rain and colder.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1913.	1914.		1913.	1914.
3 A. M.	20	24	4 P. M.	34	36
6 A. M.	21	24	6 P. M.	31	33
9 A. M.	21	26	9 P. M.	28	32
12 M.	27	30	11 P. M.	28	32

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 28; for the corresponding date last year it was 26; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 32.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 23; at 8 P. M. it was 33. Maximum temperature, 36 degrees at 3:40 P. M.; minimum, 20 degrees at 12:01 A. M. Humidity, 62 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 54 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.39 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.34 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M. Loss.

1:45—374 E. 143 St.; not given......Slight

3:59—887 Tiffany St.; Max Popiel......Slight

4:00—126 Hamilton Pl.; David Sivinson, Slight

4:00—100-124 W 25 St.; Saml. Pollak....$75

4:10—18-15 Goerck St.; Fisher Strauss..$50

5:33—554 W. 50 St.; Peter Jackson......Slight

7:40—165 Orchard St.; Sam Bruman..Slight

10:30—1,777 B'way; not given.........Slight

11:00—1,505 3 Av.; J. Rinz..............Slight

11:25—225 W. 15 St.; Lizzie Madden...Slight

11:40—87 E. 27 St.; Wm. Rosendorf......Slight

11:40—Ft. of 3 Howard St.; Nicholas Dopdato ....None

11:45—510 W. 21 St.; not given.........Slight

11:56—401 W. B'way; D. A. Leather Goods Co $500

P. M.

2:45—Front of 1,809 Amsterdam Av.; F. Shaw ....Slight

2:45—300 W. 40 St.; Marie Gear.........Slight

2:50—20 Morris St.; John Marchner......$25

5:00—116 W. 22 St.; Loeb & Hartman..Slight

5:40—105 Lenox Av.; Morris Fishbein..Slight

5:50—600 Fordham Rd.; Angelo Ziaca..Slight

6:30—453 52 St.; S. Golder..............Slight

6:35—41 W. 31 St.; L. Gaber..............Slight

6:55—8 Bond St.; John Japler.......Not given

7:15—504 W. 134 St.; Jos. Rosenthal..Slight

7:20—1,832 Belmont Av.; Nelson Worm.Slight

8:00—145-147 W. 28 St.; Rosenblat Bros. Slight

8:05—788 Columbus Av.; Van Dyke Co.Slight

8:30—459 E. 134 St.; Michael Lynch..Slight

8:50—97 Crosby St.; Jeff & Co.........$1,000

9:20—18 W. 20 St.; Rosengaten & Sellner ....Slight

10:05—34 E. 40 St.; Isabella Conglegon..$150

11:10—115-117 W. 135 St.; Nall & Parker Slight

11:30—143 Stanton St.; Greenberg & Gie. Slight

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Reinstatement ordered, to take effect Dec. 22: As patrol., first grade, by order of the courts—Frederick Hansen, assigned to Training School for thirty days from 1 P. M. Dec. 23.

Transfers, to take effect 8 A. M. Dec. 28: Lts. G. H. Merritt, 28 to 35; E. H Woodin, 166 to 149; W. F. Smullen, 166 to 150; C. A. Madigan, 166 to 163; Mtd. Sergts. J. L McNulty, Traf. A to 89; P. J. Masterson, 172 to 166; L. T. Mead, Traf. C. to 168; Sergts. G. E. Sager to 4 from 89; George Wischebrink to 4 from 99; C. F. Coughlin to 7 from Marine Div.; David Parnson to 12 from Traf. B; L. E. Rodman to 14 from 68; G. E. Kreutzer to 15 from Traf. C; John Casey to 23 from Det. Bu., designation as Act. Det. Sergt., revoked; F. F. Baury to 28 from 65; Edward McDonough to 32 from 65; James Brady to 151 from 161; O. C. Schasberger to 158 from 37; J. B. Freestone to 166 from 154; D. T. Kennedy to 166 from Bureau of Telegraph; E. D. Fraser to 174 from 285, assignment as station house attendant, discontinued; R. F. McCarty to 290 from 276.

To take effect 4 P. M., Dec. 29: J. M. Hamill to 36 from 37; J P. Bender to 42 from 36. Mounted patrolman with horse and equipments: J. F. O'Hara to 167 from 277; Patrol. W. F. Fallace to 5th Insp. Dist. from 89. To take effect 8 A. M., Dec. 25: W. J. Kenny to Det. Bu. from 159, designated as Act. Det. Sergt.

Temporary assignments: Lt. Thomas Conboy, 33, to 17 Insp. Dist. for 30 days from 4 P. M. Jan. 2. Sergts. Thomas Leahy, 43, designated as Act. Lieut. for 4 days from 1 A. M. Dec. 25; W. M. Kiely, 74, designated as Act. Lieut. for 5 days from 12:01 A. M. Dec. 27. Patrol. H. A. Isherwood, 12, to Training School for clerical duty for 30 days from 8 A. M. Jan. 1. To Com'r's office from commands indicated for 30 days from 4 P. M. Dec. 4: J. A. Hofgren, 2; J. A. Walsh, 31; Cornelius Sullivan, 275; John Cunniff, 6; A. D. Renton, 61; Henry Oppenheimer, Traf. C.

To Det. Bu.: T. H. Kennelly, 4, from 10 A. M. Dec. 28, 1914, to 4 P. M. Jan. 2; M. H. Crowley, 4, for 5 days from 4 P. M. Dec. 28; J. A. Dolan and T. L. England, 2, and P. G. Regan, 65, for 10 days from 8 A. M. Dec. 29; J. R. Buckley, 15, from 8 A. M. Dec. 28 to 4 P. M. Jan. 2; W. R. Wittenberg, 15, for 5 days from 4 P. M. Dec. 30; C. S. Crosson, 16, for 5 days from 8 A. M. Dec. 29; John Weisenreider, 21, for 3 days from 8 A. M. Dec. 26; Alfred Smith, 35, for 15 days from 4 P. M. Dec. 31; Dominick Caso, 39, for 10 days from 4 P. M. Dec. 31; C. P. Lander, 162, from 4 P. M. Dec. 30 to 4 P. M. Jan. 10; William Drum, 165, for 5 days from 5 P. M. Dec. 26; W. E. Barrett, 277, for 10 days from 8 A. M. Dec. 31.

For 10 days from 8 A. M. Dec. 28, 1914, prects. indicated: William Reilly, 4; D. J. A. Mahoney, 35; A. F. Ackerman, 81; Thomas Mills, 5; W. L. Innken, 80. For 10 days from 8 A. M. Dec. 30 prects. indicated: J. R. Leahy, 14; W. J. Ferrick, 37; Philip Murphy, 37; J. T. Donohue, 39. For 10 days from 4 P. M. Dec. 27, prects. indicated: G. L. O'Connor, 12; Amedo Pulignano, 29; Sigmund Lipscher, 63; Italo Cassetti, 15; Henry Sommers, 63; Abraham Snydecker, 156.

Leaves, without pay: Patrol. D. J. Slattery, 13, 1 day from 4 P. M. Dec. 25; W. P. Schaefer, 22, 1 day from 4 P. M. Dec. 26; T. J. Shea, 23, 2 days from 12:01 A. M. Dec. 26; Frank May, 31, 3 days from 4 P. M. Dec. 24; A. J. Parkinson, 32, 1 day from 4 P. M. Jan. 1; T. J. Hynes, 38, 1 day from 8 A. M. Dec. 26; H. J. Doyle, 43, 1 day from 8 A. M. Jan. 1.

The following applications for pay while sick are approved: Patrol. Thos. Gaine, 29, from 3 P. M. Nov. 30 to noon Dec. 9; C. J. Flanagan, 31, from noon Aug. 12 to 12 P. M. Aug. 17; C. F. Schneider, 39, from 10:40 P. M. Oct. 28 to noon Nov. 12; J. T. Mullen, 39, from 11:10 A. M. Dec. 3 to 12:01 A. M. Dec. 11; J. F. Monuhan, 62, from 6:20 A. M. Dec. 14, during disability; J. S. Finn, 157, from 12:01 A. M. Oct. 20 to 12 P. M. Dec. 2.

Suspended from duty: Patrol. Michael Moran, 28, to take effect 3:20 P. M. Dec. 26; J. J. O'Leary, 43, to take effect 5:33 P. M. Dec. 27.

Fire Department.

Advancements in grade, at 8 A. M. on the dates specified: 3 to 2 grade, Jan. 1: C. M. Marclay, Eng. 17, and M. A. Rice, Eng. 80.

4 to 3 grade, Jan. 3: Jas. P. J. O'Reilly, Eng. 23; B. F. Levey, Eng. 29; J. F. Flynn, Eng. 31; J. R. O'Keefe, Eng. 33; J. E. Sullivan, Eng. 67; J. C. Meyer, H. & L. 104; G. E. Davison, H. & L. 105; C. L. Scheurenbrand, Eng. 215; B. J. Barling, Eng. 213; L. F. Mahoney, Eng. 237; J. A. Cronin, H. & L. 25.

4 to 3 grade, Jan. 7: Abraham Rosenberg, Eng. 15; P. E. McNally, Eng. 210.

3 to 2 grade, Jan. 9: J. J. Lewis, Eng. 3; W. C. Hansen, Eng. 45; W. R. Allen, Eng. 89; J. A. Johnson, No. 2, H. & L. 9; H. H. Kolbenheyer, H. & L. 23; J. E. McCann, H. & L. 24; Wm. Echtermeyer, H. & L. 25; J. J. Martin, H. & L. 35; S. P. McGuigan, Eng. 38; C. E. Christman, H. & L. 3; J. P. Lyons, Eng. 202; W. P. Schulz, Eng. 211; B. J. Lynch, Eng. 239; F. M. Fallon, Eng. 283; Chas. Roggenkamp, H. & L. 101; H. J. Mullen, H. & L. 132; H. B. Levey, H. & L. 42.

3 to 2 grade, Jan. 12: Edward Cramer, H. & L. 123.

4 to 3 grade, Jan. 12: James A. O'Brien, Eng. 211.

4 to 3 grade, Jan. 16: J. J. Lyons, Eng. 53.

3 to 2 grade, Jan. 21: Fred. Gentsch, Eng. 1; V. J. Davis, Eng. 30; P. J. O'Brien, Eng. 31; C. A. Cramb, Eng. 46; S. E. Mandelson, Eng. 58; Jos. Du Bois, H. & L. 1; Andrew Dunn, H. & L. 42; A. A. McLoughlin, Eng. 226; Chester Crockett, Eng. 277; J. J. Dornseif, H. & L. 105; Joseph Tenety, H. & L. 1.

4 to 3 Grade, Jan. 27: P. J. Fleming, Eng. 59; Harry Zeigenhorn, Eng. 60; G. J. Blummert, Eng. 92; W. P. Hogan, H. & L. 5; W. C. Golden, H. & L. 7; S. F. Wisniewski, H. & L. 22; W. J. Bailey, H. & L. 32; C. H. Kelley, H. & L. 109; J. B. Ryan, H. & L. 122; F. C. Baker, Jr., Eng. 205; H. T. McCormack, Eng. 207; V. A. Mollica, Eng. 220; G. J. Scudder, Eng. 222; H. E. Sloan, Eng. 227; J. J. Conway, Eng. 230; J. H. Price, Eng. 240; Thos. Ward, (No. 2,) Eng. 256; J. A. Dionian, Eng. 271; Francis Schmidt, Eng. 283.

4 to 3 Grade, Jan. 31: A. C. Frouboes, Eng. 1; T. T. McKee, Eng. 3; Chas. Sahina, Eng. 11; Jos. Trant, Eng. 18; Danl. Walsh, Eng. 24; J. F. Gorman, Eng. 39; August Zeller, Eng. 46; M. F. Moran, Eng. 56; Le Roy Kane, Eng. 72; J. M. Gleason, Eng. 92; E. B. Gernhardt, H. & L. 39; J. B. Morrell, H. & L. 44; G. W. Folker, Eng. 225; Frank Pfeifer, Eng. 231; J. E. Dougherty, Eng. 239; A. J. Englert, Eng. 252; R. F. Reed, H. & L. 102; J. N. Dahl, Eng. 94; James Devine, H. & L. 3; S. J. Waters, H. & L. 4; D. J. Cronin, H. & L. 15; C. J. Melville, H. & L. 17; Jeremiah Leary, H. & L. 24; G. A. W. Lynch, H. & L. 29; P. B. Malley, H. & L. 31; Alfred Graubner, H. & L. 32; A. S. Worrell, H. & L. 38; G. C. Kunze, H. & L. 42; C. P. Odorfer, Eng. 206; Frank Dohler, Eng. 227; E. P. Koppenhoefer, Eng. 233; C. E. Bach, Eng. 234; Fredk. Lang, Eng. 280; D. W. Mortimer, H. & L. 131.

Probationary Fireman to report to the Medical Board at 11 A. M. Dec. 31: C. H. Gartelmann, H. & L. 20.

Leave, without pay: Daniel O'Sullivan, Eng. 89, for 48 hours, from 8 A. M. Dec. 26.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Army Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—Capt. L. R. Ball, 6 Cav., to the Presidio of San Fran., report to comdg. officer, Letterman Hosp., for treatment.

Orders Oct. 9, as to 1st Lt. W. H. Bell, Cav., revoked.

1st Lt. A. B. Deans, Jr., C. A. C., from treatment Letterman Hosp. to Ft. Bayard, N. M., sick.

1st Lt. H. Q. Fletcher, relieved from active duty in R. M. C., and from Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga., to his home and report by telegraph to Adj. Gen.

Leaves: Capt. W. G. Ball, 16 Inf., 1 months' ext.; 1st Lt. J. H. Hood, C. A. C., 1 day; Capt. P. G. Clark, 6 Inf., 2 months; Capt. I. J. Carr, Q. M. C., 3 months, and 2d Lt. E. St. J. Greble, Jr., 3d F. A., 2 days.

Navy Orders.

Capt. C. P. Plunkett, from com. of the North Dakota, to home, orders.

Comdr. F. B. Upman, the Nebraska, to comd. the Olympia.

Lt. Comdr. A. MacArthur, Gen. Board, to the Nebraska as executive officer.

Lts. J. A. Monroe, Mare Island Yard, to Puget Sound Yard, and E. S. Moses, the Washington to Naval Hosp., Newport, R. I., sick.

Ensigns W. S. Haas, the Tonopah, to the E-2, and R. P. Hinrichs, the Des Moines, to the Nebraska.

A. A. Surg. M. Clements, Marine rectg. station, Chattanooga, to recrg. station, Atlanta.

P. A. Paymaster D. W. Rose, to training station, Great Lakes, Ill.

Ch. Gunner A. S. MacKensie, the Maryland, to Mare Island Yard.

Gunners H. Jorgenson, the Milwaukee, to the Maryland, and A. J. Holton, the Colorado, to the Milwaukee.

Ch. Machs. F. F. Ingram, the Maryland, to recvg. ship at San Fran., and C. Hammond, recvg. ship at San Fran., to the Maryland.

Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Texas, at Tompkinsville; Tennessee, at Jaffa, and the Cyclops, at Vera Cruz.

Sailed: Brutus, Key West, for Port Au Prince; Iroquois, K-7, and the K-8, Mare Island, for San Diego; San Diego, Mazatlan, for San Diego; Proteus, Lambert Point, for Cristobal; Ozark, Key West, for N. Y. Yard; Tennessee, Jaffa, for Alexandria, and the Annapolis, La Paz, for Mazatlan.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 28.—Forecast:

N. and S. Car.—Rain Tues. and Wed.; warmer; moderate to fresh e. winds.

Ga.—Rain and warmer Tues. Wed., clearing; fresh e. and s. e. winds.

Fla.—Rain Tues.; warmer in n. Wed., cloudy; probably rain in the Peninsula; fresh to strong e. to s. e. winds.

Ala. and Miss.—Rain and warmer Tues. Wed., fair and colder; strong s. e. winds.

La.—Rain, followed by clearing Tues. Wed., fair and colder; fresh s. e., shifting to w. winds.

East. Tex.—Fair Tues. Wed., cloudy and colder; fresh shifting winds.

West. Tex.—Fair Tues. and Wed.; colder in n. w. Wed.

Utah—Cloudy Tues. Wed., fair.

Okla.—Cloudy Tues. Wed., fair and much colder.

Ark.—Rain Tues. Wed., fair and colder.

Tenn. and Ky.—Rain Tues. Wed., fair and colder.

Ohio—Cloudy, followed by rain, Tues. Wed., snow or rain and colder; fresh s. e. winds.

Ind.—Rain Tues. Wed. clearing, much colder.

Ill.—Rain Tues. Wed. fair, much colder, with a cold wave; fresh s. e., shifting to n. w. winds.

Lower Mich. — Snow Tues. and probably Wed.; colder Wed.; fresh s. e., shifting to n. w. winds.

Upper Mich.—Snow flurries Tues. and Wed.; colder Wed.

Wis.—Snow Tues. Wed. clearing and much colder, with a cold wave; fresh, shifting winds, becoming n. w.

Minn.—Cloudy and colder, with a cold wave Tues. Wed. fair.

Iowa—Snow and colder Tues.; cold wave at night. Wed. fair, colder.

Mo.—Cloudy, with probably rain Tues. Wed. fair; much colder, with a cold wave.

N. Dak.—Cloudy, colder Tues. Wed. fair.

S. Dak.—Fair, colder, with a cold wave Tues. Wed. fair.

Neb.—Cloudy, colder Tues.; cold wave by night. Wed. fair.

Kan.—Cloudy Tues. Wed. fair; much colder, with a cold wave.

Mortgage Loans.

Thirty-five cents a line.

A second mortgage $1,500 Bronx improved for sale; good bonus.
Real Estate, 1,347 Boston Road, Bronx.

City Property.

Thirty-five cents a line.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

SEE THE NEW HOMES AT
KEW GARDENS.
15 minutes from Penn. Terminal.

Real Estate Wanted.

Agency and management of a few apartment houses wanted; personal, economical, conscientious management; will fill vacancies and reduce expenses; reference and experience. William Bettmann, 2,232 7th Av. Telephone 3323 Morningside.

Real Estate for Exchange.

Apartment wanted in exchange for dwelling and cash. Full particulars first letter. A 244 Times Downtown.

Building Material.

An assorted car of 8" shiplap; 2x4, 2x6, 2x8 framing, 10 to 20', and 1x3" flooring at $19.50, delivered. Claremont E. Smith, Binghamton, N. Y.

To Let for Business Purposes.

Thirty cents a line.

LOFT OR FACTORY BUILDINGS,
315-317 West 47th St.; 50x100; sprinkler service, steam heating, electric lighting; large automobile elevator; store, basement, and two lofts; also directly in rear of this building, 318-320 West 48th St., store, 50x100 feet; buildings A1 condition; stores and basement; cement floors; low insurance; your own broker or W. L. Nichols, 244 West 49th St. Tel. Bryant 2410.

Four-story and basement brownstone house
on 56th Street,
Between Madison and Park Avenues.
Very attractive rental.
Full commission to brokers.
EDINBURGH REALTY CORPORATION,
82 East 56th Street.

OFFICES TO SUBLET
for unexpired terms of three months to three years; ANYWHERE, uptown or downtown; saving in rent, 20% to 40%; furnished or unfurnished, single offices and suites.
OFFICE SUB-LETTING COMPANY,
1,476 Broadway, (corner 42d.) Bryant—5786.

36 EAST 49TH ST.
Parlor floor and basement for business. Herbert A. Sherman, 41 E. 41st St. or premises.

Loft, with large corner show windows and basement; rent $125 f. 6,000 sq. ft. inc. steam heat. Muller, 129 Patchen Av., Bkn.

Parlor floor, suitable any business, or beautifully furnished for living purposes. 46 East 29th.

HALLENBECK-HUNGERFORD BUILDING,
LAFAYETTE, FRANKLIN & WHITE STS.
Lofts, offices, showrooms. Rothschild Realty Co., 98 5th Av. Phone 4990 Chelsea.

Desk room to let, including showroom; rent reasonable. Address A 253 Times Downtown.

Stores in the midtown section. Van Norden & Wilson, 1 West 34th St., N. Y.

243-247 West 17th to 232-234 West 18th St. Apply 119 West 40th St.

Apartments Wanted—Furnished

Thirty cents a line.

Responsible couple desires small, high-class housekeeping apartment until Spring; east or west side; elevator essential. Immediate, 180 Times.

Graduate nurse wants share apartment with refined lady; expenses reasonable. T 32 Times.

Man and wife engaged in literary work desire small furnished apartment for Winter; would sub-lease; references. L 41 Times.

Property Out of the City.

Thirty cents a line.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

HOMES AND ESTATES
FOR SALE OR RENT.
ANGELL & CO., SCARSDALE, N. Y.

Properties of the better class; sale and rent. O'CONNOR & McCANN, New Rochelle, N. Y.

Spuyten Duyvil villa sites; auction prices; choice locations. Baker, 7 East 42d.

Larchmont.

Come and see homes and bungalows at Larchmont. Leo Bugg, 40 West 32d St.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

Modern nine-room house at Bellerose, Long Island; hollow tile, stucco, and shingle construction; steam heat, delightful sun parlor, two baths, separate servants' quarters, laundry in basement; 30 minutes by electric trains from Pennsylvania Station and Flatbush Av., Brooklyn. A 228 Times Downtown.

North Shore—Waterfront properties; $5,000-$50,000. L'Ecluse Washburn Co., 18 East 34th St.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

BARGAIN, $6,000; Easy Terms; beautiful country home, with garage; plot 50x150 ft., 8 rooms, library hall, open fireplace, tiled bath, huge veranda; high, in healthy Orange Mts.; select neighborhood; superb views; fruit trees; every convenience; laundry, gas, electric light, steam heat, hardwood floors and trim. Address Room 802, 41 Park Row, N. Y.

FORECLOSURE BARGAIN.
Price $4,250; seven-room house, handsomely decorated; plot 69x125; all improvements; 5 minutes to station; near trolley. Waggoner, Room 516, 47 West 34th St., City.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.

Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

A.—A.— THE WILSONIA,
225, 227, 229 West 69th St., near Broadway.
1 room, bath, $30; 2 rooms, bath, kitchenette, $45 up; 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette, $55 up. Exceptionally clean apartments. No objectionable tenants. 'Phone and elevator service; maid service if desired. Near Subway, "L" and surface cars.
REFERENCES ABSOLUTELY ESSENTIAL.
Superintendent on premises. 'Phone 9920—Col.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA.
100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th, Columbus Av.
At Morningside Park, near Central Park.
1, 2, AND 3 ROOMS.
Dishes, cooking utensils, and silver.
Private bath, kitchenette, furnished, $30, $40, $50 up monthly; unfurnished, $25, $30, $40; elevator, hotel service; near "L" and Subway; references; special rates on lease.

High-class apartment, opposite Central Park; 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath; one-half block to Subway; 2 blocks to "L"; piano, phonograph; $50. Armstrong. Telephone Cathedral 8080.

121st, 509 West, (Columbia grounds opposite.)—Light, outside apartment, three rooms, bath; kitchenette; furnished; housekeeping; very desirable. Yetman.

80th St., 225 West., (corner B'way.)—Small housekeeping; elevator; desirable; telephone. Whitmore.

Two rooms and bath; west side, north, on 110th St.; near Subway. X 291 Times Annex.

Apartment of 4 rooms and bath, facing Broadway; rent to June 1, $90 per month. 250 West 78th St., corner Broadway.

Five rooms, beautifully furnished, player piano, silver, linen. 536 West 113th. Apt. 74.

Attractively furnished, sunny three rooms at very desirable lease. 435 W. 119th, agent.

East Side.

Apartments to let, furnished or unfurnished, high-class hotel service, at bargain prices. A few choice apartments left. Restaurant. Two rooms and bath, furnished, $40 month upward; 3 rooms and bath, $55 month upward. Hotel Oxford, 35 East 27th St. Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St.

Artist's studio, furnished; north light. Particulars, address Z 362 Times Annex.

Apartments to Let

Unfurnished.

Thirty cents a line.

West Side.

Large, bright, and airy, overlooking the Bryant Park; also large rooms, with private bathrooms, unfurnished, by month or week in a private house, with all modern conveniences. 58 West 40th St.

To Sublet.—Seven rooms, bath; elevator; exceptionally light and airy; perfect condition; immediate possession; sacrifice. 604 West 162d.

Two rooms and bath, all improvements, 7 West 24th St. Goodale, Perry & Dwight. Farragut 9494. 1,133 Broadway, at 26th St.

Apartment, corner, 6 rooms and bath, all improvements; steam heat; newly decorated; rent, $37 month. 70 West 128th.

Sublet, 6-7 rooms, bath; large, light, airy; immediate possession; location unexcelled; sacrifice. 9 Pinehurst Av., cor 178th St.

Elevator apartment, all improvements; 4, 5, and 6 rooms; $35 to $52. 719 West 180th St. Supt. on premises.

106-110 Central Park West, south corner 71st.—6 to 9 rooms, $1,300 up.

WASHINGTON HEIGHTS APARTMENTS.
Bert G. Faulhaber Co., Broadway and 156th.

Van Dyck and Severn, Broadway, at 72d St.—9-room apartment, with 3 baths.

838-844 Riverside Drive; near 158th St.; 6 and 7 rooms; $780 to $1,100.

804 West 180th, (corner Pinehurst Av.)—4-7-room elevator apartments; inducements.

Two rooms, kitchenette, and bath, 47 West 72d St.; $60 per month.

East Side.

480 PARK AVE.————54 EAST 59TH ST.
6 Rooms & 2 Baths..........................$1,100
3 Rooms & Bath, (North Light)...........$600
Fireproof—All Improvements—Standard Service.

36 East 49th St.—One, two, and three rooms and bath; service; all improvements. Herbert A. Sherman, 41 E. 41st St., or premises.

755 Park Av., corner 72d St.
9 and 11 rooms, 3 baths, $3,500 to $5,500.

Madison Square apartments to lease.
40 East 26th St.

Brooklyn.

11 Monroe Place, 3 minutes Brooklyn Bridge, 5 minutes Borough Hall Subway station; excellent private block; front apartment, room and bath; maid service; $22.50.

Bronx.

Franklin Av., 1,321, (169th.)—Fine 3-4-5 room apartments, every improvement; select families.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

9TH, 12 EAST, (Near 5th Av.)—Desirable large, small rooms; private bath; steam; reasonable.

17TH, 116 EAST.—Newly furnished, large, small rooms; excellent table board. Stuyvesant 4275.

34TH, 117-119 EAST.—Large and single rooms, with board; private baths.

45TH ST., 8 EAST.—Room and board, gentlemen; references; also table board.

53D ST., 37-52 EAST.—Room; suite with bath; references; table board.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Large room, bath; also parlor, with piano; small rooms.

West Side.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.—Rooms, private baths; electricity; table guests.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Desirable rooms, with board; references.

57TH, 351 WEST.—Large front room; good board; electricity, telephone; references.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Double, single rooms; private bath; $7-$14 up; excellent table; families.

68TH, 67 WEST.—Large, small rooms, bath; continuous hot water; private house.

71ST, 130 WEST. — Comfortable large and small rooms; every convenience; superior table; Subway and L.

72D, 242 WEST.—Handsome, large room; private bathroom; well-appointed house; references.

72D, 248 West.—Beautiful rooms; board optional; references. Columbus 1894.

72D, 121 WEST.—Elegant suite; other rooms, large and single; table board.

73D ST., 130 WEST.—Attractive rooms, good table, homelike; parlor dining room; references.

73D, 136 WEST.—Attractive rooms; good table; homelike; parlor dining room; references.

75TH, 20 WEST.—Pleasant large and small rooms; southern cooking; table boarders.

76TH, 127-129 WEST.—Attractive rooms; parlor dining; excellent table; reasonable; table guests.

76TH, 108 WEST.—Medium room; steam; first-class board; unusual house; references.

77TH, 301 WEST.—Select pension offers sunny, second-floor, medium, front room; medium single room; unsurpassed cuisine; electricity; telephone.

78TH, 121 WEST.—Beautiful, sunny single room; connecting shower; gentlemen; private family.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

78TH, 159 WEST.—Desirable, large, small rooms; sunny; table best; Subway; references.

79TH, 114 AND 132 WEST.—Unusual and attractive "pensions," with large parlors, tea-room, and lounge; Southern cooking; white maid service; private telephone; booklet on request.

79TH, 162 WEST. — Handsomely furnished room; private house; references. Schuyler 5475.

80TH, 106-108-110 WEST.—A satisfactory home for refined people; all new, high-type furnishings; pure food; wholesome, generous, well-balanced meals; reasonable; references.

80TH, 123 WEST.—Desirable, sunny rooms; continuous hot water; excellent table; references.

80TH, 124 WEST.—Desirable, large, sunny room; also medium room; generous table.

81ST ST., 151 WEST.—New, high-class; electricity; telephone; excellent cuisine; table guests.

81ST, 129 WEST.—Double, next bath, $15; excellent English cooking.

82D, 124 WEST.—GREYCOURT.
Open for transients and permanent residents; attractive, modern; write for booklet. references.

82D, 174 WEST.—Beautiful large room, dressing room; single room; excellent table; references.

83D, 11 WEST. — Warm, comfortably furnished rooms; quiet, refined, homelike; excellent board.

83D, 17 WEST.—High-class Jewish house; home surroundings; excellent table; table guests.

83D, 40 WEST.—Beautifully furnished rooms; excellent board; table guests; moderate terms.

86TH ST., 23 WEST.—Large and medium rooms; baths; superior meals. Phone Schuyler 8197.

93D, 252 WEST.—Desirable, large rooms; private baths; excellent meals; reasonable; references.

96TH, 54 WEST. — Comfortable, well-heated rooms; convenient locality; excellent table; refined neighborhood.

113TH, 560 WEST. — Exceptionally warm rooms, private bath; singly or en suite; excellent cuisine.

113TH ST., 625 WEST.
A large room, private bath; southern cooking; reasonable. 8136 Morningside.

149TH, 544 WEST, (Broadway Subway,) The Audubon.—Bright, cozy, well-heated rooms, $7 to $12, one; $15 up, two; entire floors, two, three rooms, $20 up; rates moderate; excellent board; home comforts. Tel. 2757 Audubon.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Charming family Hotel of highest order; healthful location, 20 min. B'way, 5c. fare; lovely furnished rooms, suites, all comforts; most excellent cuisine; separate tables; rare, homelike atmosphere; worth investigation; weekly, $8-$12 per adult, with meals.
71 Central Av., St. George, S. I.
Take Sub., "L" or Trolley to South Ferry.

WEST END AV., 581, (86th St.)—Comfortable steam heated room, electricity, telephone; excellent home cooking; references exchanged.

WEST END AV., 909, (West 103d Subway.)—Beautiful large front room; excellent meals.

Board Wanted

Twenty cents a line.

WIDOW, blind, but not helpless wishes room and board in small family; state price. Benedict, 511 West 143d St.

YOUNG COUPLE want room, board; running water; modern apartment; near "L"; not above 125th; $12. L 26 Times Harlem.

Country Board

Thirty cents a line.

Westchester County.

Winter engagements now made; large, well-heated house; large dining room; beautiful river view; unexcelled home cooking. High Cliff Hall, Park Hill, Yonkers. Telephone 2161 Yonkers.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

East Side.

17TH, 130 EAST.—Desirable large and small rooms; board optional; private family.

24TH, 120 EAST. — Parlor floor, front, $6; others $2.50 to $5; refinement.

45TH, 16 EAST.—Room with bath; room with piano; single room; references.

53D, 65 EAST.—Large front room, rear parlor, kitchenette; private house; phone.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

PARK AV., 1,223.—Small parlor and bedroom, elegantly furnished, piano, telephone, steam, bath, for refined gentleman; convenient terms. Walden.

ST. DENIS HOTEL.
B'way & 11th St.
Rooms with use of bath, dollar a night. Elevators, Telephones, Baths; A1 service. Breakfast, 30c. to 50c.; Plate Lunch, 35c.
FAMOUS ST. DENIS DINNER, 75 CENTS.
ASK FOR MR. BUIST. Stuyvesant 4200.

West Side.

12TH, 34 WEST, (near 5th Av.)—Desirable rooms, communicating, with or without private bath; steam, electricity, telephone.

12TH, 61 WEST. — Large, handsomely furnished rooms; open-grate fires; private baths; telephone.

32D ST., (Hotel Strand, just east of Broadway.)—Room, with private bath, $9 and $10 per week; parlor, bedroom, and bath, $60 per month; same price for one or two persons.

36TH, 40 WEST.—Comfortable hall rooms; running water, bath; $4-$4.50.

46TH ST., 136 WEST.—Comfortable large, small rooms; every convenience; telephone; board optional.

47TH, 41 WEST.—Splendid front room; private bath; electricity; steam; select.

55TH, 101 WEST.—Large, small; running water; steam heat; southern exposure. Kimball.

56TH, 55 WEST.—Hall room; steam heated; electric light; gentleman; references.

57TH, 153 WEST.—Comfortable room, near bath; also small room; reasonable; telephone.

58TH, 128 WEST. — Large sunny, cheerful room; conveniences; telephone, electricity; breakfast; reasonable; refined.

62D, 140 WEST.—Comfortable rooms; large, small; southern exposure; convenience, telephone; references.

68TH, 30 WEST.—Magnificent large room, dressing room; large closets; excellent board; $7 up.

70TH ST., 36 WEST.—Beautiful, large room, kitchenette, electric light, bath, telephone, also front parlor and other rooms.

70TH, 136 WEST.—Warm, comfortable rooms; southern exposure; every convenience.

71ST, 165 WEST. — Handsomely furnished, clean, large, small rooms; refined home; reasonable. Col.—1740.

71ST, 251 WEST.—Attractive large, small rooms; suitable for one or two persons; running water; Subway; references.

71ST, 351 WEST.—Front room, on ground floor; private bath; also others; $4, $12; gentlemen; references.

72D, 154 WEST.—Comfortably furnished rooms; all conveniences; telephone; moderate.

73D, 153 WEST.—Beautifully furnished large room; private bath, electricity, telephone; Subway express.

73D, 272 WEST.—Double room; shower, electricity; references.

74TH, 5 WEST.—Just opened, private house; rooms, en suite, with private baths; $10,$12; other rooms, $5, $7.

75TH, 124 WEST.—Exclusive, newly furnished private house; large, medium, and small rooms; private baths; telephone; breakfast served.

75TH, 104 WEST.—Elegant rooms; also suite. 3 rooms, suitable bachelor apartments; reasonable.

76TH, 180 WEST.—Room, private bath, electricity, parquet floor; everything modern; references.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Attractive, sunny front rooms, also room with private bath.

77TH, 125 WEST.—Warm, comfortably furnished rooms, with private family; telephone; reference.

77TH, 111 WEST.—Attractive large front room; gentleman; reasonable.

78TH, 132 WEST.—Large room; southern exposure; private bath, twin beds; smaller rooms.

78TH, 112 WEST.—Large, small rooms, adjoining bath; comforts, cleanliness; refined private home.

79TH, 149 WEST.—Attractive, small room; private residence; all conveniences; near Subway, L.

79TH, 216 WEST.—Double, single, sunny rooms; back parlor; private bath; steam; electricity.

79TH, 213 WEST.—Delightful large front room; southern exposure; running water; Subway; references.

80TH, 126 WEST.—One large room; private bath every convenience; see and appreciate.

81ST, 265 WEST, (West End Av.)—Sunny suite, or separate; abundant steam, hot running water, bath, electricity; private family. Inquire elevator, or telephone 1203 Schuyler.

81ST, 200 WEST.—Large outside room, $6 and $7; second floor; telephone. Werner.

82D, 134 WEST.—Second floor; private bath; single room adjoining bath; reasonable.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty cents a line.

West Side.

82D, 140 WEST.—Comfortable rooms; large, small; convenient; telephone; references.

86TH ST., 337 WEST.
Rooms, exclusive; near Riverside and Subway.

86TH ST., 341 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished room; private bath; exclusive neighborhood, near Riverside and Subway.

86TH, 306 WEST.—Two rooms, single or connecting; Subway; telephone; references.

87TH, 138 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; front parlor; professional; Subway, "L"; references.

91ST, 46 WEST.—Comfortable, large, front room; clean, select house; references; telephone.

91ST, 251 WEST.—Attractive, large, small rooms; suitable one or two persons; running water; Subway; references.

92D, 255 WEST.—Newly furnished throughout, large and small rooms; steam heat, electric light, elevator; block from Broadway Subway station; private family, apartment. Haegele.

93D, 35 WEST.—Large room, separate kitchenette, $5.75; small heated room, $2.75; phone.

95TH, 11 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; private house; every convenience; board optional.

96TH, 35 WEST.—Desirable room, modern apartment, private family; Subway, "L"; references.

97TH, 42 WEST.—Beautiful suites; all conveniences; single rooms; private baths. 7934 Riverside.

97TH ST., 158 WEST.—Large, front room; private bath; all conveniences. Telephone 7206 River.

98TH, 243 WEST.—Large, sunny, beautifully furnished, for one or two. 7B.

99TH, 244 WEST, (corner Broadway.)—Front room; running water, telephone, electricity. Butters.

105TH, 217 WEST.—Large front, sunny room, with bedroom connecting, single or together, $4. Phone Campbell, 7888 River.

112TH ST., 511 WEST.—At Broadway and Riverside Drive, convenient to all cars, Subway and 'bus; nice room in elevator apartment house with private family; very reasonable; roomer can enjoy privileges of a home of a very refined, congenial couple; references exchanged. Apartment 15. Chirurg.

112TH, 511 WEST.—Furnished single room; electricity; steam heated. 3583 Morningside. Clark.

112TH, 504 WEST.—Double front room; single room; very comfortable. Apartment 5 E.

112TH ST., 511 WEST.—Bright, cozy room; high-class; elevator; reasonable. Whitman.

113TH, 502 WEST.—Attractive outside room; elevator; private family; $5. Apt. 6E.

114TH, 611 WEST.—Desirable room; private family; southern exposure. Apt. 7.

119TH, (49 Claremont.) — Handsomely furnished, all conveniences; near Riverside; river view.

115TH, 620 WEST.—Overlooking Riverside Drive; every comfort and convenience; bath connecting; reasonable.

118TH, 420 WEST.—One or two front rooms, furnished. Apartment 22.

119TH, 121 WEST. — Single, double rooms, connecting bath; refined house, desirable neighborhood; 'phone.

120TH, 201 WEST.—Desirable accommodations; gentlemen or couple; congenial family; modern apartment. Marks.

121ST, 509 WEST, (near Broadway Subway.)—Beautiful double room, with kitchenette; bath adjoining; single rooms also; restaurant. Yetman.

121ST, 130 WEST.—Beautiful suites, or separate; southern exposure; modern, refined; suitable doctor.

121ST ST., 501 WEST.—Comfortable, warm room; bath, electricity, elevator; Jewish family; gentlemen. Apt. 54.

122D, 540 WEST.—Home-like corner rooms; refined surroundings; elevator; references. Apt. 51.

123D, (540 Manhattan Av.)—Large, light front room; all conveniences; elevator apartment; private family; $5. Apartment 4H.

124TH, 31 WEST.—Beautiful accommodations; elevator service; $10 one, $18 two; excellent cuisine; Subway; Christian family; references. Adam.

124TH, 541 WEST.—American family; B'way Subway; gentlemen; $3; elevator. Apt. 21.

126TH, 113 WEST.—Rooms, $2 up; large, small; newly furnished; private house; Subway; references.

123D, 30 WEST. — Private family; warm, homelike room; southern exposure; water; phone; Subway.

129TH, 217 WEST.—Two large rooms, sunny, en suite, bath; private house; reference.

135TH, 601 WEST.—Large bright room adjoining bath; elevator; board optional; convenient Subway; conveniences.

136TH, 538 WEST. — Beautifully furnished rooms; private bath; conveniences; Subway; gentlemen; references. Apartment 1.

137TH, 622 WEST, (Apartment 4.)—Elegantly furnished room; board optional; Subway; conveniences; elevator apartment.

143D, 501 WEST.—Two attractive, large front rooms; exclusive use of kitchen; elevator apartment; modern conveniences. Apt. 27.

144TH, 600 WEST.—Comfortable front room for gentlemen; no other roomers. Richmond.

157TH ST., 547 WEST.—TWO BEAUTIFUL ROOMS; CONVENIENCES; ELEVATOR APARTMENT; SUBWAY; EXCELLENT LOCATION. APT. B.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 106, (corner West 121st.)—Large, sunny front rooms. Apt. 92.

ONE AND TWO ROOMS,
each with bath, at 420 West 116th St., furnished; rentals at $25 per month and upward, including service. 'Phone 5800 Morning.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 145TH ST.—Outside single room; beautifully furnished; private family of two. Telephone Audubon 5552. Apartment 10C.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 224, (95th.)—Beautiful suite, river, and bedroom, next bath; home comforts; one, two gentlemen. 'Phone 7140 Riverside. Apartment 7A.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 148.—Large front parlor; steam heat, hot water; also small room.

WEST END AV., 611.—Delightful large room; private bath; also medium-sized room; electricity; 91st Subway; private family; references.

WEST END AV., 328.—Elegantly furnished rooms, $4-$15; breakfast optional. Col. 7174.

Rooms Wanted

Twenty cents a line.

Furnished.

BY MAN AND WIFE, room, with running water and use of bath; privilege of cooking breakfast; private family; near 180th and Broadway; elevator apartment; give full particulars and price. Address A 235 Times Downtown.

Unfurnished.

Wanted—One large, unfurnished room, below 92d St., for light housekeeping; no children. Gilbert Arthur, 951 Amsterdam Av.

Help Wanted, Female

Twenty-five cents a line.

BILL CLERK and office assistant, young lady; accurate at figures, good penman; telephone experience preferred; reply must give experience, references, and salary desired. T 91 Times.

DESIGNER. — AN EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER WITH ORIGINAL DESIGNING IDEAS TO ENTER WHOLESALE LINE AS DESIGNER OF COSTUMES; WILL BE GIVEN A GOOD CHANCE; STATE EXPERIENCE, SALARY EXPECTED. ADDRESS E. W., 287 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

DESIGNER. — WOMAN WITH EXPERIENCE ON FINE DRESSES AS DESIGNER, LARGE WHOLESALE COSTUME HOUSE; STATE EXPERIENCE. ADDRESS L. W., 267 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER, SECRETARY.—Able to handle correspondence with and without dictation; must be well educated, have good diction; good appearance, very refined; preferable if understands French or Spanish; good salary; references. Apply daily, between 1 and 3 P. M., at 312 West 109th St., care of Mr. Streva.

STENOGRAPHER.—With some knowledge bookkeeping; American; salary $10. Frank L. Davis, 1,713 Flatiron Building.

WE NEED three women of education and culture, between 25 and 40 years, to join company of ladies specializing in selling high-class educational work; commission basis; traveling expenses paid; delightful work, offering unusual opportunities. Call between 10 and 12, Hanson-Bellows Co., 303 5th Av.

Instruction.

Thirty cents a line.

A SPECIAL COURSE FOR
TRAINING SECRETARIES,
at a reliable school. Registered and Inspected by the Regents of the State of New York. Day and evening session. Individual instruction; monthly payments. PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St. Known throughout the country for thorough work.

Help Wanted, Male

Twenty-five cents a line.

ADDING MACHINE OPERATORS for temporary work; good pay. Address Reztip, P. O. Box 555, New York.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR wanted by publication prominent engineering college; take advertising proposition as side line; unusually attractive; liberal commission. T 99 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced bookkeeper and stenographer; bond required; opportunity for advancement; state age, experience, and salary in first letter. A 245 Times Downtown.

Help Wanted, Male

Twenty-five cents a line.

CARD PUNCHERS (Hollerith) for temporary work; good pay. Address Reztip, P. O. Box 555. New York.

MAN, age 30 to 40, wanted as head of filing department in large office; must be reliable, active, and energetic, and competent to manage boys; experience preferable, but not absolutely necessary; salary to commence, $17. Reply in own handwriting, stating age and references. Box 402 Times, 2 Rector St.

MAN with large business acquaintance or good connections; write; commission. A 247 Times Downtown.

SALES MANAGER.—LARGE CONCERN, MANUFACTURING FOOD PRODUCT OF ESTABLISHED REPUTATION, DESIRES SERVICES OF THOROUGHLY CAPABLE MAN TO SUPERVISE THE MARKETING OF ITS PRODUCTION; SALARY MODERATE AT BEGINNING; OPPORTUNITY EXCELLENT; A KNOWLEDGE OF THE WHOLESALE GROCERY TRADE ABSOLUTELY NECESSARY; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, AND SALARY EXPECTED. A 237 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN. — High-class salesman, thoroughly acquainted with wholesale trade and drug sundry trade in South America, especially in Mexico, Havana, Porto Rico, Brazil, and Argentina; permanent, well-paying position; only men able to furnish first-class references as to their integrity and responsibility, and who have been over this territory before and can show in figures what they have done need apply; salary or commission. L 42 Times.

SALESMEN: If you are clean cut, energetic, and command established trade, buying popular-priced silk waists in the larger cities of New York and Pennsylvania, or New England, you can connect with a growing concern which has exceptional opening for the above territories. Do not apply unless you have an established trade; no sidelines; no experimenting; commission. The Swan Waists, 49 East 21st St.

SALESMAN, strictly commission, for best line mackinaws in United States wanted for Pennsylvania, Ohio, Southern Michigan; all Southern States open; one trunk; established trade man preferred. Address with references. Gutterman Brothers, St. Paul, Minn.

SALESMAN for side line, decorative linens, scarfs, and shams; department stores and jobbers; all territories; commission. X 292 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, floor, wanted for filing cabinets; prefer man with experience between 25 and 30; chance for advancement and opportunity to learn selling game. A 252 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Experienced with New York State and East, to sell first-class line of ladies' suits; prices ranging from $15.50 to $45; salary or commission. L 43 Times.

SALESMAN, traveling New York State, calling on gents' furnishings trade, to sell IVORY GARTER as a side line; liberal commission. X 273 Times Annex.

SALESMEN.—Experienced outside salesmen, side line, skirts; commission only; give references. T 90 Times.

SALESMAN.—Experienced in commercial stationery and printing store; give particulars, also references and salary. L 44 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and Typewriter.—Beginner preferred. To I. Davega, Jr., Inc., 125 West 125th St.

YOUNG MAN, college graduate preferred, to interview business men on high-class advertising proposition on liberal basis. United States Machine Co., 47 W. 42d St.

YOUNG MAN, for engineers office; some experience on typewriter; chance to learn mechanical drawing; $3 weekly to start. Engineer, A 248 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, bright, in cloak and suit house, to make himself generally useful. Address C. S., 152 Times Downtown.

Instruction.

Thirty cents a line.

LEARN PHOTOGRAPHY.—Earn $50 to $100 weekly as a motion-picture photographer; earn $20 to $50 weekly as a studio, newspaper, war official, or commercial photographer; photo-engraver; no book study; 1 to 3 months' practice and demonstrations; we assist you to positions; $10 starts you; earn while learning; men and women; write or call. New York Institute of Photography, 1,269 Broadway. E. Brunel, Director.

MEN.—Grand possibilities! Learn mechanical dentistry; great demand everywhere; high-paying professional trade; taught thoroughly in 250 hours at your convenience, day or evening; no book study; individual instruction by leading experts; easy payments; earn while learning; write or call. The Dental School of America, Dept. of The Dentists' Laboratories, Inc., 25 West 45th St. Largest and incomparably the best.

MEN.—Great demand; splendid income assured mechanical dentists; no book study. For particulars apply Bodee's Dental Trade School, Dept. T, 489 5th Av., near 42d. The first school recognized by dental profession. Estab. 1892.

SALESMEN WANTED.—Experience unnecessary; easy work, big pay; write (or call) for particulars and large list of openings offering opportunities to earn $100 to $500 a month while you learn. Address NATIONAL SALESMEN'S TRAINING ASSOCIATION, Dept. 1,001 C, Candler Building, Times Square, N. Y.

Situations Wanted

Fifteen cents a line.

Female.

A WOMAN of refinement, owing to the stress of the times, desires to obtain work; having been housewife and mother, she feels capable of filling a position of responsibility in a home; best references. T 85 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Neat, accurate, knowledge of stenography, thoroughly experienced; monthly trial balance; own correspondent; moderate salary. A 246 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Knowledge stenography; 5 years' experience; best references; moderate salary. J 242 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Expert; trial balance, controlling accounts; modern methods; typist. T 84 Times.

COOK, WAITRESS.—Refined elderly woman; no washing; adults' apartment; reference; M. L., two days; present employer, 142 Lexington Av.

EXPERT NEEDLEWOMAN will exchange services and pay; first-class dressmaker; small sum for instruction in cutting and fitting; references exchanged. T 86 Times.

DRESSMAKER.—Good cutter and fitter; by day, $3; with assistant, $5. Quinn, 409 W. 127th. 2653 Morningside.

DRESSMAKER wishes customers, home or out; good fitter, remodeling; misses' clothes also. Spawn, 202 West 102d St.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK.—Middle-aged woman; Swiss-German; take care children; reference. Care Manz, 427 West 43d St.

HOUSEWORK.—Girl, willing to do general housework, desires place in suburbs; with reference. New York Times Bronx Branch.

INFANT'S NURSE.—Trained nurse; capable, refined, obliging; takes full charge; highest references from employers and doctors. W 42 Times.

MAID.—Am desirous of obtaining a position for my maid, (colored;) good cook; thoroughly reliable and trustworthy; experienced houseworker. Phone 8606 Morningside. Apt. 23.

NURSE.—Trained nurse; refined, capable, obliging; highest references; care of semi-invalid, infant; useful companion or traveling. L 134 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; thoroughly trained beginner; American; neat, rapid, good speller; no agency; $6. Miss Beck, 251 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Beginner wishes to connect with reliable firm; medorate salary. Madeline Wachter, 605 Madison Av. Phone Plaza 2993.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, typewriter; neat, accurate; salary reasonable; references. Stenographer, 311 East Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER.—Miscellaneous, technical dictation; good grammarian, speller, accurate transcriber; $8-$10. T 88 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPIST. — Experienced and willing. J. A., 103 West 87th St. Schuyler 8287.

STENOGRAPHER.—Brainy, good grammarian; charge correspondence, office; references; $9. A 243 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Six years' experience; rapid; Christian; 23; conscientious. 2,110 Mapes Av., Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER.—Obliging, accurate worker; good grammarian; no clock watcher; $7. T 89 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 18; thoroughly competent; 1½ years' experience; $7-$8. A 242 Times Downtown.

TEACHER.—Experienced; college graduate; public school methods; all branches coaching. Progress, Times Harlem.

Employment Agencies.

Thirty cents a line.

BERTHA CARLSON'S AGENCY, 2,415 Broadway, corner 89th St.; first-class servants. 9463 Riverside.

COLORED DOMESTICS.—Exceptionally capable servants furnished; Southern cooks a specialty. Telephone Riverside 4375. Domestic Service Agency, 203 West 98th St.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Several neat girls, experienced, good references, thoroughly investigated, want places; city, country; other Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th. Phone 5022 Columbus. Established 1899.

COMPETENT colored help, short notice; references. TULL AGENCY, 2,297 7th Av. 8022 Morningside.

Half-time day's work, permanent; white, colored. Noel's Agency. (5062 Riverside.) 101 W. 95th.

HOUSEWORKERS, Irish, $25; partly trained, $16; cooks, English, German, $30, $25; waitresses, nurses; city, country; references. Domestic Exchange, 324 Columbus Av., 75th St. Schuyler 9136.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied day, week, month. 107 West 133d. 6916 Morningside.

Automobile Exchange

Thirty cents a line.

Packard six-cylinder, 18 h. p. Berlin limousine; extra touring body; has been overhauled and painted by the Packard Co.; will sell at a sacrifice. A. Newman, 1,775 Broadway. Columbus 3165.

1914 latest model touring six-cylinder big Chalmers, complete in every detail, including slip covers; used only four months; a bargain. L 35 Times.

Packard 1909 Thirty, with 1912 Berline limousine body; sell separately. Harlem 6818.

Seven-passenger landaulette for sale or for rent; reasonable. Schineller, Plaza 6274.

Automobiles for Rent.

Packard Berline limousine, $2.50 hourly; $300 monthly; owner drives; references. Harlem 6818.

For Hire.—Seven-passenger landaulet Renault. Garnier, 211 W. 82d. Schuyler 4360.

Motor Trucks.

Electric trucks; new; two-ton platform body, 12.6 by 5.4, $1,250; 1½-ton chassis, with driver's seat; $1,000. L 30 Times.

Automobile Supplies.

Heating systems for open and closed cars; uses exhaust gas; ornamental and efficient; $20; installed.
Jesco Co., 245 W. 55th. Columbus 6245.

Automobiles, bodies, tires, tubes, sundries; lowest prices anywhere. 1,763 Broadway, (upstairs.)

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL.
Chartered by N. Y. State Board of Regents.
FULL COURSE, $55.
Booklet explains WHY our course is BEST.
225 West 57th Street, (at Broadway.)

WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., Largest and Best School in U. S. Send for Booklet and Pass to Visit School. Tel. 7920 Col. 302 W. 57th St. Special class for women.

Automobiles Wanted.

Wanted.—Late model automobile; cash or consignment. Scott Motors Co., 226 W. 56th.

Situations Wanted

Fifteen cents a line.

Male.

A.—A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, CERTIFIED.—Books opened, closed, audited, systematized, untangled, investigation. INCOME TAX reports prepared; superior service; rates moderate. Louis Gross, 132 Nassau St. Tel. Beekman—2960.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT, RESULTS CERTIFIED.—Books opened, closed, written up, audited, systematized; $5 monthly upward; trial balance; financial statements. Friedlander, 19 Cedar St. Telephone 2351 John.

A.—A.—AN OFFICIAL, in charge of SALES and ADVERTISING, of a world-wide corporation, whose record has been such that his services are now to be utilized in foreign field development and whose entire future, therefore, lies away from home, would consider a position of equal importance with a suitable business house that would keep him in New York; would bring with him a unique experience and record for the successful prosecution of big things and credentials, naturally of the highest order. T 37 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, systematized, disentangled; special arrangements firms not employing bookkeepers. Telephone 7958 Cortlandt. Home telephone 9010 Melrose.

ACCOUNTANT—CERTIFIED.
Audits; systems installed; superior service. Kenneth Fairbanks, 55 Liberty St. Cortlandt 6970.

ACCOUNTANT.—University graduate; office manager, correspondence, credits, &c.; exceptional references. T 83 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, 22, six years with present concern, can keep any set of books, familiar with office details, New York University student in accounting, desires position with future. T 87 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT. — Extensive experience, commercial and transportation lines; understands voucher systems; now employed, desires change. A 236 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, office manager, credit man; 12 years' mercantile experience; thorough knowledge office detail, executive; highest credentials. T 81 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Above average; well experienced; accurate, speedy, trustworthy, painstaking worker. T 96 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, actually competent and reliable, desires permanent position. S., 19 Irving Place.

BOOKKEEPER.—Double entry; 12 years' experience; trial balances, reports; references, bond. T 66 Times.

BUTLER.—Young German, 23 years old, wishes position as butler; good references. Hans Hennig, care George Washington, Hoboken.

BUTLER, VALET.—First-class, experienced, Japanese; best references. K. T., 465 E. 57.

CHAUFFEUR.—Italian-American wishes position, private or commercial; no objection to other work. Michael Barbato, 242 West 144th.

CHAUFFEUR.—Lady wishes to recommend chauffeur in her service five years; steady and obliging. Apply H. Bloomfield, 162 East 36th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Machinist; aged 30; overhaul any car. Charles E. Korinek, 188 Van Alst Av., Long Island City.

CHEF (Japanese.)—A lady unexpectedly closing apartment, would like to place her chef, to take entire charge of house and act as valet; very thoroughly reliable and capable; very highest references. Telephone Mrs. D. E. Smith, Bretton Hall, Schuyler 1000, or write Yoshi, 139 West 123d.

CREDIT MAN.—Wide-awake young man, university graduate, seeks better opportunity as credit manager; also competent accountant and office manager; exceptional references. T 82 Times.

32—
Graduate Princeton University and
New York Law School.
Six years' experience in patent law.
Have managed and edited a publication.
Have executive ability and power to analyze and can think in original lines.
My law training gives me quick insight into details and getting at facts.
Know how to start a job—and finish it.
By breeding and training—am not afraid of "big men."
Am certain my abilities can pay good dividends if I can get in touch with the right man.
Highest personal and business references.
Address T Box 36 Times.

OFFICE MAN, experienced, wishes engagement for Saturdays only; selling propositions, except insurance, real estate, or mail order considered. Box 86, Station L, Brooklyn, N. Y.

OFFICE MANAGER, bookkeeper, credit man, systematizer; 22 years' office experience; married; age 38; salary $1800. A 213 Times Downtown.

PRIVATE SECRETARY.—TO RETIRED OR ACTIVE BUSINESS; COLLEGE GRADUATE; COMPETENT; YOUNG MAN, PLEASING PERSONALITY. T 95 TIMES.

SALESMAN, 32, A1 references, who can show good selling record for past 10 years, would like to connect with manufacturer; local or travel; salary or commission. T 28 Times.

SALESMAN.—Expert salesman, strong, aggressive, convincing talker; twenty years' broad experience; aged 38; Christian; exceptional ability; moderate. T 94 Times.

SALESMAN has established trade in Jersey, Brooklyn, and vicinity; wishes a good line for dry goods stores. Hustler, A 225 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, correspondent, office assistant, 20; well educated, thoroughly experienced, good address; generally competent; references. Earnest, A 238 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, BOOKKEEPER. — Thoroughly experienced; would like to hear from concern needing services of reliable man. T 27 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant, switchboard; young man, 19; experienced; references; salary $8. A 239 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper, 24, wishes temporary position during January; $20. A 241 Times Downtown.

TUTOR desires position; can typewrite; could act also as secretary. A 211 Times Downtown.

WOOD ENGRAVER.—First class; 15 years' experience in mail order catalogue work; piece work preferred. T 92 Times.

YOUNG MAN, having 10 years' experience, wishes position as first-class sample room clerk, stock man, or floor salesman; formerly with wholesalers of general merchandise. A 234 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (22,) experienced, knowledge of Spanish, wants position. Sheppard, T 97 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (23,) desires position with color house; clerical and sales experience; references. Johnston, 1,879 Clay Av., Bronx.

Lost and Found

Thirty-five Cents per agate line.
Count six words to a line.
Telephone 1000 Bryant.

LOST—Diamond and platinum horse brooch, on Fifth Av., between 34th and 56th Sts., while shopping at Altman, Tiffany, and Howards; liberal reward if returned to Farquharson & Wheelock, 724 Fifth Av., 56th and 57th Sts.

LOST—Sunday in taxicab, going from Biltmore Hotel to Pennsylvania R. R. Station, gold card case, studded with rubies and diamonds; valued as gift; liberal reward. Apply Cashier's Desk, Biltmore Hotel.

LOST—Liberal reward for return of diamond and onyx ring, lost ladies' room, Hotel Claridge, Wednesday night; no questions asked. 12 West 83d St. Phone Schuyler 3952.

LOST—Black leather handbag, between 303 5th Av. and 33d St. Subway, containing working girl's money and railroad ticket; reward. Room 1,002, 303 5th Av.

LOST—Thursday, bracelet, gold linked, seven diamonds, Pennsylvania Station, New York, train from Philadelphia; liberal reward. Bradley, 54 West 129th.

LOST—Dec. 27, blue leather case containing platinum brooch set with diamonds, oval-shaped; liberal reward. 1,200 Madison Av., 7th flor; 4600 Lenox.

LOST—Probably Subway, ladies' leather hand bag, containing bracelet watch, fountain pen, &c.; reward. Wolfson, 930 St. Nicholas Av.

LOST.—Liberal reward, no questions; Thursday, Dec. 24, one bundle leather wallets marked "Y. M. C. A." Return Room 612, 123 Liberty St.

LOST.—Lady's black moire bag, Friday, 110th, Amsterdam, Broadway. Knecht, 200 West 110th.

LOST—Taken by mistake, overcoat. Liberal reward and no questions asked if returned to Kuchlin's Restaurant, 76 Broad St.

LOST.—Miniature on ivory in small box, 2x3; reward. Return to B. Hines, 209 East 31st St. Phone 5134 Murray Hall.

LOST—Knights of Columbus gold fob charm. Return Room 861, 200 5th Av. Reward.

$200 REWARD—No questions asked, recovery russet dress suitcase, marked "G. V. W.," and contents, or pawn tickets if pawned, lost from motor truck Wednesday afternoon, Dec. 23, after leaving Cunard Line dock (S. S. Lusitania.) Thos. J. Regan, 165 Broadway. 'Phone 1120 Cortlandt.

$25 REWARD FOR RETURN OF DIAMOND AND ONYX RING LOST LADIES' ROOM, HOTEL CLARIDGE, WEDNESDAY NIGHT; NO QUESTIONS ASKED. 12 WEST 83D. 'PHONE SCHUYLER—3952.

Public Notices

Forty-five cents a line.

WANTED.—INFORMATION CONCERNING CHARLES B. SIMMONS, in 1870 a broker in New York City, or Obead Wheeler and Alfred H. Peters, beneficiaries in a policy in force on the life of Simmons issued by The Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn. Address Lane & Jones, General Agents, 170 Broadway.

Business Opportunities

Forty-five cents a line.

IS IT WISE TO INSURE YOUR LIFE?
ASK ANY WIDOW WITH HELPLESS CHILDREN.
Wise Men Insure!
Others Think About It.
At age of 40 the Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company issues a policy of $10,000 for $139.40 first year; second year's cost reduced by dividends. Write for sample.
WILLIAM H. RYAN, Manager,
164 Montague St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

AGENCY FOR ENGLAND.
Firm of London agents, with good wholesale connection, wishes to represent manufacturer of ladies' underwear, ladies' fleeced knickers and undershirts; also gents' pants and shirts. Hayward & Hoefke, 9-10 Redcross St., London, E. C., (England.)

SWEATERS.—Small mill desired in or near city; power machines preferred; describe equipment in detail; state lowest cash price for quick transaction; only replies giving full particulars will receive consideration. L 46 Times.

London firm is open to take up agencies of all kinds of goods suitable for introduction into Europe; first-class reference. Apply H. H. Westfield & Co., 15-17 Lower Seymour St., London, W.

Wanted, by responsible, salaried business woman, loan $1,500 one year, 6 per cent., from private party; $6,000 security; $100 bonus; good references. Address H. R., T 33 Times.

Corporation operating men's, women's clothing stores, Anderson, Ind., Battle Creek, Mich., will sell immediatey stock accounts, amounting $7,000. Inquire 43 West 16th, 10th floor.

PARTNER to go in the manufacturing of dress trimmings and jobbing; ambitious man with small capital; a rare opportunity. L 45 Times.

Want man with ability, having three to five thousand dollars, to invest, with services, in manufacturing company producing large profits. A 249 Times Downtown.

Have about $1,000; executive ability; correspondent, manager, &c.; want party having established, paying business standing investigation. T 98 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (25,) WILL INVEST $500-$1,000, with services, in established business; write particulars. College, Times Harlem.

Well-established shirt manufacturing concern wants a partner who has $5,000 to invest; one who understands the line thoroughly. X 289 Times Annex.

Man, experienced manufacturer, with small corset cover plant; we can furnish capital and selling force; write particulars. A 253 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN CALLING ON ANY TRADE in South, on liberal commission only, for well-known toilet line. M. M., Room 802, 41 Park Row.

Partner or financial backer wanted with $5,000 in going manufacturing business; will stand most rigid investigation. T 100 Times.

Salesman wanted as active partner; prosperous manufacturing business; investment required. X 284 Times Annex.

Motion picture theatre, Brooklyn, 600 seats; bargain. Pitzer & Smith, 1,480 Broadway.

FOR SALE.—Furniture and bedding store; 5-year lease. 358 West 125th.

Business Notices

Forty-five cents a line.

ELECTRICAL WORK.—High-grade residence or business equipment installed, designed, or supervised. Alexander Simpson, 151 East 41st St.

Jewelry.

Diamonds at Wholesale.—Bought, sold, and appraised. M. J. Averbeck, 10 Maiden Lane.

Business Loans.

Forty-five cents a line.

Manufacturers' and wholesalers' outstanding accounts financed, notes purchased. Nassau Finance, 119 Nassau.

Make loans outstanding accounts, notes, bank books. Security Finance Co., 149 Broadway.

Printing and Multigraphing

Forty-five cents a line.

MULTIGRAPH letters, 300, $1.30; 1,000 $1.75; 10,000, $9; prompt. Phone Beekman 5350. G. R. Weatherford, 116 Nassau, Room 1,005.

For Sale—Miscellaneous

Thirty Cents a Line.

OFFICE FURNITURE.
A large line of new and second-hand office furniture, including Desks, Chairs, Tables, Filing Cabinets, and sectional bookcases, at very low prices. Phone Franklin 3870.
The Office Furniture Trading Co.,
275 Canal St., near Broadway.

For Sale—Fine tone Antonius Stradivarius violin made in 1705; no reasonable offer refused. Address H. E. Graham, Box 213, New Galilee, Penn.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
4 months for $5 and up.
Initial payment applies if purchased.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., INC.,
845 Broadway, at Leonard St. } TEL.
956 Broadway, at 23d St. } 5408
50 Nassau St., at Maiden Lane. } FRANKLIN.
101 West 42d St., nr. 6th Av. Telephone 256 Bryant.
10 Barclay St. Telephone 6353 Cortlandt.

Purchase and Exchange

Thirty cents a line.

Wanted—Piano, Baby Grand, best make, late model; must be best condition; little used. O. B., 148 6th Av., Brooklyn. Phone 8953 Prospect.

HIGHEST PRICES for pawn tickets, diamonds, old gold, silver, platinum, antiques, artificial teeth. A. S. Borg, 146 West 23d.

Boats, Engines & Accessories.

Thirty cents a line.

Wanted, a light-draft boat, 30 to 45 feet in length, with good breadth of beam; must be sound. S. A. Walters, Mgr., Coldspring Harbor, Long Island, N. Y.

HELD AS A LUNATIC, E. S. HOSMER SUES

Lawyer and ex-Member of the Harvard Club Demands Release from Bloomingdale.

TWICE ESCAPED KEEPERS

Plaintiff Confined Once in Switzerland and Later Abducted in Auto Here, He Testifies.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Dec. 28.—Edward Sturgis Hosmer, once a prominent lawyer in New York and a member of the Harvard Club, started proceedings today before Justice Mills in the Supreme Court to free himself from Bloomingdale Asylum, where he has been confined since July 31 last.

"I was abducted and taken to Bloomingdale from New York in an automobile," said Sturgis on the witness stand. "I want to say that since I have been in that madhouse I have been treated like a dog. These doctors who call me insane are fools. I am sane, but nobody ever gets out of Bloomingdale wohse relatives do not want them out. That is the reputation of the place.

"My brother, Louis, had me confined, and he now has possession of my fortune. It may be that he himself is insane to act so. I am not. When I was in Paris I cabled him for money, my own money, and he wouldn't send it."

Hosmer admitted that he had been confined in a sanatorium in Central Valley and in the Butler Insane Asylum and escaped from both places.

"I admit I tried to kill myself each time after I got out," he said, "by taking poison; but I was terribly nervous and not to blame. You see I am alive and well now."

"What would you do first if I were to release you?" asked the Justice.

"I would go to Philadelphia to have my teeth attended to," replied Hosmer, "and then I would get possession of my fortune, which my brother and my brother-in-law are holding. I should not resume the practice of law, but I might become a preacher. If I did I should be a practical preacher and preach common sense."

Hosmer carried a Bible under his arm when he entered court accompanied by his counsel, Terry Parker of New York. He said he was worth $100,000 if he could get his fortune away from his relatives, and that he was going to write a book on the misery of life and the cause and effect of love. He also intended to demand a public investigation of all the asylums in this country.

Supt. Russell of Bloomingdale testified that Hosmer suffered from depressive insanity. Dr. Carlos B. McDonald, another alienist, will be a witness.

Hosmer went abroad in 1913 after his escape from the Butler Asylum, and was locked up in an asylum in Aisle de Cery, Switzerland. On his release from that institution he hurried to this country, and says he was abducted the day after his arrival in New York.

STUDY COMPENSATION LAWS

Uniform Statute Urged at Labor Legislation Conference.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 28.—The American Association for Labor Legislation at its opening session today discussed a uniform workmen's compensation law which would provide a payment of from 50 to 90 per cent. of wages in cases of occupational accident or disease, and would be administered by State commissions rather than by the courts.

Joseph A. Parks, a member of the Industrial Accident Board of Massachusetts, said that the 50 per cent. standard of payment provided by most of the compensation laws now in force was inadequate. In Massachusetts, he said, even the two-thirds standard was insufficient.

"I would have the scale of compensation," he said, "range from 50 per cent. in the case of a minor or unmarried employe having no dependents to 90 per cent. in the case of the married employe having a family, or the single employe who is the sole support of a family." The minimum payments, Mr. Parks said, should range from $5 in the case of a minor having no dependents to $10 for employes having one other person dependent upon them. For each other person dependent above one he would raise the minimum $2 until a minimum of $16 is reached.

John Mitchell, a member of the New York State Workmen's Compensation Commission, formerly President of the United Mine Workers of America, pointed out that several States already had adequate compensation laws. These, he said, included New Jersey, Maryland, West Virginia, and New York. Mr. Mitchell said that in the schedule of compensation 66 2-3 per cent. was not too high. When the operation of the law had settled to a firm basis of administration, he said, it would entail little or no added burden upon the industries of the State.

F. W. Bird Quits Chairmanship.

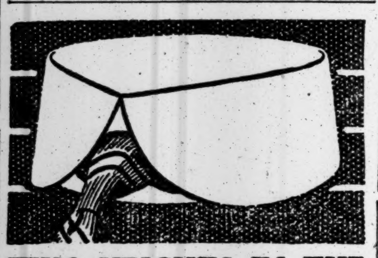
The Executive Committee of the Progressive County Committee yesterday accepted the resignation of Francis W. Bird as Chairman of the County Committee. Recently Mr. Bird moved to Boston to become general manager of The Boston Advertiser and The Boston Record, which his father had purchased. R. Schiff, Vice Chairman of the organization, will fulfill the duties of Chairman for the present.

PHONE INQUIRY ADJOURNED.

Charts Are Being Made to Show Company's Financial History.

The investigation of alleged discriminating charges imposed by the New York Telephone Company which is being made by the up-State Public Service Commission was continued yesterday in the Metropolitan Building. The hearing lasted an hour. Dean Langmuir, Sergius P. Grace, and William McClellan, investigators employed by the commission, revised testimony they had given previously. The witnesses said that the company gave them a free hand in the examination of their books.

Martin W. Littleton, special counsel to the commission, said that he was having charts prepared which would give the financial history and organization of the company. These will not be ready until Friday, Jan. 8, and the hearing was adjourned until that date.



TWO HEIGHTS IN THE MOST POPULAR
ARROW COLLAR
DUDLEY 2⅜ inches
NORMAN 2⅛ inches
2 for 25 cents
Cluett, Peabody & Co., Inc. Makers

The "Snowbird"
JUST think—a full white satin lined derby with handsome white moroco leather, in a hat at $2.
It sounds incredible, and yet that is what Truly Warner is delivering in the "Snowbird" our new derby. It is smart outwardly too. Won't you see it today. Price $2
Stores Everywhere Mail Orders Prepaid
Truly Warner Hatter to Mr. Goodresser

Carnegie Hall Tues. Aft., Dec. 29, 2:15 Wed. Eve., Dec. 30, 8:15
Oratorio Society of New York
Louis Koemmenich, Conductor
Annual Xmastide Concerts The MESSIAH
Florence Hinkle, Marie S. Langston, Reed Miller, Frederic Martin, N. Y. Symphony Orch. 50c. to $2. Nxt Concert, Joan of Arc, Mar. 24

SYMPHONY
Society of New York
WALTER DAMROSCH, Conductor.
Next Sunday Aft., Jan. 3.
GEORGE BARRERE, FLUTE
ARKADY BOURSTIN, VIOLIN
Smetana, Dvorak, Saint-Saens, Suk.
Seats at Box Office, AEOLIAN HALL

AEOLIAN HALL, Monday Aft., Jan. 4, at 3.
Piano Recital by OSSIP GABRILOWITSCH
Mngt. Loudon Charlton. Mason & Hamlin Piano.

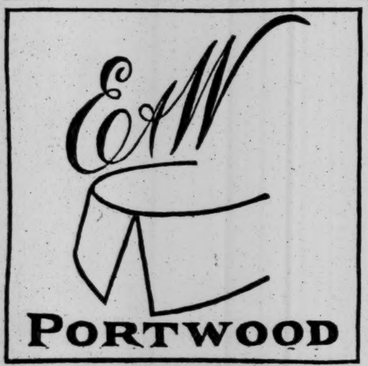
Overcoatings, were $60, $50 and $40, now $25
Many of our finest materials marked down previous to stock-taking—Kerseys, Meltons, Moule Cloths and Elysians. Satin lined. Made to measure only.
Broadway & 9th St.
Arnheim

A Sale of Hart Schaffner & Marx Suits and Overcoats

IT IS because these Hart Schaffner & Marx suits and overcoats of ours offered such wonderful values at their regular prices that this sale is so important.

$20, $22.50 and $25 Suits and Overcoats $15.00
$25, $28, $30 & $32.50 Suits and Overcoats 19.50
$30, $32.50 and $35 Suits and Overcoats 22.00
$35 and $40 Suits and Overcoats - - - 25.00
$40 and $45 Suits and Overcoats - - - 30.00
$45 and $50 Suits and Overcoats - - - 35.00

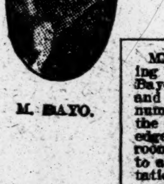
Wallach Bros.
Two Broadway Stores:
Broadway, corner 29th St.
Broadway, below Chambers St.
Two Harlem Stores: (Open Evenings.)
Third Ave., cor. 122d St.
246-248 West 125th St.



E&W
PORTWOOD

MAE MURRAY'S
SANS SOUCI
BROADWAY AT 42D ST.
OPENS TONIGHT
AT 10 P.M.
OPEN ALL NIGHT
INTERNATIONAL CUISINE
DANCING
TABLES FOR NEW YEAR'S EVE.
FREE RESERVATION
TELEPHONE BRYANT 8282

ON NEW YEAR S EVE
AT 11 O'CLOCK.
BUSTANOBY'S
60th St. and Broadway
GRAND OPENING
of the new
DOMINO ROOM
Under the Artistic Direction of
MR. LOUIS BAYO,
The Tango King of Paris.



M. BAYO.

MLLE. DUVAL.

Mlle. Paulette Duval, Mr. Bayo's dancing partner, will receive with him. Mr. Bayo is the originator of the Tango and modern dances and has the honor of numbering among his patrons and pupils the nobility of Europe, and is acknowledged the premiere interpreter of Ballroom Dances. He has come to America to add new laurels to his enviable reputation.

HIPPODROME
6th Av., 43d-44th. Daily Mats., 2. Best Seats, $1
Last 3 Weeks OF WARS OF THE WORLD
In Preparation—A Big Surprise.

39TH ST. Theatre, near B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w, New Year's & Sat.
MARIE DRESSLER in the New Farce, "A MIX-UP."

SHUBERT 44th, W. of Broadway. Evgs. 8. Mats. Tom'w, New Year's & Sat.
"A RIPPING SHOW."—Tribune.
LONDON GAIETY CO. of 80 in "TO-NIGHT'S THE NIGHT"

Playhouse. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w, N. Yr's & Sat.
LYDIA LOPOKOVA In a New Comedy, "JUST HERSELF."

44th St. Thea., W. of B'way. Phone 7292 Bryant. Mats. Tom'w, New Year's & Sat. 2:20
Evgs. 8:20. THE LILAC DOMINO

CASTLES IN THE AIR Atop 44th St. Thea. Phone 5935 Bryant.
Nightly at 11 P. M. MR. & MRS. Vernon Castle Adm. $1.

LYRIC 42d, West of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tomorrow, New Year's & Sat. 2:15.
JOE WEBER offers THE ONLY GIRL
By Henry Blossom and Victor Herbert

BOOTH 45th St., W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w, N. Year's & Sat. 2:30.
Most Wonderful Play in New York. EXPERIENCE
Prices 50c to $2. Good Seats 1st Bal., 50c-75c-$1.

48TH ST. THEA., near B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Thurs., N. Yr's, Sat. 2:15.
THE LAW OF THE LAND with JULIA DEAN

Manhattan Op. Ho., 34th & 8th Av. Evs. 8. Mats. Tom'w, N. Year's & Sat. 2.
Popular Matinee Tomorrow 25c to $1.00.
LIFE WORLD'S BIGGEST PLAY.
SPECIAL MATINEE NEW YEAR'S.

Maxine Elliott's 39th, nr. B'way. Evgs. 8:20. Mts. Tom'w, N. Yr's, Sat. 2:20.
FAVERSHAM with MLLE. DORZIAT in THE HAWK

CORT 48th St., E. of B'way. Phone Bryant 46 Ev. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w, Fri. & Sat. 2:15.
Under Cover
EXTRA MATINEE FRIDAY, (NEW YEAR'S.)

WINTER GARDEN Broadway & 50th St. Evenings at 8.
Mat. Today. Best Orch. Seats $1 and $1.50.
Special Matinee New Year's, Best Seats $1.50.
DANCING AROUND with AL JOLSON
And Co. of 125, inc. BERNARD GRANVILLE.

CASINO THEATRE, B'way and 39th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. SPECIAL NEW YEAR'S MAT.
"Lady Luxury Here to Cheer You Up" —Press.
With Ina Claire And An Already Famous Cast.
What They Say Whose Words Mean Much:
"Comic situations—catchy songs." —American.
"Has youth, melody, mirth, and graceful dancing in large measure." —Eve. Sun.
"Ina Claire dainty and charming." —Times.
"Not of the usual stamp." —Herald.
"For all in need of a laugh tonic." —Press.
O, BE JOYOUS WITH LADY LUXURY

COMEDY 41st, E. of Broadway. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Today, N. Year's, Sat. 2:15.
MARIE TEMPEST in "THE MARRIAGE OF KITTY"
Preceded by "THE DUMB & THE BLIND."

Winthrop Ames LITTLE Theatre, W. 44th St.
Evs. 8:45. Mats. Tom'w, N. Year's & Sat. 2:30
Cyril Harcourt's Comedy,
A PAIR OF SILK STOCKINGS
All Seats $2.00.

PRINCESS THEATRE OF THRILLS. 39th, near B'way. Evs. 8:30
LAST WEEK OF THE MOST SENSATIONAL PLAYS IN ITS HISTORY!!
Pop. Mats. Tom'w & New Year's. Reg. Mat. Sat.

Standard B'way & 90th St. Evs. Pop. Prices. Mats. Today, Thurs., Fri. & Sat.
THE MIDNIGHT GIRL with GEORGE MACFARLANE

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
Wed. at 8. Huguenots. Destinn, Hempel, Garrison; Caruso, Scotti, Braun, Rothier. Cond., Polacco.
Thurs. at 8. Boris Godunow. Ober, Delaunois, Duchene; Didur, Althouse, Rothier, Bada, Segurola, Reiss. Cond., Toscanini.
Fri. Mat. at 1. Parsifal. Matzenauer; Sembach, Braun, Whitehill, Goritz. Cond., Hertz.
Fri. at 8. Manon Lescaut. Bori; Caruso, Amato, Segurola, Bada. Cond., Polacco.
Sat. at 2. Magic Flute. Gadski, Hempel, Schumann; Urlus, Braun, Goritz, Reiss. Cond., Hertz.
Sat. at 8:15 (75c to $4.) Butterfly. Farrar, Fornia; Botta, Scotti, Bada. Cond., Toscanini.
Next Mon. at 8. Aida. Destinn, Matzenauer; Caruso, Amato, Didur. Cond., Toscanini.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
Tues., Jan. 5, at 8. Traviata. Hempel; Botta, Amato, Bada. Cond., Polacco.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

PHILHARMONIC
SOCIETY OF NEW YORK
JOSEF STRANSKY, CONDUCTOR
Next Sat. Aft. at 2:30. AEOLIAN HALL.
A CONCERT FOR YOUNG PEOPLE
with MISS KITTY CHEATHAM
In SONGS and DESCRIPTIVE RECITATIONS.
Tickets 50c to $1.50 now at Aeolian Hall Box Office.

Carnegie Hall, Sat. Aft., Jan. 2nd, at 2:30.
2nd Violin Recital Zimbalist
Seats at Box Office (STEINWAY PIANO.)
MANAGEMENT WOLFSOHN BUREAU.

EDEN MUSEE. WORLD in WAX. 55 West 23d St. DUNNINGER, Wonderful Magician. New Christmas Groups. Kinemacolor.

THESE NEW YORK LEADING THEATRES HAVE NO DEALINGS WITH THE TYSON CO.

EMPIRE Broadway & 40th St. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. Tom'w, Fri. & Sat. at 2:15.
3 MATS. THIS WEEK—TOM'W, FRI. & SAT.
DRIVEN LAST WEEK
Next Attraction—ETHEL BARRYMORE.

LYCEUM West 45th St. Evenings at 8:20. Matinees at 2:20.
3 MATS. THIS WEEK—THUR., FRI. & SAT.
ELSIE FERGUSON IN OUTCAST Mats. This Week Thurs., Fri. & Sat.

KNICKERBOCKER, Broadway and 38th Street. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Tomorrow, Fri. & Sat. 2:15.
3 MATS. THIS WEEK—TOM'W, FRI. & SAT.
HAZEL DAWN and Company of 100 —in— The Debutante
VICTOR HERBERT'S NEW OPERETTA.

NEW AMSTERDAM W. 42d St. Evs. 8:20 Mts. Tom'w, Fri., Sat.
WATCH YOUR STEP
Mr. & Mrs. Vernon Castle, Frank Tinney
AFTER THE SHOW VISIT ZIEGFELD'S DANSE DE FOLLIES, Atop this theatre.
Tea Dansants Free Wed. & Sat. After Matinees.
GALA NEW YEAR'S EVE SOUVENIR BALL
Starting Jan. 4—Ziegfeld's Midnight Frolic

GAIETY THEATRE, B'way & 46 St. Evs. 8:15 Mats. Tomorrow, Fri. & Sat. 2:15.
RUTH CHATTERTON
IN A NEW COMEDY BY JEAN WEBSTER
DADDY LONG-LEGS

GEO. M. COHAN'S THEATRE, B'way & 43d St. Mats. Tom'w, Fri. & Sat.
"IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE"
A LAUGHING RIOT

LIBERTY THEATRE, W. 42d St. TONIGHT 8:15
3 MATS. THIS WEEK—TOM'W, FRI. & SAT.
Otis Skinner
in the New 4-Act Play, "THE SILENT VOICE"
BY JULES ECKERT GOODMAN
based on the Story by Gouverneur Morris.

FULTON 46th Street W. of B'way. Evs. 8:20.
Mats. Tomorrow, Fri. (New Year's) & Sat. at 2:20. TWIN BEDS

HARRIS THEATRE, W. 42 St. Phone Bryant 31. Evenings at 8:15.
Regular Mats. Tom'w & Sat. at 2:15. Extra Matinee New Year's Day.
"Illington fairly carries audience off its feet—Really a great play." HERALD.
A NEW YEAR'S GREETING AND AN EASTER OFFERING.
SEATS SELLING 8 WEEKS AHEAD.
SELWYN & Co. present MARGARET ILLINGTON
in HENRY ARTHUR JONES' GREATEST PLAY, THE LIE
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SPECIAL HOLIDAY WEEK MATINEE TODAY.
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The Song of Songs

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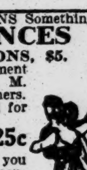

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